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JOB PRINTING. The job department of the press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

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It cannot be doubted that such a course as is thus proposed will revive the discussion of the need of applying the cloture rule in the senate—a rule by which a vote can be taken, after a reasonable amount of time has been given to the discussion of any measure.

It may be that the shipping bill, as well as any other measure, will do to apply the test of reasonable debate to the proceedings of the senate. Here is a measure that seeks to establish an American maritime policy, under which American ships will succeed to the carrying of our exports and imports.

The attention of practical mining men has been for several years devoted to the deposits of copper in Alaska, but questions of transportation have in many cases prevented the ore from being extensively mined.

NOTES FROM WASHINGTON

Present Status of Affairs in Senate and House by a Capitol Correspondent.

REPUBLICANS WORK FOR SHIPPING BILL.

Probable Action of the Senate When It Reconvenes—The Desire of the Administration Regarding the Subsidy Bill—Demands of the People.

[Special Correspondence.]

Judging from the manner in which congress has disposed of important measures during the first third of the short session, it looks as though the fear of an extra session was groundless. To be sure, the house is the branch that has disposed of the greatest amount of work, and that the senate has done but little more than get the Hay-Pauncefote treaty out of the way.

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The statement now is that two or three senators, whose terms expire with the 4th of March, and who are already assured of defeat in their effort for reelection, will band themselves together in order to prevent a vote on the shipping bill.

It cannot be doubted that such a course as is thus proposed will revive the discussion of the need of applying the cloture rule in the senate—a rule by which a vote can be taken, after a reasonable amount of time has been given to the discussion of any measure.

Some time or another this sort of horse play in the United States senate will be "played out." While a reasonable amount of time for a full discussion of important legislation is desirable and wise, it is quite contrary to the wishes of the people and to the interests of the country for an irresponsible minority—or a few of such a minority, who have already been repudiated by the votes of their constituents—to block important legislation.

It may be that the shipping bill, as well as any other measure, will do to apply the test of reasonable debate to the proceedings of the senate. Here is a measure that seeks to establish an American maritime policy, under which American ships will succeed to the carrying of our exports and imports.

If, therefore, in the interests of the foreign ship owners, now enjoying this monopoly of our foreign carrying, or for any other reason, a few discredited members of the senate minority resort to filibustering tactics to prevent a vote on a measure that will eventually, it is believed, result in the keeping of \$175,000,000 annually in the United States that is now paid to foreigners, let the people be informed of the situation, clearly and frankly.

or three senators, who will be left at home after March 4, 1901, because their states no longer desire them to represent them in the senate, should be able, through a mistaken sense of courtesy, to defeat any important legislation.

At the rate of procedure that the house has adopted, in disposing of important bills, the latter body will be ready to adjourn long before the senate really gets down to the serious consideration of the big appropriation bills alone. And then there is the big river and harbor bill—everybody in congress desires to have that passed. It begins to look as though the senate will soon have to abandon the policy of "unlimited debate."

J. B. ACRES.

BRYAN'S LINCOLN SPEECH.

Evidence That the Nebraskan Does Not Know When He Is Beaten.

Mr. Bryan's recent speech in Lincoln, his first formal public expression on politics since his defeat—is virtually a repetition of the opinions he expressed after his defeat four years ago. He declared then that the campaign was but "the first battle," and he now reaffirms that, as "principles live," and an election cannot change principles, however much it determine their application, the policy which he represented will be still maintained and striven for.

According to Mr. Bryan's recent supporters the late campaign was the last chance for redemption for a land "to hastening ill a prey." The Lincoln speech discloses that the decisive battle, in Mr. Bryan's view, has yet to be fought. He refuses to admit that the election of McKinley twice in succession means a steadfast opposition to free silver.

Has Mr. Bryan learned nothing as the result of two decisive defeats? His position may be attributed very justly to the intense ardor and the sincerity with which he clings to his views, to the exclusion of all considerations of practical conditions or expediency. His honesty in this position is unquestioned, and in sticking to the path of duty as he sees it no one can condemn him. But it is to be regretted that the plain fact that the American people are afraid of fantastic economic and financial schemes and will not experiment with them should not have been grasped by Mr. Bryan.

NO FRIEND IN THE LOBBY.

Senator Hanna's Shipping Bill Is Not Viewed with Favor by Foreign Companies.

When Senator Hanna was informed of the extensively circulated report that a powerful lobby was working in Washington to bring about the passage of the shipping subsidy bill, he replied that the only lobby of which he knew anything was that employed by foreign steamship companies to defeat the bill if possible.

