

OLD HARRISON HOMESTEAD

Many Famous Personages Have Lived Under Its Roof

[Special Cincinnati Letter.]
WHATEVER may be one's partisan convictions, the fact that the Harrison family is one of the most illustrious in American history cannot be denied.

set of his administration, recalled him from his post as minister to the United States of Colombia, he retired to this North Bend estate, the eastern end of whose manor house consisted of a log cabin that had been built by one of the first settlers of Ohio, but which had long since been covered with clapboards.



THE HARRISON HOMESTEAD AT NORTH BEND, O.

of Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin; and in this position secured the subdivision of public lands into small tracts and the passage of many measures for the welfare of actual settlers.

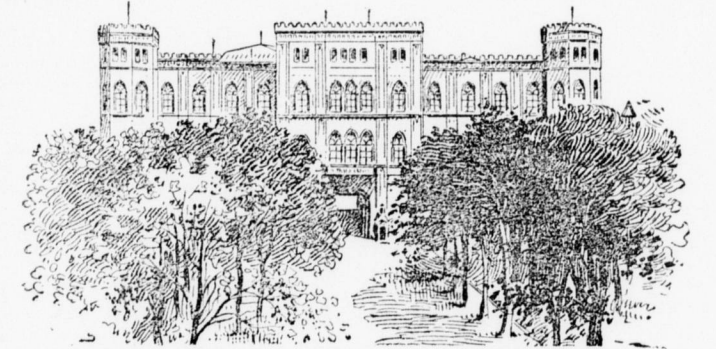
prompted by a commendable desire to keep the property intact as a kind of historical charge, purchased it for \$15,000 and has just erected a brass tablet over the main entrance setting forth the fact that the house had been founded by the hero of Tippecanoe.

CRAZY AS MARCH HARES

The Jacobite Agitators of England and Scotland

[Special London Letter.]
THE craziest organization of which we have any record in England at the present time is the "Legitimist Jacobite League," formed for the purpose of restoring the Stuarts to the throne of Great Britain.

brother James II. The latter was such a dismal failure as a ruler that he was deposed, his daughter Mary and her Nassau husband, William, succeeding to the throne, although his sister Henrietta Anne, seventh child of Charles I., was next in line of succession.



PALACE OF PRINCESS MARY AT MUNICH, BAVARIA.

government is denounced for plunging the country into war with the South African republic.
Here at home the Jacobite agitation is looked upon as a joke, but as some of its leaders have succeeded in enlisting the services of two or three otherwise sane American correspondents in their agitation it might be well to state that the "rightful" queen of the Stuart contingent is a charming German princess who takes but little stock in the pronouncements of her deluded followers.

to enter into any sort of "entangling alliances" and conspiracies. The present king of Bavaria, Otto, is crazy as a March hare; the prince regent of the kingdom, Luitpold, is a very old man, and it is only a question of a few months when her husband, Prince Ludwig, will be ruler of the Bavarian kingdom and the head of the Wittelsbach family, one of the oldest and most distinguished of royal houses.

THE CUBAN CENSUS.

It Shows a Total Population of 1,572,797.

Negroes Constitute Nearly One-third of This Number, and There are Many Thousand More Men than Women—More than 413,000 Can Read and Write.

Washington, April 20.—Gen. Sanger yesterday made public the results of the Cuban census taken under his direction. The officials are gratified to find that the native Cubans constitute so large a portion of the population; that the whites so greatly outnumber the blacks; and that so large a proportion of the native population can read and write.

The total population of Cuba is 1,572,797, including 815,205 males and 757,592 females. There are 447,372 white males and 462,926 white females of native birth. The foreign whites number 115,760 males and 26,458 females. There are 111,898 male negroes and 122,740 female negroes. The mixed races number 125,500 males and 145,305 females. There are 14,694 male and 163 female Chinese.

The population of Havana city is 235,981, and of the province of Havana 424,804. The population of the province of Matanzas is 202,444; of Pinar Del Rio 173,064, of Porto Principe 88,234, of Santa Clara 365,536, and of Santiago 327,715.

