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### CHAPTER I.

Riding at ease in the lazy afternoon sunshine, a single troop of cavalry was threading its way in long column of twos through the bold and beautiful foothills of the Big Horn. Behind them, glinting in the slanting rays, Cloud eak, snow-clad still, although it was late in May, towered above the pine crested summits of the range. To the right and left of the winding trail bare shoulders of bluff, covered only by the dense carpet of bunch grass, jutted out into the comparative level of the east-ward plain. A clear, cold, sparkling stream, on whose banks the little command had halted for a noontide rest. went rollicking away northeastward and many a veteran trooper looked longingly, even regretfully, after it, and then cast a gloomy glance over the barren and desolate stretch ahead. Far as the eye could reach in that direction the earth waves heaved and rolled in unrelieved monotony to the very sky line, save where here and there along the slopes black herds or scattered dots of buffalo were grazing. unvexed by hunters, red or white, for this was 30 years ago, when, in countless thousands, the bison covered the westward prairies, and there were officers who forbade their senseless slaughter to make food only for the worthless, prowling coyotes. der the trooper hated to leave the foot-hills of the mountains, with the cold, clear trout streams and the bracing air, to take to long days' marching over dull waste and treeless prairie, covered only by sagebrush, rent and torn by dry ravines, shadeless, springless, al-most waterless, save where in un-wholesome hollows dull pools of stagnant water still held out against the sun, or, further still southeast among the "breaks" of the many forks of the South Cheyenne, on the sandy flats men dug for water for their suffering horses, yet shrank from drinking it themselves lest their lips should crack and bleed through the shriveling touch of the alkali.

Barely two years a commissioned officer, the young lieutenant at the head of the column rode buoyantly along caring little for the landscape, since with every traversed mile he found himself just that much nearer home. Twenty-five summers, counting this one coming, had rolled over his curly head, and each one had seemed brighter, happier, than the last—all but the one he spent as a hard-worked "plebe at the military academy. His graduation summer two years previous was a glory to him, as well as to a pretty sister, young and enthusiastic enough to think a brother in the regulars, just out of West Point, something to made much of, and Jessie Dean had lost no opportunity of spoiling her soldier or of wearying her school friends through telling of his manifold perfections. He was a manly, stalwart, handsome fellow, as young graduates go. again. He was a fond and not too teas-ing kind of brother. He wasn't the brightest fellow in the class by thirty-odd, and had barely scraped through one or two of his examinations, but Jessie proudly pointed to the fact that much more than half the class had "scraped off" entirely, and therefore that those who succeeded in getting through at all were paragons, especial ly Brother Marshall. But girls at that school had brothers of their own, girls who had never seen West Point or had the cadet fever, and were not impressed with young officers as painted by so indulgent a sister. Most of the girls had tired of Jessie's talks, and some had told her so, but there was who had been sympathetic from the start-a far western, friendless sort of girl she was when first she entered school, uncouthly dressed, wretchedly homesick and anything but compan-ionable, and yet Jessie Dean's kind heart had warmed to this friendless waif and she became her champion her ally, and later, much to her genu ine surprise, almost her idol. It presently transpired that "the Pappoose," as the girls nicknamed her, because it was learned that she had been rocked in an Indian cradle and had long worn moccasins instead of shoes (which ac counted for her feet being so much finer in their shape than those of her fellows), was quick and intelligent beyond her years, that, though apparently hopelessly behind in all their studies at the start, and provoking ridicule and sneers during the many weeks of her loneliness and home-longing, she suddenly began settling to her work with grim determination, surprising her teachers and amazing her mates by the vim and originality of her methods, and before the end of the year climbing for the laurels with a mental strength and agility that put other efforts to the blush. Then came weeks of bliss spent with a doting father at Niagara, the seashore and the Point— a dear old dad as ill at ease in eastern circles as his daughter had been at first at school, until he found himself welcomed with open arms to the officers' messrooms at the Point, for John Folsom was as noted a frontiersman