Those persons who pretend to regard Senator Hanna as a man who is actuated by ulterior motives in all that he does or says will proceed to sneer at this statement of his, just as they have been sneering at everything that he has said on any subject. They will impute to him disregard for veracity, in accordance with their habit. But fair-minded persons, whether they are of Mr. Hanna's political party or not, will recognize and appreciate the force of what he says.

The foreign steamship companies which are at present receiving something like a hundred millions of dollars each year for furnishing transportation to American commerce are naturally the ones most interested in the bill. Its passage means the gradual, and ultimately total, loss of immense revenue, limited in duration and liable to decrease during its continuance. Does anyone believe that American companies consider it worth the while to engage high-priced lobbyists to make efforts to promote the bill, which efforts would be likely to defeat their intended purpose rather than to accomplish it?

The eyes of the American people will be upon those who vote against the bill when the vote is taken; not upon those who vote for it.—Albany Journal.

Those democrats who are saying that if "the Cleveland crowd" comes back in the democratic party they must take back seats may overestimate the number of such seats. The Cleveland crowd was numerous enough to insure Mr. Bryan's defeat in two elections.—Indianapolis Journal.

CHINESE EXCLUSION LAW.

It Is Full of Loopholes Through Which the Celestials Evade the Objects Sought by Its Framers.

Washington, Jan. 9.—Representative Jenks, of Wisconsin, has reported to the house a bill agreed upon by the judiciary committee, designed to correct some of the abuses existing under the Chinese exclusion act. The legislation proposed was favored by the attorney general and is the outgrowth of conditions which have prevailed in northern New York, as a result of which it is alleged that many Chinamen have succeeded in unlawfully entering the United States.

They are made up of two classes, the first of merchants and laborers who have a lawful right to enter the United States and who come through the custom houses and are admitted without trouble. The other class, Mr. Curtis says, has no right to enter. They are either smuggled across the border, or come openly to the border to be taken before a commissioner for trial. Since the supreme court decision that persons born of Chinese parents in the United States are citizens and entitled to re-enter without certificates, the number coming under the pretense of having been born here has constantly increased.

More than 300 Chinamen crossed the border into Franklin county last year and were taken before Commissioner Paddock at Malone for trial. The government, however, failed to secure any deportations to send them to the trials before Commissioner Paddock.

"I took personal charge of a number of cases before him in July and August," says the district attorney, "and in my opinion many of his rulings were erroneous."

The district attorney says it is highly important that the government be clothed with power to direct that these prosecutions be instituted before such commissioner in the district as it may select, and one of the amendments proposed by the bill has this object in view.

There is no doubt but that a judicious grundle is of great use, for many a bike is never oiled until it squeaks.—Ally Sloper.

A NEW COMBINE.

Amalgamation of American, English and Canadian Steel Companies Is Planned.

London, Jan. 11.—The negotiations toward the formation of another American iron and steel combination which have been carried on recently in London, reached a point last evening where their culmination became practically assumed. The companies intending to amalgamate are the Canadian Steel Co., the Lake Superior Power Co., the American Sheet Steel Co., the Otis Steel Co., the Pittsburg Steel Co. and the Wellman-Seaver Co., of Cleveland. Combined with these, if the deal is completed, will be several English firms.

The project may be termed an English-American-Canadian combination to take advantage of existing opportunities. It is freely discussed in the English press. The reason for holding the meeting in London was that English capital and trade are desired. The capitalization has not yet been decided upon.

The recuperative power of natural sleep is wonderful. Complete physical and mental exhaustion gives place, after a few hours of quiet slumber, to a full renewal of energy. The fatigue of body and mind disappears entirely while all the muscles are strong and the nerves absolutely calm.

LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

Pipe and Tube Works to be Erected at Conneaut Harbor, O., by the Carnegie Co.

Pittsburg, Jan. 9.—In explanation of the extensive land purchases of the Carnegie Co. at Conneaut Harbor, O., President Schwab yesterday made clear the plans of the company with respect to these purposes. Mr. Schwab states that for over a year the Carnegie Co. has contemplated entering into lines of manufacture other than those in which it has been engaged hitherto, and the first step in carrying out this purpose is to be taken at once by the establishment of the largest pipe and tube manufacturing plant in the world at Conneaut Harbor, which is the Lake Erie terminal of Carnegie's Pittsburg, Bessemer & Lake Erie railroad, 153 miles from Pittsburg.

The company has purchased 5,000 acres of land immediately east of the Conneaut Harbor docks and a large part of this large tract will be utilized as a site for the tube works. The works will stretch over a mile of the lake front and will be the most extensive plant of its kind in every branch ever built. The investment, exclusive of ground, will reach about \$12,000,000.

Nieces Contest the Will.

