CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor. Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion. Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on

are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application. Official Advertising per square, three times or less, \$2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square. Local notices 10 cents per line for one insersertion: 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion. Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free. Business cards, five lines or less, \$5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

over five lines, at the regular rates of adver-tising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. Particular attention Paid to Law PRINTING.

o paper will be discontinued until arrear-s are paid, except at the option of the pub-Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

CURRENT TOPICS.

There is a serious uprising at Teheran, Persia.

tried in Germany.

A portion of the old wall of London has been discovered.

Garnets are found in scores of places in the United States

Inoculation has lowered fatal cases in cholera from 10 to 2 per cent.

The art of manicure had its origin in the convents in France many centuries ago.

Americans in tropical countries eat enormous quantities of quinine to ward off disease.

Pickled pigs' heads are sent from Denmark to Ireland as the food of the poorer classes. Some of the very valuable products

of the Isle of Pines are marble, granite and building stone.

Two hundred violet farms in the United States supply the market for the fragrant violet blossoms.

Among the 2,754 students at the University of Edinburgh last year there were 252 women and 168 students from India.

In spite of the growth of the industry in California, 170,000 tons of coal were landed at port Los Angeles and sent inland last year.

Peers of Great Britain have the

right to be hanged with silken cords instead of hempen rope. Few avail themselves of the privilege.

Col. Sharpe, assistant commissary general of the army, is a strong believer in the policy of giving soldiers a liberal supply of sweetmeats.

John Stuart Mill's humorous home version of the "prophet without honor" proverb was expressed in his remark to Caroline Fox: "My family

have no idea how great a man I am. Colorado's one woman legislator. Evangeline Hearz, does neglect housekeeping for law-making. She cooks well, dresses well and ha a tidy home for her husband and two

The door by which the President of the republic, the King of Sweden, the Shah and other distinguished visitors were in the habit of entering the Paris Exposition, has been sold for

It is estimated that the pearl fisheries of Black river, in North Arkan-sas, have yielded \$200,000 worth of marketable gems since the first working of the mussel deposits in that stream in 1899.

The oldest dressmaker's bill was found in the ruins of the city of Nipur, and can not be less than 3,700 years old. It contains the names of 92 vestments given to the temple by the King of Babylonia.

Queen Alexandra has chosen for her private secretary and treasurer Sydney Greville. He is a broth. er of Lady Eva Dugdale, who is the favorite lady-in-waiting of the Duchess of Cornwall and York.

The sea cucumber-one of the cu rious, jelly-like bodies that inhabit the ocean—can practically efface itself when in danger, by squeezing the water out of its body and forcing itself into any narrow crack.

Mrs. Carrie Renstrom and her two sons, George A. Renstrom and R. S Anderson, of Seattle, Wash, claim to have discovered the lost art of tem-pering copper to a fineness and strength superior to the finest steel.

George W. Lederer, the theatrical manager, has a scheme for building in New York a duplicate of the big London hippodrome, to contain a cir-cus, a theater and a vaudeville house. He has had an offer of 20 differen

Khaki is being superseded among German troops in China by clothing called "feldgrau" (field gray). It is a mixture of bright olive and white, and it is claimed that it is more tractive than khaki, and serves the

Dr. Chapot-Revost, who operated for the separation of the Siamese twins, has gone to Vienna to study the case of the Chinese twins now or exhibition there with a circus. The doctor is prosecuting his examination by the aid of the Roentgen rays.

Another piece of the great plan of the city of Rome in marble, the "For ma Urbis" of the time of Sulpicius Severus, has been discovered in the Roman Forum, where it was used to stop a drain. It has engraved on it plan of the greater part of the Baths of Agrippa, together with the

WE WERE ONCE IMPERIALISTS DONE BY MISCHIEF-MAKERS. When a Democratic Administration Was in Control at Washington.

The bill introduced in the Hawaiian legislature to pension former Queen Liliuokalani recalls opportunely the only attempt of an American administration to enforce an imperial policy. There was a revolution in Hawaii in 1892, the outcome of which was the overthrow of Queen Liliuokalani and the monarchy, the establishment of a provisional government, and the negotiation of a treaty of annexation with the United States, in which the successful revolutionary party asked for an immediate American protectorate

and for prompt annexation.

