

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year in advance \$1.00

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for each insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times as much as for ordinary advertising.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion, 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Obituary notices five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, 15¢ per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per line.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job Department of the Press is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrears are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RE. ADM. SCHLEY will be assigned to command the European squadron when it is established, and R. Adm. Sampson will be retained in command of the North Atlantic squadron, while a new gulf squadron will probably be formed, under command of a commodore.

EMPEROR WILLIAM uses the largest visiting cards of any member of Europe's royal families. They are of heavy card, six inches long and four inches wide. On the upper line is the single word "Wilhelm," and on the second line are the words "Deutscher Kaiser und Koenig von Prussia."

SOME years ago Boone, Ia., was suffering from an epidemic of typhoid fever. Col. George Waring, who died of yellow fever in New York recently, came west and projected a sanitary system for that town, which is regarded as equal to that of any city of the same size in America. Just when he was commissioned to go to Havana he had about completed arrangements to practically duplicate the Boone system in several other Iowa cities.

A GERMAN dentist, Dr. Herz, proposes to put microbes in our mouths to steal away our pains. His discovery consists in an inoculum prepared from microbes he cultivates for the purpose. When applied in the case of a decayed tooth it stops the pain, but does not destroy the nerve; further, it again fixes the tooth and makes it possible to put in a lasting stopping. He has already treated a number of cases with it, and they have proved most successful.

If a child in Switzerland does not attend school on a particular day the parents get a notice from the public authority that he is fined so many francs; the second day the fine is increased and by the third day the amount has become a serious one. In case of sickness the pupil is excused, but if there is any suspicion of shaming a doctor is sent. If the suspicion proves to be well founded the parent is required to pay the cost of the doctor's visit.

A SUBSTITUTE for tobacco has been discovered by an eastern chemist. The appearance, odor, taste and effect on the system are all reproduced, it is claimed, and the sham can only be told by a microscopic examination. The one essential difference between the leaf tobacco and the substitute is the absence of nicotine in the latter. The cost of producing the substitute is said to be small, and a promise of the best perfectors of to-day at a price within the reach of all is made.

A COMPANY has been incorporated in Pittsburgh to abolish the razor. Instead of shaving a man, the barber will dab over his face a lather that will remove the bristles. The company has a capital of \$200,000, with which to start business. As soon as it gets its charter it will open a "parlor," where practical demonstrations will be given. Specimen men will sit in a show window on a crowded street and have their heads publicly and painlessly removed by a gentlemanly lecturer.

THE French so ready to use electricity in automobile locomotion, now propose to use the automobile wagons for exploration purposes. M. Felix Duboise, the explorer, intends to use them in his expedition to the Niger river. A number of his wagons were recently inspected and gave satisfaction. He can transport his automobile wagons to within 250 miles of his objective point on the Niger, and he believes he can cover this distance in a week. The bicycle may also be used in exploration.

MEDICAL men of Plainfield, N. J., are deeply interested in the discovery of a man with two distinct and separate hearts and two breast bones, all of which he can move about at will. The man who is thus generously endowed by nature is William King, colored, who claims to be 100 years old. His home is in New Bedford, Mass., and he has been visiting his cousin, Thomas Martin, the jail warden in that city, for several days. That he has two hearts Dr. M. B. Long, chief of the Muhlenberg hospital staff, says is undeniable.

CURIOUS creeds can be found among the upper classes. Lord Pollington, eldest son of Lord Mexborough, is a self-confessed Buddhist. The duke of Northumberland and his family, including Lord and Lady Percy, are Irvingites, as are Sir Herbert Maxwell and Lady Frances Balfour, a daughter of the duke of Argyll. Lord and Lady Radnor are credited with being ardent spiritualists. The late Lady Charlemont was a Jewess, not by birth, but by conviction, and Lord Stanley, of Alderly, is said to favor the principles of Mohammed.

BY ARBITRATION.

Spaniards Propose to Settle the Philippine Question.

They Assert that a Decision by a Third Party is Necessary to a Satisfactory Adjustment of the Negotiations Now In Progress at Paris.

