# CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor

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No local inserted for less than 75 cents per

The Job department of the Press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of tork. Particular attention Paid to Law

paper will be discontinued until arrear-are paid, except at the option of the pubpers sent out of the county must be paid

#### CURRENT TOPICS.

Women use 17 times as many gloves

The record running high jump in 6 feet 5% inches. Eleven Indian languages are still

spoken in Mexico. An American bank has been organized in Rotterdam, Holland.

Great Britain is shipping firewood from Victoria, Australia, for the use

of her troops in China. One authority on botany estimates that over 50,000 species of plants are now known and classified.

The golden eagle has great strength. It lifts and carries off with

ease a weight of 80 pounds. Ten million eight hundred thousand English people live in the coun-

try; over 16,000,000 in towns. The Chinese are essentially cotton consumers, the majority of the people dressing in clothes of that fabric

Window plants in Germany are often watered with cold tea or coffee The effects are said to be beneficial.

The war in South Africa has doomed the Highland kilt as a fighting dress, and it will now survive as a parade uniform only.

The population of Indian in 1891 amounted to 288,000,000; at a very moderate estimate now it may be put down at 300,000,000. The great pipe organ to be used

in the temple of music at the Pan-American exposition was built to or der at a cost of \$15,000. In Devonshire the cycle has been

applied to butter making. A man sits on his bicycle, pedals, and, by means of a chain, turns the churn.

The first British medal was given to Capt. Wyard, of the Adventure, in 1650 for beating three Dutch ships off Harwich. It was worth £50.

The tube of a twelve-inch gun has fifty spiral grooves inside, which cause the shot to revolve seventy-five times per second as it rushes through

The crust of the earth under Japan must be comparatively thin, judging by the number of earthquake shocks in that country. They average 500

The Salvation army has received a gold medal at the Paris exposition for its American exhibit, showing its method in reclaiming the fallen and outcast.

The marquis of Salisbury keeps seventy indoor servants, counting dependents of a higher class, such as private secretaries, librarians and chaplains.

In Paris all artists must have rested quietly in their graves for ten years before their handiwork in the shape of pictures can be hung on the walls of the Louvre gallery.

In a ton of Dead sea water there 187 pounds of salt; Red sea, 93; Mediterranean, 85; Atlantic, 81; English channel, 72; Black sea, 26; Bal-tic, 18, and Caspian sea, 11.

A Cleveland rheumatic, who could barely walk, took to his heels and ran like a deer when he was held up footpads, and since then claim that he is free of his malady.

Bangkok is a city of waters. It is an Indo-Chinese Venice. More people live in floating homes on the Menam, "the Nile of Siam," and the many canals than in permanent buildings.

In Borneo and Labuan postage stamps to the value of \$100,000 were sold last year, though the postage on the mails from those two counries does not exceed \$4,000 a year. It is the collectors who buy the stamps.

Naturalists say a lion always places its head near the ground when roar ing. The beasts probably do so on the principle that the earth, being a conductor of sound, the other lion or animal he is roaring at can not fail to hear him.

China has still the old-fashioned system of letter-carrying. Letter shops are to be found in every town. If he has a letter to send, the China man goes to a letter shop and bar gains with the keeper thereof. He pays two-thirds of the cost, leaving the receiver to pay the rest on de-

The locust is one of the greatest pests man has to deal with. He is always hungry and lays waste every place he travels over. Of the 53,000, 000 square miles covering the surfac of the earth, 40,000,000 are more or less subject to the scourge of this in sect with the giant appetite.

Death of Queen of Great Britain Occurs at Osborne House.

Surrounded by Her Children and Grandchildren She Passes Peacefully Away-A Sketch of Her Career.

Cowes, Jan. 23.-Queen Victoria died at 6:30 o'clock Tuesday night surrounded by her royal children and grandchildren. Four days of silent suffering culminated in an ending as peaceful as sleep could make it. For the preceding two hours and a half her majesty had sunk gradually toward death, and her life spark flickered out as quietly and pressions of regret were universal. calmly as the mellowing rays of the disappearing sun.

