Erie Weekly Observer.

ERIE, PA.

SATURDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 29, 1849.

☞ *In consequence of a press of advertising favors and the room necessarily occupied by the Message, our editorial and news departments have been cut short this week.* We were in hopes of being able to obtain a copy of the message by mail, and thereby avoid the errors of a telegraphic report, and waited for that purpose until yesterday before putting it in type, but were disappointed. The errors, however, are not so material as to prevent the intelligent reader from comprehending what the *President really means.*

TAVERN LICENSES.—Those of our friends who wish to advertise for License at the February Court, through the columns of the *Observer*, will take notice that their petitions must be inserted in the next number.

AN ORGANIZATION AT LAST.—Well, the long agony is over, and HOWELL COBB, democrat, of Georgia, is *Speaker of the House of Representatives*, and consequently faction and trickery, bargain and bribery, have all been knocked on the head. This result, so "devoutly to be wished for," was brought about on Saturday by the House adopting a resolution to ballot four times, and if there was no election by a majority of the whole before the fourth trial, then the candidate having the highest number upon that ballot, should be declared Speaker. Upon the first ballot the vote stood: Winthrop, 99; Cobb, 95; Wilmot 9. *No election. Second ballot, Winthrop, 92; Cobb, 96; Wilmot, 9. No election. Third ballot, Winthrop, 97; Cobb, 97; Wilmot, 9. No election,* and the House *proceeded to the fourth ballot*, a plurality electing, with the following result: Cobb, 102; Winthrop, 100; Wilmot 8; scattering, 13. The tellers then proclaimed Mr. Cobb elected, and he was conducted to the chair by Messrs. Winthrop and M'Dowell, upon taking which he briefly addressed the House as follows:

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives: It would be useless to disguise the fact that I feel deeply embarrassed in taking this chair under the circumstances attending my election. I am conscious of the difficulties by which this position is surrounded at this time. The peculiar organization of this body is exhibited in our proceedings since we first met. The nature and character of the various important and exciting questions of public policy which will engage our attention during the present session of Congress, conspire to render the duties of this office peculiarly embarrassing, onerous and responsible. I may be permitted therefore, to ask, in advance, *your generous aid and support in the effort I shall make*, firmly, faithfully and impartially, to discharge its duties. The country has been looking with anxiety to our efforts to effect an organization, and the people will continue to regard with interest every step we take in our legislative course. Our duties will be laborious—our responsibility great. Let us, then, in view of these considerations, *invoke, in the discharge of these duties, a patriotism* as broad as the Union, and as comprehensive as the nature and character of her various interests and institutions.—Guided by this spirit, under the blessings of Heaven, our action will result in the continued prosperity of our common country. *Accept, gentlemen, my grateful acknowledgment* for the honor you have conferred on me, *in electing me your presiding officer during the present Congress.*

Thus, after four weeks spent in ineffectual balloting, and worse than useless wrangling, has the House effected an organization by adopting the plurality rule a measure that could have been resorted to with as much propriety at the close of the first week of the session as now. To our mind it was just as *manifest* at that time that the hydra head of disunion, which has reared itself north and south, would never allow an organization as long as it could prevent it; and, as parties stood, that was easy as long as *it required* a majority to elect. It was, then, unquestionably the duty of Congress to have adopted this course long ago, and thus nipped faction in the bud.—But we are *not disposed to be captious* now—we feel too well satisfied with the final result. That Howell Cobb is every way qualified for Speaker, even *Grecleyized*, whigery will not deny; and although we are not disposed to chronicle his election as a purely party triumph, we may be allowed to say that a better democrat of the Union—and the *whole* Union—is not to be found. Elected by a minority vote, we sincerely trust he will not descend to the level, in *forming the committees*, of an "accomplished Winthrop." Let *that* be the sole province of whigs—the Democracy want none of it! Elected by the votes of members representing Democratic districts, and claiming themselves to be democrats, Robert C. Winthrop became a partizan Speaker in every sense of the word. *In appointing committees, in deciding points of order*, in all the duties of the station he was *thus* called to fill, from the time he took the chair until he vacated it *on the third of March last*, he knew no *rule of action* but that of party! *Such* a speaker we trust Mr. Cobb will *not be!*