Indians themselves loved and trusted far and wide, and when a man has won the trust and faith of an Indian let him grapple it to his breast as a treas ure worth the having, great even as "the heart love of a child." Sioux, Shoshone and Cheyenne, they would turn to "Old John" in their councils, their dealings, their treaties, their perplexities, for when he said a thing was right and square their doubts gone, and there at the Point the now well-to-do old trader met men who had known him in bygone days at Laramie and Omaha, and there his pretty schoolgirl daughter met her bosom friend's big brother Marshall, a first classman in all his glory, dancing with damsels in society, while she was but a maiden shy in short dresses. Oh, how Jess had longed to be of that party to the Point, but her home was in the far west, her father long dead and buried her mother an invalid, and the child was needed there. Earnestly had old Folsom written, begging that she who had been so kind to his little girl should be allowed to visit the seashore and the Point with him and "Pappoose he laughingly referred to her, adopting the school name given by the girls; but they were proud people, were the Deans, and poor and sensitive. They thanked Mr. Folsom warmly. "Jessie was greatly needed at home this sum was the answer: but Folsom somehow felt it was because they dreaded to accept courtesies they could not repay in kind.

"As if I could ever repay Jess for all

the loving kindness to my little girl in her loneliness," said he. No, there was nodelicious visiting with Pappoose that summer, but with what eager interest had she not devoured the letters telling of the wonderful sights the little far westerner saw-the ocean, the great Niagara, the beautiful Point in the heart of the Highlands, but, above all, that crowned monarch, that plumed knight, that incomparable big brother, Cadet Capt. Marshall Dean. Yes, he had come to call the very evening of their arrival. He had escorted them out, papa and Pappoose, to hear the band playing on the plain. He had made her take his arm, "a school-girl in short dresses," and promenaded with her up and down the beautiful, shaded walks, thronged with ladies, officers and cadets, while some old cronies took father away to the mess for a julep, and Mr. Dean had introduced some young girls, professors' daughters, and they had come and taken her driving and to tea, and she had seen him every day, many times a day, at guard mounting, drill, pontooning or parade, or on the hotel piazzas, but only to look at or speak to for a minute, for of course she was "only a child," and there were dozens of so ciety girls, young ladies, to whom he had to be attentive, especially a very stylish Miss Brockway, from New York, with whom he walked and danced a great deal, and whom the other girls tried to tease about him. Pappoose didn't write it in so many words, but Jessie reading those letters between the lines and every which way, could easily divine that Pappoose didn't fancy Miss Brockway at all. And then had come a wonderful day, a wonderful thing, into the schoolgirl's life. No less than twelve pages did sixteen-year-old Pappoose take to tell it, and when a girl finds time to write a twelvepage letter from the Point she has more to tell than she can possibly contain.

Mr. Dean had actually invited her her, Elinor Merchant Folsom-Wino-

toddler among the tepees of the Sioux
—Pappoose as the girls had named her
at school—"Nell," as Jessie called her -sweetest name of all despite the ring of sadness that ever hangs about it— and Daddy had actually smiled and ap-proved her going to the midweek hop on a cadet captain's broad chevroned arm, and she had worn her prettiest white gown, and the girls had brought her roses, and Mr. Dean had called for her before all the big girls, and she had gone off with him, radiant, and he had actually made out her card for her, and taken three dances himself and had presented such pleasant fellows—first classmen and "yearlings." There was Mr. Billings, the cadet adjutant, and Mr. Ray, who was a cadet sergeant "cut on furlough" and kept back, but such a beautiful dancer, and back, but such a beautiful dancer, and there was the first captain, such a witty, brilliant fellow, who only danced square dances, and several ca-det corporals, all hop managers, in their red sashes. Why, she was just the proudest girl in the room! And when the drum beat and the hop broke up she couldn't believe she'd been there an hour and three-quarters, and then Mr. Dean escorted her back to the hotel, and Daddy had smiled and looked on and told him he must come into the cavalry when he graduated netx June, and he'd show him the Sioux country, and Pappoose would teach him Indian dances. It was all simply lovely. Of course she knew it was all due to Jessie that her splendid big brother should give up a whole evening from his lady friends. (Miss

