A Tale of Horror.

The *paulding*, (Miss.) *Clarion*, of March 1st, contains the following account of a tragedy in that vicinity:

Since the time when the midnight murder of Dr. Longdon and family sent a thrill of horror through this community, no event has created a deeper sorrow and more prevading indignation than the assassination on Tuesday last, of Mrs. Mary Dixon, wife of John Dixon, and her infant child, at her residence in the neighborhood of Wm. Bridges, Esq., by Haley, a negro man belonging to Mr. Zachariah Thomason. Having been summoned on the Coroner's Jury, we went in person to the scene of a horrible tragedy, saw the mutilated body of the murdered woman, the severed throat of her infant, and witnessed, without regret, the summary and terrible, but still inadequate expiation of his triple and atrocious crime by the monster. The revolting facts are briefly these:

On Tuesday morning, Mr. Dixon, unconscious of the awful doom impending over his family, started from home in quest of cattle. His little son, an artless child, a few months over two years old, started fondly after him, pursuing him some distance, unnoticed by the father and undiscovered by the mother. Mrs. Dixon soon missed the boy, and went after him, and called him to return. She was then approached by the brutal villain Haley, who at once offered such indignities as the virtue and pride of civilized woman resents and resists, even at the peril of life. She repelled the advances of the bestial monster, "yielding neither to threats nor disgusting importunities," which he felled her to the earth.

She asked at the hands of the fiend, life—life, that she might prepare for her solitary remaining hour—a refuge for her crushed spirit in Heaven!—But the ruffian heeded not; he spurned the prayer of the wife injured beyond reparation, and beat her on the head with pine limbs, and stabbed her till she died! Bruised, mangled, and defiled, lay the corpse of this lady, whom a husband had greeted gladly and unsuspectingly a few hours before, presenting a spectacle too hideous, too replete with horrible memories, for an unavgrated eye. The infant was found about thirty steps from the mother, its throat cut twice, with long deep gashes. It is probable the little child was the last victim—and that the last aspiration of her unutterable agony fell appalling upon his infant ear, before the cold knife of the monster assassin passed over the throat of the innocent creature.

The attendence of the Coroner was procured on Wednesday, and the jury, after a patient investigation, returned the following verdict:

"The said jurors do upon their oaths say—that the said Mary Dixon came to her death from blows inflicted by a certain negro man slave named Haley, the property of Zachariah Thompson, of Jasper county, that is to say, her skull was fractured, and also her lower jaw and cheek bone on the left side—her neck was dislocated, and also her left shoulder—the little finger was broken on the left hand—her left ear was badly mutilated—she had three cuts on her neck, supposed to be inflicted by a knife, one of them entering into the wind pipe, another the jugular vein, and the other a small cut on the left side of the neck. A large cut was on the lower part of the breast bone. A cut was also on her left arm, and some scratches and marks of violence on the right thigh, which indicated the purpose of the said slave Haley. The said Zachariah Dixon came to his death as follows—by two wounds inflicted by a knife one entering the windpipe, the other the carotid artery on the left side, which were inflicted by the said slave Haley."

When Haley was arrested his clothes were stained with blood, and the wretch attempted, and did throw away his knife. After being severely whipped, he made a confession. His implication of the [illegible] is entirely discredited by the citizens in the [illegible] of various circumstances strongly [illegible] to the execution of the latter. On Tuesday [illegible] two hundred persons assembled, including [illegible] females. The guilt of Haley was too manifest [illegible] and while indignation was at its height, [illegible] and curdled at the vivid recollection of the [illegible] deed, it was proposed that Haley be [illegible] to death. To this proposition there was not [illegible] dissent, if we except the officers of the [illegible] in compliance with their sworn duty, protested against the illegality of the act. All were [illegible] in the instant and signal punishment of the [illegible] murderer. Accordingly he was borne [illegible] changed to it, and surrounded with light [illegible] wood. It is worthy of remark that the [illegible] present evinced commendable abhorrence to [illegible] and criminal, and assisted with alacrity [illegible] punishment.

The Bingham, Mass., Journal says: "We have a [illegible]—a veritable giant, and no mistake. [illegible] McNeill is but 19 years old, so it is said, [illegible] nearly eight feet high, and still growing. He is well proportioned, intelligent looking, and, if [illegible] he attains maturity, will be a tall one. His shoes are sixteen inches long, and his [illegible] round as a Hingham bucket; every thing about him is in the same proportion. The gentleman under whose charge he is to be exhibited, says, what, if a fact, is a very remarkable one, viz., that seven years ago, that is, when Angus was 12 years old, he was known and noted as a dwarf; he was then but three feet high, and weighed only 31 pounds. Since that time he has grown eight inches a year on an average, and is not done yet. He now weighs 400 pounds, and has strength in proportion. He offers to lift a couple of barrels of rum at once, (provided he may have them for his pains,) or to forfeit their price. His mother, however, cautioned him when he left home, against [illegible] going in uncommon exertions of strength, for as yet, said she, "Angus is but a tender boy!"