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

In another part of our paper will be found this long looked for, long expected, veritable document. Having been so *long* expected, we did not deem it necessary to change the order of things by getting it out in a *hurry*. Besides, we could not, however much we might have desired to do so, have given it to our readers in advance of our regular publication day. Our cotemporaries of the *Gazette*, however, showed a commendable spirit of enterprise by going to the trouble and expense of telegraphing and issuing it on Tuesday morning, the day after its delivery. We trust they will reap their reward for so doing, if not in this world, at least in the world to come; which *latter*, by the by, we think from our experience in the newspaper business, is a good deal more probable than the *former!*

But to the message itself. It is short, and in that particular commendable,—rather dignified than otherwise, and, like every thing else from the same source, as non-committal as it well can be. It opens by communicating the important fact that "sixty years have elapsed since the establishment of our government;" to which the author could with equal truth have added, "forty of which time I have passed in the camp, and during all that period never exercised the right of a freeman, by voting." This would have shown to the country how peculiarly qualified he is for his present position, and thus prepared them to receive his suggestions and recommendations in regard to our foreign and domestic affairs, such as finance and tariff, diplomacy, commerce and navigation, without doubts or questions. This was undoubtedly an oversight, and we hasten to make it public. *In regard to* our foreign relations, the President is as "mild as a sucking dove," and declares that with all nations of the earth, except *Portugal*, we have not a semblance of a quarrel. In regard to that power, he more than intimates that if she don't "pay up" and pass receipts, he'll give her a taste of Buena Vista, and for that purpose will, at no distant day, communicate to Congress a message specially *dedicated to her case. With France, we are as* "thick as two thieves," and although we did send Monsieur Poussin home with a flea in his ear, and the mark of the foot of the little state of Delaware upon his *diplomatic* trousers, Louis Napoleon, like a kind, dear good soul as he is, condescended to receive our minister and acknowledge our acquaintance.

In regard to the Tariff, he thinks it ought to be revised for the purpose of increasing revenue and encouraging domestic industry, and to this end prefers a system of specific duties to *ad valorem*. This part is peculiarly whig. How the revenue is to be increased by a *tariff*, while at the same time importations are to be discouraged, he does not see proper to tell us, but submits *it all* to the "wisdom of Congress." The "wisdom" of all the Congresses that ever assembled, we apprehend, will not be sufficient to solve such an absurdity.

If the Sub-Treasury system is continued, he thinks "important modifications" are "indispensable," but in what particular he *deems* it necessary to modify that system, he leaves us as much in the dark as though he had not spoken. A plain-spoken *party* President would have said in what, particular the system was bad, and given his reasons; but not so with this "no-party" Executive—it is all "submitted to the *wisdom of Congress.*"

In regard to the use of the veto, the President appears to have modified, somewhat, the doctrine laid down by him in that celebrated electioneering document, the Allison letter. In that, if we recollect correctly, he deprecated the use of the "one man power," except upon one contingency—a manifest violation of the constitution. In his message he tells us that in addition to preventing "unconstitutional and hasty legislation," the veto power is sometimes "necessary to *defend* the Executive against the *encroachments* of the legislative power." This is a surrender of the whole ground, and effectually silences whig objection to this necessary part of our political system. But we have neither time nor room for further comment, and will therefore reserve what we have to say, until a more convenient season.

☞ By special invitation we dined on Christmas with our friend, Maj. Brown, mine host of Brown's Hotel.—The Major sets, probably, the best table this side of the Alleghenies. In addition to the usual courses of a Christmas dinner, Turkey, Chickens, Roast Pig, Roast Beef, &c. the Major served up to his guests a fine fresh Cod, a rarity in these parts, and especially to us.

☞ The Fredonia *Express* has changed hands—Mr. E. F. Foster having bought out the interest of J. P. Cobb in the concern. Hon. T. A. Osborn remains as principle Editor.

☞ That old champion of democracy and the rights of the people, "*The Lycoming Gazette*," comes to us now in an entire new dress, and looks, for all the world, as proud as a Broadway dandy in white kids. Success to it and its spirited Editor.