The queen passed away quite peacefully. She suffered no pain. Around her were gathered almost every descendant of her line. Well within view of her dying eyes there hung a portrait of the prince consort. It was he who the castle. In scarcely audible words the white-haired bishop of Winchester prayed with his sovereign, for he was her chaplain at Windsor. With bowed heads the imperious ruler of the German empire and the man who is now king of England, the woman who has succeeded to the title of queen, the princes and princesses, and those of less than royal designation, listened to the bishop's ceaseless prayer. Six o'clock death was a great shock to him.

passed. The bishop continued his in
President's Message to Edward VII. tercession. One of the younger chil dren asked a question in shrill, child-ish treble and was immediately silenced. The women of this royal family sobbed



QUEEN VICTORIA.

faintly and the men shuffled uneasily 6:30 o'clock Sir James Reid held up his hand, and the people in the room knew that England had lost her queen. The bishop pronounced the ben-

The body of Queen Victoria was embalmed and will probably be taken to Windsor Saturday. The coffin arrived Monday evening from London.

### Lord Mayor Notified.

London, Jan. 23 .- A telegram from the prince of Wales to the lord mayor, timed at Osborne, 6:45 p. m. Tuesday, says the queen has passed away.

The text of the prince of Wales' dis-

patch to the lord mayor is as follows: "Osborne-6:45 p. m.—My beloved moth-has just passed away, surrounded by er children and grandchildren. (Signed) "ALBERT EDWARD." (Signed)

Bulletin of Doctors. Osborne House, Isle of Wight, Jan. 22. -"Her majesty, the queen, breathed her last at 6:30 p. m., surrounded by her children and grandchildren.

"JAMES REID.
"R. DOUGLAS POWELL.
"THOMAS BARLOW." (Signed)

Bids All Farewell. Cowes, Isle of Wight, Jan. 23.—The queen is said to have bid farewell, in a feeble monosyllable, to her family assembled at her bedside at midday. firse recognized the prince of Wales, to St. John, N. B., and Charlottetown. whom she spoke a few words of great moment; then Emperor William and We others present filed past and heard a whispered good-by. All those in the bedroom were in tears.

The prince of Wales was very much affected when the doctors at last inhimself deeply affected, did his best to minister comfort to his sorrowwas the first to acknowledge.

From all parts of the world there are

still pouring into Cowes messages of condolence. They come from crowned heads, millionaires, tradesmen and paupers, and are variously addressed to the prince of Wales and the king of England.

Emperor William's arrangements are not settled. His yacht will arrive to-day, but it is believed that he will not

#### depart until after the funeral. Parliament Called to Meet

London, Jan. 23.—Shortly before midnight an official announcement was issued calling parliament to as-semble at four o'clock this afternoon to enable members of the house of lords and house of commons to take the oath of allegiance to King Ed-

The privy council will meet in London to-day and the proclamation of the king will occur thereafter at all places required by custom. The king rill come to London to preside over the council.

sew days, however, have exercised most prejudicial effect upon her health, which causes serious anxiety.'

London, Jan. 23.—Tuesday evening there were few visible signs in London that anything unusual had happened. A drizzling rain kept most people with-in doors. Those who were turned away from theaters or music halls wandered along the streets of the West End without special object. No large crowds gathered anywhere. The shops closed as soon as the bells began to toll, and the blinds of the Mansion house were drawn down as soon as the message from the prince of Wales was received avigation, the general development of the railway system and in the introduction of the penny post must be considered to the governor for approval.

VICTORIA IS NO MORE. St. Paul's cathedral was the gift of ered to have obtained for itself, had it william III., and is used only on occa-William III., and is used only on occasions of the death of royal personages. archbishops of Canterbury, lord mayors of London and bishops of London The tolling continued for two hours on Tuesday at intervals of a minute, and could be heard for miles in the direction of the wind. Some hundreds of people stood in front of the eathedral around the spot where Queen Victoria prayed on the sixtieth anniversary of her accession to the throne.

