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consecutive insertion.

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JOB PRINTING

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of Work. PARTICLAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher. Papers sent out of the county must be paid

CURRENT TOPICS.

A MANILA cigar company has 10,000

NEGRO ovster shuckers at Norfolk

Women are not permitted to be photographed in China BUCKINGHAMSHIRE, England, reports

a plague of frogs.

THE second city of the British empire in size is Calcutta.

THE German army includes more than 10,000 military musicians.

Frogs and toads are gifted with a remarkably acute sense of hearing. GEN. LAWTON, in a recent interview.

declared himself a total abstaine THE copper mines of upper Michigan are now giving employment to 13,551

CHICAGO has the smallest bonded in debtedness of any large city in this country.

HERR KRUPP, the gunmaker, has the largest income of any manufacturer in Europe.

THE assessed valuation of property in South Carolina has increased \$3,600, 000 over last year.
The first Hebrew congregation

the Hawaiian islands has just been formed at Honolulu.

In all the capitals of Europe, except London, some theaters are kept up by

government support. THE Baroness Hirsch has given about \$90,000,000 toward charity since the death of her husband.

In Dublin a fine system of electric trams makes it easy for any one to get

about from place to place.

GERMANY now has an air ship that will lift ten tons and remain in the air for several days if required.

THE University of Pennsylvania is about to confer the degree of LL. D. on President Diaz of Mexico.

A. A. Pope, who made himself a millionaire out of manufacturing bicy cles, never learned to ride a wheel.

THE whole of the trade in cheap hosiery in Cuba is in the hands of the German and Catalan manufacturers.

EVERY boy in Germany, from the crown prince to the meanest subject, is obliged to learn some useful trade.

Washington firemen are provided with portable telephones, which may be connected with any fire-alarm box. A NATURAL soap mine and paint mine are two of the latest curiosities

which have been discovered in British AMERICAN condensed milk is gaining

a foothold in the Asiatic markets. It is rapidly transplanting the German product in Japan. A RECENT investigation has shown that more than half the families of

Stuttgart have only one or two rooms EDWARD HALT, 21, escaped from

prison at Canandaigua, N. Y., by half inches square. THE marriage of Miss Cecil Miles,

daughter of the general of and Mrs. Miles, to Col. Reber, U. S. A. occur in January. BOTTLES of perfume, still fresh, jars f pomade that had not lost its fra-

grance, have been recovered from Herculaneum and Pompeii. THERE are altogether 334 parks well stocked with deer in the different coun-

ties of England, and red deer are found in about thirty-one. BALTIMORE is said to contain the

largest Negro population of any city in the world. The coming census is expected to show at least 125,000. CHEAP chemical dyes threaten to ruin the great indigo industry of Behar. India, where hundreds of thou-

sands of families have found employment. A WELL-KNOWN specialist on ear disases has made the announcement that half the deafness prevalent at the present time can be traced to the prac-tice of boxing the ears of children.

ALL the emery used in the world omes from the little island of Naxos, near Greece. As it is one of the hard st substances known, ordinary quarrying tools can not be used to cut it

THE military household of the czar is composed of 98 officers of various ranks, 82 of whom belong to the army and 15 to the navy. Nineteen members of the royal family are included in the

NATURAL gas conveyed in bamboo tubes was utilized in China years ago, and one of their writers mentions boxes which repeated the sounds of rsons' voices that were dead-a ma-

chine sim lar to the phonograph. PAPER shingles have been introduced into Japan by an enterprising Toxyofirm as substitutes for the wooden arti The new idea is a slab of thick aged than ordinary shingles and costing only half as much.

CONFIDENCE OF THE PEOPLE,

The Result of the State Elections Shows Approval of the President's Policy.

Now that the result of the elections of 1899 is known the administration can go forward with the assurance that its policies have been emphatically approved by the people. The country has spoken and its verdict is that new national issues developed by circum-stances have been faithfully and ably handled by President McKinley as far as they lay within his province, and he has scrupulously avoided going beyond He has been guided by the traditional spirit of Americanism and kept in the closest touch with the general sentiment and common sense of the country. His policy is that of the mass of the people and his constant study has been the good of the whole country. President McKinley has no vagaries. His opinion 's made up cau-tiously. He is far removed from the class of brilliant egotists who think that conclusions carefully formed are too humdrum to be up to their political standard. Long experience in public life has taught him to view and hear all sides, and his temperament is that of a man well guarded from hasty emotion or impulse.