☞ Somebody sent us the other day, through the Post Office, a *magnificent* gold pen. As the donor did not send his name with it, and was very particular to disguise his hand writing, we conclude he does not wish us to *chronicle his goods deeds by name, or direct* public attention to his establishment, but intends it as a simple *offering of good will and respect*. We shall, therefore, esteem it as such, and look upon it hereafter, not as the reward of a "puff," but a present of one whose good wishes it will always be our endeavor to merit.

☞ *We had that Turkey for our Christmas dinner*, thanks to one of the best democrats of Greene township. Our friend of the Washington *Examiner* will please note the fact.

SUNDAY SCHOOL EXHIBITION.—*In compliance* with numerous requests, the Exhibition given by the Universalist Sunday School, on Christmas night, will be repeated on Tuesday evening, January 1st, 1850, to *commence at 6 o'clock precisely.*

Tickets of admission, 12½ cents each, for sale at the Book Stores of the Messrs. Spafford, by the committee of teachers, *and at the door on the above evening.*

MARRIED.

In this City, on Tuesday, the 25th inst., by Rev. Ezra Jones, Mr. D. B DERBY, formerly of Mayville, N. Y., and Miss ELSIE, *daughter of David Burton of this City.*

With the above notice came a very acceptable remembrance, for which we return our young friends the thanks of all who partook of their bounty.

On the same day by the same, Mr. George Brubaker of this City, and Miss Abbey Harriet Bliss of North East

On the 27th inst., by Rev. John Prosser, Asa Battles, Esq., Post Master of Girard, and Miss Sarah M. Hinds of that place.

☞ WORMS.—As this is the season of the year when worms are most formidable among children, the proprietors of *M'Lane's Vermifuge* beg leave to call upon parents, soliciting their *attention to its virtues for the expelling of these annoying and often fatal enemies of children. The invention is by a physician* of great experience in Virginia, and after using it for several years in his own practice, and finding its success so universal, he has been induced at last to offer it to the public as a cheap but certain and excellent medicine.

Sold by Carter & Brother and J. H. Burton, Erie, Pa.

☞ A PRIME ARTICLE.—Are any afflicted with pains, *bruises, cuts, or sores of any kind?* Let them read W. B. Sloan's advertisement in another column. We believe his Ointment to be a prime article for anything of the kind, and no humbug. *Try a little of it before you suffer anylonger. It can be* had at nearly all the stores in this place.—*Knox Intelligencer.*

☞ See Agent's names at the head of Sloan's Column. *For* further particulars and testimonials, get Phamblets of Agents.

☞ **Religious Notice.**—The third Lecture in the course *in illustration and defence of Universalism*, will be delivered in the Universalist Church to-morrow evening. Subject—"The Person of Christ." Dec 29

J. W. WETMORE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
In Walker's Office, on Seventh Street, Erie, Pa.

O. Yes, Oysters! Oysters!

HOTELS and Private families can be supplied with a superior quality of OYSTERS by application at the EAGLE SALOON, State street, under Williams' Exchange office, Erie.
Erie, Dec. 27, 1849. 32

500 BBLS. City Mills Superfine Flour, sold at the lowest market price, at C. M. TIBBALS,
Erie, Dec. 29, 1849. Cheapside.

Erie County ss.

THE Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the *Sheriff* of said County greeting. Whereas at an Orphan's Court held at Erie, in and for the county of Erie, the 20th day of December, A. D. 1849, before the Hon. G. Church President, and his associate Justices of the said Court, *the petition of Morgan L. Candee* and Edward Scribner, who represent and hold the interest of Johnston Laird in the property hereinafter mentioned, was presented setting forth.