Universal Sorrow. London, Jan. 23.—Telegrams arrive ing from all parts of the country reecho the deep feeling of sorrow pervading all classes. These show that everywhere bells have been tolled and public performances and private functions suspended. In Dublin the ex were tolled. Earl Cadogan, the lord lieutenant, was absent from Dublin Tuesday, but it is expected that he will return immediately to preside at a meeting of the Irish privy council to proclaim the new king

### THE WORLD MOURNS.

# Universal Expressions of Sorrow not the Queen's Death.

Washington, Jan. 23 .- The news an nouncing the death of Queen Victoria was conveyed to President McKinley simultaneously with its receipt by the newspapers. Although he had been kept constantly advised of her condition since it became known that her case was hopeless, the news of her

Washington, Jan. 23.—President Mc-Kinley has sent the following message of condolence to King Edward VII.:

of condolence to King Edward VII.:

"Telegram sent from Washington, Jan. 22, 1901.—His Majesty the King, Osborne House, Isle of Wight: I have received with profound sorrow the lamentable tidings of the death of her majesty the queen. Allow me, sir, to offer my sincere sympathy and that of the American people in your personal bereavement and in the loss Great Britain has suffered in the death of its venerable and illustrious sovereign whose noble life and beneficent influence have promoted the peace and won the affection of the world.

"WILLIAM M KINLEY."

Senate Adopts Resolution.

Washington, Jan. 23.—In the senate

Washington, Jan. 23.—In the senate Tuesday afternoon, Senator Allison of-

fered the following resolution:

"That the death of her royal and imperial majesty, Victoria, of noble virtues and great renown, is sincerely deplored by the senate of the United States of America."

### merica." The resolution was adopted. Action by the House.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The house adopted a resolution expressing profound regret and sympathy for the English people on account of the death of Queen Victoria. The president was requested to communicate the expression to the British government, and as a further mark of respect to the memory of the queen the house immediately adjourned. The action of the house was particularly impressive in that the resolution was adopted without a word of dissent or debate. The resolution followed the precedents and was in almost the identical language of the resolutions adopted upon the occasion of the deaths of the president of the French republic and

the czar of Russia.

In Canada.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 23.-The government representing the people of Canada has forwarded, through the gov-ernor general, a message of condolence, assuring his majesty and the royal family that the people of Canada share in the great grief which has visited the nation. They recognize that no British sovereign was ever more beloved and honored by her subjects. The militia department gave instructions for a salute of 101 guns to be fired at all the military depots in Canada, namely, Windsor, Winnipeg, Toronto, Kingston, Montreal, Quebec.

## In Other Cities.

London, Jan. 23.—Dispatches from New York, Chicago, Berlin, Paris, The Hague, Copenhagen, Rome, Halifax, Quebec, Montreal, Kingston (Jamaica), St. Petersburg, and many other cities formed him that his mother had breathed her last. Emperor William, at half-mast, and other evidences of mourning are seen in many places.

## RULE OF VICTORIA.

# Her Reign Spans a Period of Nearly

Her Reign Spans a Period of Nearly 67 Years.

Alexandrina Victoria, queen of Great Britain and Ireland and empress of India, was born at Kensington palace on May 24, 1819. She was the daughter of the duke of Kent, fourth son of George III., and the Princess Victoria Mary Louisa of Saxe-Coburg-Saalfield, relict of the herditary prince of Leiningen. Her father died a few months after the birth of his daughter, who was brought up under the care of his widow. Her education was intrusted to the duchess of Northumberland and her training was better educationally and otherwise than usually falls to the lot of princes and princesses. Prudence and economy were especial features of her education and she was taught to be self-reliant, brave and systematical.