FLAX vs. COTTON.—This case is decidedly triumphant in favor of the plant of the north. We read the trial as going on in England some months ago—it has been going on here also, and by a new invention of Dr. Leavett, Cotton may be said to be Flax-ed out. The machine of Mr. Leavitt takes the dry Flax from the field (without rotting) and at one operation, converts it into a fine floss, of the texture of the finest and best Cotton, and ready to be spun on the machinery of the cotton factory, as cotton is, up to the number 40's; then to be woven into cloth on the same looms, by a single girl, at the rate of sixty inches per day. The cloth will then bear about the price of Cotton Sheeting—last twice as long, and what is better than all, we shall owe it to our neighbor—to our own soil, and have to ourselves the profit on the growth of the raw material.—What will become of the cotton fields of the south, as soon as the northern farmers begin to stir in this business? Verily, Flax will prove a better abolitionist than Foster, and all his noisy tribe! The great reforms of the world are brought about by [illegible]—never by slang-whangers!

The one hundred millions of dollars for which the cotton crop now sells is about to be emptied into the pockets of our northern farmers. It is shown by figures that the flax crop will net at least $20 per acre clear profit. There will be the seed—there will be the fibre—both marketable, and both cash. It is suggested to plow up the turf land in the spring and sow flax, which comes off in time, and leaves the land clean for a fall crop—giving two valuable crops in little over a year.

It is suggested to establish Oil Mills, and Whitney's Flax Machine in every central locality, and spinning and weaving factories wherever the capital can be raised.

The invention includes the animalization of the flax fibre, so that it is then warm as cotton, or more durable; it takes all colors, as well as silk.

Throughout the North there is a general movement to carry out this invention, which is the greatest of modern times. It will revolutionize Manufactures, and Commerce; create a new and immense Northern mine of wealth; and by its own [illegible] silently pull down "the peculiar Institution."—*Ishtabula Telegraph.*

A GO.—At Huron, Erie county, Ohio, there was a serious attempt at marriage. It appears that relations of intimate friendship had existed between Dr. [illegible] and Miss B——, for some two years, which resulted in their presenting themselves at the Episcopal Church for the purpose of marriage.—The first portion of the service, embracing the vows of the bridegroom, were promptly responded by him. The covenant of the bride was then read by the clergyman, to which she promptly answered "No!" The minister asked her if she was in earnest, in what she said. "Yes, sir-ee," said she, "he has perjured himself—trifled with the affections of others—and I have but done him justice!" And turning round she took a gentleman's arm and left the [illegible].

DEATH OF GENERAL BROOKE.—A Telegraphic despatch was received from New Orleans at the War Department yesterday morning announcing the death of Brevet Major General George M. Brooke, which took place at *San Antonio, Texas* on the 9th instant.

We are not informed of the cause of his death.—Of the military history of this distinguished officer the following particulars cannot at this moment be uninteresting to any reader:

Gen. Brooke entered the army, from Virginia, on the 31 of May, 1893, as first Lieutenant in the 5th infantry. He was promoted to be rank of Captain the 1st of May, 1813; to that of Major of the 4th infantry in 1814; to that of Lieutenant Colonel same regiment March 1, 1819; and in July, 1831, to the rank of Colonel in the 5th infantry. His first brevet was that of Lieutenant Colonel, August 15, 1814, for "gallant conduct in the defence of Fort Erie;" his second was that of Colonel, September 17th, 1814, for "distinguished and meritorious services in the sortie from Fort Erie." He was made a Brevet Brigadier General, September 17, 1824, "for ten years' faithful service as colonel," and he was brevetted a Major General, May 30th 1818, "for meritorious conduct, particularly in the performance of his duties in the prosecution of the war with Mexico."

Fort Brooke, at Tampa Bay, was established by him and received his name, in 1824, where he was stationed for a number of years.

At the time of his death he was in command of the Sixth military department, (Texas,) and engaged in planing an expedition against the Indians.—*National Intelligencer.*

