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Political Announcements.

County Commissioner.

Having lived in this county nearly all my life and never having asked for, or held, a county office, I have taken this opportunity to offer myself as candidate for County Commissioner, subject to decision of the Republican County Convention.

DELOS BURLINGAME.
Sizerville, Pa., Feb. 20, 1899.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

Judge of Supreme Court, J. HAY BROWN, Lancaste Judge of Superior Court, JOSIAH R. ADAMS, Philadelphia. State Treasurer. LT.-COL. JAMES E. BARNETT,

While it never snows in the Philippines, Aguinaldo is sure to have his "cold day" just the same.

Senator Quay seems to have a few friends left in Pennsylvania, even if his course fails to meet Wanamaker's approval.

Ohio politics seems to be somewhat mixed, but it is a safe bet that General Coxey will be found on the side where the butter for his bread is most plentiful.

Secretary Root is considering a plan for modifying the Porto Rican tariff in order to do most good to the producers of the island without reducing the revenues too much.

By attacking the defenders of the American flag in the rear, the democratic anties may think they they are helping Aguinaldo, but they will certainly not help themselves or their party.

The democrats should hasten to get M. Bertillion on their staff. He would doubtless be able to make a diagram showing that Mr. Bryan wrote the Declaration of Independence, and thus afford needed inflation to a collapsing boom.

Under the careful and ecnomical administration of the War Department, Cuba not only met all her obligations for the first six months of 1899, but there was a surplus of \$1,480,021. Still better results may be expected as the time goes on.

The Republican party will not shrink from the faithful discharge of the new duties that we owe to the civilized world and especially with the Philippinos themselves. Those duties were not of our seeking, they came as the culmination of events which human agencies could not control or direct. The United States would have gladly escaped these responsibilities had such been possible, but recognizing that we cannot honorably retreat, will carry the matter to a successful conclusion.

More Work, More Wages, More Appetite.

The advance in the price of meets of all kinds affords opportunity to Free-Traders for some remarks about trusts and the Tariff, and they are harping on it with their customary rashness To the average man who stops and thinks a moment the explanation of this increase in price is easy. It is explained by the simple fact of increased consumption. Earning more money in the shape of wages than ever before, the American people are eating more meat per capita than ever before. Ours is a meat eating nation. No other nation consumes anything like so large a proportion of animal food. While the wage earners of Europe consider themselves lucky to get meat once or twice a week, the American workingman and his family eat meat three times a day the year round.

With more work, more wages and more appetite the American workingman in these days of Proand more appetite the American workingman in these days of Protection and Prosperity has greatly increased his meat diet, with the result that usually follows an increase of demand and consumption—namely, an increase in price. It is a condition peculiar to the present period. Nothing of the kind occurred during the four years of Free-Trade Tariff reform, 1893-97. Then there was no advance in food prices because of increased consumption. On the contrary, the prices of nearly all foodstuffs

sufferered a decline because of diminished demand and consumption. People ate less meat, less of everything in those dreary four years. The demand for agricultural products fell off enormously and prices fell off accordingly.

It is estimated that the farmers of the United States in the four years of Free-Trade Tariff legislasion suffered an aggregate loss of fully five billions of dollars by reason of diminished consumption and decreased values of farm products. What work people of this country lost through diminished employment and decreased earnings in that same distressful period can scarcely be computed. In any that same discressful period can scarcely be computed. In any event they are so much the gainers through present conditions that they would not welcome a return of the lower food prices and the accompanying conditions of Wil-son Tariff times.—American Econ-

MUCH BUSINESS.

ARE DOING IT NOW WITH OUR NEW POSSESSIONS.

Remarkable Grand Total of Exports to Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines for the Fiscal Year of 1899.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 2.— Exports from the United States to Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines were, according to a statement prepared by the Treasury bureau of statistics, larger in the fiscal year just ended than in any preceding fiscal year in the history of our commerce with those islands. Even the reciprocity years 1892. 1893 and 1894, in which the exports from the United States to Cuba and Porto Rico were greatly increased, do not show as large a grand total as does 1899, with all the disadvantages of war conditions which prevailed in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines during a part of the year.