Paris, Nov. 17.—At the meeting yesterday of the Spanish-American commissions the Spanish commissioners presented a long document in answer to the American argument which was submitted last week. By mutual consent the memorandum was handed to the Americans and the meeting adjourned until Saturday.

The Spaniards in their communication reaffirmed the position which they have assumed against the discussion here of Spain's Philippine sovereignty. They insist that the words "shall determine the control, disposition and government of the Philippines," in Article 3 of the peace protocol, do not warrant any reference to Spain's withdrawal from the Philippines except on her own terms, and therefore the Spaniards propose arbitration on the construction to be placed on the words "the control, disposition and government."

In signifying their willingness to submit the Philippine article of the protocol to a third party for construction the Spanish commissioners urged that as there is a difference of opinion regarding the phrase "the control, disposition and government of the Philippines," possibly the result of a misunderstanding, the Spaniards should not more be asked to surrender their view than the Americans to surrender theirs. The memorandum points out that a deadlock exists, which might be broken by arbitration, on the contending views, to which the Spanish commissioners are quite ready to submit. The latter declare that they have no idea of suggesting arbitration as to the main issue, which touches the national honor of both sides, but they are willing to accept exterior aid to clear the path of negotiation.

It is safe to say that the American commissioners will not consent to invoke exterior aid to construe the terms of their own protocol.

Another part of the Spanish memorandum flatly asserts upon the authority of M. Cambon's report of the protocol negotiations between Washington and Madrid through him, that President McKinley at no time objected to Spain's reservation of her sovereignty in the Philippines. This allegation is directly opposed to the American record on the subject.

Moreover, the Spanish commissioners allege that President McKinley's objection to Spain's phraseology in accepting the terms of peace was based solely, so far as was made known, upon this sentence in the Spanish acceptance: "They accept the proffered terms subject to the approval of the Cortes of the kingdom, as required by their constitutional duties."

The Spanish memorandum holds that M. Cambon answered the American objection to this by pointing out that the Americans' terms were proffered subject to the approval of the Americans, but that President McKinley replied that he did not desire to involve the internal affairs of Spain in the proceedings in hand.

The Spanish memorandum also asks why, if the United States objected to Spain's reservation of sovereignty, they did not plainly say so in the protocol and leave no room for argument.

AN EDICT FROM SHAFTER.

It Provided that the Hospital Equipment of His Army Should be Left at Tampa.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Col. J. W. Jacobs, who was chief quartermaster of the Fifth corps at Tampa and in Cuba, testified yesterday before the war investigating commission that Gen. Humphrey had been in charge of the embarkation of troops at Tampa, and that no order specifying what vessels had been issued. In reply to a question from Gov. Beaver he said the embarkation had been a hap hazard affair—"decidedly so."

Gen. McCook asked if there were any reasons why the cooking utensils and camp equipment of the troops should not have been forwarded from Daiquiri to the troops in the field.

"There was no reason," Col. Jacobs replied, "except that Gen. Shafter's order forbade."

Continuing he said the order was most positive. It did not specify what should not be forwarded, but was specific in providing that only forage and rations should be forwarded.

Dr. Connor asked whether orders had been given to leave all the hospital equipments behind at Tampa and Col. Jacobs responded that he had personal knowledge that Gen. Shafter had given such an order concerning the ambulances.

An important point was developed through the examination of Maj. Lagarde, one of the surgeons in charge of the hospital at Siboney. It was that of the 1,300 or 1,400 wounded men treated in the hospital only 11 had died. This was less than 1 per cent, and Dr. Lagarde said that no war in history showed so small a mortality among wounded men.

Abandoned the Maria Teresa. Washington, Nov. 17.—The armored cruiser Maria Teresa has been abandoned by this time and lies a wreck off the coast of Cat Island. The department has wired Capt. McCalla as follows: "If you are satisfied that the Teresa cannot be saved you are authorized to abandon the wreck."

Fastest Boat in the Navy. Newport, R. I., Nov. 17.—The torpedo boat Dupont yesterday exceeded the best torpedo boat speed yet developed in the United States, proving her to be the fastest boat in the navy. She showed a speed of over 30 knots an hour with two boilers.