MR. WEBSTER.—The manner in which the Democratic press has treated Mr. Webster, since the accusation of Mr. Allen, of his own State, publicly made in the National Legislature,—an accusation so nearly affecting his personal honor—may be quoted as in healthy contrast with the course always heretofore pursued by the Whig press against the eminentmen of the Democratic party. Although the contradiction is by no means as ample and as particular as the charge, we have yet seen few Democratic papers that use the fact to damage Mr. Webster. None that we have seen goes back to remind the public of the direful excitement that was raised against the Hon. C. J. Ingersoll, of this city, when he, a Democrat, made an almost similar charge, or to quote confirmation or in justification of him, the statement of Mr. Allen. This is not an exception to the general conduct of the Democratic press, in their treatment of political opponents; though the instance under notice is one of the most marked that has yet taken place. Our adversaries of the whig ranks may obtain a lesson from this circumstance which they could practice upon hereafter with great credit to themselves. Whether it was expected that Democratic statesmen are to be more pure than whigs, the reader cannot fail to be struck with the remark of a paper now before us—the National Era, of Washington, one of the most violent opponents of the Democratic party—that if Mr. Buchanan had been charged, with that which has been alleged against Mr. Webster, it would have covered Mr. Polk's administration with more disgrace than that which befel General Taylor's on account of the Galphin transaction.—*Pennsylvanian.*

WAR AND MILITIA.—The United Service Magazine, in an excellent article on the "Military Crisis in Europe," comes to the conclusion, after a long and able review of the whole subject, that the best defence of a country, most reliable, most efficient, and least expensive, is a *Militia*, exercised in the use of the musket; and that if the struggle must come, as he insists it must, between absolute governments and free governments, the latter must conquer by their Militia. We have long observed the growth of American ideas in Great Britain, on all questions connected with our political system; and this is one remarkable illustration of the fact. Another is the desire, now so general in England, to separate the judicial from the legislative power, so as to give full force to the representative principle as advocated in the London "Times," and which we might find to be to us immense advantage, by taking from Congress the power to sit in judgment on matters dependent on the proper construction of their own legislation, and which now threatens serious consequences to great national interests, and private claims. England and the United States may both profit by lessons from each other.

REMARKABLE PHENOMENON.—The Burlington Free Press gives an account of a remarkable phenomenon which recently occurred on Lake Champlain, Aburgh, Vt. The ice, for an area of about five brass rods in an irregular form, was found, on the morning of the 16th of February, broken up into fragments of different sizes, and two large cakes had been lifted from the opening, and flung to the distance, one of seven, the other of ten rods. The ice was 17 inches in its thickness, and the large piece measured one way 29 feet 6 inches, and the other 33 feet six inches. It contained at least 8,000 cubic feet of solid ice, and weighed more than twenty tons. The ice in the Bay first formed about the 10 h of December, and at the time of this occurrence was very thick, and perfectly sound in all places except this opening. The wind blew very hard the evening previous, but no explosion or noise of any kind from the ice, was heard in the night. The depth of water at the hole was seventeen feet. The phenomenon is vouched for by men of the most respectability, but no satisfactory explanation has yet been given.

MISTAKING THE CUE.—The Westmoreland *Intelligencer*, the old Whig organ in Greensburg, comes to us with the names of General Winfield Scott, for President, and James C. Jones, of Tennessee, for Vice President, at the head of its columns. There is evidently a screw loose about Greensburg! It is well known that Gov. Johnston is making desperate efforts to have his name associated with that of Gen. Scott in Pennsylvania, and that his toadies throughout the State are obeying his mandates in relation thereto. Westmoreland is the Governor's native county, and the fact that the *Intelligencer* prefers a Tennessean for Vice President, is conclusive evidence of a flare-up in the Whig camp! We observe, also, that the Hollidaysburg *Whig* has up the name of some Florida gentleman, as the Whig candidate for Vice President.—The *American* and *Transcript* of this city, (the official organs of the State Administration,) are committed in favor of Scott and Johnston, while the old Hunker papers, the *Journal* and *Gazette*, are quiet on the subject as "dumb statues and breathless stones."—*Pittsburg Post.*

☞ A fat citizen of Boston was walking gravely along, with his left hand fixed in a frame: Hollow! what's the matter? cries a friend. "Oh! my friend," he replies, with an impassioned accent, "I have had the happiness to have this hand pressed by Jenny Lind, and I have had it framed!"

A NEW WAY TO DEFEAT A BILL.—A bill to amend the charter of the Buffalo and Mississippi Railroad Company, passed the House of Representatives of the Indiana Legislature, and went to the senate, where it was *stolen* to prevent its final passage.

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE.—We very deeply regret to learn that the tavern house, with all its contents belonging to Mr. H. L. Truby, at Catfish, in this county, was burnt to ashes on Tuesday night last. A man by the name of James Cochran, of Jefferson county, made an effort to get from the upper porch, from which he fell across the bannister of the lower one and broke his back. He died shortly afterwards. Philo Snow, left his bed to run down stairs, when his clothes took fire, from which he was so badly burned, that he too, soon exoired. This dreadful calamity is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.—*Clarion Democrat.*

SALE OF A WIFE.—The Stockport, Eng., Mercury contains an account of the sale of a wife at New Inn in the county of Derby, for five pounds one shilling. The husband who sold her was Elisha G., a cattle dealer, and the purchaser was George C., a bachelor. The wife is young and fair, and cried bitterly at being disposed of.