if it hadn't been for Jessie none of the cadets would have taken the slightest notice of her, a mere chit, with three years of school still ahead of her. But all the same it was something to live over and over again, and dream of over and over again, and the seashore seemed very stupid after the Point. Next year—next June—when Marshall graduated Jessie was to go see that wonderful spot, and go she did with Pappoose, too, and though it was all as beautiful as Pappoose had described, and the scene and the music and the parades and all were splendid, there was no deliriously lovely hop, for in those days there could be no dancing in the midst of examinations. There was only the one great ball given by the second to the graduating class, and Marshall had so many, many older girls to dance with and say good-by to he had only time for words with his sister and her shy, silent little friend with the big brown eyes to whom he had been so kind the previous summer, when there were three hops a week and not so many hoppers in long dresses. Marshall had one dance with each, and introduced nice boys from the lower classes, and it was all very well, only not what Pappoose had painted, and Jessie couldn't help thinking and say ing it might all have been so much sweeter if it hadn't been for that odious Miss Brockway, about whom Marshall hovered altogether too much, but, like the little Indian the girls sometimes said she was, Pappoose looked on and said nothing.

All the same, Mr. Dean had had a glorious graduation summer of it, though Jessie saw too little of him, and Pappoose nothing at all after the breaking of the class. In September the girls returned to school, friends as close as ever, even though a little cloud overshadowed the hitherto un broken confidences, and Marshall joined the cavalry, as old Folsom had suggested, and took to the saddle, the prairie, the bivouac and buffalo hunt as though native and to the manner born. They were building the Union Pacific then, and he and his troop, with dozens of others scattered along the line, were busy scouting the neigh borhood, guarding the surveyors, the ngineers, and finally the track-layers. for the jealous red men swarmed in myriads all along the way, lacking only unanimity, organization and leadership to enable them to defeat the enterprise. And then when the whistling engines passed the forks of the Platte and began to climb up the long slope of the Rockies to Cheyenne and Sherman Pass, the trouble and disaffection spread to tribes far more numerous and powerful further to the north and northwest; and there rose



deep-rooted and determined hostility the whites-Machpealota (Red Cloud) -and old John Folsom, he whom the Indians loved and trusted, grew anxious and troubled, and went from post to post with words of warning on his tongue. "Gentlemen," he said to the commis-

sioners who came to treat with the Sioux whose hunting grounds adjoined the line of the railway, "it's all very well to have peace with these people here. It is wise to cultivate the friendship of such chiefs as Spotted Tail and Old-Man - Afraid - of - His - Horses, but there are irreconcilables beyond them. far more numerous and powerful, who are planning, preaching war this min-ute. Watch Red Cloud, Red Dog, Little Big Man. Double, treble your garrisons at the posts along the Big Horn; get your women and children out of them, or else abandon the forts entirely. I know those warriors well. They outnumber you twenty to one. enforce your garrisons without delay or get out of that country, one of the two. Draw everything south of the

Platte while yet there is time.' But wiseacres at Washington said the Indians were peaceable, and all that was needed was a new post and another little garrison at Warrior Gap, in the eastward foothills of the range Eight hundred thousand dollars would build it, "provided the labor of the troops was utilized," and leave a good margin for the contractors and "the bureau." And it was to escort the quartermaster and engineer officer and an aide-de-camp on preliminary survey that C troop of the cavalry, Capt. Brooks commanding, had been sent on the march from the North Platte at Fetterman to the headwaters of the Powder river in the Hills, and with it went its new first lieutenant, Marshall

## CHAPTER II.

Promotion was rapid in the cavalry in those days, so soon after the war. Indians contributed largely to the general move, but there were other causes too. Dean had served little over a year as ever trod the plains, a man old offiers of the cavalry and infantry knew
and honored as "a square trader" in
the ladium country—a man whom the

sevening from his lady friends. (a)
Brockway spoke so patronizingly to
her in the hall when the girls were all
talking together after the cadets had
scurried away to answer tattoo rollunlooked-for lift. He had met Mr.