THE BURDEN IS TOO GREAT.

The W. C. T. U. Convention Decides to Abandon its Connection with the Chicago Temple.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 15.—The W. C. T. U. national convention decided yesterday by a vote of 285 to 71 to abandon the Chicago temple project as an affiliated interest. Five hours of animated, vigorous and occasionally bitter debate was necessary before the vote was reached. The opposition to this action declared it was an act of repudiation of a moral obligation and fought every inch of ground, but most of the leaders were against them and they carried their point.

At 6:50 the secretaries began the roll call on the motion to adopt the action of the executive committee in abandoning the temple. The roll call lasted 42 minutes, nearly ten minutes more being required for changes and counting. The vote resulted 285 to 71, the temple being dropped as an affiliated body.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 17.—The closing day of the annual convention of the Women's Christian Temperance union was full of business. The last of the temple was heard when Mrs. Matilda B. Carse, of Illinois, who for



MRS. M. L. N. STEVENS. [Newly Elected President of the W. C. T. U.]

19 years has been president of the Women's Temperance Publishing association, made her last report from that organization and then delivered a touching farewell to those with whom she had so long been associated. In a dramatic scene on the stage, she clasped hands with Mrs. Stevens and Miss Gordon beside Miss Willard's vacant chair.

Pennsylvania was awarded the old banner for largest membership. Kansas took the banner for greatest gain in membership and also for the largest county increase. Harvey, Ill., gained the banner for the largest local union gain. Ohio was given the old banner for increase in numbers; Indiana, for largest increase in membership during the year, received what is known as the white ribbon star spangled banner, which was suggested by Miss Willard at the last convention, making the second banner won by that state.

SWEPT BY FLAMES.

Dawson City is Visited by a Conflagration that Caused \$500,000 Loss.

Skagway, Alaska, via Victoria, B. C., Nov. 15.—Returning Klondikers bring the news that the city of Dawson has been visited with a \$500,000 fire in which 40 buildings were burned, including the new post office and some of the best buildings in the city.

At the time the police gong sounded the fire alarm, a light wind was blowing and the people at once saw that it would require quick work to save the town from total destruction. The post office was the next building south of the saloon where the fire started, and the work of getting the mail matter out was quickly done. Although nearly all the mail was saved it is in great confusion. All that remains to show where formerly 40 buildings stood are a few blackened logs, and the town was saved from total destruction by the fire engine.

There is no insurance at Dawson. Officers are investigating the origin of the fire. It was at first thought that the fire was the result of an incendiary, but this idea has been entirely dissipated.

It is said there is not enough lumber and window glass in Dawson to rebuild the burned district and that the people are in distress and will have to live in tents for the rest of the winter.

Aginaldo Makes Threats.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 17.—Capt. Barneson, commander of the transport Arizona, arrived here from Manila, typhoid developed aboard caused the gravest apprehension among the 1,000 men about to start on a 29 days' voyage through tropical seas. The Arizona is held here. Gen. King is very sick. There are nearly 300 patients under treatment at the various state hospital camps. About 200 New Yorkers are on the sick list, yet conditions are improving. About 20 per cent. of the men in Camp Otis have been sick at one time. One Nebraska company leaves behind it here in the hospital 23 of its men. This is out of a contingent of 105.

Work Resumed at Virden Mines.

Virden, Ill., Nov. 17.—The plant of the Chicago-Virden Coal Co. opened for work Wednesday morning, having been idle since April 1 and having twice attempted to start with colored men from Alabama. The opening at this time is the result of a written agreement entered into with the miners conceding to them the Springfield scale of 40 cents per ton, mine run, and agreeing to take away the stockade surrounding the works.

Would Pay for a Cable Station.

Washington, Nov. 17.—The acquisition of an island in the Caroline group owned by Spain will be part of the work of the Paris peace commission. Cable communication between the United States and Manila via Honolulu is regarded as desirable should we occupy the islands and the distance between Honolulu and Guam island, in the Ladrone group, is so great as to make an intermediary station necessary. The acquisition of either of two of the Caroline islands which are suitable for a cable station would involve a money consideration and the United States will pay Spain a fair price for it.