She succeeded to the throne on the death of William IV., third son of George III., June 20, 1837, when the crowns of England and Hanover, which had been worn by the same person since the accession of George I. in 1714, were separated, the former devolving upon the young princess and the latter, by virtue of the Salic law, failing to the duke of Cumberland, the late king's younger brother. She was crowned in Westminster abbey June 28, 1838. Some interest was taken in the fact that from the first the queen subscribed herself simply Victoria and not, as had been expected, Alexandrina Victoria.

The early years of Victoria's reign were full of interest and excitement. There were the rebeillon in Canada, the anticorn league, the chartist agitation, the Jamaica question, the never-ending Irish question, the Afghan war and the war with China. Along with these events came the introduction of many of the great discoveries in science, industry and commerce which are now considered specially representative of modern civilization. A reign, says one of its clearest thistorians, which saw in Vis earliest years the application of the efectric current to the task of transmitting messages, the first successful attempts to make use of the allway system and in the introduction of the p

ered to have obtained for itself, had it secured no other memorials, an abiding place in history.

February 10, 1840, Queen Victoria was married to her cousin, Prince Albert of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha. This was a love match, pure and simple, but the young sovereign, owing to her position, had to conduct the negotiations mainly by herself. During the previous month she had formally notified parliament of her intended to marry her cousin—a step which she trusted would be "conducive to the interests of my people as well as to my own domestic happiness." The announcement was not received with universal satisfaction, but a cordial reception was accorded Prince Albert on his landing in England several days before the marriage ceremony. A squabble arose in parliament as to the allowance to be made the prince. The proposed annuity was \$250,-

ceremony. A squabble arose in parliament as to the allowance to be made the prince. The proposed annuity was \$250,000, but after a bitter debate this was cut down to \$150,000.

It was some years before the people thoroughly understood Prince Albert. All his actions were closely watched. It was imagined that he would endeavor to overstep his limitations as the consort of the queen and try to influence political afairs. But this feeling wore off as the excellent personal qualities of the prince became known. When he died December 14, 1861, the national grief was profound. No man, it was admitted, had ever devoted himself more faithfully to high and difficult duties and words of commendation were heard on all sides.

For many years after this bereavement the queen led a life of strict sectusion. She avoided all public and court ceremonies, though her duties as a sovereign were never neglected. In 1876 she opened parliament in person for the first time since the death of Prince Albert.

Nine children were born as a result of the union. Their names and date of

Nine children were born as a result of he union. Their names and date of

birth are birth are:

The Princess Victoria, "Princess Royal," now empress dowager of Germany, born November 21, 1840; married January 25, 1858, Frederick William, then crown prince of Prussia, who died in 1888, as Emperor William II. of Germany, after a reign of only 99 days. Her son is now emperor, and he has had six sons and one daughter. The empress dowager has had four sons and 13 grandchildren.

Albert Edward, prince of Wales, who now becomes regent, born November 9, 1841; married March 10, 1863, Princess Alexandra of Denmark. He has had three sons and three daughters and has three grandchildren. His eldest son died in 1892, and his second son, the duke of York, married Princess Mary of Teck and has two children.

Princess Alice, born April 25, 1843; married in 1862 to Prince Frederick of Hesse; died December 14, 1878. She had two sons and five daughters, of whom the youngest living is married to the czar of Russia. There are six grandchildren in this family.

Prince Alfred, duke of Edinburgh, born The Princess Victoria, "Princess Roy

sia. There are six grandchildren in this family.

Prince Alfred, duke of Edinburgh, born 1844; married 1874 Marie Alexandrovna, only daughter of the czar of Russia; late duke of Saxe-Gotha and Coburg. They had one son and four daughters, one of whom has two children.

Princess Helena, born 1846; married 1896 to Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein. They have five children, all unmarried.

Princess Louise, born 1848; married 1871 the marquis of Lorne, the only one of the children marrying outside of royalty. They have no children.

Prince Arthur, duke of 'Connaught, born 1850; married 1879 to Princess Louise of Prussia, daughter of Frederick Charles, the famous red prince. Three children have come to this union.

