

FORMAL NOTICE.

Given to Bryan and Stevenson of Their Nomination.

The Ceremony Takes Place in a Park at Indianapolis in the Presence of a Large Assemblage of People - Bryan's Theme was "Imperialism."

Indianapolis, Aug. 9.-William Jennings Bryan and Adlai E. Stevenson were yesterday, in this city, officially notified of their nominations by the democrats at their recent Kansas City convention, to the offices of president and vice president of the United States. The ceremony was made the occasion of a demonstration with which the democrats may be fairly said to have begun their national campaign.

The notification occurred in Military park, a beautifully shaded tract of ground in the center of the city. The park contains probably 30 acre of ground and it was well covered with people.

The ceremony was preceded by a parade which was participated in by a number of democratic clubs. These acted as an escort to the notification party, and the cavalcade was an imposing one. The meeting began a few minutes after 3 o'clock and concluded at 5:40 p. m. Five speeches were made, Mayor Taggart adding a welcoming address to the notification, speeches of Representative Richardson and Gov. Thomas, and the responses made by Mr. Bryan and Mr. Stevenson.

The weather was hot, but toward the close of the ceremonies a slight breeze alleviated the suffering occasioned by the high temperature. At one time it appeared as if actual suffocation might be the result of the terrific crowding in front of the stand where the ceremonies occurred, but beyond a few fainting attacks and personal discomfort no evil resulted.

The platform on which the speeches were made was elevated about six feet above the park lawn and upon it sat the candidates and their families and the members of the national committee and of the two notification committees. The meeting was called to order in a brief speech of welcome by Mayor Taggart, of this city.

Senator Jones made no speech upon taking the chair, but confined his remarks to the introduction of the speakers to the audience.

Congressman Richardson, of Tennessee, to whose lot, as permanent chairman of the national convention, fell the duty of notifying Mr. Bryan of his nomination, made the first of the notification addresses.

Mr. Bryan read his speech, departing not from his manuscript except in a word of explanation at the beginning of his address. Mr. Bryan never appeared to better advantage. His voice was far-reaching and that he was heard at a great distance was made evident by the fact that people far out in the crowd listened apparently as intently as did those who sat on the platform.

Among the sentiments of the speech which were applauded with special zest were those declaring that under existing circumstances "we dare not educate the Filipinos lest they learn to read the Declaration of Independence and the constitution of the United States;" and that "we would never agree to exchange the glory of this country for that of all the empires;" and that "it is not necessary to own a people in order to trade with them," and that "the command 'Go ye into all the world and preach the gospel,' has no Gatling gun attachment."

There was also general cheering over the speaker's promise to convene congress immediately to remedy the Philippine situation if he were elected.

Mr. Bryan concluded at 4:40 and was followed by Gov. Thomas, of Colorado, who introduced Mr. Stevenson. Mr. Thomas spoke only ten minutes.

Mr. Stevenson was apparently slightly nervous as the time approached for him to take the stand, but he soon gained confidence as he proceeded. Mr. Bryan led the liberal applause which greeted his fellow candidate as he advanced to the front, and many points of the speech were liberally punctuated by applause. He read from his manuscript, but held the majority of his audience to the end. Senator Jones then declared the meeting adjourned.

At night a mass meeting was held at Tomlinson hall, which was presided over by Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, and addressed by Mr. Bryan and Hon. Webster Davis. The meeting was not called to order until 8:30, but the hall was filled an hour before that time.

In Receivers' Hands.

Adrian, Mich., Aug. 9.-The Page Wire Fence Co. went into the hands of receivers Wednesday, both at Monroeville, Pa., where it has a plant, and in this city. The Union Trust Co., of Pittsburgh, was named receiver for the Monroeville plant and Leslie B. Robertson for the Adrian plant. The assets exceed the liabilities by over \$600,000. The heavy expense incurred when the Page Co. undertook the erection of a steel rolling and wire mill, about a year ago, is said to be responsible for the receivership.

A Hotel Tragedy.

New York, Aug. 9.-Angry over his inability to live as he wished on the sum allowed him by his father, Joseph Rabiner, a consumptive, last night at Rockaway Beach shot and killed Isaac Stein, his brother-in-law, badly wounded his father, Jacob Rabiner, and then turned the weapon upon himself, with what is said to be fatal effect. The shooting occurred on the piazza of a hotel in full view of scores of persons who had been attracted by the quarrel which preceded the tragedy. All the parties to the shooting were from this city.