Since the election the president has remarked to some callers at the white "The more I see of the confidence reposed in my administration by the people of the country the more I fee the weight of the responsibility rest-ing upon me." The sincerity of the president's words will be admitted by all who have intelligently observed his character. He is not affected by the vanities of high station, but feels always the seriousness of the duties imposed upon him, especially those that require the shaping of policies under new conditions. Far more than a share of this labor has fallen to his administration. The most perplexing question with which he was called upon to deal. that of the Phi'ippines, was absolutely unknown in the canvass of 1896. A president with a greater pride of self assertion, or with a less sensitive regard for the sober and substantial judgment of the people themselves, might easily have made a mistake in meeting the complications of diplomacy and an inexpected war on the far side of the Pacific. But the voice of the country is that McKinley in every instance has done what was right and best.

There are times when the nation advances with exceptional power and rapidity. The present administration is one of the periods. It was elected to preserve a sound currency and bring back industrial prosperity. This was quickly accomplished, but is only one item among the important achieve-ments. A foreign war was pushed through with remarkable success. Another war, the unforseen sequel to the first, has been vigorously prosecuted until the enemy no longer pretends to make a determined stand. The to make a determined United States has expanded territorial ly in the greatest ocean of the world and which is nearer to us geographical ly than to any other great civilized power. President McKinley has met every crisis and every problem with calm balance, prudence, executive capacity and unquestioned success. The November elections are the ample proof that his labors are approved and appreciated. Demagogues will rail as usual and partisan detraction will con tinue, but the country stands squarely with McKinley, and will see that he works out the mission so well begun.— St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

PRESS OPINIONS.

Col. Bryan said Kentucky was the pivotal state. The election figures from there must have given him a bad turn.

-Chicago Tribune.

The sustained silence of Chairman Jones in respect to the recent election is quite as significant as anything which Col. Bryan can say .- Milwaukee

The great victory was of the policy of expansion of the administration; the great defeat was of the humbug and reactionary spirit of "anti-imperialism." -N. Y. Sun.

The anti-expansion issue was tried under fair conditions in lowa, and it was swept into the ash heap as if it had been struck by a prairie fire.—Memphis Commercial-Appeal.

It was in '92 that Bryan said "the gold standard fills our streets with men who are anxious to work, but find no opportunity." Time has put the leader of the 16 to 1 clan in a most ridiculous light.—Topeka Capital.

TIf it had been a presidential vote, the elections would have given McKinley 145 electoral votes to 108 for Mr. Bryan, and under some conditions Virzinia would not be certain for democ racy.-Cincinnati Commercial Tribuno

The only state in which the demoerats made gains was Maryland, only state in which the democrats re only state in which c elumentation of the fused to indorse the valeago platform. Put that in your pipes; it will do to smoke until the election a year hence. smoke until the election a year hence Louisville Courier-Journal (Dem.).

What do the democrats think of the result? Will they dare go before the people in a presidential campaign upon the issues that have been turned against them in the state elections Let it not be forgotten that the issue of expansion, upon which the republican party will make its strongest plea, is yet in its infancy.—Kansas City Jour-

The result of the November elsetions, in the light of the more complete returns, can be fairly claimed as an in dorsement of the expansion policy of the administration. So far as the opposition made any national issue, they made it upon this question, and espe-cially in Ohio, the home of the president, where the democratic candidate for governor placed himself squarely upon an "anti" platform, ignoring as far as possible the monetary question. -Minneapolis Tribune.

A BLOWN-UP BUGABOO.

The Hob-Goblin Policy of "Anti-Imperialism" Snuffed Out at the Polls.