To Cuba, the total exports for

the year do not reach the large figures of the two full fiscal years 1893 and 1894, in which the reciprocity treaty with Spain was in operation, and to Porto Rico the total exports of 1899 were slightly ess than in 1892 during threefourths of which the reciprocity treaty was in operation, or 1894, in all of which it was operated. To Porto Rico the total exports of the fiscal year 1899 are nearly 25 per cent in excess of the average annual export during the preceding decade; to Cuba, they are nearly 50 per cent. greater than the average during the preceding decade; to Hawaii they are more than twice as much, and to the Philippines more than three times as much as the average annual exports during the preceding decade. These figures, it is proper to add, do not include the exportations to the islands in question by the Government either for the use of its troops or in ald of the tem-porarily destitute.

While the total imports into the United States from these islands are not as large as in earlier years of the decade, this is due solely to the fact that they did not have the supplies for exportation, this being especially true of Cuba, whose sugar plantations and works were so largely destroyed during the war with Spain. That our imports from these islands are rapidly increasing, however, is shown by the fact that those from Cuba in the year 1899 were 66 per cent. greater than in 1898; those from Porto Rico, nearly 50 per cent. greater than those of the fiscal year 1898, and those from the Philippines nearly 20 per cent. in excess of those of last year, while those from Hawaii show a slight gain over last year and an increase of 30 per

cent over the fiscal year 1897.

The following table shows the exports from the United States to Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines, separately, in each year from 1889 to 1899:

Trom 1889 to 1899;
Cuba. Porto Rico.
\$11,691,311 \$2,224,931 \$3,375.
\$12,214,888 2,155,234 5,107,193,576 2,285,603 3,781,
24,147,698 2,516,607 2,837,
24,147,698 2,516,607 2,837,
26,125,321 2,720,568 4,368,
12,807,661 1,883,344 3,723,
7,530,880 2,102,994 3,985,
8,259,776 1,988,888 4,630,
9,561,565 1,505,946 5,907,
18,615,707 2,685,848 9,305,
6 following table slites

The following table shows the tal exports from the United States to Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines, combined, in each year from 1889 to 1899:

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, Sept. 4th, 1899.

President McKinley returned to Washington, Saturday afternoon, but left to-day for Philadelphia, to attend the annual encampment of the G. A. R. He kept so thoroughly in touch with all important public matters during his absence that he found only routine business on his desk when he returned. He had informal talks with all the members of the Cabinet, except Secretary Long, who is not in the city, and there was a regular Cainet meeting to-day. He also heard a verbal report by President Schurman, of the Philippine Com-mission. He anticipates a pleas-ant time at the encampment owing ant time at the encampment owing to the large number of old friends he will meet there.

Commissioner Evans of the Pen-

sion Bureau completed his annual report before leaving for the G. A. R. encampment, and copies of the document will probably be distributed among the veterans. is more or less talk of the probability of an attack being made upon Commissioner Evans' method of administering the Pension Bureau, in the report of the G. A. R. committee which made an investigation several months ago, and which will be submitted to the encampment; but Mr. Evans is confident that the Committee's report will show that he administered the laws properly, and that if there is any censure, it will be of the laws and not of him. The report of the Commissioner recommends the repeal of the law granting arrears of pensioners; he also recommends that the law shall be strictly enforced which requires every pension agent to prepare and mail to each agent to prepare and man to each pensioner whose pension is payable at his agency, a voucher fifteen days dreeceding each quarterly pension day. The report says that during the present fiscal year, the arrears of work will be greatly diminished and that all claims will be made practically current. The report also expresses satisfaction with the work accomplished during the year, and says; "The work is in far better condition than at any time since I assumed charge of the Bureau, and it is believed that further progress will be attained by the system that has been insti-tuted in the different divisions. No new rules of evidence have been introduced, but the work has been accomplished under prescribed

rules of many years standing."

