

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor. Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. Per year... \$2.00. If paid in advance... \$1.50.

ADVERTISING RATES: Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, \$2; each subsequent insertion 10 cents per square. Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent non-entire insertion.

JOB PRINTING. The Job department of the Press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

There is a case in Atchison of a man falling in love with his wife. Shortly after their marriage, the wife discovered that "Home, Sweet Home" did not appeal to her husband and that he preferred the companionship of his men friends downtown.

Alabama has quietly increased her territory by 200,000 acres of valuable timber land. The strip is on the state's southern boundary, and by right belonged to Alabama for nearly 70 years.

A Louisville grocer, who sleeps over his store, was startled late the other night by a mysterious rapping in the cellar. He knew there were some spirits there, but was incredulous as to others, and he suspected burglary.

The total cost of the Pan-American exposition to be held in Buffalo next year is estimated at \$10,000,000, and John N. Scatcherd, who is chairman of the executive committee, says that the resources now in sight amount to about \$6,000,000.

In the course of a cross-country drag hunt on Long Island Mrs. James L. Kernochean, of New York, was thrown from her saddle after taking a double jump.

The cotton crop of the country amounted to only 5,000,000 pounds in 1793. Last year it was about 5,500,000,000 pounds, representing three-fourths of the entire crop of the world and valued at \$350,000,000.

Some of the editors that were profiting the greatest assurance of Bryan's election are now calmly acknowledging that they knew he had no possible chance of success.

A CAMPAIGN LESSON.

Workmen Are Not to Be Prejudiced by the Rabid Talk of Agitators.

One of the facts that must have been made plain to those political leaders and others who did not know it before, or refused to acknowledge it, is that the workmen as a class cannot be influenced to give their support to any particular party, by means of special and specious appeals to prejudice.

In the recent campaign efforts on the part of the opponents of republicanism to turn the workmen against the republican party and to attract them to its enemies were more conspicuous and persistent than in any previous contest for party supremacy.

In this state, every possible attempt was made to turn organized labor as a body against the republican state candidates. The trouble between the New York Sun and the Typographical union, which is purely a business difference, was dragged into the campaign by the opponents of the republican party, and misrepresented as having partisan significance.

But, as the event proved, all these efforts, and all similar ones that were made throughout the country failed utterly to produce the intended effect. The workmen cannot be fooled more easily than any other class of American citizens.

The republican party in the late campaign directed no special arguments at the workmen. It made to them the same appeals which it made to all other citizens.

Any party that wants to abolish the gold standard can do so, provided it has control of the legislative department of the government, but it ought not to be possible for one man to make any change in the monetary standard.

Some of the editors that were profiting the greatest assurance of Bryan's election are now calmly acknowledging that they knew he had no possible chance of success.

Some of the editors that were profiting the greatest assurance of Bryan's election are now calmly acknowledging that they knew he had no possible chance of success.

THE WINNING ARGUMENT.

Prosperity of the People Outweighed the Appeal to Class Hatred.

It is in order to congratulate Mr. Bryan on the fact that he knows what hit him. Bryan says: "The prosperity argument was probably the most potent argument used by the republicans." That's right. It was.

Prosperity was not only the most effective argument. It was also a legitimate argument. Destitution is not a virtue. It is a decidedly unpleasant defect.

The prosperity argument was the most effective in the campaign. And it brought the verdict for the republican party, because the logic of events and the mathematics of history traced the effect of prosperity to its cause in the principles and policies of the republican party.

Bryan himself never knew such prosperity as followed the election of 1896. The people hope that the election of 1900 will be followed by continuance and renewal of that prosperity.

THE PRESIDENT.

His Administration Receives the Endorsement of an Emphatic Majority.

By one of the most emphatic votes ever polled, this country declared its intention to go on as it has been going. It holds fast to the blessings of prosperity. It continues its way along the path of progress.

No process of reasoning can make of this magnificent victory anything else than an endorsement and approval of the administration of President McKinley.

Wherever the republican pluralities are less than they were four years ago, wherever Bryanism shows apparent gains, the explanation is obvious. Democrats have returned by thousands to their former political allegiance; not because they hoped by their votes to elect Bryan, but because they believed his defeat so certain that they might safely take advantage of the occasion to resume regular relations with the party to which they have always belonged.

William McKinley is the man who made possible the election of a republican president. May his second term be as glorious, as productive, and as beneficent as his has been his first.—N. Y. Sun.

POLITICAL DRIFT.

What the democratic organizers want is a paramount issue that will stay mounted.—Chicago Tribune.

As it turns out it was no sacrifice for Mr. Bryan to refuse to stand for the senate in Nebraska.—Indianapolis News (Ind.).

Dr. Don Dickerson would cure the democratic party by first throwing it into spasms. Dr. Don is great on fits.—Washington Post.

If Mr. Bryan will stay on the farm and attend to business maybe he will have better luck with his crops next year.—Sioux City Journal.

The whole secret of the late republican success lies in the fact that the country would not submit to a treatment of dwarfing.—San Francisco Chronicle.