It is generally admitted that the antiexpansion or anti-imperialist movemen as generally condemned in the elec-Wherever hostility to the presi dent's policy was made a special issue the president held his own compared with his remarkable vote in 1896 or his party vote in subsequent years. Some claim is made that the president was not sustained in Massachusetts because the republican plurality was not as large as it was last year. The demoerats in 1898 nominated a more popular man for governor and the silver issue was ignored. The gold democrats de-clared for him, and anti-imperialism was made the chief issue, yet the democratic candidate received about 4,000 fewer votes than did the democratic candidate a year ago. The republican vote fell off more thousands because congressmen were not voted for. In Maryland, where the democrats won, anti-expansion was not hinted at by the democrats. In Ohio 100,000 men voted for Mayor Jones, who previous to the election had not said a word on the question of expansion.

It is claimed that Mr. Bryan and ex-Gov. Altgeld carried Nebraska on the anti-expansion issue and on general opposition to the president's policy. seems not to be the fact. Altgeld declared in his first speech that he was not opposed to expansion, but was opposed to an increase of the regular army and the alarming growth of mill tarism under the president. In Neoraska there are many voters who came to this country to escape military serv-Many of them do not read English, so the literature setting forth the dangers of militarism and the speeches assailing the increase of the army and the use of the military power were a real terror to them. On the other hand the republicans of Nebraska did not have allacies of Mr. Bryan and his friends.

The expressions of the anti-imperial-st press in the east, with one or two exeptions, are to the effect that the op position to the president's policy did not make itself apparent in the elec-tions. The New York World, one of the extremest and most inveterate organs of the anti-imperialists, confesses that the elections mean a victory for im perialism in a majority of the states votadding that "there is neither hon sty nor profit in denving this. strenuous opponent of the president's

strenuous opponent of the president's policy, expresses itself as follows:

"Althoughno federal officials were chosen yesterday, except in four congressional districts to fill the vacancies in the house of representatives, a national aspect was given to the campaign in so many states that the result may be accepted as a verdict of the country on the McKinley administration, and especially on its policy of expansion. The judgment of the people was so clearly expressed that no room is left

If the voters in the states which spoke by their ballots did not render a diet in favor of the president's policy as declared by the New York Evening Post, they have seriously refused to re gard the bugaboo of imperialism.—Indianapolis Journal

A VICTORY FOR LABOR.

The Workingmen of Ohio Vote for Employment and Prosperity.

The laboring men of Ohio carried the election in that state for protection and the gold standard. Ohio is one of the principal manufacturing states, and it was that industry that saved Ohio to the republicans, in spite of the large number of republicans who voted for "Golden Rule" Jones, who was merely a candidate in John R. McLean's est, as Jones' interviews since the elec-tion fully prove. McLean had and has barrels of money, and he was willing to pour it out wherever he thought that t would serve his political ambition. His income is said to be about \$1,000 per year, largely from trusts, and his household and family expenses not less than \$100,000 annually. That is the sort of man the democrats of Ohio selected as their standard bearer this year, and he was selected solely because the demoeratic leaders in that state thought be orship! But they misjudged the indus trious laboring men of the Buckeye state, all of whom now have the oppor tunity to work over time, in contrast to the majority of them being unable find regular employment during the It is said that there is not now an idle mill in Ohio, and that nearly all of them are working over time, and that many of them are working two sets of men each day and night. President McKin-ley opened the mills, the opening of the opened the mints, and never be fore has there been such an unsupplied demand for laboring men in the ing men of Ohio won the great victory in that state for labor and business, an they will make their victory still more overwhelming in 1900, for they are fully onvinced that republican rule i lutely necessary to maintain the labo and business of the people of th United States.—Iowa State Register.

The anti-imperialists have denied that they are in any way responsible for the continuance of the insurrection in the Philippines. They have pooh poohed the charge, but what are they to say in view of Aguinaldo's lates proclamation? The insurgent leade announces that the American congre will meet in December and exhorts h men to so conduct themselves that the national legislators will consider them worthy of independence. This proclemation fairly proves that the insugents have been buoyed up of that the Aguinaldians in this coun that the Aguinaldians in this coun gents have been buoyed up by the hot would prevail in congress. Without such hope they would have given up the fight long ago.—Troy Times.

A SPLIT IN THE RANKS.