Ah, but she was a *white* woman; and that makes a difference. If she had been *black*, and an inhabitant of Georgia or South Carolina, what copious tears would not the English philanthropists have shed over the unfortunate woman! White slavery is too commonplace and familiar to them to have any claim on the sympathies of the "nation of grumblers."

☞ A Rhode Island lad, under examination by a Connecticut schoolmaster, being asked: "How many gods are there?" The boy, after scratching his head some time, replied—"I don't know how many yes've got in Connecticut, but we have none in Rhode Island!"

☞ We sincerely regret to learn that Mr. Theophilus Carter, of the firm of Carter & Brother, in this city, sustained an injury of a most serious nature, on Monday afternoon last. He happened to be engaged about a circular saw in the Planing establishment belonging to the firm, on Eleventh street, and not exercising proper vigilance, his hand was caught by the saw, and before it could be withdrawn, shockingly mutilated at the wrist.—He is in charge of Dr. Faulkner, and we are to learn the Doctor—who is one of the best of Surgeons—expresses the opinion that the amputation of the hand will not be necessary.—*Gazette.*

To the Honorable Court of Quarter Sessions of Erie Co.

The petition of Alexander Davidson of North East in said county, respectfully represents, that he is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travelers, at the house he now occupies in said Borough. He therefore prays the Honorable Court to grant him a license for keeping a public inn or tavern, and he as in duty bound, will pray, &c. ALEXANDER DAVIDSON.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the Borough of North East in which the above inn or tavern, prayed to be licensed, is proposed to be kept, do certify that Alexander Davidson the above applicant, is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travelers, and that such an inn or tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travelers.

Signed, Benj. Hazel, Thos. Van Scoter, B. C. Town, Reuer Town, Wm. E. Ward, Stanley Brown, W Allison, R. Hiles, J. M. Mills, J. H. Barnes, H. H. Allison, S. M. Lehman, W. Drummond, E. Nestle, R. S. Hawley, Benjamin Hall, David Allison, P. F. Chappel. 3w9

New Goods! New Goods!!

JUST received, by steamer Wisconsin, direct from New York, the first stock of Spring Dress Goods, &c., which will be sold cheap for cash. H. CADWELL.

Erie March 22, 1851. 45

NEW AND USEFUL.

Planing Mill and Lumber Yard.

On Everett St. East of French, Erie.

CARTER & BROTHER having purchased one of WOODWORTH'S IMPROVED PATENT PLANING, MATCHING and GROVING MACHINES, as well as the exclusive right for using the same in this county, are now prepared to dress lumber as any of the above cities for all who may see fit to favor them with a call. The facility with which they can dress lumber enables them to put the price so low, which with the superiority of the workmanship, effect strong inducements to House Carpenters and all others who may be in want of dressed Lumber to give them at least a call and examine into the matter themselves.

Flooring dressed by this Machine is fully equal to that dressed by hand, both in the smoothness of the surface, and *cleanness of the joints*, while it has the advantage of being of uniform thickness and width the entire length of the board, requiring no fitting or setting to draw the surface even; hence a carpenter will lay double the number of squares in a day dressed in this manner, that he can of that dressed by hand. The machine is so constructed that they can dress lumber any width up to 24 inches, and any thickness up to 2 inches.

They also have CIRCULAR SAWS in operation in connection with the above, with which they can rip one or any width or thickness desired. Also, a very superior TURNING LATHE, for turning the to do any kind of turning required by House Carpenters, Cabinet Makers, Steam Boat, &c.

They are also preparing to, and intend keeping on hand constantly a supply of Lumber, especially Whitewood flooring and siding and Clear Pine. CARTER & BROTHER.

Erie, March 22, 1851. 45

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between Carter & Brother and Jacob Knapp, under the firm of Carter & Knapp, in the business of manufacturing Lime & Oil Stone, and Planing Lumber, etc. etc. is this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The books and accounts are left in the hands of Carter & Brother, to whom all persons interested are requested to call and settle the business of the firm with as little delay as possible.

CARTER & BROTHER,
JACOB KNAPP.

Erie, March 22, 1851.

Copartnership Notice.

COMPTON & HAVERSTICK have associated with themselves Mr. L. N. Tibbals, under the name of Compton, Haverstick & Co. JOHN COMPTON,
H. B. HAVERSTICK,
L. N. TIBBALS.

Erie, March 13, 1851. 3t3

RENOVAL.—The subscribers have removed their goods to the Store lately occupied by R. A. Baker, next door south of the store of Smith Jackson. Where we shall be happy to wait upon all who may favor us with a call.

COMPTON, HAVERSTICK, & CO.

Erie, March 22, 1851.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF THE SEASON!!

