

THE PHILIPPINES COMMISSION.

President McKinley's Instructions Show the Work Which Is Cut Out for It.

New York, March 8.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Washington says that renewed interest in the situation in the Philippines is awakened by the establishment at Manila of the civilian members of the commission which has been designated by the president to represent him in the archipelago.

REBELS ON THE RUN.

Philippines Again Driven Back by Americans with Heavy Loss.—Strain Tells on Dewey.

New York, March 9.—A dispatch to the Herald from Manila says that Gen. Hale determined Wednesday morning to clear away the enemy from the front of the right of his wing.

The gunboat Laguna de Bay, under Maj. Grant, began shelling the enemy's position. Two companies of the Twentieth Infantry and three companies of the First Nebraska, under Col. Stattenburg, swung in from the road to the waterworks, driving the insurgents toward the Pasig river.

The First Wyoming advanced directly on the insurgent position in front. Meanwhile the Laguna de Bay pounded the foe from the river.

Thus taken on three sides, the insurgents, after some resistance, were driven back.

Capt. J. D. O'Brien, of the First Wyoming, was shot in the wrist, and Maj. Bell, of the bureau of information, was slightly wounded. Complete reports of the wounded are not yet in.

Gen. Hale estimates the enemy's loss at 250.

At the time of sending this dispatch, the Wyoming troops occupied an advanced position.

The insurgents opened fire across the river from Gunduloupe, killing Private Lovejoy, of company C, First Washington, and wounding two others.

The insurgents have been concentrating to the east of the city and will probably try an attack from that side. Their principal object is to cut off the water supply of Manila.

The American positions are strong, and the attempts will be futile.

The insurgent losses have been severe the last few days.

The Madrid authorities have offered Aguinaldo a ransom of \$1,000 for each officer, \$100 each for the privates and \$500 for each civil servant. They have not offered to ransom the priests.

Aguinaldo declares that he has paid filibusters \$700,000 and has received only 500 rifles and 2,000,000 rounds of ammunition. The filibusters say the rest have been captured, but probably they were never bought.

Washington, March 9.—The navy department is informed that the cruiser Baltimore and the monitor Monterey, which have been in dock at Hong-Kong, have arrived at Manila.

Vancouver, B. C., March 9.—Capt. Fraser, of London, late of the British imperial forces, arrived Wednesday direct from Manila, where he had the honor of dining with Admiral Dewey. Capt. Fraser said:

"The war at Manila will have to end soon or the life of the great American admiral will be worth nothing. I dined with him at Manila within a month, and am convinced that if he is not relieved of the terrible strain imposed upon him he cannot last a month longer. As he sat at the banquet table, surrounded by his staff, he looked to me like a dying man. His hair is snowy white, his face ashen, and he ate hardly anything. I had the pleasure of a few minutes' conversation with him when we retired to the smoking-room. Having in mind his enfeebled appearance, I asked him if he thought of returning to America soon."

"I would like to, but my work is by no means finished here. When it is, and only then, will I return."

"I am thoroughly convinced that only the admiral's indomitable will has kept him up so long. The strain on him is terrible, and the climatic conditions have reduced him to a shadow. His officers and men worship him. As an English officer, and knowing the magnificent work he has done, I have the greatest admiration for him."

"One of his officers said to me just before I left Manila: 'The war will be ended by the admiral soon, or it will end him. No man can stand such a strain as he does in this climate and live long.'"

HIS CHILD CREMATED.

Rudyard Kipling's Ideas of Burial Are Followed—Author Not Yet Informed of His Loss.

New York, March 9.—Rudyard Kipling's health continues to mend slowly. So far, beef tea is his only article of diet, and nothing will be added to it until an improvement in his condition will permit. He has not yet been told of the death of his daughter Josephine. Elsie, the other daughter, rested quietly Wednesday.

The ashes of little Josephine Kipling rest in a small urn at the Fresh Pond crematory. The body was incinerated there Tuesday night in the presence of Dr. Conland, the family friend and physician from Brattleboro, Vt. Rudyard Kipling himself is a strong advocate of cremation. His long residence in India, where all bodies are burned, inclined him toward it. When his six-year-old daughter died at the home of Miss Julia De Forest on Monday Mrs. Kipling, following what would be the desire of her husband if he knew, gave the necessary orders.

Swept by a Tidal Wave.