Of the total population of the island 1,108,709 persons are set down as single; 246,351 as married; while 131,787 live together by mutual consent. There are 85,112 widowed persons.

Of the total population, according to citizenship, 29,478 are Spanish, 1,296,367 are Cuban, 175,811 are in suspense, 79,526 are of other citizenship, and 616 are unknown. The Spanish by birth number 129,240. Of the children 19 years of age and over, 49,414 have attended school. Of the total population 443,426 can read and write and 19,158 have a superior education.

The table on citizenship and education is regarded as specially important as forming the basis of suffrage about to be conferred. Because so many citizenships are still in suspense, and for other reasons, the returns are not quite complete, but the conclusion is drawn that there will be at least 140,000 qualified native Cuban voters under the proposed basis of suffrage, and as against this there will be 55,767 Spaniards whose citizenship was in suspense when the census was taken, less the number who have since declared to preserve their Spanish citizenship and plus illiterate Spaniards, not declined, who are the owners of property. It is not believed that there will be any great number of the latter class, as the total number of illiterate Spanish males over 21 years is only 74,176. The comparison shows a much greater preponderance of Cuban voters than was expected. There are 187,826 white adult males who were born in Cuba, as against 86,083 born in Spain; 6,794 born in other countries and 127,360 colored.

Males are in excess in the total population, except in Santiago, though the female whites outnumber the male whites, except in Pinar Del Rio. Among the negroes and mixed races the females are in excess; while among the foreign whites the males are largely in excess.

The negroes are in the minority in Cuba, constituting only 22 per cent. of the population, being most numerous in Santiago, where they constitute 43 per cent. The native whites constitute more than half the population, or 58 per cent. Only 15.7 per cent. of the adults were married. Nearly nine-tenths of the inhabitants were born in Cuba. Nine-tenths of the children less than 10 years of age do not attend school, and 43 per cent. above 10 years are literate.

A cablegram was received at the war department yesterday from Gen. Wood at Havana: "Election June 16." The date set for the Cuban elections is six weeks later than was originally contemplated, the postponement being made on account of the impossibility of proceeding without census figures as a basis.

Six Convicts Escape.
Sioux Falls, S. D., April 20.—The penitentiary here was the scene yesterday of the daring escape of six prisoners. After being at liberty about an hour one of the men was recaptured. The men were at work in the pen yard, loading stone on cars and while the guard was at the west end of the fence the men broke a board from the bottom of the gate at the north entrance, crawled out and soon reached the timber growing along the Sioux river.

Rivera's Call to Cubans.
Havana, April 20.—Gen. Rius Rivera, secretary of agriculture, industry and commerce, has written a letter, which is to be largely circulated, calling upon political parties of all shades to unite in order to present a united front to the government and people of the United States when asking that the year 1901 shall be devoted to the formation of an independent government for Cuba, which shall begin to act on its own responsibility after the end of 1901.

Coldest Winter on Record.
Washington, April 20.—Deputy Consul Adams reports to the state department from Dawson City under date of February 28 that 700 people left Dawson for Cape Nome during the winter, and thousands more are ready to leave when spring opens. The winter was the coldest on record at Dawson, ranging from 17 to 59 degrees below zero. The gold output for this season is estimated at double that of a year ago, or from \$20,000,000 to \$25,000,000. Great finds of copper are reported from the Tanana district.

STRONG CENSURE.

Lord Roberts Complains of Two Blunderers.

He Blames Gen. Warren and Buller for the Defeat at Spion Kop—Progress of the Siege of Wepener—Reinforcements Start to Aid the British There.

London, April 17.—Lord Roberts has spread his net far and wide to catch the adventurous commandos that have been making mischief in the southeastern part of the state. The net has not yet been drawn in; but at the headquarters of Lord Roberts the impression exists that the power of the Boers is decreasing. A Daily News correspondent has them fleeing to the southeast; a Standard correspondent reports them fleeing northward.