NEW GOODS—Just received this evening from New York, per steamer Wisconsin, a handsome assortment of Ginghams, de Laine, Prints &c., which will be sold cheaper than the cheapest. Please call and examine for yourselves, as we are determined to sell our goods. COMPTON, HAVERSTICK, & CO.

Erie, March 22, 1851. 3t3

Take Notice!!

IT has ceased to be a question as to whether it is right to collect the large amounts of debts now due and none of them of long standing. After the first of April I shall be compelled (much against my will) to commence my collections. Those indebted will please call and settle.

Erie, March 22, 1851. H. CADWELL.

LAKE STEAM FOUNDRY.—The undersigned have purchased the interest of Lester, Sennett & Co. in the Erie Foundry, and intend to conduct it in such a manner as to give satisfaction to the business men of the city and vicinity. They will continue to manufacture the various branches, such as Steam Engines, Boilers, Propellers, Mill Gearing, Castings, &c. They respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to the establishment, and will endeavor to merit the same by strict attention to their business.

ERIE STEAM FOUNDRY.
CONRAD BROWN, JR.,
MATTHEW R. BARR.

March 22d, 1851.

STORAGE AND FORWARDING.

HAVING taken the Ware House on the Public Dock, on the east side of State street, recently occupied by L. N. Tibbals, I respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

WALTER CHESTER.

March 22, 1851.

Clothing at Wholesale!

G. P. & J. B. WILLIAMSON,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
READY MADE CLOTHING,
69 *Nassau and 54 & 56 John sts., up stairs,*
NEW YORK,

HAVE now on hand a full and desirable assortment of Spring and Summer Clothing, to which they invite the attention of Country Merchants and others, as they are determined to sell at very small profits for cash or approved credit.

G. P. & J. B. WILLIAMSON.

March 15, 1851. 3m12

Dye Wood, Dye Stuffs, Paints, &c.

THE undersigned offer for sale on liberal terms *Dye Woods*, of all the different kinds, of the best in the market, and warranted equal to any manufactured, viz:

Log-wood, Red-wood, Cam-wood, Bigar Nicka-wood,
Fustic, Green Ebony, Red Sanders, Extract of Log-wood,
Nicka-wood Brazil-wood, Peach-wood, Tar-wood,
Lac, Dye, Argol, Cream Tartar,

Together with a general assortment of *Dye Stuffs, Dyers' Drugs, Paints, &c., &c.* Merchants and manufacturers supplied.

PENTZ, TOWNSEND & CO.
No 33, Warren street, N. Y.

March 8, 1851.—3m

Water Consolidated.

THE proprietor of the Erie City Works, has procured the entire Waters of Mill Creek, and rebuilded & enlarged, after the 1st of May next. Therefore, the public can be assured, that the above Mill will be prepared to any amount of water customers at all times, and that Custom Grinding will have the preference.

ELIAS FAY.
Erie, March 15th 1851.
mar11 Miller.

GREAT WESTERN TIN SHOP.

The subscriber would inform his friends and the public generally that he still continues the TIN, COPPER and SHEET IRON BUSINESS at the old stand formerly kept by Middleton & Murphy, and respectfully invites a continuation of the patronage hitherto extended to the concern. I have now on hand the largest stock of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware west of New York, which I am willing to purchase would do well to call on me before purchasing elsewhere, as I am bound to sell cheaper than the cheapest.

Having taken out and put in the best COOK STOVE in the state, (the Eagle Hot-Air) which we now put up for $20, and warrant to bake better than Pails, Coal Boat Lamps and Flasks, Coffee Pots, Tea Pots and Boilers, Lanterns, washbowls, cake pans, pails, dippers, skimmers, tinkettles, ladles, funnels, locks, candlesticks, tinpuffers, pie pans, etc. etc. Also, a full assortment of Japanning, gum painting and graining constantly on hand. Also, a good assortment of JAPAN WARE, consisting of coffee pots, trunks, dec'd boxes, spittoons, tea and coffee canisters, fruit dishes, dust pans, lard and oil cans, candle moulds, flour sieves, toy guns and pails, rattle boxes, whistles, knife cleaning machines, horse hair pan cleaners, etc.

Spouting and Gutters promptly attended to. All kind of tinwork made and repaired at the shortest notice.

WANTED—Most forts the highest price of old Copper, Brass and Pewter will be taken in exchange for Tin and Copper Ware.

Merchants and others would do well to give me a call at the old stand of Middleton & Murphy, two doors east of Brown's Hotel.

Erie, March 13, 1851.—11 S. MURPHY.

ERIE ACADEMY.

THE Spring Term of the Erie Academy commences on Monday, March 24 under the superintendence of

J. HENRY BLACK, A. B
Teacher of the Languages and the Natural Sciences.
MR. O. D. HENDEY,
Teacher in English Literature, and Penmanship.
Miss SARAH A. KIBBE,
Preceptress, and Teacher on Physiology, Chemistry and Botany.
Miss CATHARINE BEEBE,
Teacher of Music.