Victoria, B. C., March 9.—According to news received from the Korean capital by the R. M. S. Empress of India that country has had mile after mile of its shore devastated by a terrible storm that was followed by a tidal wave in the opening week of February.

On the southwest and west coast the sea carried away acre after acre of the wooden buildings of the natives. Many thousands of lives were lost. The village of Kungsan was perhaps the greatest sufferer. At Chemulpo the harbor is strewn with wreckage of countless sampans and junks and many hundreds of boilers have been washed ashore.

To Withdraw Volunteers.

Washington, March 9.—Under the present plans of the department it is expected that all of the volunteer troops will be withdrawn from Cuba by or before the 1st of May and so escape the dangers of the fevers which make that country such an undesirable place of residence during the summer months.

Sine Drowned.

Brest, France, March 9.—News has been received here of the capsizing of a pleasure yacht off the Brittany coast, drowning nine persons, among them five French military officers.

A LEADER IS CHOSEN.

Thomas E. Barkworth Is Honored by Michigan Democracy.

Named as Its Candidate for Supreme Court Justice—Rest of the Ticket—Platform Adopted by the State Convention.

Kalamazoo, Mich., March 9.—Thomas E. Barkworth, a leading attorney of Jackson, was nominated Wednesday afternoon by the democratic state convention for justice of the supreme court. He received 452 of the 772 delegates' votes cast on the first ballot, and it was made unanimous. The contest was wholly between Mr. Barkworth and ex-Judge Allan B. Morse, the four other candidates having withdrawn before the first ballot was completed. Prior to the convention it was asserted, and denied, that Judge Morse's sympathies in the last presidential campaign were with the gold standard democracy, and this is believed to have affected the result.

Other Nominees.

All the elements of silver fusion were well represented among the delegates, and the nominations for regents of the state university were given to Edward F. Legendre (dem.), of Calumet, and Stanley E. Parkhill (pop.), of Owosso.

Hon. Justin R. Whiting, of St. Clair, late fusion candidate for governor, was the temporary chairman. His address was a strongly put argument for free silver, an arraignment of republican policies and condemnation of the encroachments of trusts and combines. Ex-Judge John Miner, of Detroit, was made permanent chairman.

The report of the resolutions committee was greatly delayed by discussion of a resolution offered by Fred A. Baker, of Detroit, indorsing the Hill amendment to the Chicago platform to the effect that the free coinage of silver at the ratio of sixteen to one should not apply to existing contracts. This amendment was presented to the convention as a minority report and was tabled.

The Resolutions.

A synopsis of the resolutions adopted follows:

They reaffirm the Chicago platform, protest against retirement of treasury notes, denounce trusts, demand an amendment to the constitution making an income tax possible, favor equal taxation of all property in the state; declare for disposition of the colonies for the best interests of the people; protest against a large standing army and navy, and congratulate the party on having the leadership of Col. Bryan.

The plank upon trusts says: "We believe the greatest menace at the present time to American civilization and to the industries and political liberty of the people consists in the growing tendency to place the business of the country in the hands of combinations and trusts; and we denounce the gold trust, money trust, sugar trust, oil trust, match trust, tobacco trust and every other trust, having for its object the control of production and prices; and we submit as our candid opinion and deliberate judgment that a graduated federal and state income tax would furnish effective means of suppressing trusts. We request immediate passage of an income tax measure by the state legislature."

The plank upon expansion says: "We are in favor of making such disposition of territory brought into the possession or under the control of the United States in the war with Spain as shall best promote the interests and secure the welfare of the American people, and that to advance the cause of civil and religious freedom, a government should be established in the islands having for its fundamental principles self-government for the people."

TO PAY CUBAN TROOPS.

Paymaster General Carey to Go to the Island with \$3,000,000 for That Purpose.

New York, March 9.—Paymaster General Carey, U. S. A., visited the treasury department Wednesday and presented a warrant for \$3,000,000, drawn on that department at Washington. The money will be drawn from the treasury and shipped to Cuba, where it will be used to pay off the Cuban troops, in accordance with an agreement. For obvious reasons Gen. Carey does not care to stay just when the money will be shipped to Cuba, nor will he give the name of the ship that will carry it. Gen. Carey has been directed by the war department to take charge of the money until it is turned over to Gen. Brooke at Havana. Gen. Carey will be accompanied by a detachment of regulars, who will guard the money on its way to Cuba. Fully half of the \$3,000,000 will consist of five-dollar gold pieces, with 1,000,000 standard silver dollars. The balance will be made up of subsidiary coin, including nickels. The money will be packed in small safes and strong boxes.