Folsom only once. The veteran trader had embarked much of his capital in business at Gate City, beyond the Rockies, but officers from Fort Emory, close to the new frontier town, occasionally told him he had won a stanch friend in

that solid citizen.
"You ought to get transferred to
Emory," they said. "Here's the band,
half a dozen pretty girls, hops twice a week, hunts and picnics all through the spring and summer in the mountains, fishing ad libitum, and lots of fun all the year around." But Dean's ears were oddly deaf. A classmate let fall the observation that it was be-cause of a New York girl who had jilted him that Dean had foresworn ciety and stuck to a troop in the field; but men who knew and served with the young fellow found him an enthusiast in his profession, passionately fond of cavalry life in the open, a bold rider, a keen shot and a born hunter. Up with hours, scouting the divides and ridges stalking antelope and black-tail deer, chasing buffalo, he lived a life that hardened every muscle, bronzed the skin, cleared the eye and brain and gave to even monotonous existence a "verve" and zest the dawdlers in those old-time garrisons never knew.
[To Be Continued.]

### A Dangerous Hallucination.

I saw a shrewd and successful gentleman, who, on my being introduced said he was glad to have a talk with a nerve doctor, for he thought there was something wrong. Then he told his tale, says the London Lancet, which was that he was pestered by gangs of gypsies who appeared everywhere. said that he had just come in chasing them in his garden, for wherever he looked out he saw them pulling up his shrubs. I said: "But the shrubs are not removed; how do you account for this?" He said: "Well, it is hard to tell, but I still feel that they do it, and when I awake in the morning I see the same gypsies using my tooth-brush and my hairbrushes; I jump up, only to find that they have disappeared." He admitted the absurdity of the whole thing, but yet he said he felt it was and he must act upon his belief What might have proved a serious loss followed the persistent hallucinations for before I insisted on his withdraw ing from all business he had on one bank holiday gone to his office and looked through his private safe with its very valuable securities; before leaving he thought he saw his son ir the adjoining office, and told him to put the things away and to lock the safe. The son was a hallucination, and it was only by accident that the son discovered the state of affairs before the others arrived next day.

He Was Armed. In the days when highwaymen were more numerous and successful than they are at present, it was the common practice of the natives to travel unarmed and submit tamely to robbery. With foreigners a different sentiment The author of "Mexicans at Home" tells a good story of a German who traveled in that country. The gentleman always carried arms, with every intention of using them rather than allow himself to be robbed. On one occasion, when he was traveling by diligence in the interior—he being the only passenger armed-the coachman suddenly pulled up and announced that robbers were in sight. The German prepared to defend the coach, but the other passengers begged him not to do so, as this might compromise them. Consequently, when the robbers came up he jumped out, and going to the side of the road, called out that they were quite welcome to rob all the other passengers, but that they would please first take down his portmanteau and place it beside him. This they did; and when they had robbed the others, he ordered that his portmanteau should be replaced, which was done. He then took his seat in the coach, and the journey was resumed .- Youth's Compan-

## At Large.

"Do you mean to tell me that that man-eating lion of yours got loose and wandered out into the streets!" "Yes," answered the proprietor of

the show; "and a lot made us."

"Did you have any difficulty in

"I should say so! It was hours before we could get near enough to lead him back to his cage. You see, some of the bad boys of the town had tied a tin can to his tail."—Washington Star.

### Double Rackets. "There seems to be smiles all over

your face this morning."

"No wonder! There's a new baby "No wonder! down at our house.'

"And a new piano." "Well, you'll get precious little rest in the future."

"Don't you believe it! The baby makes such a racket you can't hear the piano; the piano makes such a racket ou can't hear the baby."-Chicago Daily News.