Prince Leopold, duke of Albany, born 1853; married Princess Helen of Waldeck 1882; died 1884. Two children, one posthu-mous, form this household.

mous, form this household.

Princess Beatrice, born 1857; married 1885 to Prince Henry of Battenburg. The prince died in 1896, leaving four children.

Death of all the prior heirs to the number of 22 would make the German emperor king of England. If 48 heirs failed England would have to take the empress of Russia, provided the people did not decide otherwise, and 56 heirs would have to die before the queen's youngest child, Princess Beatrice, would succeed to the throne.

Princess Beatrice, would succeed to the throne.

During Queen Victoria's reign there were many notable acts of legislation. Several reforms demanded by the chartlests, then considered revolutionary in the extreme, were quietly and peaceably effected. The corn laws were repealed and Englandentered upon her marvelous prosperity under a free-trade policy. The Irish church was disestablished and the odious system of purchase abolished in the army. There was a sensational feature connected with the last-named measure. It was opposed by the house of lords and defeated by a trick. An amendment was carried to the effect that the lords were unwilling to agree to the passage of the bill until some comprehensive and complete scheme of army reor ganization should have been laid before it. Mr. Gladstone thereupon took a step which is variously criticised to this day. t. Mr. Gladstone thereupon took a ste which is variously criticised to this day

In 1876 Benjamin Disraeli created an In 1876 Benjamin Disraell created another sensation by introducing an act adding "empress of India" to the queen's titles. Members of both political parties were opposed to the new title. They claimed that the old one of queen of Great Britain and Ireland was sufficiently striking and honorable. But Disraell, as usual, carried his point. He hinted mysteriously that the question of supremacy in India was involved in the title, and that there was imperative necessity of that there was imperative necessity of asserting the position of the sovereign of England as supreme ruler for the whole empire of India. It was well understood that Russian intrigue was meant by the wily prime minister, and the act passed without further protest.

## Boxers Driven Off.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 23.-The steam er Victoria, which arrived Tuesday morning from the orient, brought news that the Boxers made an attempt to surprise Tientsin on the night of January 1. They were in small number and were easily driven off, although they caused some anx the North China Daily News that the Boxers are associated with Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching and they are in league with Boxers about to rise again.

## Many Senators Chosen.

United States senators were elected on Tuesday as follows: Illinois, Shelby M. Cullom; Minnesota, Knute Nel on (long term) and Moses E. Clapp (to fill out the term of the late Sen ator Davis extending to March 905); South Dakota, Robert J. Gamble New Jersey, William J. Sewell; Kan-sas, J. E. Burton; West Virginia Stephen B. Elkins; Arkansas, James H. Berry; Texas, Joseph W. Bailey.

## Michigan to Be Represented.

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 23 .- The hous passed a bill providing for the appoint ment of five commissioners to repre-sent this state at the Pan-American exposition, and appropriating \$40,000 for a Michigan exhibit.

Late in the afternoon the appropri ation bill passed the senate and was

# THE NEW SOVEREIGN.

Formal Oath of Office Taken by the King.

n Obedience to His Dead Mother's Expressed Wish He Assumes Title of Edward VII.-His Address.

London, Jan. 24.—At the meeting of the privy council the king took the title of Edward VII., king of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and emperor of India.

The king, at the accession ceremony, wore a military uniform. His brief speech was delivered with great earnestness and was quite extemporan-eous. It is expected it will be pub-lished later, in official form. At the last moment the king decided not to attend the house of lords Wednesday. Proclamation Signed.

The proclamation of the accession of his majesty was signed by princes present, the duke of York first, then the duke of Connaught, the duke of Cambridge, Prince Christian.



KING EDWARD VII.

the archbishop of Canterbury, the lord chancellor, the lord mayor and the other representatives of the city of

The royal proclamation by the earl marshal will be heralded at St. James palace and the other customary centers Thursday, and will forthwith be published in the gazette.