New York, Jan. 9.—Two nieces of David Harnett, who died in this city on January 1, 1900, leaving an estate valued at \$350,000, have begun suit in the Kings county supreme court to have the provisions of the will defeated and to prevent Archbishop Corrigan or his successor in the Roman catholic see of New York from receiving \$167,500 which was bequeathed to the archbishop by Mr. Harnett. The nieces, who were not mentioned in the will, hope to break it on the ground that the bequest to the church is contrary to law.

The Professional Designer.

Just as a man has always depended upon his tailor to make him "the latest," just so women are now coming to depend upon the professional people whose mission it is to dress a woman according to her needs.

It is only a short time since women have learned this secret of good dressing. You can remember, yourself, when a woman boasted that she had designed her own costume. Now you rarely hear such an admission. It is considered so much more chic and even elegant to allow a professional designer to do it for you.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of One Hundred Dollars for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY, sworn to before me and subscribed to my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1898. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Designing Landlord.

Traveler—Why do you allow that waiter to remain constantly so close to that young married couple? It evidently annoys them. Landlord—Oh, because they keep ordering things, so as to get him out of hearing.—Meggendorfer Blaetter.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, and the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 1 cent as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Getting Old.

Despondent Fair One—Do you know, dear, I'm afraid I must be getting very old. Consoling Friend—Nonsense, darling! Why do you think so? "Because people are beginning to tell me how very young I am looking!"—Punch.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Millions Use Carter's Ink

Which is sure proof of its excellent quality. Is made chemically accurate. Therefore the best.

There is no doubt but that a judicious grundle is of great use, for many a bike is never oiled until it squeaks.—Ally Sloper.

Piso's Cure

cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

There is only one thing which, properly speaking, always has its face value, and that is a kiss.—Town Topics.

The amateur camera fellow may have a hard time of it, but he also has a snap.—Indianapolis News.

We fancy wireless telegraphy has a tendency to make couples who have been married by wire feel dreadfully old-fashioned.—Detroit Journal.

Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar relieves whooping cough. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

The silence of a friend commonly amounts to treachery. His not daring to say anything in our behalf implies a tacit censure.—Hazlitt.

We refund 10c for every package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYES that fails to give satisfaction. Monroe Drug Co., Unionville, Mo. Sold by all druggists.

The third day after a man has put an article on sale, he becomes something of a cynic on friendship.—Aitchison Globe.

Throw physic to the dogs—if you don't want the dogs—but if you want good digestion chew Beeman's Pepsin Gum.

NIGHT-SWEATS



arise from weakness of the whole system caused by disordered kidneys. They are rapidly followed by the extreme stages of Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Heart Disease, Paralysis or Chronic Female Weakness. If you suspect that your Kidneys are affected, place some of the urine passed on arising in the morning in a bottle and let it stand for 12 hours. If brick-dust or other sediment is found, it is positive proof that you need treatment.

KID-NE-IDS

are an absolute specific for every form of Kidney Disease, and their wonderful efficacy is guaranteed by a forfeit of \$50 for every case they will not cure.

OHIO AND PENNSYLVANIA

People cure by KID-NE-IDS. In writing them, please enclose stamped addressed envelope. C. R. Fryer, 613 W. Gambier St., Mt. Vernon, O. John H. Mongold, 358 Mulberry St., Chillicothe, O. Mrs. Mary Watters, 235 South St., Steubenville, O. Capt. John Enright, 615 Michigan St., Toledo, O. Mrs. Jas. C. Thomas, 108 La Fayette St., Saratoga, Pa. Ernest B. Bowers, 21 N. Shamokin St., Shamokin, Pa. Mr. G. R. Campman, 48 River St., Sharon, Pa. A. L. Conn, 233 W. Edwin St., Williamsport, Pa. Mr. E. E. Eymann, 314 Broadway, Lorain, O.

Morrow's Kid-Ne-oids are not pills,

but Yellow Tablets and sell at fifty cents a box at drug stores. JOHN MORROW & CO., SPRINGFIELD, O.

The Question of Dessert

is easily and simply solved with a package of Burnham's Haasty Jellycon. It is only necessary to dissolve a package of it in boiling water and set away to cool. The result is a deliciously pure jelly, and an ideal dessert. The flavors are orange, lemon, strawberry, raspberry, peach, wild cherry and the unflavored "calisfoot" for making wine and coffee jellies. All grocers sell it.

Advertisement for Dr. Greene's Nervura. Includes text: 'Insomnia Wrecks the Nerves. Dr. Greene's NERVURA Makes Health.' and 'Dr. Greene's NERVURA FOR THE BLOOD AND NERVES.' There is an illustration of a woman's face and a portrait of Mrs. Florence Taylor.