AN EMPHATIC DEMAND.

It is Made by the United States to China, for Free Communication with Our Minister at Peking.

Washington, Aug. 9.-The Chinese situation is considered very grave by the authorities in Washington. The receipt of the last message from Minister Conger, which indicated a continuation of the firing upon the legation and the Chinese government's insistence that the ministers should leave Peking, which Mr. Conger considered would mean certain death, brought matters to an acute stage. Yesterday the cabinet officers who are in town consulted with each other and the president was communicated with. As a result of these consultations it was announced that a message to the imperial government at Peking had been delivered to Minister Wu for transmission to his government.

The message sent to the Chinese government informs that government that the removal of the restrictions upon communication with our minister, evidenced both by the receipt of Mr. Conger's message and the edict of the 5th, is very gratifying, but is not an entire compliance with the original demands of the president in his reply to the appeal for mediation. The president in his original communication to the emperor of China laid down three conditions precedent to any action looking to negotiations for the settlement of difficulties between China and the powers. These conditions, in the president's own words, were as follows:

"I urge upon your majesty's government to give public assurance whether the foreign ministers are alive, and if so in what condition.

"To put the diplomatic representatives of the powers in immediate and free communication with their respective governments, and to remove all danger to their lives and liberty.

"To place the imperial authorities of China in communication with the relief expedition, so that co-operation may be secured between them for the liberation of the legations and the protection of foreigners, and the restoration of order."

The new demand upon the Chinese government is for square-toed compliance with these conditions. There is hope, growing out of the fact that the Chinese government has yielded partially, that when confronted with the firm position taken by the United States it will make complete acquiescence.

THEY ARE "SEA DOGS" NOW.

Farm Hands are Transformed into Good Sailors During a Short Cruise on a Training Ship.

New York, Aug. 9.-The United States auxiliary cruiser and training ship Dixie, which left here on December 26 for a cruise in the West Indies, which ultimately extended to Manila, returned to port yesterday.

The Dixie carried away with her 400 landmen, recruited from inland villages. They were mostly farm hands. After getting her orders at Hampton Roads, she went to San Juan and St. Thomas. Leaving the latter place about February 29, after a stay of nine days, she went to Funchal, Algiers and Naples. At Naples, after a stay of a week, she was ordered to cruise about the Mediterranean and through the Suez canal to Manila, which was reached on May 15. There her new sailors were distributed among the vessels of the fleet in the harbor.

The home voyage was made with a crew made up of men whose terms of enlistment had nearly expired.

When the Dixie had been docked at the navy yard Capt. Belknap went ashore to report.

"What has become of the greenhorns you had when you left here?" the captain was asked.

"Greenhorns? I guess not," he answered. "There wasn't a greenhorn or landsman left in that lot when I had done with them. Call them sea dogs now, and good, contented sea dogs at that."

ORIENTAL CRUELTY.

Missionaries Tell of Shocking Barbarities Inflicted by Chinese.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 9.-Among the passengers on the steamer Empress of Japan, which arrived from the Orient Wednesday, were 29 missionaries who were fugitives from North China. Many of them had narrow escapes. One of the number, a Miss Hawes, was in the compound at Weim Shan when it was rushed by the Boxers. In company with several others she escaped over a rear wall by means of a ladder.

Rev. Jonathan Lee, Mrs. Lee, Corporal Kennedy and Private Scott, who are among the Empress's passengers, were present at the siege of Tien Tsin. Mr. Lee sustained a wound during the fight.

Stories of atrocities of shocking horror are related by Kennedy and Scott. Among them is a tale of the slaughter of 200 helpless coolies who were going up the Pei-Ho on a lighter under an engagement to do transporting for British parties. Another harrowing story is related in connection with the fate of a party of British under command of Capt. Bates, which was cut off from Admiral Seymour's column. According to the account the captain and his men were hacked to pieces and the reeking flesh of those first slain was forced into the mouths of those not yet put to the sword.

Another Vanderbilt Victory.

New London, Conn., Aug. 9.-Swepted by her owner, William K. Vanderbilt, jr., the 70-foot sloop Virginia was the first yacht to cross the finish line in the 39-mile race from New Haven to this port yesterday. It was her first victory over her classmates since she was launched. The yacht was not only a winner in her class by five miles in distance and by 25 minutes, 41 seconds in time, but she was the leader of the entire fleet of 31 yachts that started from New Haven in the third day's run of the New York Yacht club's annual cruise.