That Thomas Laird, Esq., late of the borough of Erie, died on or about the first day of April, A. D. 1833, intestate as to the real estate hereinafter described, leaving a widow, to wit: Mary Ann Laird and issue ten children to wit: *Mary Ann*, (intermarried with Doct. Mason C. Kellogg,) *Johnston Laird*, (whose interest *your petitioners are the owners of*) *George F. Laird, William Laird*, (who died since deceased leaving a widow and issue two children, to wit: Thomas Laird and Wilson Laird yet in their minority, (for whom Alexander Mehaffey is the lawful guardian) *Jane*, (who was intermarried with Alexander Mehaffey, the said Jane since deceased leaving issue one child, to wit: Thomas L. Mehaffey, now a minor about fourteen years old, who has no guardian) *Thomas Laird, Jr., James Laird*, (who has since died intestate unmarried and without issue) *Margaret Laird*, (who has also died unmarried, without issue and intestate) *Emiline Laird, Wilson Laird* and *Richard Laird*. The said Thomas Laird, Esq., died seized in his demesne as of fee of and in the following described *in lots in the borough of Erie and known* by being numbered in the general plan of the town of the borough of Erie as follows, viz: The South half of twelve hundred eighty five, (1285) twelve *hundred and eighty six*, (1286) twelve hundred eighty seven, (1287) the South half of twelve hundred eighty eight, (1288) twelve hundred eighty four. (1284) The North half of thirteen hundred ninety eight and thirteen hundred ninety nine, (1398 and 1399) seven hundred and eleven, (711) seven hundred twelve, (712) seven hundred fourteen, (714) seven hundred and fifteen, (715) seven hundred and eighteen, (718) seven hundred and nineteen, (719) *two thousand seventy nine, (2079) two thousand eighty, (2080) two thousand eighty one, (2081) two thousand eighty two, (2082) two thousand eighty three, (2083) two thousand eighty four, (2084)* two thousand eighty five, (2085) two thousand eighty six, (2086) and two thousand eighty seven. (2087) And praying the court to award an inquest to make partition of the premises aforesaid, to and among the children and legal representatives of the said Thomas Laird, Esq. deceased, in such manner and in such proportions as by the laws of this Commonwealth is directed, if the same can be made without *prejudice to or spoiling the whole.*—But if such partition cannot be made then, to value and appraise the same &c., whereupon the said court on the proof and consideration of the premises awarded an inquest for the purposes aforesaid.

We therefore command you that taking with you twelve good and lawful men of your bailwick, you go to and upon the premises aforesaid, and there in the presence of the parties aforesaid, by you to be warned, if being warned they will be present, and having respect to the true valuation thereof and upon the oaths and affirmations *of the said twelve good and lawful men, you make partition* to and among the heirs and legal representatives of the said intestate in such manner and in such proportions as by the laws of this Commonwealth is directed. If directed if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling the whole, but if such partition cannot be made *thereof, without prejudice to or spoiling* the whole, then you cause the said inquest to inquire and ascertain whether the same will conveniently accommodate more than one of the said *representatives of the said intestate* without prejudice *to or spoiling the whole, and if so, how many it will* as aforesaid accommodate, describing each part by west and bounds, and returning a just valuation of the same.

And if the said inquest by you to be summoned as aforesaid to make the said partition or valuation, shall be of opinion that the premises aforesaid *with the appurtenances*, cannot be so parted and divided as to accommodate more than one of the said representatives *of the said intestate, that then you cause the inquest to value the whole of the said real estate with the appurtenances*, having respect to the true valuation thereof according to law.

And that the partition or valuation, so made, you distinctly, openly have before the said justices at Erie, at an Orphan's Court, then to be held on the first Monday in February next, under your hand and seal, and under the hands and seals of those by whose oaths and affirmations you shall make such partition or valuation, and have you then and there this writ.

Witness the Hon. Gaylord Church, President Judge of our said county, the 20th day of December, A. D. 1849.

JAMES SKINNER, Clerk.

In obedience to the command of the above named writ, I will proceed to execute the same, on the 31st day of January, A. D. 1850, on the premises therein described, at which time and place *the parties in interest may attend if they see fit.*

Sheriff's Office, } P. E. BURTON, Sheriff.
Erie: Dec. 25, 1849. } 3in33

NOTICE

IS hereby given that John Knoblo, John Gabel, Lewis Momeyer and others, on the 5th day of November, A D. 1849, filed their petition in the Court of Common Pleas, of Erie county, together with an *instrument of writing* therein, specifying the object, articles, conditions, name and style, under which they mean to associate for religious purposes, and exhibited the same to the said court, praying the said court to grant them a charter of incorporation under the name and style of the "First United German Evangelical *Lutheran and Reformed St. Johns* Congregation of Erie and vicinity." Whereupon the said Court perused and examined said instrument, and being satisfied that the objects, articles and conditions therein set forth and contained, appear lawful and not injurious to the community, did direct said writing to be filed in the office of the Prothonotary of said Court, notice to be inserted in one newspaper printed in Erie county for at least three weeks, setting forth that this application had been made to said Court, to grant a charter of incorporation, and fixed the first Monday in February, A. D. 1850, for hearing &c. JAMES SKINNER,
Prothonotary's Office, } Prothonotary.
Erie, Dec. 25, 1849. } 3in33

Juliett Browning, by her next *friend Nathaniel Potter*, vs. Joseph Browning. } In the Common Pleas of Erie county. No. Nov. Term, 1849. alias subpoena in divorce.