Tuition Per Quarter.

In the Languages,	$1 00
In Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, &c.	1 50
In Primary Studies,	2 00

There are no extra charges connected with the Academy except for Music and Drawing. The charge for Music is $6; for Drawing, $2 00.

The regular time for admission is at the beginning or middle of the term. No one will be admitted for less than half a quarter.

From the pleasant and healthful location of the Academy, the advantages which it offers, the accessibility of and very economical apparatus, and the ability of the teachers both to impart knowledge and to discipline the conduct, it is confidently believed that very superior inducements are presented to all who may be desirous of pursuing a course of systematic and thorough instruction. For the benefit of those desiring to prepare themselves for teaching, particular instruction will be given, and a class formed, exclusively for the branches usually taught in schools and in the theory of imparting instruction.

JOHN GALBRAITH, President.
MERRAY WHARTON, Secretary.
Erie, March 13, 1851. 3t11

300 TONS of Plaster for sale cheap, by
D. S. CLARK.

25 BUSHELS Dried Peaches just received and for sale cheap by D. S. CLARK.

Still Dying.

AND paying the highest price for any quantity of Domestic Fanned, Sack'd, Yarns, Dried Apples and Peaches.
Erie, Dec. 14. LAIRD & RUST.

RUBBER SHOES.—$3.50 Pair Women's, Men's and Children's of all desirable styles, at less prices than be found in Erie.
J. H. FULLERTON

SOLAR Lamps, Girandoles, Chimnies, Globes, Wick in variety at C. LOOMIS & CO.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.—A lot of Toys and other things, suitable presents for the coming Holidays, at
December 10. C. LOOMIS & Co., State st.

GLASSWARE.—Tumblers, Decanters, Jelly Dishes, Glass Jars, Preserve Dishes, Plates and Pitchers, Molasses Cans, Oil Lamps, and a General variety of Glassware for sale at the Pittsburgh Store.
No. 2, Wright's Block.

KID GLOVES.—20 doz. Kid Gloves, all colors, the best article imported; also, Buckskin, Woolen, Silk, Linen Thread and cotton, at FULLERTON'S

STATIONARY.—Letter and Cap paper, common and hand laid, plain and ruled; also, gilt edged, plain and fancy Note Paper and Envelopes, at

DEATH.

1851. 1851.

LOWRY & SCOTT,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND
DEALERS IN COAL!

Also, Fish, Flour, Salt and Plaster, at the large Ware House West of the Bridge, Public Dock, Erie, Pa.

M. B. LOWRY, WM. L. SCOTT.

SPEED'S TELEGRAPH LINE.

In Direct Communication with the Principal Texas and Cities in the United States.

A. PARSONS, Jr., Manager.

Office, in Williams' Block, State street, directly opposite Brown's Hotel, Erie, Pa.

W. H. SHERMAN, DAGUERRIAN ARTIST!

Park Row, Three Doors east of Brown's Hotel, Erie Pa.

"Let Nature copy that which Nature made."

Daguerreotype Likenesses of all sizes, sizes and prices, from twelve shillings to twelve dollars faithfully executed and warranted unfading. 1y11

NOTICE.—The subscribers to the Erie Reading Room Association are hereby requested to pay to Geo. A. Elliott, Esq., Treasurer, their respective subscriptions at the earliest date possible, in order to secure the full advantages of the Association.—By order of the Association at a special meeting held Feb. 24, 1851.
March 15, J. CAMP, Sec. Erie, Penn.

CLAPTER.—100 tons of fine ground plaster for sale by
Feb 22 LAIRD & RUST.

Coal Boat Extension for Sale.

THE "Extension," now lying at Erie with Furniture all in good order, will be sold at a bargain and on accommodating terms. Apply at the Exchange office of

Erie, Feb. 22, 1851. M. SANFORD & CO.

$5000 CANAL BONDS wanted; also, a few shares of Erie and North East Rail Road Stock, by
December 7, 1850. LAIRD & RUST.

Land and Lots for Sale.

300 ACRES in Bloomfield township, 120 acres cleared, building and orchard—price $3000. This is an excellent grazing farm.

150 acres nine miles west of Erie, in Fairview township, 100 acres cleared, buildings and orchard—price $35 per acre, an excellent grain or grazing farm.

77 acres in Union township, 15 acres cleared, buildings and orchard—price $1200.

100 acres in LeBeuf township, on the east bank of French Creek, 6 miles below Waterford—65 acres cleared, house, barn, and orchard, price $3000. This is a beautiful farm of bottom lands and hill side, good for grain or grass.

76 acres two miles east of Erie, on Lake Road, good buildings and orchard, and a valuable power for a mill—price $90 per acre.