Dissatisfied Members of the Spanish

War Veterans' Association Form a Rival Society. Washington, Nov. 25.—A split has washington, Nov. 25.—A spit has occurred in the organization of the Spanish war veterans and a rival body was formed Friday to be known as the Spanish-American War Veterans. Last week the original organization held a reactive in the spit of the properties. neeting in this city and perfected it constitution and by-laws and at that time there were rumors of an impend-lng split, but nothing was made publie officially about it. Yesterday's meeting was held in response to an urgent call of Adjt. Gen. Liller, who gives the following as the reason for the split:

General dissatisfaction—and an at tempt to place the organization in the hands of the Ohio representatives, making it appear as a move for politi-cal purposes, and the recent action of the committee who were in the mi-nority assuming the privilege of elim-inating and vacating offices created by the national convention; making sev eral appointive officers, and a move to control the association generally and remove the headquarters to Ohio. Those who were present Friday are men who have made national reputations and are here to make the iation a success and not use it for elfish motives."

The new organization makes all those who served in the regular or volunteer army, navy or marine corps during the Spanish-American war and during the Spanish-American war and these who are now serving in the present. Philippine war eligible to membership, provided they can show an honorable discharge. A constitution and by-laws were adopted and the units of organization are to be local camps, departments and a national association. A resolution was adopted declaring it to be the sense of the body that Admiral George Dewof the body that Admiral George Dewey be placed at its head and authorizing the adjutant general to convey to the admiral the information manimous selection as commander-in-

The names and number of thos present at the meeting are withheld by Gen, Liller. Following are the officers elected: Commander-in-Chief—Admiral Dew-

Senior Vice Commander-in-chief-Col. Theodore Roosevelt, New York.

Junior Vice Commander-in-Chief— Irig. Gen. Irving Hale, Colorado. Adjutant General—William Liller, Pennsylvania.

Surgeon General-Maj. Edward C. Davis, Georgia.
Commissary General—Col. James
Coryell, Pennsylvania.
Inspector General—Col. George W.

Taylor, Virginia.

Taylor, Virginia.
Judge Advocate General—Col. James
H. Tillman, South Carolina.
Sponsor—Miss Helen M. Gould,
Columbus, O., Nov. 25.—Gen. Axline,
adjutant general of Ohio, and representative from this state in the council of the Spanish War Veterans' association, said last night there was no
truth in the statements made by Christopher Liller regarding an alleged attopher Liller regarding an alleged at pt to control the organization by

TO END WAGE DISPUTES.

Fall River Cotton Mill Owners and Operatives Enter Into an Agree-

Ohio members for political purposes.

Fall River, Mass., Nov. 25.—Repre senstatives of the textile council and a special committee of the Mill Manu-facturers' association entered into an greement vesterday which will, when finally adopted by operatives and employers, result in a definite settlement of the present wage agitation and ultimately when willing mately, when a sliding scale is agreed to, will make wage disputes in this city a thing of the past.

An advance of 5 per cent, is offered to the operatives, to go into effect December 11, and both parties agree to take up in good faith the consideration of a sliding scale of wages which must be agreed to within a reasonable time. Operatives and manufacturers hope by means of this scale to place the industrial conditions on such a firm footing as to guarantee steady employment to labor at fair wages and reasonable assurances to the manufacturers that they may enter into contracts for a period of at least six months without fearing a labor disturbance. Provision is also made for a settle-

ment in conference of any question which may arise on either side.

More Trouble in Samoa. Washington, Nov. 25.—Official advices from Samoa state that another

dangerous crisis with the natives re cently occurred and preparations were made to land British marines. Some of the native chiefs, with their Mataafan followers, assembled at Vair not far from Apia, and began a dis assembled at Vaines. derly agitation. The place is the home of Tamasese, one of the former aspirants for the throne, who used his influence to keep down the disor-Several bundred natives were ed, many of whom were roughly

Ingham and Newitt Sentenced. Philadelphia, Nov. 25.—Ellery P. Ing ham, ex-United States district attor ney, and his law partner and former assistant, Harvey K. Newitt, were yes-terday sentenced by Judge McPherson to imprisonment for two years and six months, and to pay a fine of \$1 and the costs of their trial for conspiracy in attempting to bribe a secret service operative in connection with the re ent big revenue stamp counterfeiting

Beserts the Sinking Ship.