A CALL TO DEMOCRATS.

Party Leaders Appeal to the Rank and File to Organize in Every Precinct for the Campaign.

Chicago, Aug. 10.-W. J. Bryan, his wife and son, the Stevenson party, Gov. and Mrs. Thomas, of Colorado, and Col. John I. Martin, sergeant-at-arms of the national committee, arrived here Thursday over the Big Four. Mr. Bryan and party were driven to the Auditorium, where Mr. Bryan will remain for several days for the purpose of consulting with Chairman Jones and members of the national committee regarding the conduct of the campaign. When Mr. Bryan leaves here he will go to Lincoln, where he will remain during the balance of the month. To-day Mr. Stevenson will proceed to Lake Minnetonka with his family, where he will remain for some weeks.

The following address was issued last night:

"To the Democrats of the United States: The democratic party and its friends must meet the forces of corruption and intimidation in politics this year by thorough organization. A democratic club or society should be organized in every city, town, village and precinct in the United States. Democrats and all men who are in sympathy with the principles set forth in the Kansas City platform are earnestly urged to join democratic clubs, or, when none exists, to assist in organizing them. This work of uniting the forces of law and liberty into one great systematized civic army should be carried on simultaneously in every part of the country and without delay. The friends of government according to the hitherto unchallenged American theory of political equality everywhere under our flag, cannot afford to be less zealous or less active than the advocates of an American colonial empire supported by rifles.

"No patriotic citizen can ignore the attacks which are being made upon the very foundation of our present irrefragable form of government. This year every citizen should be a politician. Clubs and societies should at once communicate with the secretary of the National Association of Democratic Clubs, 1570 Broadway, New York City, so that the united membership may work systematically in defense of the republic as the fathers made it. All democratic committees, state and local, are requested to aid the National Association of Democratic Clubs in this work.

"W. J. Bryan, "Adlai E. Stevenson, "James K. Jones, chairman, "William R. Hearst, president National Association of Democratic Clubs."

DEWEY TALKS.

He Gives Out a Statement Regarding the Situation in the Philippines and in China.

New York, Aug. 10.-A Washington dispatch to the Brooklyn Eagle says that Admiral Dewey came to town Thursday from his country home in the suburbs of Washington.

"I regard the news from the Philippines as particularly encouraging," the admiral is quoted as saying to the Eagle correspondent. "Aguinaldo's lieutenants are surrendering one after another. Whatever show of resistance to our authority there is at the present time in the Philippines will be kept up until after our election in November. The insurrection is kept alive by the leaders, who hold out to the soldiers the hope of Bryan's election.

"I regard the situation in China as exceedingly grave. The difficulties that our soldiers will have to contend against are many and various. The conditions that exist there are very much the same as those in the Philippine islands."

When asked whether in his opinion there was really a condition of war now existing between this country and China, he said:

"I should say most assuredly yes. They are killing our people and our soldiers are fighting hard for their lives.

"The navy can be of little service in this Chinese difficulty. Our warships can, however, keep things quiet at Hong Kong and Shanghai. Our naval commanders can do just as I did at Manila when Aguinaldo said he was going to take the city. I sent him word that if he did, he would not find one brick upon another, and that I would raze the city to the ground. This I certainly should have done, if he had persisted in his purpose. The warships of the allies ought to be able to keep things straight in those cities within the reach of their guns."

Claims Each Has His Price.

London, Aug. 10.-Malatesta, the anarchist who is considered the leader of the regicide conspiracy, was interviewed in London yesterday. He is represented as having said: "Signor Sarrao (the Italian premier) is our best friend. He pays the detectives such small salaries that we can buy them cheaply. A few francs and a handful of cigarettes and you can buy an Italian detective. The Spanish police are the cheapest; the Italians come next and then the Russian, American, French and English in that order. The German detectives are the dearest because they are the most stupid."

Killed 200 Coolies.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 10.-A remarkable story is brought by the steamer Empress of Japan, to the effect that a number of Russian ex-officers and privates from Siberia joined the ranks of the Boxers and that, having reason to suspect the fidelity of their Chinese transport coolies, the Russians killed 200 of the Chinese and then loaded their bodies into a junk, which they set on fire and sent drifting down the Pei-Ho. The story is published with a number of corroborative details in a number of Oriental papers.