The treaty of annexation was before the senate, with strong probability of ratification, when it was withdrawn by President Cleveland, March 9, 1893. The president sent a special commissioner to Hawaii, who withdrew the protection of the United States from the provisional government, hauled down the American flag, and presented the ultimatum of the Cleveland administration to the effect that President Dole and his associates should surrender the government to the deposed queen and that the monarchy in all

There is a serious uprising at Teleran, Persia.

Man-carrying kites are now being lits functions should be restored.

This was democratic policy. Mr. Blount, and afterward Mr. Willis, as representatives of the United States, made attempts to enforce this policy of restoring a monarchy. Threats were resorted to to compel President Dole, of the Hawaiian republic, to consent to the restoration of queen. He declined to do so and for months the government of the United States stood in an attitude of active hostility toward a people asking for

protection and annexation.

The situation became so strained that President Cleveland finally referred the whole matter to congress recommending, however, that the restoration of the monarchy be insisted upon. The democrats of the house voted to sustain the president. Many of the most influential democrats in the senate declined to do so, and it was only upon the accession of a republican president that Hawaii was annexed.

Had the democratic policy prevailed. Hawaii would not now be a part of the United States. So long as President Cleveland was in power there was danger of civil war in Hawaii because of intrigues among the natives, based on the president's avowed friendship for the deposed queen. But under a republican administration Hawaii was annexed, a territorial government was organized, and the islands, under the American system, have made grea progress in education, in agriculture

and in commerce.

The people have a government under which they enjoy the same rights and privileges as American citizens. An American going from San Francisco westward feels, when he steps ashore at Honolulu, that he is on American soil. Eight years ago England, Germany and Japan each contemplated taking possession of the Hawaiian is lands, thus despoiling the United States of its strongest outpost in the Pacific. Now no foreign power ques tions the sovereignty of the United States in Hawaii. This has been accomplished, not under the imperial policy of President Cleveland, but by encouragement to republican institu ns in Hawaii under President Me Kinley .- Chicago Inter Ocean.

ISLANDS BELONG TO US.

Why the United States Must Retain Control in the Archi-

pelago.

President McKinley, in sending Admiral Dewey to capture or destroy the Spanish fleet in the Philippines, had no intention of acquiring that archipelago for the United States. He merely sought to make war most effectively on Spain. Nor when Admiral Dewey, having no other port open to him in that part of the world, and having shattered the only sovereignty there was in the Philippines, remained in Ma-nila harbor, was there any intention on the part of the president to take even the city of Manila as a permanent possession. The Philippines had not been in his scheme of action any more than they had been in the thought of the country. It was a providence, or an accident, according to the point of view, that the most striking victory of the war came at the most unex pected point and time, and with the most unexpected consequences. But events marched fast from May unti September, when Secretary Day and the other members of the peace commission went to Paris to negotiate the treaty of peace with the repre sentatives of Spain; and by that time it was evident that, for our own inter est in the east, and for the protection of those who had trusted us in partic ular, and of all the inhabitants of the Philippines in general, we must re main in the archipelago.—Henry B. F Macfarland, in Atlantic.

III is stated at the treasury de partment that under the new financial law passed a year ago the treasury notes issued under the Sherman law of 1890 in payment for silver bullion have been reduced from \$158,451,-000 to \$55,256,000. As these notes were considered a menace to the gold sup ply of the treasury their steady re tirement means a return to healthier conditions.—Indianapolis Journal.

Democratic eulogy of the late Benjamin Harrison suggests there is nothing the bourbon party admires so much as a dead republican statesman. The campaigns of 1888 and 1892 rison when he was president now have are not so remote that democratic abuse of the man who defeated Grover appreciated at his true worth. That Cleveland in the first instance and was defeated by him four years later

Enemies of the Administration Wh Stirred Up Discontent in the Island,

For a long time it has been evident that the discontent existing in Cuba has been fostered by outsiders whose apparent purpose has been to stir up trouble between the embryo republic and the United States. English residents of the island have been accused of thus acting as mischief-makers, but their power is limited and the mischief they could do single-handed would not be very serious. Unfortunately they have received cooperation from other outsiders, including not a few Americans who place partisanship above patriotism and who care not how much harm they may do their own country if they only succeed in putting the administration "in a hole." John Kendrick Bangs, writing from Havana to Harper's Weekly, says: "The alleged discontent of Cubans with American rule grows out of conditions in the United States rather than in Cuba; and is not only to a great degree of the imported variety, but I fully believe is incited by men who have come here for the deliberate purpose of finding things to cavil at in the administration of Cuban affairs, as well as by men who have endeavored unsuccessfully to dominate the governor general, have received scant consideration at