Manila, Nov. 25.—Bautista, president of the Filipino congress, presented himself to Gen. MacArthur yesterday and renounced all further connection with the insurrection. He was one of the influental Filipinos who hesitated at the beginning of the war as to which side on which to east his lot. He was offered a judgeship of the supreme court, but declined. He now announces that he desires to accept the position and says the Filipino congress and cabinet are scattered, never to reas-semble. Some of the members, he adds, have returned to their homes

Thousands of Investors Therein Were Victimized.

A Grand Jury Indicts Its Managers Possession of the Concern's Headquarters and Seize 815,000 in Cash.

New York, Nov. 25.—William F. Miller, head of the Franklin syndicate which has accepted the deposits of thousands of persons in Brooklyn under promise of paying dividends of In per cent, a week, or 520 per cent per annum, and Cecil Leslie, his secretury, were indicted by the Kings county grand jury yesterday. Bench warwere indicted by the Kings county grand jury yesterday. Bench warrants were issued for the arrest of these two men, but up to quite a late hour last night neither had been found, the police saying they had disappeared in the afternoon.

Last night the police raided the premises occupied by the Franklin syndicate on Floyd street. There was a great crowd of people around the building and the police surround.

the building and the police surrounded it. Inspector Brennan arrested Louis Miller, brother of the head of the syndicate, and the cashier of the concern and took possession of \$15,900 in cash. There were 40 employes at work in the offices and these were alwork in the offices and these were al-lowed to go. It was stated by Louis Miller to the police that the offices were then in the hands of ex-Sherift Daly, of Richmond, to whom he said, the concern had assigned.

The charge upon which Miller was

indicted was that of conspiring to de-

The district attorney's office in Brooklyn has been at work on the case for some weeks, so prominent have become Miller's operations in that time. Miller had been engaged for the past two years or so in effer-ing his glittering inducements to the people to invest their money for him to make use of, but it has been only within the last month that by ex-tensive advertising he managed to attract to his office hundreds of people daily, who gathered in a long line or fought with each other for the chance to hand out their savings. Even when the place was raided last night a number of those around the offices

a number of those around the offices were waiting to deposit money with the Franklin syndicate.

The presence of the police caused great excitement. When they entered the office they were informed that at 6 p. m. the concern had made an assignment in the borough of Manhattan to James Daly, ex-sheriff of Pichwood. Chief of Patenties Revyal nation to James Daily, ex-silerity of Richmond. Chief of Detectives Reynolds said the police were the assignees naw and put Daly off the premises, Daly has been in the employ of Miller for some time. Of the \$15,000 taken possession of by the pouce, something the policy of the \$2,000 in one by the pouce of the said in the police of the said in the said of the said in the said of the said nore than \$5,000 in cash was found in

more than \$5,000 in cash was found in the syndicate offices.

From the record which the police had made on Friday's deposits, it was evident that a portion of the money had been removed from the offices, and Louis Miller, the cashier, who was a wested was called man to make a arrested, was called upon to make an explanation. He at first refused, but on being threatened by the police he said Miss Annie Gory, an employe of the concern, who lived in a house ad-joining the offices, had been given posjoining the onces, had been given pos-session of a large sum of money in the morning by the head of the firm. The police went to the adjoining house, where they placed Miss Gory under arrest, and after a search they found nearly \$9,000 concealed in an old lounge in her apartments.

The woman then declared that she had this money in her possession to pay the employes of the syndicate. The police, however, took possession of the money and gave Miss Gory her

William F. Miller began the Franklin syndicate in a small way, locating his office among the poorer classes in Brooklyn and making one feature of his business the acceptance of very small sums of money and the alleged investment of them for poor people. He claimed that by inside tips on the stock market he was able to pay a large percentage to his clients. He paid the interest on the principal each week and his business increased. is claimed that Miller was simply the representative of a syndicate which had been conducting blind pools for

No syndicate has ever attempted to pay any such wonderful rates of in-terest as the Franklin syndicate. The very fact that the newspapers financiers began to make investiga-tions aroused the public interest to such an extent that it is said within the last week Miller has received deposits of hundreds of people, aggregating a daily amount of from \$30,000 to \$40,000.