FINANCIER SUICIDES.

Failure of the First National Bank of Emporia, Kan., is Followed by the Death of its President.

Emporia, Kan., Nov. 17.—Wednesday afternoon the First national bank of Emporia was closed by order of the comptroller of the treasury. An hour later Charles S. Cross, the bank's president and one of the best known breeders of Hereford cattle in the west, shot and killed himself at "Sunny Slope," his famous stock farm near town.

Speculation is said to have led to Cross' downfall. His fortune has doubtless gone down with the bank. Among the heavy losers by the failure are Lyon county and the city of Emporia. All the city and county funds were deposited in the institution. Cross was custodian of his father's estate, which is also said to be in a wrecked condition.

Cross' ending was tragic. To the majority of the people of the town the comptroller's card on the doors of the bank came as a surprise, but in financial circles the result has been anticipated for six months. Examiner Charles Jobs, who closed the bank on an order from the comptroller, has been going over its books with the aid of President Cross for the past week. No signs of mental agitation on the part of Cross had been displayed and when Cross left the bank yesterday, ten minutes before the bank closed, he waved his hand pleasantly to all his associates and seemed no different than usual. There was a smile on his face as he passed his friends on the street. He went immediately to Sunny Slope farm and, speaking pleasantly to the employes, passed into the bedroom of Manager Evans' house. When he did not come out, Evans entered the room. He found Cross lying in a pool of blood with a pistol in his hand. One shot had been fired and it went through the back of the head. Death must have been instantaneous.

The bank's statement has been growing bad, first causing comment last May. The statement issued on September 20 last did not show improvement. Small withdrawals of deposits resulted, but most of the business men kept faith in the bank and up to 10 o'clock yesterday heavy deposits were made. The last statement issued showed: Capital \$100,000; surplus and profits \$101,289; due to depositors, banks and bankers \$213,599; circulation \$22,500. Total \$737,388.

Examiner Jobs has been wrestling with the problem of the assets for a week and it is reported that he found them badly shrunken. To a reporter he said: "While I do not know exactly what the outcome of this matter may be, I think I am justified in saying that the depositors will not suffer seriously. Yet when a thing like this occurs it lops off 25 per cent. of the assets of the bank at one blow."

Cross was the son of the late Col. Harrison C. Cross, who died suddenly at Mackinac a few years ago and who was believed to be worth several hundred thousand dollars at the time of his death. Young Cross was 39 years old and had worked in the bank which his father helped organize since boyhood. Thirteen years ago he became interested in stock raising and in 1892 began the importation of fine Hereford cattle, for which his farm is known all over the country. Sunny Slope farm was one of the best stocked farms anywhere and it was Cross' ambition to make it the leading farm of its kind in the United States.

HUNDREDS ARE SICK.

Health Conditions Among Soldiers in Camp at Honolulu are Very Bad.

Honolulu, via San Francisco, Nov. 17.—The transports Ohio and Indiana arrived in port on the 5th. The Zealandia arrived on the 7th with the Tennessee regiment. The transport Indiana brought a woman stowaway, Sadie White. She came on board in a soldier's uniform and was not discovered until the third day out. Then she was put in a state room and a guard placed over her. She was put ashore here. She claims to have a sweetheart on the Bennington. She was assisted in smuggling aboard by Private P. J. Moore. He was given 20 days in the guard house and a fine of \$10.

The Ohio left for Manila on the 7th and the Indiana followed her on the 8th and the Zealandia on the 11th.

Typhoid fever broke out on the Arizona just as she was ready to sail for Manila. The promptness with which typhoid developed aboard caused the gravest apprehension among the 1,000 men about to start on a 29 days' voyage through tropical seas. The Arizona is held here. Gen. King is very sick. There are nearly 300 patients under treatment at the various state hospital camps. About 200 New Yorkers are on the sick list, yet conditions are improving. About 20 per cent. of the men in Camp Otis have been sick at one time. One Nebraska company leaves behind it here in the hospital 23 of its men. This is out of a contingent of 105.