WHEREAS, Juliett Browning by her next friend, Nathaniel Potter, *did on the* day of May, A. D. 1849, prefer her petition to the said Court, at a Court then held in Erie, in and for said county of Erie, praying that for causes therein set forth, she might be divorced from her husband, Joseph Browning.

Therefore notice is hereby given to the said Joseph Drawning, to be and appear before our Judges at Erie, at our county Court of Common Pleas, then to be holden for the county of Erie, on the first Monday of February next, to answer to the said charges in said bill preferred. P. E. BURTON,
Sheriff's Office, } Sheriff.
Erie, Dec. 23, 1849. } 3in33

IN QUART BOTTLES.
FOR THE REMOVAL AND PERMANENT CURE OF ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD OR HABIT OF THE SYSTEM, VIZ.:

Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples, or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica, or Lumbago; and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Acilites or Drops, Exposure or Imprudence in Life; also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders, &c.

THIS *Medicine has acquired a very extended and established* reputation wherever it has been used, based entirely on its own merits, which its superior efficacy has alone sustained. The unfortunate victim of hereditary disease, with swollen glands, contracted sinews, and bones half carious has been restored to health and vigor. The scrofulous patient, covered with ulcers, loathsome to himself and his attendants, has been made whole. Hundreds of persons, who had groaned hopelessly for years under cutaneous and glandular disorders, chronic rheumatism, and many other complaints springing from a derangement *from the secretive organs* and the circulation, have been raised as it were from the rank of disease, and now, with regenerated constitutions, gladly testify to the efficacy of this inestimable preparation. The testimony of those who have been cured by its use, with their residences, has been published from time to time; and were it desirable, a mass of the most overwhelming testimony could be brought forward, proving most conclusively its inestimable value. The afflicted, and those who have not used this medicine are invited to make a trial of its virtues, and appropriate to themselves the *benefits which it alone can bestow.*

"TRUTH IS STRONGER THAN FICTION."

The attention of the reader is called to the following astonishing cure, affected by Sands' Sarsaparilla.

This is to certify that I have a colored woman who has been afflicted for the last twelve years with a disease that all the remedies I used had no effect in arresting the progress of the complaint, on the contrary, *she constantly grew worse*, and after expending between $75 and $80 with physicians, besides using other remedies *without success*, till the disease had eaten away *the cartilage of her nose*, made its appearance on various parts of her body, and had finally commenced its ravages in the roof of her mouth.

In this dreadful situation, with the prospect of death staring her in the face, I stated her case to Dr. Disosway, agent for Sands' Sarsaparilla, in Newbern, N. C., by whom I was advised to use that article; and to my surprise and that of my neighbors, to whom her case was known, after using four and a half bottles she was restored to perfect health, and entirely free from the disease, and was able to work in two weeks from the time she commenced taking it.

In witness of the truth of this statement, I have hereunto affixed my name, this 19th day of September, 1847.

his
Mouth of Neuse River, Craven Co. N. C. MOLLY MCCOTTER, J. P.
mark

ULCER CURED OF SEVEN YEARS' STANDING.

This cure was effected in July, 1844; there have been no symptoms of a return, and her health still continues good, *July 1848.*

NEW YORK, July 23, 1844.

Messrs. Sands:—Gentlemen—I consider it but an act of justice *to you to state the following facts in reference to the great benefit* I have received in the cure of an obstinate Cancerous Ulcer on my breast.