London, April 18.—The war office publishes in the Gazette a dispatch from Lord Roberts, dated February 13, submitting Gen. Buller's dispatches describing the Spion Kop and other operations from January 17 to January 24. Lord Roberts deals severely with Gen. Warren and some others. Even Gen. Buller does not escape. Lord Roberts complains that the plan of operations is not clearly described in the dispatches. After sketching Gen. Buller's intentions, as communicated to Sir Charles Warren, who commanded the whole force, Lord Roberts points out that Gen. Warren seems to have concluded, after consultation with his officers, that the flanking movement ordered by Gen. Buller was impracticable and, therefore, so changed the plan of advance as to necessitate the capture and retention of Spion Kop.

Lord Roberts continues: "As Warren considered it impossible to make the wide flanking movement which was recommended if not actually prescribed in the secret instructions, he should, forthwith, have acquainted Buller with the course he proposed to adopt. There is nothing to show whether he did so or not. But it is only fair to Warren to point out that Buller appears throughout to have been aware of what was happening."

Regarding the withdrawal from Spion Kop, the retention of which had become essential to the relief of Ladysmith, Lord Roberts says: "I regret to be unable to concur with Buller in thinking Thornycroft exercised wise discretion in ordering the troops to retire. I am of the opinion that Thornycroft's assumption of responsibility and authority was wholly inexcusable."

The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts, dated Bloemfontein, April 17: "Our force at Wepener is still surrounded, but it is reported that the enemy are attacking in a very half-hearted manner and are anxious about their communications, hearing that forces are approaching Wepener from two directions—one under Gen. Rundle, via Reddersburg, and another under Gen. Brabant, with Gen. Hart's brigade in support, via Rouxville. On the re-occupation of Rouxville, April 15, the few Boers there retired and Gen. Brabant made some important arrests."

"Violent storms of rain have somewhat interfered with the march of these columns, but it is hoped they will soon be able to make their presence more decidedly felt." "Gen. Settle reports from Kenhardt, April 14, that 300 Transvaalers made a determined attack the previous day on Dopasport, held by a party of Orpon's horse. Our losses were two killed and one wounded. The enemy's losses must have been heavy, as they applied to us for doctors and an ambulance."

London, April 19.—Heavy rains impede the movements of the British columns. The blockade of Wepener continues, although relief is near. Large quantities of stores are being moved southward from Bloemfontein, which is a reversal of the course of freight for the last six weeks. These shipments are made necessary by the operations in the southeast of the Free State. There are 2,000 sick in the field hospitals.

With the exception of these facts, the embargo upon war intelligence is almost complete.

It is now generally accepted that the government had a purpose in the publication of Lord Roberts' dispatch and that the recall of Gen. Buller and Gen. Warren has probably been decided upon.

According to Boer reports, there is a steady flow of foreign volunteers to the Transvaal. Hitherto these adventurers have been attached to the various commandos. Now it is said they are to be formed into a special legion, with continental officers, and there is a rumor that the command will be given to a distinguished French soldier, lately retired.

London, April 20.—A deluge of rain lasting ten days, has brought the operations in the southeastern part of the Free State almost to a standstill. The creeks have become roaring rivers and the roads are streams of mud.

The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says: "The requisite remounts and equipments have arrived and all the infantry divisions are now supplied with tents. The Boers in the immediate neighborhood are quiet, but both sides are steadily preparing for the coming struggle. Lord Roberts is now ready. Several lots of concealed arms and ammunition have been discovered here this week."

A Nice Present for Dewey.
Washington, April 18.—A beautiful and unique souvenir autograph album was yesterday presented to Admiral Dewey by the New York Commercial, as a testimonial of his heroic deed in Manila bay. The book is a large leather-bound volume with an illuminated, illustrated title page setting forth the service he rendered to his country by the destruction of the Spanish fleet. The first sheet of autographs contains the original signatures of President McKinley and each member of his cabinet. Then follow the autographs of hundreds of distinguished New Yorkers.

INSANITY DODGE.

Didn't Save an Actor from Going to the Pen.

MAN OF MANY SCHEMES.

He Draws a 25-Year Sentence for a Hold-up Game.

A RECKLESS ADVENTURER.

Testimony Given During His Trial at Kansas City Proved Him to be Brave and Daring, Yet Visionary, in His Pursuit of Wealth.