IS SLOW BUT SURE.

The Progress of the Allied Army Toward Peking.

Chinese Bar the Way at Two Points and in the Fighting that Ensued the Foreigners Were Victorious - The Capture of Yangtsun - Americans Lost 60 Men.

Washington, Aug. 8.-The following cablegram from Minister Conger was received last night by the state department:

"Tsin-Nan Yamen.-To Secretary of State: Still besieged. Situation more precarious. Chinese government insists upon our leaving Peking, which would be certain death. Rife firing upon us daily by imperial troops. Have abundant courage, but little ammunition or provisions. Two progressive Yamen ministers beheaded. All connected with the United States legation are well at the present moment."

The word "yamen" following the name of the city Tsin-Nan, at which the cablegram from Mr. Conger was put on the wires, as understood here, probably refers to the official building from which it was translated, or at which it was received by courier from Peking.

Shanghai, Aug. 8.-The Japanese consul here yesterday received by wire a message to the effect that the foreign ministers at Peking were safe August 1, but that they expected a renewal of the attack by the Chinese at any moment. It was added that only 25 cartridges each and six days' provisions were left. It was also said that the Japanese secretary had died of his wounds.

London, Aug. 8.-A dispatch from Shanghai says: "It is reported that heavy fighting took place last Sunday east of Peitsang, the allies losing 400, of whom 65 were British. The Japanese artillery did splendid service in the face of a galling Chinese cross fire, under which they lost heavily. The Chinese were forced to retreat, but saved their guns. Their rear guard was attacked and practically decimated."

A message from the Belgian minister, dated Peking, August 2, seems effectually to dispose of the rumors that the ministers have either left or are intending to leave Peking.

Several dispatches are printed giving hearsay accounts of Sunday's battle. The Daily Mail's correspondent says:

"The fighting lasted seven hours, and the allies, when my report left, were pursuing the Chinese; but, owing to the floods, progress was difficult."

"Thus the Chinese will have time to re-form and to recover from the effects of battle. Only a small garrison, with 14 guns, remains at Tien Tsin, where some anxiety is felt because of a report that 15,000 Chinese are said to be moving to the south-east."

Washington, Aug. 10.-The capture of Yangtsun, the first objective point of the international forces, was the news of importance received Thursday on the Chinese situation. The first word of this capture, effected last Monday, came in a brief dispatch to the signal office at the war department from Col. Scriven, the signal officer at the Foo. Half an hour after this message a cablegram came from Gen. Chaffee, giving additional details of the capture, but showing that it had been at the cost of about 60 casualties among the American troops.

Hardly less important was a dispatch from Gen. Terauchi, second in command on the Japanese staff, sent to the war office of Japan and transmitted to the legation here, stating that the international army would total 50,000 men on August 15, at which time the real advance on Peking would begin.

The present movement of some 15,000 men doubtless is viewed in the light of a reconnaissance in force, the main movement of the army of 50,000 to follow on the 15th. This makes clear the meaning of Gen. Chaffee's dispatch that Yangtsun was the objective point. The war department here has been puzzled over this statement of an objective point, for short of Peking. It would appear, however, from Gen. Terauchi's dispatch that the first force of 15,000 men, having opened up communications to Yangtsun, brought forward supplies and established this advance base, the way would then be clear for the advance of the larger force on the 15th. The capture of Yangtsun is therefore important. The place is about 15 miles beyond Tien Tsin, and little less than a quarter of the way to Peking. Col. Scriven's statement "wire up" contains much meaning, as it is accepted as showing that there is direct telegraphic communication with the army in the field.

Aside from the military developments of the day, the diplomatic aspect of the crisis was made more clear by the publication of the demand made by the United States on the imperial government of China and transmitted to Minister Wu.

The dispatch is not in the form of an ultimatum. It insists, however, that the firing on the legation cease and that the imperial government, if it desires to show its friendliness, shall co-operate with the relieving column.

A Bit of Mimic War.

London, Aug. 7.-Maj. Gen. Maurice, commanding the Woolwich district, who superintended the experiment, in connection with the volunteer maneuver which began Saturday, of holding 40 roads in the north of Sussex with several thousand cyclists-the idea being to check an invading army until British troops of all arms could collect in large numbers nearer London-reports that the cyclist defenders successfully repelled the supposititious invaders. The result is regarded as establishing the superior mobility of cycle forces.