I was attended for eighteen months by a regular and skillful physician, assisted by the advice and counsel of one of the most able and experienced surgeons, without the least benefit whatever. All the various methods of treating cancer was resorted to; for five weeks in succession my breast was bathed with caustic, three time a day, and for six it was daily syringing with a weak solution of nitric acid, and *the cavity or inner ulcer* was so large that it held over an ounce of *the solution. The doctor probed the ulcer and examined the bone, and said the disease was advancing rapidly* to the lungs, and if it did not get speedy relief by medicine or the operation, the result would be fatal. I was then advised to have the breast laid open and the bones examined; but finding no relief from what had been done, and feeling I was rapidly getting worse, I almost despaired of recovery, and considered my case nearly hopeless.

Seeing various *testimonials* and certificates of cure by the use of Sands' *Sarsaparilla, in cases similar to my own*, I concluded to try a few bottles, several of which were used, but, from the long seated character of my disease, produced no very decided change, considering this as the only probable cure for my case, I persevered until the disease was entirely cured. It is now over eleven months since the cure was completed; there is not the slightest appearance of the disease, and I *therefore* pronounce it a permanent cure. I have spoke of my case and the cure *entirely effected by Sands' Sarsaparilla as I took no other medicine of any kind during the time I was using it, nor have I taken any since.*

Please excuse this long deferred acknowledgment, which I think it my duty to make' Your valuable Sarsaparilla cured me, with the blessing of Divine Providence, when nothing else could, and I feel myself under lasting obligations to you. I can say many things I cannot write, and I do most respectfully invite ladies afflicted as I have been, to call upon me, and I will satisfy them fully of the truth as stated above, and many other things in reference to my case. ANNE TAYLOR, 216 Sullivan st.

SANDS' CELEBRATED SARSAPARILLA.—This excellent compound, which is creating such a universal interest throughout the country, has made its way successfully into the favor of our citizens and the people around us. We have read again and again of the efficacy of this invaluable medicine—if we can call a very pleasant beverage medicine—but we had not until recently had any positive proof which could induce us to speak fairly of it. But, from facts in our possession, we are now well convinced that, without any exception, it is the safest, pleasantest, and best compound ever offered to the public, for the cure of all chronic disease, rheumatism and scrofula, and all impurities of the blood, together with many complaints.

It has *often been remarked* that the age is one of "nostrums and nostrum-venders," that we hardly dare recommend a valuable *discovery* in the Medical Science, lest we jeopardize our reputation for incredulity and consistency; but in this instance we hesitate not to hazard the remark which we have made above.—*Hartford Review.*

SORE THROAT.

The following is an extract from a letter received from Mrs. Bevan, *who* had been afflicted several *years with Scrofulous Ulcers*, Dyspepsia, &c., and recently an affection of the throat and chest:—

BAILEYSBORO, VA., Dec. 13, 1845.

Messrs. A. B. & D. SANDS: Before I commenced using your Sarsaparilla, my sufferings were almost past expression; my throat was completely ulcerated, I had a dreadful cough, and there were frequently weeks together that I could not speak above a whisper; *and besides, the inflamation from my throat extended to my head*, so that my hearing was very much impaired. After taking the *Sarsaparilla a short time*, my health improved, and my throat is *now well; I am as free* from cough and tightness of the chest as ever I was, and can hear quite distinctly. My throat has been well about three months, the cure of which has been effected entirely by the use of your Sarsaparilla. Your friend,

LOUISA R. BEVAN.

SAND'S SARSAPARILLA—SCARLET FEVER DISARMED OF ITS TERRORS!—This dange ous and alarming affection, which has swept from the stage of time so many both at the innocent age of infancy, *and the more vigorous and mature age of manhood*, has at length met its bane and antidote, and its evil effects upon the system are laid waste by the powerful influence of this preparation. A little *grandchild of Mr. Wm. Parker*, was attacked with the scarlet fever, which left her in a dreadful state; her body was covered with particles of scarlet eruptions: a large *lump something like a bile*, and at least two inches in *diameter*, made its appearance on the shoulder, which broke and discharged an almost incredible quantity of most offensive matter; and *besides this*, a large quantity was discharged from the ears, of a *very offensive character*. Almost despairing of ever stopping the discharge, they made trial of SAND'S SARSAPARILLA, which effected a complete cure, the child having taken only one bottle. For the benefit of those suffering from the baneful effects of this horrible disease, *Mr. Patrick will be pleased to inform any person as to the correctness of this statement*, if they call at his residence in Exeter-st. near Fawn-st.—*Baltimore Sun.*

The following testimonial to the value of the Sarsaparilla, is from the Rev. Luther Wright, aged 76 years, Congregational Minister, residing at Woburn.