# Simulation Unnecessary. "You think I had better simulate in

sanity?" said the accused man.
"I do," answered the adviser.

"What's the best way?" "We'll, you're no actor, of course. It I were you I'd get some war maps of South Africa and repeat the geographical names over and over. In the course of a short time I don't believe you'll have to pretend at all."—Cassell's.

Rev. Dr. Fourthly.—My vacation? I expect to spend it in Europe. My congregation has given me a purse of money and a three months' vacation for

Rev. Dr. Goodman (turning away with a sigh)—I wish my congregation was as keen to get rid of me as that. Chicago Tribune.

## GENUINE STRONG MAN.

Canadian Athlete Trundles 300 Brick, Weighing 1200 Pounds, in a Heavy Wheelbarrow.

Joseph N. Fountain, who was born in Quebec, Canada, but has been a bricklayer and plasterer in Webster, Mass., for some years, has considerable standing as a strong man. One of his most remarkable feats was the wheeling of a load of 300 dry, handmade brick, weighing a little more than 1,200 pounds when the weight of the wheelbarrow is counted, a distance of 100 feet. An ordinary wheelbarrow load is 55 or 60.

The feat was performed on a wager, Somebody said it could not be done: somebody else said it could be done The man who claimed that the trick



A CANADIAN SANDOW. (Trundling a 1,200-Pound Load a Distance of 100 Feet.)

could be turned asked Fountain's opinion. The Canadian thought for a noment, and said he thought it could be done. There were ready hands which loaded the wheelbarrow, and a good many bets as to the success of the effort. When the last of the bricks had been carefully piled on the wheelbarrowFountain, stripped to the waist, bent to the handles. The mus-cles of his broad back and mighty arms strained as he lifted them, and he staggered slightly as he shifted his grip and braced his feet for the start off. The wheelbarrow creaked under the load, but Fountain pushed it along, now and then wabbling slightly to right or left, but never losing his balance for the prescribed distance, and one foot farther, in order that there might be no dispute.

On another occasion, quite informally. Fountain lifted a curbing stone that weighed 610 pounds. He did this with comparatively little trouble. But it was contended by some who had lost money on his wheelbarrow feat that there was a good chance to get a grip and a purchase on a curbing stone. Afterwards, in harness, Fountain lifted a weight of 1,115

It is claimed that on November 18. 1881, Fountain defeated an "unknown" from Meriden, Conn., in a lifting match for the championship of New England. Fountain keeps his muscles working order by swinging a dumbbell that weighs 1731/2 pounds, and he handles it with ease and positive grace. He weighs 145 pounds and stands five feet four and one-half inches. He is an all-around athlete.

## FREDERICO DEGETAU.

First Delegate to the United States Congress Elected from the Island of Porto Rico.

Federico Degetau, of San Juan, Porto Rico, has been elected the first delegate to congress from the island of Porto Rico to the United States. The election was held several weeks ago, and two tickets were in the field. The republican ticket, on which Mr. Degetau was elected, represented the



FREDERICO DEGETAU. (Porto Rico's First Delegate to the United States Congress.)

old autonomist party, while the federal party consisted of the democrats.

Mr. Degetau is a lawyer, having studied in the university of Madrid. He is a member of several scientific and philanthropic societies and was one of the founders of the Societe Française pour L'Arbitrage entre Na-tions. Mr. Degetau has written sevaral books.

He has always been a republican in politics and since 1882 has taken ac-tive part in the principal events of his country. He was one of the four commissioners sent to Spain in 1896 to ask for autonomy. He was elected a deputy to the cortes in 1898, and is president of the local board of education at San Juan.

## Fume-Generating Bomb.

Prof. Camphausen, of Amsterdam, is out with a bomb generating fumes that will make breathing difficult or impos-the center of the explosion.