A WAVE OF DEADLY HEAT.

It Covers a Large Portion of the United States - Some Records Broken in Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 10.-Hot weather records for this city were broken yesterday and will be broken again to-day and to-morrow, and probably for several more days. The local forecaster will not hazard a guess after the next three days, all of which he says will be of the same torrid nature as the last six days, and he has fears of the weather after the next three days have gone.

For 25 years, or since the weather bureau was established, there has been but one term of hot weather in which the mercury reached 90 for five consecutive days. The average maximum temperature for those five days was 92. There have now been six days on which the temperature has gone above 90 and the average maximum for the six days has been 93.5. Thursday was the hottest of the present heated spell, the mercury reaching 95 in the Auditorium tower at 1 o'clock. On the street level, where brick walls and sidewalks were given a chance to radiate, it was two degrees warmer than in the tower.

There were four deaths yesterday due to heat, and 29 prostrations, three of which are expected to prove fatal.

The prolonged heat is having a serious effect on business. All of those who can leave the city for points along the lake shore and in the woods are going and many have curtailed their hours of labor. This is especially true in the large office buildings. Gangs of laborers all over the city laid off during the afternoon.

For the week the mortality list has been mounting with great rapidity, the increase being attributed entirely to the heat. There were 465 deaths last week and at the present ratio of increase there will be 630 this week. The ratio of deaths, according to the coroner, will increase steadily as long as the hot weather continues.

Philadelphia, Aug. 10.-Three deaths and 29 prostrations occurred in this city Thursday from heat.

The maximum temperature was reached at 4 p. m., when 94.2-10 degrees were registered on the government thermometer on top of the post office building. In the streets, however, it was much hotter and thermometers placed in the sun registered as high as 120 degrees. There was less humidity than on any previous day during the present hot spell, which made the weather more bearable.

Reports from many parts of the state tell of numerous prostrations. At Easton Samuel Nevin, a prominent merchant, died from the effects of the heat. He was 83 years old. At Chester nine men were overcome and there was a general cessation from work in the iron mills of the city. There were six prostrations at Easton and it is believed some of the cases will prove fatal.

Pittsburg, Aug. 10.-The torrid day shows no signs of abatement. Four dead and seven prostrations were reported yesterday.

New York, Aug. 10.-The hot wave that arrived here several days ago continued yesterday and the local forecaster gives no promise of early relief. At 5 o'clock last night the temperature reached 95 degrees, two degrees higher than ever before recorded here on this date.

From 5 o'clock the temperature diminished and at 10 p. m. was down to 83 degrees. There were but few prostrations during the day, and only one death was reported.

OUR NEW NAVY.

A Report on the Progress Made in Constructing Warships.

Washington, Aug. 10.-Admiral Hiebhorn, chief of the bureau of construction and repair, has issued a statement concerning the degree of completion of the vessels now under construction for the navy at shipyards all over the country. Of the big battleships the Alabama and the Wisconsin are very nearly finished, standing at 98 and 94 per cent, respectively towards final completion. The Alabama, building at the Cramp yards, is shortly to have her initial trial trip. The Illinois, building at Newport News, is 84 per cent completed.

Very little work on the six sheathed protected cruisers now building has been done. The Denver is the nearest completed at 20 per cent, while no work has progressed so far on the Galveston and the Tacoma. The four monitors Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida and Wyoming are each about half finished. Of the torpedo boat destroyers, the Lawrence and the MacDonough stand well toward completion, at 96 and 94 per cent. The torpedo boats Stringham, Goldsborough, Bailey, Barney and Stockton are all set down at over 90 per cent completed. The submarine torpedo boat stands at 85 per cent.

Manly Says Silver Issue Is Dead.

Butte, Mont., Aug. 10.-Ex-United States Senator Lee Manly, in a letter withdrawing from the silver republican party, says that the silver question is dead and adds: "To my mind the paramount issue is that of maintaining the honor and dignity of the nation and the supremacy of its flag wherever it is rightfully floating."

Populist Leaders in Council.