WOBURN, Mass., March 30th, 1849.

Messrs. Sands: Gentlemen—From what I have experienced, and *from the information I have recently received from a number of* persons of high respectability who have used your Sarsaparilla I have not the *least doubt* but that it is the most valuable medicine, and that the numerous certificates you have received of its efficacy are fully sustained by *experience* and although the reputation and utility are very extensive, I feel in no need of my *humble efforts* to increase them. I want all who are afflicted by disease to become acquainted with the *efficacy* and *power* of your valuable *medicine.*

I am, gentlemen, gratefully and very respectfully yours,

LUTHER WRIGHT.

Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggists and Chemists, 100 Fulton-st, corner of William, New York. Sold also by Druggists general y throughout the United States and Canadas. Price $1 per bottle; six Bottles for $5.

For Sale by J. H. BURTON, No. 5, Reed House, Erie, Pa.
Erie, Dec. 29, 1849. 1yeow31

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of Administration on the estate of Henry Whallon, dec'd., late of North East township, have been granted to the subscriber. All persons having claims against said estate, will present them duly authenticated, to *M. Whallon, Esq.* in Erie for settlement, and all *indebted* are requested to make payment to the same

H. P. WHALLON, *Administrator.*
Erie, Dec. 29, 1849. 3in33

To the Honorable, the Judges now holding a Court of Quarter Sessions, in and for the County of Erie.

THE petition of Abraham Tourtellott, of Union township, respectfully showeth that he still continues in his old stand at Union Mills, and that he is well provided with house room and convenience for keeping an Inn or Tavern. Your petitioner therefore pray the Court to grant him a license to keep an Inn or Tavern and he will hereafter pray. ABRAHAM TOURTELLOTT.

We the undersigned, citizens of Union township, in which the above mentioned Tavern is proposed to be kept, do certify that Abraham Tourtellott, the above petitioner, is of good repute for honesty and temperance, that he is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travelers, and further, that such Inn or Tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travelers, as we are in duty to recommend.

B. N. SPENCER, DAVID McALLISTER, JAMES MECHIN, GEO. SMILEY, D. DUNHAM, G. H. DUNHAM, THOS. DUNHAM, LYMAN LITCHFIELD, HORACE OLDS, ROBT. SMILEY, C. DRAKE, *MOSES SMILEY*, N. H. STACY, JOHN A. HIMEBAUGH, W. E. CHAPMAN, P. MORY, R. H. BROWN, L. M. RATHBUN, W. S. GORDANIER, WM R. BUTTINGHAM,
Dec. 29, 1849. 3in33

One Dollar per Yard.

A FINE assortment (all wool) French Marinnes, assorted colors, price reduced to one dollar per yard, for cash. Also, a good assortment of silk and wool Marinoes, embroydered Cashmeres and Delanes, a going cheap, at C. B. WRIGHT'S.
Dec. 22. 32

Great Carpet Sales at Auction.

THE old Jew Store is all selling out at Auction. All persons wanting a great many Goods for a little money, will now have an opportunity to procure them. Carpet sale to commenceon Wednesday, the 12th inst. at 1 o'clock P.M.
Dec. 8, 1849. MOSES KOCH.

170 KEGS $250 lbs. *precisely*, of White Lead in oil, from Buffalo and Pittsburgh, this day in Store, and other paints in like proportion, bought to sell, and will be cheap, and warranted good as the best, by J. H. BURTON.
Erie, Dec. 8, 1849. 29

SODA BISCUIT.

SODA Biscuit by the box or pound. Lemon Crackers, Pienic do., Butter do. and Hard Bread can be found at the Keystone Grocery, No. 7, Poor People's Row. T. W. MOORE.
Erie, Nov. 19, 1849.

Free Exhibition at Lewis' Gothic Hall.