Pimples, Tetter, Eczema or any disease of the skin or Mucous Membranes that can be reached by an outward application, it can be cured by using Palmer's Lotion, the great beautifier and Skin Curer, which should be kept in every household ready for any emergency. Palmer's Lotion Soap possesses all the medicinal properties of this Lotion, and should be used in connection with it, in preference to any other soap, as it will greatly assist in curing all such afflictions. If your druggist does not keep it, send his name to Soion Palmer, 374 Pearl Street, New York, and receive free pamphlet of testimonials with sample of Lotion or Soap.

## Doing His Best.

Mrs. Fadaliby-Yes; I'm going to the club.
Her Husband—As you please, Maud; but I'm sure I'm doing all I can to make home attractive!—Puck.

### Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. c. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Friendly Criticism.

Artist—I painted that picture to keep the wolf from the door.
Friend—Well, hang it on the outside doorknob, and the wolf won't trouble you.—Chicago Daily News.

### The Nickel Plate Road.

The Nickel Plate Road.

Dining Car service on American Railroads has undergone a number of changes in the method of serving meals in dining cars. Many leading roads are now serving from cards a la-carte, whilst on the other great trunk lines the popular American plan of enjoying anything on the bill of fare and paying the usual price of one dollar. In recent years the "American Club" meal has come to the front, by which guests may choose from a dozen or more bills of fare, neatly arranged in booklet form, rangng in price from 35 cents to \$1.00. This atter plan is adopted by the Nickel Plate Read on its through express trains between Chicago, New York City and Boston, except on the dining cars of that line, a choice may be made from various club menus, or a selection may be made from them till, at the price of the higher. In fact, it is c'aimed for the Nickel Plate Road that its passenger train service is equal to the best, and that its combination dining car meals is an exclusive advantage to patrons of the Nickel Plate Road.

### A Brilliant Success. A .-- How did your automobile journey

Harmout?
B.—Beautifully! Although I man over two pedestrians and three bicycles and knocked two wagons into a ditch, my motor was not at all injured and I arrived just on time.

—Fliegende Blaetter.

## When You Go to Florida

When You Go to Florida
on enhance the pleasure of the trip by going over the Queen & Crescent Route and its connections via Cincinnati. Careful attendants look to your comfort. Your meals (a la carte) are not surpassed in the best hotels. Your rest is unbroken on the smooth, rock-ballasted roadway. You are not annoyed by change of cars. Fatigue vanishes before some of the finest natural scenery in America.

Winter Tourist Tickets are sold at reduced rates. Why not write us about it? Only 24 hours Cincinnati to Florida. Direct connections at Port Tampa and Miami at Seamers Wharf for Key West, Nassau and Havana. We quote rates gladly. Handsome printed matter sent free to inquirers. W. C. Rinearson, Gen'l Pass'gr Agent, Cincinnati, O.

## Testimony to Fit.

"You ought to be able to tell a straight story about the affair," said the lawyer to a witness in an embezzling case.
"I don't know about that," replied the witness. "It was a very crooked proceeding."—Detroit Free Press.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a coastitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Mrs. Snaggs—"Old Closefist is dead, I There is more Catarrh in this section of

Mrs. Snaggs—"Old Closefist is dead, I see." Mr. Snaggs—"Yes." "What did ha die of?" "He died of enlargement of the heart." "That old miser! What a joker you are, Frank."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Tele-

## Does Coffee Agree with You?

Does Coffee Agree with Your If not, drink Grain-O—made from puragrains. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain-O I did not like it, but after using it one week nothing would induce me to go back tocoffee." It nourishes and feeds the system. Children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the strengthening substance of pure grains. Get a package to-day from your grocer, follow directions in making, and you will have a delicious and healthful table beverage for old and young. 15c and 25c.

Dora—"I have my photo taken every three years. I think it is so interesting." Gracia—"Gracious! Whatever do you do with them all?"—Glasgow Evening Times.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Maple Street, Norwich, N. X., Feb 17, 1900.

Vengeance—Stabbing yourself to scratch some one else.—Judge.

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# Beware of Them

There are two afflictions which perhaps give the most pain and trouble, viz:

Sciatica

Lumbago

Both disable and cripple,

St. Jacobs Oil