This statement is in line with other information received from Havana and other Cuban cities. The large majority of Cubans, including pretty nearly all of the conservative element, realize that Cuba owes an enormous debt to the United States, compared to which the requests made by the American government are modest and moderate. They are inclined to grant these requests and would probably easily persuade the more radical element to their way of thinking were it not for the mischief-makers, both in Cuba and in this country. It is being urged up-on the Cubans that as a matter of fact they owe nothing in particular to the United States. After awhile they may begin to accept this view, if the majority of the former revolutionists who exercise complete control over the constitutional convention do not think so already. If the result of the preent negotiations shall prove to be the rejection of the requests practically made in the Platt resolution the blame may be safely laid at the doors of the mischief-makers.-Troy Times.

SILVER REPUBLICANS LEFT.

Colorado and Nevada the Only State Where Their Organization

There has been another and conuding break in the ranks of the only American political party which has of its own for any office in any statethe silver republicans. The silver republicans of Idaho have formally disbanded, and an address has been issued advising the members of the party to affiliate with the democrats.

The silver republican party was organized at Manitou, Col., in July, 1896. Its executive committee included Senators H. M. Teller, Fred T. Dubois and Lee Mantle, and Congressmen Charles S. Hartman, Edgar Wilson and John F. Shafroth. Subsequently the silver party held a national convention at St. Louis in July, 1896. Congressman Newlands, of Nevada, was the temporary, and Charles A. Towne, then a congressman and since for a brief time a United States senator, was the permanent chairman. Gen. A. J. Warner, of Ohio, a former congressman, of-fered the resolutions, and John P. Jones, senator from Nevada, read

A poll to ascertain the previous political affiliations of the delegates pretended to show 496 republicans, 135 democrats, 47 populists, 12 independents, nine prohibitionists, one nationalist and one greenbacker, represent-ing in all 25 states. Twenty states were wholly unrepresented.

The silverites ran no ticket in any state, allying themselves with the democrats in some and with the populists in others, and with the demo crats and populists in a few states. They received meager representation on fusion electoral tickets in the west, but none in the east or south. Before 1900 they had disbanded in most states since January 1 they have disbanded in the others, Colorado and Nevada excepted .- N. Y. Sun.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

TMr. Bryan's paper is not sailing under false colors. Its name is becoming more appropriate every week. -Indianapolis News (Ind.).

Mr. Bryan remarks in his The ommoner that the inventor of liquid air has not yet applied for a pro-tective tariff on the new material How can liquid air interest Mr. Bryan since it is hot air that he uses?-Alany Journal.

Cone cannot fail to note that senators and representatives who have expressed grave fears of the danger of imperialism under McKinley have promptly accepted commissionership \$5,000 each at his hands.-Indianapolis Journal.

Death has made Benjamin Harrison one of the greatest of presidents in the estimation of the opposition papers which so violently him while he was a candidate for the presidency and while he was the pres-

ident.—Iowa State Register. Some of the newspapers that were foremost in criticising Gen. Harconfession does not help Gen. Har rison, whose fame is secure, but it is wholly forgotten. - Minneapolis its own comment on the critics and their criticism.—Troy Times.

CAUGHT AT LAST.

Aguinaldo Is Captured by Gen. Frederick Funston.

The Filipino Chief Is Brought to Manila on Board a United States Gunboat – Plan Followed by Funston in Making the Cap-

Manila, March 28 .- Gen. Frederick Funston's daring project for the capture of Aguinaldo in his hiding place in the province of Isabella, island of

The United States gunboat Vicksburg, with Gen. Funston and Aguinaldo on board, arrived here this morning.

The province of Isabella, where the capture of Aguinaldo occurred, is on the island of Luzon about 200 miles northeast of Manila, and about 75 miles north of Baler, on the eastern coast, which place was made memor-able by the capture of Lieut. Gilmore and his party from the gunboat Yorktown in April, 1899. Isabella province is wild and mountainous, specially along the coast where the high range extends for 100 miles or more, the highest point of the range being but a few miles from the shore. Rugged trails in some places but a foot or two in width lead across the mountains, frequently crossed by rushing streams, and where these overflow their banks the trails are weighted in the stream of th trails are waist deep in mud. I to this uninviting district that Funston and his small band went a short time ago. It was a part of the island that had never before been visited by American troops.