#### The King's Speech.

The following is the full text of his majesty's accession speech:

majesty's accession speech:

"Your Royal Highnesses, My Lords and Gentlemen: This is the most painful occasion on which I shall ever be called upon to address you. My first and melancholy duty is to announce to you the death of my beloved mother, the queen; and I know how deeply you and the whole nation, and, I think, I may say, the whole world sympathize with me in the irreparable loss we have all sustained. I need hardly say that my constant endeavor will be always to walk in her footsteps. In undertaking the heavy load which now devolves upon me I am fully determined to be a constitutional sovereign in the strictest sense of the word, and so long as there is breath in my body to work for the good and amelloration of my people.

"I have resolved to be known by the name of Edward, which has been borne by six of my ancestors. In doing so I do not undervalue the name of Albert, which I inherit from my ever-to-be-lamented great and wise father, who, by universal

not undervalue the name of Albert, which I inherit from my ever-to-be-lamented great and wise father, who, by universal consent, is, I think, deservedly known by the name of Albert the Good, and I desire that his name should stand alone. "In conclusion, I trust to parliament and the nation to support me in the arduous duties which now devolve upon me by inheritance and to which I am determined to devote my whole strength during the remainder of my life."

It is learned that the king assumed

It is learned that the king assumed the title of Edward VII. at the express wish of his mother.

## The New Prince of Wales.

Contrary to general opinion, the dake of York does not at once become prince of Wales through the accession of his father. The title of prince of Wales becomes merged in the sover-eignty, but the king will exercise his prerogative and confer the principality of Wales on the heir apparent. The new king was born November 9, 1841, but he was only created prince of Wales on the following December 4. There have been six royal princes who have never been created prince of Wales. However, the duke of York becomes at once duke of Cornwall, and the duchess of Fife (Princess Louisa of Wales) becomes a princess royal, as this capacity is treated by the law in much the same way as the mother of a queen consort.

## Take Oath of Allegiance.

London, Jan. 24.—The house of lords and the house of commons assembled at four o'clock and took the oath of allegiance to the new sover

Among the innumerable telegrams of sympathy that continue pouring ir from abroad President McKinley's

gives the greatest pleasure.

Took the Oath.
Ottawa, Jan. 24.—At a cabinet meeting Wednesday the governor general and the ministers took the oath of allegiance. The chief justice of the supreme court administered the oath to the governor general, who, in turn administered it to his ministers. The usual proclamations announcing Edward VII, king and confirming the appointment of those in office were is sued. The day of the queen's funeral will be named as one of general mourning in Canada. The entrance to the par iament buildings will be draped in black.

## Might Have Been a Horror.

Cincinnati, Jan. 24.—The destrucera house, causing a money loss of over \$400,000, paradoxical as it may seem is a cause for congratulation. body shrinks from contem shrinks from contemplating what might have been if there had been even a panic in that great audience, to say nothing of the horror that would have stricken the whole country if the fire had cut off the escape of the people within the building. In view of the deliverance from a fearful loss of life, the money loss sinks into insignificance.

### Casey's Case.

A Canadian gentleman, named Casey, was appointed to a government place which technically had to be occupied by a lawyer, which Mr. Casey was not. The benchers of the Law society, however, undertook to deviate the technicality, and appointed one of their number to examine him as to his knowledge of the law.

"Well, Casey," said the examiner, "what do you know about the law, anyway?"

"Well, to tell the truth," said Casey, modestly, "I don't know a single thing."

"I have examined Mr. Casey as to his knowledge of the law," the examiner stated in his affidavit, "and to the best of my knowledge and belief he answered all the questions entirely correctly."—Law Notes.

How's This?

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Walding, Kinnan, & Marrin, Wholesale

ledo, O. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

### How to Make Home Happy.

A recent purchase of a two-dollar palm, sickly and frail, carried in its train a demand for a seven-dollar jardniere and a three-dollar taburette. The fire must now be kept up nights for it, and every time the owner's husband passes the palm he shakes a fist at it.—Atchison Globe.

There Is a Class of People There Is a Class of People
Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over a sa much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

#### He Knew.

The politician's wife was ctartled by a sound below stairs.