Not only were people living within the limits of New itors with the Franklin syndicate, cities all over the country contributed the earnings of scores of their residents to swell the wealth of the syndi-cate. The mail delivery at Miller's office amounted to about three wagon oads and most of the letters contained

money.
It is an absolute fact Milier did not have facilities for taking care of all of the gold and greenbacks which poured in upon him, and capty barels were rought up from the base-nent of the building and shousands of els were dollars were dumped into the rels by the clerks employed by No evidence is forthcoming to show that Miller ever speculated in stocks.

Diamond Thief Captured.

Pittsburg, Nov. 25.—A bold attempt at diamond robbery was made last at damond robbery was made last night. Three men entered the jew-enry store of A. E. Siedle. While two of the men engaged the elerk and porter in conversation, the third opened a show case and transferred 30 diamonds valued at about \$6,000 from the open to a payron be had some from the case to an apron he had sus pended about his waist. An err boy gave the alarm and followed The robber jumped a trolley car, but the conductor put him off and Detective McGovern gathered him in after a fierce struggle.

A "BLIND POOL." ["He That Any Good! Would Win'

Should have good health. Pure, rich blood is the first requisite. Hood's Sarsaparilla, by giving good blood and good health, has helped many a man to success, besides giving strength and courage to women who, before taking it, could not even see any good in life to win. Remember to win. Remember



Sad Catastrophe

Mrs. Golde Nugget—I cannot see any callers to-day, Nanette.
Nanette (five minutes later to caller)—
Monsieur, I haf ze plaisure to inform you zat madame is blind to-day. — Philadelphia North American.

Winter in the South.

Winter in the South.

The season approaches when one's thoughts turn toward a place where the inconveniences of a Northern winter may be escaped. No section of this country offers such ideal spots as the Gulf Coast on the line of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad between Mobile and New Orleans. It possesses a mild climate, pure air, even temperature and facilities for hunting and fishing enjoyed by no other section. Accommodations for visitors are first-class, and can be secured at moderate prices. The L. & N. R. R. is the only line by which it can be reached in through cars from Northern cities. Through car schedules to all points in Florida by this line are also perfect. Write for folders, etc., to Jackson Smith, D. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

"He's a vegetarian, is he?" "Oh! the

"He's a vegetarian, is he?" "Oh! the strictest kind. He won't even eat oyster plant."—Philadelphia Record.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the Cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles 25 and 50 eents. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Speaking of fruit, the first apple caused a lot of trouble for the first pair.—Chicago Daily News.

Piso's Cure cured me of a Throat and Lung trouble of three years' standing.—E, Cady, Huntington, Ind., Nov. 12, 1894.

In Luck.—First Dear Girl—"I have no friends to speak of." Second Dear Girl—"Lucky friends."—Life.

Grain-O is not a stimulant, like coffee. It is a tonic and its effects are permanent.

A successful substitute for coffee, because it has the coffee flavor that almost everybody likes.

Lots of coffee substitutes in the market, but only one food drink-Grain-O.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

mmediately. We both recommend Cascarets."

CHAS. STEDEFORD.

Pittsburg Safe & Deposit Co., Pittsburg, Pa



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, De Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c. ... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 317

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all drug-

Personally Conducted California **Excursions**

Via the Santa Fe Route. Three times a week from Chicago and Kansas City. Twice a week from St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Minneapolis.

Once a week from St. Louis and Boston. Boston.

In improved wide-vestibuled Pullman tourist sleeping cars.

Better than ever before, at lowest possible rates.

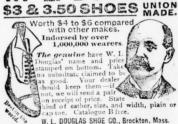
Experienced excursion conductors.

Also daily service between Chic and California. Correspondence solicited.

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The Atchison, Topeka & Santa fe Railway,



W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass. COUCH SYRUP

Cures Croup and Whooping-Cough Unexcelled for Consumptives. Gives quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes.

Dr. Bull's Pills cure Biliousness. Trial, 20 for 5c.