Kansas City, Mo., April 21.—C. E. Moreledge, an actor, who last winter "held up" two restaurants and a saloon in the center of the business district single-handed, in order to get money sufficient to put his company on the road, was found guilty in the circuit court here Friday and sentenced to 25 years in the penitentiary. His career, as portrayed by witnesses in this case, showed him to be a veritable "Mulberry Seller."

He was one of the original promoters of the Topolobampo co-operative colonization scheme and he promoted a scheme to dam the Missouri river at Bismarck, S. D., and to divert the entire flow of water into a gigantic ditch that would flow southward through Nebraska and Kansas and have lateral ditches that would irrigate the whole western part of the state. "There's millions in it," read letters written years ago by Moreledge and which were presented in court yesterday by his attorney in an effort to prove the prisoner's insanity.

Another scheme projected by Moreledge was to revive the Ancient Order of Magic, and still another was that to build a big co-operative apartment house that would cover several blocks.

James A. Finlay, who was Indian agent in Pine Ridge, S. D., in 1880, during the uprising of the Sioux Indians there, testified about how Moreledge made "big" money there. Moreledge was there with a photographing outfit. After the battle of Wounded Knee, Gen. Brooke issued an order that no one on the agency should go beyond a certain line, because the Indians were in great numbers and very bloodthirsty. That night Moreledge was missed and a search was made for him. The next morning he came into camp. He had spent the night on the battlefield of Wounded Knee, taking flashlight photographs of the dead soldiers and Indians, and he afterward had these pictures copyrighted and made a great deal of money selling them. Gen. Brooke had to banish him from the agency because of his recklessness and disregard of orders.

Woman Jumps from Brooklyn Bridge

New York, April 21.—Miss Marie Dinsie, of this city, jumped from the Brooklyn bridge Friday without serious injuries. Many men have made this leap into the waters of the East river since the bridge has been completed. Most of them perished, but Miss Dinsie is the second woman who has ever attempted to end her life in this way. On September 6, 1895, a Mrs. McArthur jumped from the bridge and was but slightly injured. She was discharged when arraigned in a police court. On August 30, 1895, Mrs. McArthur made an attempt to jump, but was stopped by the police. The woman who jumped yesterday is now in a hospital.

Taylor Will Come Back.

Frankfort, Ky., April 21.—It is reported that Gov. Taylor may arrive here to-day from Washington. Friends of Taylor say he is ready to meet any charge that may have been brought against him, but they don't want him incarcerated without bail, which they say he can give in any reasonable amount. The clerk of the court insists that there is no record on file of any Taylor indictment and all the other indictments returned on Thursday are on file in the clerk's office. The circuit judge can hold an indictment until the bench warrant has been served, and such is believed to be the case in this instance.

Seized 12 Sacks of Mail.

Boston, April 21.—Twelve sacks of mail addressed to Francis Truth, the divine healer, who was arrested recently, charged with fraud, have been impounded by the United States government under the usual "fraud order." Many of the letters contained in the 12 mail sacks carry money for "absent treatment." Truth's usual charge was \$5 for absent treatment, so that the amount of money contained in the letters is very large. The money contained in these letters will be returned to the writers.

Widespread Ruin.

Memphis, April 21.—The flood situation in Mississippi and Louisiana remains gloomy. Authentic reports regarding damage to crops in country districts adjacent to Vicksburg have just come to hand. From these reports the ruin is widespread.

Expects an Amicable Settlement.

Washington, April 21.—All Ferrerough Pey, the Turkish minister, said Friday that he probably would hear from his government in a short time concerning the American claims. He insists that an amicable settlement can be arranged.

Five Millions Profit in a Year.

New York, April 21.—The annual report of the General Electric Co., issued Friday, shows gross receipts for the year ending January 31, 1899, of \$23,248,170. Of this amount there was a total profit for the year of \$5,479,130.

\$500 Reward

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who placed iron and slabs on the track of the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., near the east line of Franklin Honaker's farm, on the evening of Nov. 21st, 1891.

HENRY AUCHU, President.

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