Gen. Funston's plans as outlined in a dispatch from Manila a few days ago were to make the trip over the mountains to Aguinaldo's hiding place accompanied only by Surgeon Major Harris, Capt. Newton, of the Thirty-fourth infantry; Lieut. Admire, of the Twenty-second infantry; Lieut. Mitchell, of the Fortieth infan try; six veteran scouts and a com-pany of native scouts, all picked men. They were to be landed by the gun-boat Vicksburg on a remote beach north of Baler and were to proceed

tive scouts and assume the character of insurgents still loyal to the rebel

They were to make it appear that as prisoners of war.

as prisoners of war.

Then was to come the daring part of the plan. The pretended prisoners were to throw aside their assumed characters and seize Aguinaldo, beat down any opposition that might show itself, and hold their prisoner, no matter how great the paril or, how great the forces of the peril or how great the forces of the

and never-ceasing caution to guard

Washington, March 28 .- The capture of Aguinaldo will be a source of great satisfaction to the president and his advisers. Coming so soon after the surrenders reported by Gen. MacArthur of prominent Filipino officers and the successful establishment of civil local government by the Taft commission, they feel that the end of the rebellious warfare in the islands is near at hand.

The disposition of Aguinaldo now that he has been apprehended will be an interesting subject for the admin-istration to determine. The possibility of his capture at any time ways has been kept in view and that of his future has been a matter of informal discussion by the officials here. It is not believed, however that any definite line of action was ever determined upon in regard to the matter. The attitude of the gov-ernment for a long time past has been one of comparative indifference to Aguinaldo's capture, it having been determined to crush the rebellion without regard to his whereabouts. His recent activity in di-recting the operations against the American forces probably brought about the recent change in this atti-

Smallpox at Des Moines.

other places of public assembly be closed on account of the prevalence of smallpox. The disease is spreading. There are at least 200 cases in Des Moines now. All the cases are in mild form and no deaths have occurred.

Princeton Wins in Debate,

New Haven, Conn., March 28.— Princeton last night won the annual Princeton Risk High Resolved and Was: "Resolved, that The subject of the debate was: "Resolved, that a system of subsidies other than the present mail subsidies, should be adopted by the United States to encourage the shipbuilding and ocean carrying trade." Yale supported the affirmative

Boiler Inspection a Farce.

testified yesterday at the investigation of the Doremus laundry explo-sion, which resulted in the killing and injuring of over 50 people, the boiler of that establishment had not of that establishment had not been inspected during his term of office, or since March, 1899. The reason for this, he said, was a clerical error. George Ballard, a stationary engineer, created a sensation by stating that during his 30 years' experience

TO FOUND AMERICAN COLLEGE.

Honduras.

Luzon, has proved completely suc-cessful. Aguinaldo was captured there March 23.

overland guided by a former officer of Aguinaldo, who had betrayed to Funston the Filipino leader's abode.

To deceive the enemy it was arranged that Aguinaldo's representa-tive, who had given the information to the Americans, should lead the na-

they had captured Gen. Funston and other American officers of high rank and were taking them into the camp of the insurgent chief to be delivered

To carry out the programme required a long march into the interior

against treacher;

Des Moines, Ia., March 28.—Mayor Hartenbower has issued a proclama-tion requesting that all public schools, theatres and churches and

the affirmative.

Chicago, March 28.—According to City Boiler Inspector Schlack, who he had not seen one boiler or en-gine honestly inspected in Chicago.

Dr. Jenks, of Indianapolis, Will Es-tablish Institution of Learning in

Rev. Dr. Joseph S. Jenks, formerly rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church at Indianapolis, and connected at one time with Griswold college in Indiana, left New Orleans the other day with a faculty of teachers and instruwith a faculty of teachers and instruments, apparatus and supplies for the establishment of an American college for girls at Santa Cruze de Yojoa, Honduras. Four years ago Dr. Jenks visited Honduras on a pleasure trip, when he found that all the better class of natives wanted their girls to be given an American education and taught the English language, believing that it was the destiny of the country to become some day a part of the United States, Upon the solicitation of leading citizens of Honduras, including two former presidents, Dr. Jenks was inzens of Honduras, including two former presidents, Dr. Jenks was in-duced to open a school at Santa Cruze. The idea of an American education has so spread since then that 28 rich Hondureans have subscribed enough to build an American college for girls, the balance necessary for

the operation being given by the gov-Corn Soup.

ernment.