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HARDSHIPS OF ARMY LIFE.

From the Press, Milroy, Ind.

One of the first to offer his services for the country in the Civil War, was A. R. Sefton, of Milroy, Rush Co., Ind. He made a good record. The life of every soldier is a hard one, and Mr. Sefton's case was no exception. "We were in Tennessee, penned in on all sides. Our rations were very scarce," said he, "and we had begun to go on quarter allowance, and as the rain was not enough to replenish the wells or streams, our canteens went empty. We were hurried on, and the only way to quench our thirst was to go down on our hands and knees and drink from the hoof tracks made by the horses."



Our Canteens were Empty.

"Some of us were taken sick from the effects of this. I was laid up several weeks in a field hospital from fever. From that time I was always afflicted more or less. "About four years ago I became much worse. Our family doctor seemed puzzled over my case, and it began to look as if there was no hope for my recovery, and that the inevitable end was near.

"Last November I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The physicians said they were an excellent medicine, but would do no good in my case. But I tried them, and am glad I did for I became better at once. Eight boxes, taken according to directions, cured me. I used the last of the pills about a year ago, and have not been troubled with my ailments since."

Mary Was a Mineralogist.

A teacher in one of the local schools was instructing a class of small children in mineralogy the other day, endeavoring to make clear to their young minds what a mineral really is. Standing before them she began in her clear voice: "A mineral is an inorganic, homogeneous substance of definite, or approximately definite, chemical composition found in nature. Do you understand me? Come now, you have all seen minerals. And your mothers and fathers have told you the names of them, haven't they? Of course, they have. Now, can any one of you tell me the names of three minerals?" There was no response, and she continued: "Have not some of you been out and seen minerals on exhibition?" One little girl raised her hand. "I thought so. Mary will name three minerals." Mary arose, and, putting her hands behind her, lisped: "Apollinaris, Vichy and seltzer."—Chicago Chronicle.

To California.

Attention is called to the excellent service of the North-Western Line to California and the favorable rates which have been made for single and round-trip tickets for this season's travel. Best accommodations in first-class or tourist sleeping cars, which run through every day in the year. Personally-conducted tourist car parties every week to California and Oregon. Choice of a large number of different routes without extra charge. Particulars cheerfully given upon application to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y, or connecting lines.

No matter how stubborn a man is, he has to wear glasses when the time comes, just the same.—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25c and 50c.

A fish in the hand is worth a dozen in the angler's story.—Golden Days.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the Cough a trace. Go to your druggist to-day and get a simple bottle free. Large bottles 25c and 50c. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Always remember that if a man knows where you can make a dollar he will not tell you about it; he will go after it himself.—Acheson Globe.

An Acheson woman was much pleased with her son's choice of a wife until she recently got a letter from the girl. The girl signed herself A Mandee, though named Amanda, and the Acheson woman at once made her son break off the match.—Acheson Globe.

Robert—"I had a curious dream last night. I thought I was making love to a handsome young woman, and just as I was going to pop the question I woke up." Richard—"Were you glad or sorry?" Robert—"Didn't know which to be. She might have said yes, and then again she might have said that she would always esteem me."—Boston Transcript.

"What's the reason of your enmity to that politician?" asked the rather romantic young woman. "Did he cross your path early in your career?" "No," answered Senator Sorghum. "He didn't cross my path. We were after the same office, and he ran over me from behind."—Washington Star.

Long-Distance Courage.—Biggs—"Can I use your telephone?" Diggs—"Sure. Who do you want to talk to?" Biggs—"Sluggs. I understand he made a derogatory remark about me, and I want to tell him just what I think of him."—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Before a youth starts out to fight the bread-and-butter battles of this cold and frigid world he should determine in his own mind whether he wishes to become a good whistler or a good office boy. He can't be both.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

When we hold our next general election the votes from our widely distributed sea islands will be classed under the head of "scattering."—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Lots of men fall over themselves in striving to get ahead of others.—Chicago Daily News.

HE GOT EVEN

His Customer Beat Him at the Start, But He Got Back at Him in Good Shape.