Uncle Sam did pretty well for a summer month, in August, which is usually dull in official as well as in private business. The Treasury receipts were \$8,150,000 more than they were in August of last year, and the surplus for the month was \$4,455,862. The amount of gold in the Treasury is larger than ever before, the exact figures being \$248,757,971. These figures tell their own story of the prosperous condition of the government and the country, and in the face of such a story, how ridiculous is the claim now being made by some Democrats, that the Democrats have a chance to carry the country next year. To accept such a claim is to impeach the intelligence of the voters of this country, who have too vivid a recollection of Cleveland times not to appreciate a good thing when they have it, and to

vote for its continuance. The most talked of event in political circles just now, is the buying of the Democratic nomination for Governor of Ohio, by Mr. John R. McLean, whose actual residence is in Washington, but who has large property interests in Ohio corporations, and who is also the owner and nominal editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer. Republicans, including President Kinley, do not regard the nomina-tion of McLean as an important factor in the gubernatorial cam-paign, because they believe that it has been from the day of the nomination of Judge Nash by the Republican convention of Ohio, only a question of how many majority he would be given-there has never been and is not now the slightest doubt of his election. But the Bryan Democrats are in almost a state of panic. They do not trust McLean. They believe that he has secured this nomination as a a part of the plot to defeat Bryan for the Democratic presidential nomination next year. They are too badly frightened to talk publicly, but among themselves they are talking as hard as they can, and the wires have been kept hot with messages to the Bryan leaders, and to Mr. Bryan himself, con-taining plans to head off McLean's ambition. That Mr. McLean is a multi-millionaire everybody knows, but why he should be willing to spend any portion of his millions to get the empty honor of a Demo-cratic nomination for Governor of Ohio, the Vice-Presidency, or even

made a start in lavish expenditures

for a very empty honor, and that is what is worrying the Bryanites. Secretary Root hopes and believes that the situation in Cuba will warrant the holding of municipal elections not later than next May.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by L. Taggart.

NOTICE.

A large black bull came to my barn at the W. N. Y. & P. Junction on Sunday night. Owner can have same by paying for this notice and expense of keeping the animal.

Emporium, Pa., Aug. 29, 1899.—27-3t

Shippen School Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the School Directors of Shippen township will receive bids, at the Warner House, on Saturday, Sept. Iclih, 1899, at one o'clock, p. m., for the conveying of school children on Clear Creek.

N. S. CUTLER, President.

Attest: G. W. VAN WERT, Sec'y pro tem

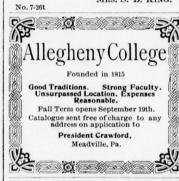
CHARTER NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Monday, September 18th. 1899, under the act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled an Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations, approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for a Charter of an intended corporation to be called the Driftwood Water Company, the character and object of which is to supply water to the Borough of Driftwood, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same, and for these purposes to have and possess and enjoy all the rights, beautis supplements, of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

BOARDING HOUSE. VINE STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA. OPPOSITE FRANKLIN SQUARE.

Cameron county people visiting Philadelphia will find this a convenient and central location. Terms \$1.00 per day. Reference, by permission, to Press office, Emporium.

MRS. S. B. KING.



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Fair Store,

Will sell all

SUMMER GOODS

REDUCED PRICES

to close out stock.

Special bargains in

LADIES SHIRT WAISTS AND WRAPPERS.

The largest and most handsome line of China and Glass Goods to state. Anything you want in this line.

ORDAN BROS.,

No 43, W. Fifth St.

We carry a complete line of Staple and Fancy Groceries, Dry Goods,

> Smoked Meats, Fruit in Season.

Tobacco, Cigars, Confectionery and

Salt and

School Supplies.

We would be pleased to have you call and inspect our stock

Goods delivered anywhere in town free of charge JORDAN BROS.

THE PRESS IS the Presidency, is something beyond the comprehension of ordinary mortals. But he has already IN THIS SECTION. LOW PRICES

The entire stock of

Amounting to \$8,500, consisting of

Dry Goods, Dress Goods,

Carpets,

Lace Curtains.

Shoes, Etc.,

Has been assigned to me and must be sold as speedily as possible.

GREAT BARGAINS IN ALL LINES.

Your Opportunity

ASSIGNEE.

``

NEAR ODD FELLOWS HALL.

In preparation for the fall trade we shall make

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICES.

And give an opportunity for customers to make purchases of needful goods, and so save the great advance which is sure on

Fall Goods.

COME EARLY.

ENTPORTUNE, PA. 0525252525252525252525

SYRUP PEPSING

THE PEOPLE'S

is closing out

Summer Clothing

urnishings,

At greatly reduced prices to make room for Fall

Remember the place.

Goods.

JASPER HARRIS.

PROPRIETOR.

Metzger Block, Opp. Postoffice.

EMPORIUM, PA.



Cet an Education

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students. Send for catalog.

JAMES ELDON, Ph.D., Principal. Central State Normal School,



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