"John," she cried, "there's a robber in the house"

the house."
"The house," replied John. "What's the matter with the senate? That's worse."—
Philadelphia Press.

A Tailor's Experience.

Mr. J. Holliday, who was at one time a cutter for Mr. Bell, merchant tailor of Fourth & Main Streets, Cincinnati, Ohio, wrote: "Palmer's Lotion has cured me of Granulated Sore Eyelds of several years' standing, after having been treated in vain by one of the best eye-surgeons in the city, and after spending in other ways large sums of money. The first application gave me immediate relief." This wonderful healer and beautifier should be kept in every home. If your druggist does not keep it, send to Solon Palmer, 374 Pearl Street, New York, for free samples of Palmer's Lotion and Lotion Soap. A Tailor's Experience

Jack-"Don't you think that woman, as a rule, prefers a man who is her master?" Ethel-"Not at all. She prefers one who thinks he is."—Smart Set.

A Remedy for the Grippe. A Remedy for the Grippe.
Physicians recommend Kemp's Balsam as remedy for patients afflicted with the grippe, as it is especially adapted for the throat and lungs. Do not wait for the first symptoms of the disease, but get a bottle today and keep it on hand for use the moment it is needed. If neglected the grippe has a tendency to bring on pneumonia. Kemp's Balsam prevents this by keeping the cough loose and the lungs free from inflammation. All druggists sell Kemp's Balsam at 25c. and 50c.

Considering the way a woman will deceive herself, a man has very little right to complain if she deceives him too.—N. Y. Herald.

Lane's Family Medicine. Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick head-ache. Price 25 and 50c.

"This wireless telegraphy reminds me of a groundless quarrel." What possible connection is there between the two?" "It's practically having words over nothing."—Philadelphia Times.

Philadelphia Times.

An Innovation.

The Louisville & Nashville R. R. together with its connecting lines has inaugurated the Florida Limited, which is a daily, solid train, wide vestibuled, steam heated, gas lighted, with dining ar service for mealen route to Thomasville, Ga., Jacksonville and St. Augustine, Fla. The sleeper leaving Cincinnati at 11:15 a. m. is attached at Nashville, running via Birmingham and Montgomery, Plant System to Jacksonville, and Florida East Coast to St. Augustine, arriving at the latter city at 7:30 the next evening. Mr. C. L. Stone, General Passenger Agent, Louisville & Nashville R. R., Louisville, Ky., will answer all inquiries concerning this train and furnish printed matter concerning it.

When a man is found brave enough to re-

When a man is found brave enough to re-

#### buke gossip it means that heard it.—Atchison Globe. hat he has Hoxsie's Croup Cure.

The life saver of children, for Croup, Coughs, Colds and Diphtheria. No opium to stupefy. No ipecac to cause nausea. Sold by druggists, or mailed postpaid, on receipt of 50 cents. A. P. Hoxsie, Buffalo, N. Y.

As If They Were Somebody. Some young men seem to be surprised that everybody doesn't stop dancing when they enter a ballroom.—Somerville Journal.

Coughing Leads to Consumption. Kemp's Balsam will stop the Cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles 25 and 50 cents. Go at once: delays are dangerous.

Courtesy is a duty public servants owe to he humblest member of public.—Lord Lyt-

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb 17, 1900.

It seems incredible, yet it is a fact, that a man can be knocked down and he'd up at the same time.—Indianapolis News. To Cure a Cold in One Day 'ake Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All ruggistsrefundmoney if it fails to cure. 25c.

A man can sometimes correct almost any bad impression by simply paying his debts. —Atchison Globe.

Explosions of Coughing are stopped by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.
Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute. Do you not know a lot of favorites, and wonder at the taste of the people?—Atchison Globe.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are fast to sunlight, washing and rubbing. Sold by all druggists.

The best is the cheapest. Carter's Ink is the best, yet it costs no more than the poorest.

All men that are ruined are ruined on the side of their natural propensities.—