Havana, March 9.—Gen. Maximo Gomez had a two-hour conference with Gov. Gen. Brooke Wednesday regarding the details of the payment to the Cuban army of the \$3,000,000 tendered by the United States as a condition of disbandment. He is working in good faith and expects to disband the troops with or without the consent of the disaffected elements. He is making an excellent impression upon the United States military authorities here, and they confidently believe that he will be able to make good his agreement with Robert P. Porter, President McKinley's representative. It is said that the distribution of the cash will begin in the course of a fortnight at the latest.

No Reflection on Gen. Wheeler.

Austin, Tex., March 9.—The senate of the Texas legislature had the liveliest kind of a row over the consideration of the house resolution endorsing Congressman Bailey in his action in fighting against the seating of Joe Wheeler in congress, adopted by the house Monday. An attempt was made to kill the resolution by referring it to a committee which was defeated by a close vote—13 to 14. An amendment was then adopted providing that the adoption of the resolution should not be construed as a reflection on Congressman Joe Wheeler.

BERESFORD'S WARNING.

Says War Will Result Unless "Open Door" Policy with Reference to China Is Adhered To.

London, March 9.—Rear Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, who has just completed his tour of the world in the interests of the associated chambers of commerce of Great Britain, in an interview reiterated his well-known view on the subject of the "open door" in China as being the only possible policy of Great Britain. In so doing he said it was impossible to estimate the importance of the Chinese market, a single province of which, in his opinion, was worth the whole of Africa from a commercial point of view. The admiral also said that there will be war unless the "open door" policy is adhered to and he asserted that American trade in China is progressing by leaps and bounds, proportionately much faster than that of Great Britain.

Lord Beresford, in an interview published in the Daily Mail, insisted that if all the powers began grabbing land in China it could only result in quarrels and war. He continued:

"It is absolutely necessary to keep China on her feet. Better stand up now for the 'open door' than venture upon the dangerous course of spheres of influence. I do not suggest a cut-and-dried alliance. I do not think America would join such an alliance. But America, England, Germany and Japan might agree to work together to maintain the 'open door.' Of the six men who direct China's policy, four have never been outside of Peking. Li Hung Chang has no real power. The empress dowager is the real power, and a very clever woman. She signs the popular edicts herself, and makes the emperor sign the unpopular ones. The provincial rulers are more progressive than those at Peking. They favor the 'open door' policy, and only want to save China's face, but they think we are afraid of Russia. We must help stiffen China, which will not be a difficult task."

Rome, March 9.—The Tribuna says it learns that the Chinese government has offered to send to the Italian minister, Sir Martino, a written apology through Sir Claude MacDonald, British minister at Peking, for the terms in which the tsung-li-yamen couched China's refusal to grant the concession recently demanded by Italy of San Mun bay, province of Che Kiang, to be used as an Italian naval base and coaling station.

London, March 9.—The Peking correspondent of the Times says the Chinese are discussing the advisability of making San Mun an open port, so as to evade Italy's demand for a concession.

Hong-Kong, March 9.—The New York Journal correspondent cables: It is reported here that the latest aggressions of Italy in attempting to seize San Mun bay have seriously alarmed the imperial government at Peking. The empress dowager and the tsung-li-yamen fear that this is the beginning of a concerted attempt on the part of the powers of Europe to dismember the Chinese empire. Strenuous efforts will be made by the imperial government to prevent such action and appeal will be made to disinterested powers for help. It is reported that China has already appealed to the United States government.

Vancouver, B. C., March 9.—Advices from China by steamer Empress of Japan state that Li Hung Chang, who has recently been busily occupied in determining and preparing for the construction of Yellow river works in Shan Tung province, has been ordered by an imperial edict of the empress dowager to return post-haste to Peking. It is stated that this step is due to the uncertainty of foreign and palace politics at present, and the empress dowager appears to wish to have her old adviser by her side when the occasion arises.

Broceton, Mass., March 10.—W. H. McGunigle, the veteran baseball player and manager, died here yesterday, aged 42 years.

THE MARKETS.

New York, March 10.—Money on call 2 1/2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3 1/4 per cent. Sterling exchange strong at 48 3/4@48 1/2 for demand. Government bonds steady.