30 acres Erie Academy land, one mile south of Erie, on the Turnpike road, all cleared—price $75 per acre.

300 acres of Wild Land, part of tract No 2300, in Washington township—price $750.

84 acres of wild land in Le Beouf tp—price $3 per acre.

Also, a large number of In Lots and Out Lots of the town of Erie.

WILSON KING.
Feb 22, 1851. 12 Land Agent, Erie, Pa.

London Porter.

A PURE article can be found at
MOORE'S GROCERY STORE.

GREAT BARGAINS.

AS I am determined to sell off my stock of Fancy Dry Goods, those wishing great bargains must be on hand at No 2 Commercial Exchange, where the *largest and Cheapest* stock of Fancy Goods ever offered for sale in Erie, may be seen, and will be sold for cash at *Cost*. Having purchased my stock entirely for Cash, I am enabled to sell at prices never before known. A large assortment of Carpets and Oil Cloths on hand, which I will sell at cost.

Erie, Feb. 8, 1851. MOSES KOCH.

To the Honorable Court of Quarter Sessions of Erie Co.

The petition of Heion Hopper of the Township of North East, in said County, respectfully represents that he is well provided with house room, and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travelers, at the house formerly kept by Abram Mosher, on the Buffalo Road, in said township, and therefore pray the Honorable Court to grant him a license for keeping a public inn or tavern, and he as in duty bound, will ever pray, &c. HEION HOPPER.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the township of North East, in which the above inn or tavern is prayed to be licensed, do certify that the above named Heion Hopper, applicant, is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travelers, and that such an inn is necessary to accommodate and entertain strangers and travelers.

Signed, G. W. Osborne, N. C. Remington, Abraham Mosher, Ezra Winslow, Alanson W. Bates, Morgan L. Benson, Thomas Sullivan, Zenus M. Bliss, Eben Manger, Henry T. Jones, D. M. Dewey, Joseph Scouller, Samuel G. Smith. 3w9

DISSOLUTION.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers expired by its own limitation on the first of March. The Books and Notes of the late firm will be found at the store in the Bonsall block on the first of April, after which they will be at the new store adjoining the Low Foundry, where all who are requested to call and settle with Walter Chester, as he is authorized to close up the business. The importance of making immediate payments to the undersigned further notice, and it is hoped that a resort to *legal measures* will be unnecessary.

E. A. LESTER,
PARDON SENNETT,
WALTER CHESTER.

Erie, March 2, 1851.

REMOVAL.

THE PITTSBURGH STORE has been removed from No 2, Wright's Block, to the frame building on French street, one door north of C. M. Tibbals, where the subscriber still continues to keep a full assortment of Groceries and Provisions on hand and for sale, at wholesale and Retail, at a small advance above cost.

Erie, March 13, 1851. J. M'CANN.

Now is the time to clothe yourselves Cheap.

HAVING a large stock of *Winter Clothing* still on hand and being desirous to make room for the Spring stock, I will sell any article from my stock at a small advance from Cost. Call and satisfy yourselves at this *great* Row of good woolen socks on hand. JACOB KOCH.

Erie, Feb. 7, 1851.

Dissolution.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of W. H. Knowlton and Son has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be carried on by W. H. Knowlton, who is duly authorized to settle all accounts of said firm.

N. B. All persons having unsettled accounts with the late firm are requested to call upon forthwith and leave cash.

W. H. KNOWLTON,
N. KNOWLTON.

Erie Jan 22 1851.

A SUIT will be disposed of at a Wholesale or Retail Clothing, Hat and Cap Store, the following articles for cash, but exactly for cost for small advances.

150 Over Coats,	250 Sack Coats,
70 Dress do,	80 Frock do.,
300 pairs Pants,	150 Vests,

And any quantity of Wool n Shirts, Drawers and Socks.
February 8, 1851. MOSES KOCH.

CARTER & BROTHER, No. 6, Reed House.

HAVE on hand a very extensive assortment of Drugs and Medicines, so that they are enabled to fill the orders of physicians of whatever school, or no school, with every article required, and of such quality as to enable the intelligent physician to calculate their action with reasonable certainty. Their terms are such as cannot fail to suit all reasonable persons.

SUGARS—Loaf, crushed, pulverized, Coffee crushed Powdered, Rio, N. O. and Havana Sugars. Together with every article usually found in a Grocery Store can be found at

MOORE'S GROCERY STORE.

ARTISTS MATERIALS.—Such as Canvass, Brushes, round and flat, Easels, Pallet Knives, Glass Slabs, Knives, Colors in Tubes, Poppy and Nut oil, Mastic Varnish, Drying Oil &c.
Jan 31. CARTER & BROTHER.

PURE ALCOHOLIC EXTRACTS.—

Extract of Taraxicum,	do	Hyoscyamus,
do	Belladonna,	do Conia,
do	Cardamum,	do Jalandia,
do	Stramonæ,	do Jallande,
do	Aconiti,	CARTER & BROTHER.