There is an old retired merchant in Detroit who delights in recalling his experiences when an active man running a general store in one of the northern cities of the lower peninsula.

"I used to reap a harvest when the men were coming out of the woods," he relates. "They were not up in styles, and about any old thing would suit them provided the color was right and the fit even passable. But there were tricksters among them and I had to have my wits about me in order to keep even with them.

"How much is this hat?" asked a strapping six-footer who arrived from camp one day with a pocket full of money.

"Two fifty," I replied. "Then he informed me that he always had the crowns of his hats punched full of holes in order to keep his head cool, and his hair from coming out. I soon had this attended to, and then he asked what the hat was worth. "Two fifty," I responded, in surprise, but he laughed at me for asking such a price for damaged goods. He had me and got his hat for a dollar while the jolly crowd with him had a laugh at my expense. He wanted to look at some fiddles," and after pricing one at \$10 concluded to take it. "Where's the bow?" he asked, as I was doing up the package.

"You only bought the fiddle," I laughed. The others saw the point and laughed, too. The giant tried to bluff me, but I kept good humored and got even on the hat by charging him \$1.50 for the bow. I not only got even, but the others were so pleased with my "Yankee trick" that they spent plenty of money with me."—Detroit Free Press.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Some Short Sentences Containing Truths Which We All Recognize.

Cupid has a snap when he encounters an idle brain.

Bucket-shopping is about the only kind men indulge in.

Some wives prepare for war by rifling their husband's pockets.

Any man who will enlist to get away from his wife's mother is a coward.

Marriages may be made in Heaven, but there will always be a few doubters.

Political economy is the art of getting the most votes for the least money.

Lots of friends are retained by not saying the smart things we might have said.

Education benefits a man but little if he is unable to recognize an opportunity when he needs it.

The possibilities of a penitentiary sentence are about the only thing that can add to the dangers of foolishness.

It's sometimes difficult for a girl to find her ideal man, but she's nearly always willing to accept a substitute.

A man may be the moved factor during the engagement, but after marriage the woman always appoints herself cashier.—Chicago Evening News.

Sage Advice.

No man should marry till he can listen to a baby crying in the next room and not feel like breaking the furniture.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Couldn't Fool Her.

"We must lay in an extra supply of fuel this winter," said the credulous business man while talking to his practical wife the other evening. "The cornhusks are unusually thick, and that means a long, hard winter."

"Who told you?" "The man we always buy coal from." "I thought so. We will just get the usual order."—Detroit Free Press.

From Baby in the High Chair

to grandma in the rocker Grain-O is good for the whole family. It is the long-desired substitute for coffee. Never upsets the nerves or injures the digestion. Made from pure grains it is a food in itself. Has the taste and appearance of the best coffee at 1/3 the price. It is a genuine scientific article and is come to stay. It makes for health and strength. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

Genius is a loftier quality than talent in the sense that genius often lives in the attic while talent has apartments on the ground floor.—Town Topics.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Professor (in medical college)—"What is the first thing you do in case of a cold?" Bright Student—"Sneeze, sir!"—Yonkers Statesman.

A "doubting Thomas" full of aches uses St. Jacobs Oil. He's cured.

Perplexing. "Money talks" and "Silence is golden." With two such precepts what is a man going to do?—N. Y. Journal.

Piso's Cure for Consumption relieves the most obstinate coughs.—Rev. D. Buchmueller, Lexington, Mo., Feb. 24, '94.

Mr. Oldchap—"Are you interested in fossils, Miss Gushley?" Miss Gushley—"Oh—er—this is so sudden!"—Tit-Bits.

Will it cure? Use St. Jacobs Oil for lame-back and you'll see.

A Natural Black is Produced by Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers. 50 cts. of druggists or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.

Advertisement for Castoria. Features the name 'CASTORIA' in large letters, a signature 'Dr. J. C. Peckham', and text: 'For Infants and Children', 'Bears The Signature Of Dr. J. C. Peckham', 'In Usa For Over Thirty Years', 'The Kind You Have Always Bought'. Includes the text 'THE SERRA COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.'