Grain, Provisions and Live Stock. Flour—Inactive, but steadier. Wheat—No. 2 red 83 1/2c. Corn—No. 2 at 44 1/2c. Oats—No. 2 at 33 1/2c. Butter—Elgins 20c. Eggs—Western 19c. Beeves—No trading. Veals \$5.50@5.70. Sheep—Sales at \$3.50@4.00, lambs \$5.85@6.00. Hogs—Firm at \$4.10@4.30.

Cleveland, March 10.—Flour—Winter, wheat, patents, \$4.15@4.30. Wheat—No. 2 red 71c. Corn—No. 2 yellow, in elevator, 35 1/2c. Oats—No. 2 white, 35 1/2c. Potatoes—Per bushel 70c@75c. Butter—Extra creamery 21 1/2c. Cheese—York state 12c@13c, Ohio 11c. Eggs—Strictly fresh 17 1/2c@18c. Cattle—Choice steers \$4.80@5.00, fair to good \$4.40@4.75, calves \$5.75. Sheep—Good \$4.00@4.25, fair \$3.50@3.80, lambs \$5.15@5.20. Hogs—Yorkers \$3.80, pigs \$3.80.

Chicago, March 10.—Wheat—May 71 1/2c. Corn—March 34 1/2c. Pork—March \$9.00. Lard—March \$5.27 1/2. Ribs—March \$4.62 1/2. Hogs—Heavy \$3.60@3.90, light \$3.55@3.80. Cattle—Beeves \$3.90@5.90, stockers \$3.50@4.75. Sheep—Sales at \$4.30@4.60, lambs \$4.00@5.10.

Toledo, March 10.—Wheat—No. 2 cash 73 1/2c. Corn—No. 2 mixed 34 1/2c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 28 1/2c. Clover Seed—Prime cash \$3.80. Oil—Unchanged.

East Liberty, March 10.—Cattle—Extra \$5.50@5.65, stockers \$3.00@4.50. Hogs—Prime heavy Yorkers \$4.00@4.05, pigs \$3.90@3.95. Sheep—Prime wethers \$4.65@4.75, choice lambs \$5.35@5.45.

East Buffalo, March 10.—Cattle—Steers \$4.50@5.25, bulls \$3.50@4.25. Hogs—Yorkers \$4.05, pigs \$3.90. Sheep—Firm at \$4.65@4.75, choice lambs \$5.25@5.50.

Cincinnati, March 10.—Hogs—Steady at \$3.25@3.95. Cattle—Steady at \$2.75@5.10. Sheep—Steady at \$2.25@4.25, lambs \$4.00@5.25.

Oil Market. Oil City, March 10.—Credit balances \$1.13. Certificates no bids or sales.

"AMONG THE BOYS."

The Money that Coyle Offered was to be Distributed.

Harrisburg, Pa., March 10.—G. A. Jenks, the democratic caucus nominee for United States senator, was an interested spectator at last night's session of the bribery investigation committee. George Nox McCain of the Philadelphia Press was recalled and testified that Representative Sylvester S. Smith, of Cameron, told him he had been offered \$250 to vote to reconsider the vote by which the McCarrall bill had been postponed by the house until March 21. The bill of the party making the offer was not developed.

Representative Miller, of Northampton, repeated his allegation that Representative Spatz, of Berks, had told him there was \$50 in it for signing the paper in the hands of ex-Senator Coyle, of Philadelphia, to stand by Jenks for senator, and that afterwards Mr. Spatz offered him \$100.

Mr. Miller produced a small memorandum book from which he read the following: "On January 25, 1899, offered by Spatz \$50 to Heil and Miller; later \$100. Coyle on the evening of the same date to sign my name to paper pledging support to democratic nominee and binding myself to do so."

Miller said there was a general understanding with Coyle and Spatz that certain legislation was to be supported, for which money would be divided "among the boys."

Representative Johnston, of Northampton, said he had a conversation with Coyle just prior to the house democratic caucus to consider the McCarrall bill, in which Coyle said: "You help us out and I'll see you right after."

"What do you understand Coyle meant by that," Mr. Johnston was asked. "I thought if we would stand by him he would give me some money."

Shafter and Otis to be Promoted.