James K. Jones has returned to Arkansas. It is only fair to conclude, therefore, that he has decided to concede McKinley's election.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Mr. Bryan was in the habit of saying: "Some men get information in their heads and some in their necks." Mr. Bryan has now certainly got some information.—National Tribune.

Mr. Bryan has practically announced himself as a candidate for president in 1904, 1908, 1912, 1916, 1920, 1924, 1928 and 1932. After that date he has made no plans.—Louisville Post.

As an orator Mr. Hanna differs from Mr. Bryan in one important respect. The states in which Hanna speaks do not roll up majorities for the opposition.—Kansas City Journal.

Bryan is not only the man without a country, but he seems to be also the man without a state. Nebraska has tired of him. Like the parrot, he has talked himself into a cage.—Troy Times.

Gov. Boies makes an honest, or unguarded, confession when he says the democratic party has been brought near to death's door "by following strange gods." It is impossible to forget, though it may be unkind to dwell upon it, that Gov. Boies has had frequent appearances as one of the gods.—Sioux City Journal.

HOPELESS SOPHISTRY.

Bryan's Doleful Utterances Regarding the Result of the Late Election.

Mr. Bryan seems to be hopelessly joined to his idols of sophistry and evasion. He clung closely to them before election, of course, in futile hope of thus winning the campaign. But not even crushing defeat can part him from them or cause him to see straight and to speak frankly.

Four years ago, however, Mr. Bryan said: "If McKinley and the republican party are successful and put in power for the next four years, wages will be decreased, hard times will come upon us, mortgages upon our homes will be foreclosed by the money lenders, shops and factories will close. We will export no goods, and we will import from foreign lands all the goods we use. Thus will ruin, want and misery be with us."

His argument appears to be, then, something like this: "If the country suffers hard times under republican government the republican party is to be held responsible for it; but if the country is prosperous the republican party is not to receive credit for it." We are not trying to maintain that republican policy is to be credited with all the good the nation has enjoyed in the last three or four years.

There is one thing which, in spite of Mr. Bryan's disclaimer, people did stop to consider. That is, that Mr. Bryan's doleful forebodings in 1896, which we have just quoted, and which he made unconditionally, were not realized, but that, on the contrary, exactly the opposite in every detail came to pass.

Christmas Will Be Merry. McKinley's reelection means a merry Christmas. This is shown by the reports as to the condition of the candy market published in the International Confectioner, which says: "Many of the larger concerns in the confectionery business have already withdrawn their travelers from the road because the orders now in hand will keep them going overtime until Christmas day."

Mr. Bryan is credited with a determination to maintain his hold on the democratic party, and it is even said that he is thinking of being a candidate four years from now. But suppose the democratic party decides to unload Mr. Bryan? We say frankly to the young man from Lincoln that he has taken up quite enough of the country's time.

Bryan in his last calamity howl declares that "republican policies have lessened the value of farm lands." Yes. Four years ago he said republican success would mean a lowering of the value of farm produce. But with McKinley's election prices went up with a boom, and stayed up. Bryan's own experience as a farmer ought to have taught him better than the stuff he is now spouting.—N. Y. Tribune.

A NARROW ESCAPE. A GRATEFUL WOMAN.



MRS. F. J. LYNCH, GRAND RAPIDS, MICH. Mrs. F. J. Lynch, 324 South Division street, Grand Rapids, Mich., writes: The Ieruna Medicine Company, Columbus, Ohio:

Gentlemen:—"I earnestly recommend Peruna to any suffering woman as it cures quickly. I had a most persistent cough which nothing seemed to cure. Two bottles of Peruna did more for me than all the doctors seemed to do. In a couple of weeks I found myself in excellent health, and have been enjoying it ever since. Hence I look on Peruna as a true friend to women."

Chronic Coughs and Colds Are Catarrhal Diseases. Catarrh is the Continual Scourge of Christendom.

Catarrh hovers ominously over every city, and nestles treacherously in every hamlet. It flies with vampire wings from country to country, and casts a black shadow of despair over all lands. Its stealthy approach and its lingering stay makes it a dread to the physician and a pest to the patient.

CALL OR WRITE FOR

ILLUSTRATED FOLDER GIVING COMPLETE DIRECTIONS HOW TO CROSS THE CONTINENT CHEAPLY AND COMFORTABLY.



PERSONALLY CONDUCTED PARTIES, THROUGH SLEEPING CARS, FINEST SCENERY. THE BEST FOR THE MONEY.

CHICAGO & ALTON

WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED MAP FOLDER TO GEO. J. CHARLTON, GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT, CHICAGO, ILL.

Cigar Dealers Like to have their regular customers smoke Old Virginia Cheroots because they know that once a man starts smoking them he is "fixed," and that he will have no more trouble with him trying to satisfy him with different kinds of Five Cent cigars. Three hundred million Old Virginia Cheroots smoked this year. Ask your own dealer. Price, 3 for 5 cents.

DRINK HABIT. A treatment taken at home by the patient which renders Whiskey, Beer, etc., Obnoxious. Cures relapses from other treatments; endorsed by business firms of National Reputation. Write for convincing evidence. THE PAQUIN IMMUNE CO., Dept. 28, St. Louis, Mo.