Chicago, Aug. 10.-The populist national executive committee held two sessions here Thursday. The committee discussed the withdrawal of Charles A. Towne, populist candidate for vice president, but the members did not fix upon a date for the calling together of the entire national committee. The executive committee has no power to fill the vacancy. This may be done by the national committee and it is apparently expected that it will meet before long and select Adlai E. Stevenson as the populist candidate for vice president.

ARMOR COMBINE.

Existence Thereof Is Shown by Bids Furnished.

TWO ARE EXACTLY ALIKE

Bethlehem and Carnegie Companies Ask the Same Price.

THEY HAVE BUT ONE RIVAL.

The Midvale, Pa., Steel Co. Underbids the Other Two Concerns, but Cannot Furnish Armor Plate as Quickly as Its Competitors.

Washington, Aug. 11.-Bids for the armor for the eight battleships, six armored cruisers and three protected cruisers authorized by the last two sessions of congress were opened Friday at the navy department. The armor advertised for aggregates 35,950 tons and constitutes the largest item of its character ever opened to competition by the navy department. The Bethlehem and Carnegie steel companies, which have heretofore monopolized the production of armor plate for the use of the government, had a rival in the Midvale (Pa.) Steel Co. These three companies were the only bidders for armor plate, but there were two minor bidders for the bolts and nuts, amounting to 600 tons, which are to be furnished in connection with the armor plate.

The Bethlehem and Carnegie companies each bid for only half the armor to be furnished and their bids were identical in amount, terms of delivery and other features. The Midvale Co. bid for the entire amount of armor at a price considerably below that of the other companies and also included in their bids a sliding upward scale for lesser amounts than the total aggregate, with the condition, however, that the bid should not be considered unless 20,000 tons or more should be awarded to them. While their bid for the aggregate amount is lower, the period which must elapse before deliveries are to begin is much longer.

In the letters of transmittal that accompanied the bids for both the Bethlehem and Carnegie companies it was stated that the navy department's conditions as laid down in the advertisement were "not applicable to the production of Krupp armor" and that the bidders should expect "such reasonable modifications of the department's conditions as would be necessary."

This means that the companies will not allow the naval officers detailed on inspection duty to watch the manufacture of the Krupp plates through the entire process. The companies claim that this was among the conditions on which the secret of this process was purchased abroad.

The rates of delivery named by the several bidders would make the Midvale Co. eight years in furnishing the armor for which they bid and the other two companies five years each. As the ships are under contract to be finished in three years and the government is under obligation to furnish the armor to the builders as they need it, this delay in armor deliveries probably would give rise to numerous claims for overtime on the part of the ship builders.

No action will be taken upon the bids until the return of Secretary Long, when he will decide whether he will accept them or pursue the alternative course of erecting a government armor plant.

A Battle with Train Robbers.

Goodland, Kan., Aug. 11.-Two men who on Sunday last robbed a Union Pacific train in Colorado and killed a passenger were yesterday surrounded in a ranch house near here. During the fight which followed one of the robbers was killed. Two of the possemen were perhaps fatally wounded. Another of the pursuing party was wounded slightly. The second robber is still in the house, which is surrounded by 50 men. The Union Pacific Kansas City-Denver train was robbed between Limon Junction and Hugo, Col., 90 miles east of Denver, last Sunday, many relieved of their money and W. J. Fay, who resisted, was killed.

Allows an Appeal for Neely.

New York, Aug. 11.-John D. Lindsay, counsel for Charles F. W. Neely, who is accused of the embezzlement of Cuban postal funds and against whom there have been proceedings for extradition to Cuba, said Friday that he had made application to Judge Wallace, of the circuit court, at Albany, for a writ of habeas corpus for Neely. This Justice Wallace denied. Judge Wallace did, however, allow an appeal to the United States supreme court and issued an order directing the marshal to keep Neely here pending the appeal.

Coal Beds on Dalton Trail.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 11.-The steamer Cutch, from Skagway, brings reports of discoveries of extensive coal beds near the Dalton trail, not far from White Horse.

Germans Will Get the Order.

Constantinople, Aug. 11.-As a result of a recent trip to the United States of Admiral Ahmed Pasha, of the Turkish navy, the sultan has issued orders to the minister of marine to negotiate for the construction of six cruisers at the Germania work Kiel.

Nine Deaths in Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 11.-Nine deaths and 15 prostrations resulted from Friday's heat. The temperature was above 90 the greater part of the day and for one hour during the afternoon touched 95 degrees.