Washington, March 10.—The president has made up the list of the general officers to be retained in the volunteer branch of the service. The basis of the calculations is an army of 65,000 men. The reorganization act limits the number of major generals to be appointed to one for each 12,000 men and the brigadier generals to one for every 4,000 men in actual service. On this basis, as there are already three major generals in the army in the persons of Gen. Miles, Brooke and Merritt, there is room for but two more. To fill these two places the president has selected Gen. Shafter and Gen. Otis, now in command at Manila.

Tested a New Gun.

Reading, Pa., March 10.—An official government test of the Brown segmental tubular wire gun took place Thursday at Birdsboro, this county, where 50 of these guns are being built for the government. The gun is five inches caliber, weighs 3 1/2 tons and is 19 feet long. The highest pressure reached was over 30,000 pounds, with a velocity of nearly 3,000 feet a second. These tests will be continued for some days. So far they have been highly satisfactory to the inventor, J. H. Brown, and the government officials.

Veteran Ball Player Dies. Broceton, Mass., March 10.—W. H. McGunigle, the veteran baseball player and manager, died here yesterday, aged 42 years.

ELECTED TO THE SENATE.

Monroe E. Hayward Given the Coveted Honor by the Nebraska Legislature. Lincoln, Neb., March 9.—In joint session Wednesday M. L. Hayward was elected United States senator to succeed William V. Allen. He received 74



M. L. HAYWARD.

votes, the solid republican membership with the exception of one, absent on account of sickness. Allen received 55, the full fusion strength.

St. Louis' Coming Show.

St. Louis, March 9.—Two subscriptions of \$100,000 each and one subscription of \$50,000, have been promised for the \$500,000 fund on account of the world's fair to be held in St. Louis in 1903. Enthusiasm prevails and each trade and calling is competing with others to see which can raise the largest amount.

Secured Options. Cleveland, O., March 9.—The promoters of the ship yard combine have, it is stated, secured options on nearly every ship yard on the great lakes. The owners of the plants selling out to the trust have agreed to take 50 per cent. of the amount to be paid for their plants in stock.

Death of an Author. New York, March 9.—Louisa B. Quackenbos, who was co-author with her husband, the late George Payn Quackenbos, of the Quackenbos series of school text-books, is dead at her home in this city, aged 72 years.

\$500 Reward

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who placed iron and sicks on the track of the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., near the east line of Franklin Houser's farm, on the evening of Nov. 21st, 1891. HENRY AUCHU, President.

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WHISKIES, BRANDIES, GINS AND WINES,

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WU TING FANG PLEADED.

Chinese Minister Gratified at Decision of United States to Keep Hands Off.

Washington, March 8.—The Chinese minister, Mr. Wu Ting Fang, expresses himself as highly gratified at the definite determination of the United States to keep its hands off China and to resist the intimations of other powers that the time is ripe for this country to take for itself a part of the coast line of China, as made known by an authorized statement given out Monday. He said:

"I am sure the Chinese government and people will not fail to observe this strong evidence of good will. It is not only another bond between the two countries, but it has a special significance just now. While the old world powers seem moved by rapacity, the United States takes that lofty position of equity, justice and humanity which has characterized her dealings with other international questions of late, and instead of joining in encroachments on China, assumes an attitude of strict neutrality."

Austin Bidwell Dead.

Butte, Mont., March 8.—Austin Bidwell, one of the men who became famous through the Bank of England forgeries, died here Tuesday night in his room in the Mantle block. The cause of death was given as grippe. He was 52 years of age and a native of Chicago, to which place his body will be taken for burial. The story of the Bidwells is pretty well known. By means of forged securities in 1873 they got \$5,000,000 from the Bank of England, after victimizing other banks in Europe by means of forged letters of credit. Their idea was to get \$50,000,000 and then compromise with the bank. In the big game they failed and fled. George Bidwell was caught in France and Austin Bidwell in Cuba. They were tried and given life sentences with their two confederates. After 20 years they were released.

Strikers Accept Company's Offer.

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 8.—The strike at the Fox pressed steel car works has been settled. The proposition of the company for piece work was accepted by the strikers and the plant was in full operation Tuesday. At the Schoon pressed steel works about 500 more men are out. The plant is guarded by police, but no disorder has occurred.

Made Chief Clerk.

Washington, March 8.—The secretary of war has appointed John C. Scofield, now private secretary to the assistant secretary of war, to be chief clerk of the war department.