One can of corn one quart and two gills of milk, three tablespoonfuls of butter, two scant tablespoonfuls of flour, one large tablespoonful of salt, one-fourth teaspoonful of pepper, one tablespoonful of minced onion, yolks of two eggs. Chop the corn very fine and let it cook in a double boiler with one quart of milk for 15 minutes. Put the butter and onion minutes. Put the butter and onion into a frying pan and cook slowly for ten minutes, then add the flour and cook until smooth and frothy, taking care not to brown it. Stir this into the milk and add salt and pepper, and cook ten minutes. Rub the soup through a sieve and return it to the fire, and then add the yolk and two gills of milk. Let it stand one minute before serving.—Good Housekeeping. Housekeeping.

A Watchmaker.

The late Aaron Dennison was called "the father of American watch making." He was interested in his work, because he hoped thereby to benefit his fellow men. Often he worked late into the night, so late worked late into the night, so late that his loving wife would go and beg him to "wait until to-morrow." One night she said to him: "Are you not going to bed at all? What are you doing?" And he turned and slowly answered: "I am trying to make it possible for every poor man to have a watch"—a result which he nearly accomplished .- Youth's Companion.

California's Treasures.

The California Miners' association has recently published a treatise on the mineral wealth of that state which brings out some facts that are which brings out some facts that are not generally known, Gold, of course, holds the lead, but it will probably surprise many to learn that the value of the quicksilver annually produced in California is 50 per cent. greater than the value of the silver found there, and that even the petroleum output of the state exceeds the silver production in value. Copper and production in value. Copper and borax rank among the important minerals of California.

Q. E. D.

A man who called himself a "demonstrator invaded a West Philadelphia boarding nouse patronized by university students. Hearing of his claims to educational distinction the students tried to draw the dents. Hearing of his claims to educational distinction the students tried to draw the newcomer into conversation, and finally he was asked to show what kind of practical work he could do. Immediately the young man pulled out a box of white paste, smeared it on a window pane and polished the glass with a chamois skin. "There, gentlemen," he said, "if anyone can make a clearer demonstration than that let him step up." The students notified the landledy that it was not professional for this kind of a demonstrator to pose in their midst, and the stranger shook the dust from his feet against all in that house and solemnly announced that he left them to do the dust of ages. Turning to a dental student, he exclaimed: "I throw it in your teeth that when I have sold all my territory and am riding in my coach the dust of my chariot wheels shall extinguish you as you trudge along the pave!" With this awful imprecation he took his clothes and went.—Philadelphia Record.

Asking Too Much.

Asking Too Much.

A Louisville man is considered a sort of authority on all literary topics. He is constantly consulted, and recently a dude went after him for information on a certain topic. The man of letters kindly gave it. But somehow or other his dudelets was slow to catch on. He wanted to know the why and wherefore of a lot of things connected with the subject. Why was it thusly, and wherefore was it not so and so? The literary man explained and explained until he grew weary. Finally his boredom and irritation overcame his politeness. "Sir," he thundered, angrily, "you come to me for information on this subject. I give you the facts, but, Heaven knows, I cannot give you the brains to grasp them. You ask too much."—Louisville Times.

A Gentle Hint.—Tommy—"Tell me a

A Gentle Hint.—Tommy—"Tell me a story." Uncle—"A story! But I don't know what to tell you a story about." Tor mmy—"Oh, tell me a story about a little boy my-"Oh, tell me a story about a little ob, who had a good uncle who gave him six-pence"—Pick Ma Lin

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick head-ache. Price 25 and 50c.

The London mint produced 107,689,518

The Life-Saver of Children

is Hoxsie's Croup Cure. It prevents and cures Membranous Croup, and Diphtheria. No opium to paralyze the brain. 50 cts.

Romance seldom outlives good digestion.

Indianapolis News.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.— John F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Aesthetics must be built on ethics.—Ram's Horn.

The stomach has to work hard, grinding the food we crowd into it. Make its work easy by chewing Beeman's Pepsin Gum.

Every misery a man misses is a blessing.— Chicago Daily News.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES produce the fastest and brightest colors of any known dye stuff. Sold by all druggists.

Opportunities make obligations .-- Ram's



seem to be the heritage of the human family everywhere, viz:

Rheumatism

Neuralgia

but there is one sure and prompt cure for both, viz: St. Jacobs Oil

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below. Very small and as easy CARTER'S FOR HEADACHE. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER.

FOR THE COMPLEXION Price Purely Vegetable. Jantifood

FOR CONSTIPATION.

FOR SALLOW SKIN.