PILLS.—Physicians, Ergot and Cod Liver Oil CARTER'S

CHARCOAL PENCILS for sale at Clarke's.

Grass Mats.

A FULL assortment of Buggy and Hoop Mats at
MOORE'S GROCERY STORE

NEW Raisins for sale by
D. S. CLARK.

FOR SALE.

A FARM of 70 acres, on the Lake Road, two miles west of the borough of Erie (third section of out lots) with a good frame House, Barn and Orchard. This farm is a desirable property, under a fine state of cultivation, and well situated as a country residence. Terms of payment easy. Apply to

A. JAMAISVILLE.
Jan 21, 1851. At P. C. Blanchard's 138 Main St. Buffalo, N. B. There is a good water power on the above land

Doctor O'Conor, from Dublin.

GENERAL Medical Practitioner, Physician, Accoucher and Dentist. Office and residence at the Reed House, Erie.
Erie, Nov. 16, 1850. 37

WHITE FISH—100 bbls. and half do. Mackinac and Detroit River White Fish; also, a lot of Mackerel and Shad for sale cheap at MOORE'S GROCERY STORE.

JENNY Lind Caps—The most fashionable Style to be had at
Dec 28, '50. FULLERTON'S.

NEW GOODS!

RECEIVED to-day about one Bay State Shawls, also a great assortment of Ladies and other fine goods at the Empire.
January 1, 1851. H. CADWELL.

To Persons Intending to Build.

CARTER & BRO. have on hand a large lot of Window Glass—their assortment embraces nearly all sizes, among which are English and French, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania glass, of every quality, from the inferior to the best. They have also a large assortment of Sash, both with and without glass, and will furnish orders for Windows of any style or quality, on the most reasonable terms. Lumber taken in exchange. No. 6, Reed House.

BOOTS & Shoes,—
4 cases Women's Thick Boots,
3 " Kip "
2 " Calf "
2 " Boys thick, "
2 " Kip "

Children's coarse and fine Shoes and Pumps, for cash at the very lowest prices. All work warranted first rate or no sale.
Dec 7. C. M. TIBBALS.

"Better Late than Never"

WE are now receiving our stock of Fall and Winter Goods, which has been selected with care, and we think we can please will any with taste. The assortment is very general, and contains some styles of Dress Goods, not to be found in this market, as they have been imported direct to us. We invite the visits of Cash Customers, and those who have produce to exchange, and feel confident we can stand the test of comparison in style and prices with all others. No fear of the "new goods."

Nov. 23. LESTER SENNETT & CHESTER.

Notice to Saw Mill Owners.

CARTER & BRO will give cash for any quantity of Poplar or Chestnut Wood Flooring, 1 inch thick, or any amount of Pine Lumber, No. 6, Reed House.—Jan 18, 1851.

JOHN E. BURTON, DRUGGIST, NO. 4 REED HOUSE.

BEGS leave to inform the public that he is in receipt of his Fall and Winter supply of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Pure Wines and Liquors for medical purposes, Teas, &c., &c. all of which he offers for sale at prices which he is confident will suit purchasers.

It is his intention to sell medicines which are pure, fresh and genuine. The profession may depend upon such being delivered whether to themselves or to their order. All wishing articles in this line are invited to give him a call.

Erie, Nov. 2, 1850. n25

DOCTOR LA CROIX.

OLD GALEN'S LOCK DISPENSARY—No 61 Liberst., up stairs, Arcade Buildings, established for the prevention and removal of venereal diseases WITHOUT MERCURY.

Dr. La Croix, continues to be consulted confidentially, upon those diseases of the human frame of a private nature, viz: Syphilis, Gleets, Stricture, Impotency, Seminal Weakness of both sexes, diseases of the Womb, Nervous Debility, Mercurial diseases, Gravel, Nodes, Chronic Rheumatism, Ulceration of the throat, Pimples, Throats, Nose and Limbs, Syphilitic affections, Inflamed Eyes, Impotent or gradual wasting away of the powers of life, night sweats, swellings of the joints caused by mercury and improper treatment of secret diseases, whether mild or virulent, and from any cause whatever, will be treated on the most reasonable terms, and in the most speedy, safe and effectual manner. The many cases of the above named diseases that have been entrusted to the management of Dr. La Croix, and the numerous recommendations he has received from those cured, is sufficient evidence that they can rely with confidence on a perfect and lasting cure, for any and every one of the above named diseases.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

There is a habit which boys teach each other at the academy or college, a habit indulged in when by himself, in solitude, growing up with the boy to manhood. Few of those who indulge in this pernicious practice are aware of the consequences until they find the nervous system shattered, full of strange and unaccountable feelings and vague fears in the mind. The individual becomes feeble,