I would inform my friends and public generally that I have received for fall and winter trade the largest and best selected stock of Watches, and Jewelry ever offered for sale in Erie. The liberal patronage heretofore received, has induced me to enlarge my stock of goods. I will pledge myself to sell good goods and at a small advance from my wholesale prices. Fourteen years experience in buying & selling goods in eastern cities, enables me to say I have facilities for purchasing watches and jewelery at less price, than any other establishment in the city. I am receiving by Express every month, watches of different escapements, direct from manufacturers through the oldest and most extensive importing houses in New York. Therefore the mystery is solved, how Lewis sells watches so cheap. I have on hand a large stock of Gold and Silver Watches of the latest styles and of superior quality, and prices which cannot fail to suit purchasers for Cash. I will sell Gold Patent Lever Watches for $16 to $100, Gold detached full jeweled for $36 to $60 Gold Lepaen watches four holes jewelled, eighteen carat cases, for $14 to $25, Silver Lepeine watches, for $8 to $12, fine quartern watches for $7. All the above mentioned watches will be warranted to keep good time for one year. Please call and see for yourself, one door east of Brown's Hotel, Erie, Pa.

Having just obtained a Watch Maker from Europe, I am prepared to do all kinds of Watch Repairing in the best manner, having tools for making and repairing all kinds of watches. I pledge myself to do as good work as can be done in the city of New York. Mr. Lewington will give his whole attention to the repairing and cleaning Chronometer, Duplex, Lever and common Watches. Those having good watches to be cleaned will do well to call and have them adjusted by a first rate workman. Clocks, Music Boxes, Acordions, and all kinds of Jewelry repaired in a workman-like manner, at Lewis' Gothic Hall

Erie, December 8, 1849. W. N. LEWIS.

Another Resurection.

AFTER this I will return and will build that which is fallen down, and I will build again the ruins thereof, and I will set it up." An exile returned, may every wind waft some lost exile home, and finally may the time hasten when the fast returning wanderer shall be reclaimed and gathered to the fold.

The subscriber, after coming up through much tribulation and having his works tried as by fire and suffered loss, has come to himself, and has received a small stock of BOOKS for sale, and expects more, which will be disposed of cheap for Cash. It is hoped that my friends will not be discouraged because the stock is small—remember, he that is faithful over a few things shall be made ruler over many. The subscriber returns his thanks to his friends for past favors and especially to those who have stuck with warm hearts and open hands patronized him in former years; who, in prosperity, in adversity, in affliction and reproach, have showed by works of their father which is in heaven acted on the principle that it is no more blessed to give than to receive. He still wants the patronage of his friends, and will be thankful for the smallest favors in his line. *He has nothing to promise them in* return at present. He could pay them a fashionable compliment, but it would be like feeding them husks. May they long live to gladden the hearts of the orphans, and wipe the tear of affliction and grief from the eye of the *oppressed widow.*

He believes that *He that numbers the hairs of the head* and does not allow a sparrow to fall without his notice, will enable the *subscriber to show his gratitude by his works.* Then he would almost be willing to say in the language of good old Simeon, let *thou thy servant depart in peace*, since *three months in former* days have complained of his style of expressing himself. He regrets exceedingly that he should be so unfortunate as to express himself so as to offend the most sensitive, delicate and chaste ear. He would not wish *to be understood that he is complaining* because others differ from him. They have as good a right to differ from him as he has to differ from them. Shortly expected providence permitting, an assortment of Christmas and New Year Books. Constantly kept on hand Quills Paper, Black Sand, Blue, *Black and Red Ink; Blank Books ruled and bound to pattern: old* Behound on short notice; good Vinegar in exchange for Rags.—Corner of French and Sixth streets.

OLIVER SPAFFORD.
Erie, December 22, 1849.

THE ERIE AND WATERFORD PLANK ROAD COMPANY. BOOKS for the subscription of the capital stock of "the Erie and Waterford Plank Road Company" will be opened on Monday the 31st day of January, 1850, at the Reed House in the borough of Erie, at the house of Stephen C. Lee in the town ship of Greene, and at the public house kept by — — in the borough of Waterford, and *kept open for at least six hours, for five consecutive days.* At which time and place two or more of the commissioners will attend to receive subscriptions agreeably to law.

JOHN A. TRACY, JAMES SKINNER,
WILSON KING, JOHN GARDNER,
C. M. TIBBALS, WILLIAM KELLY,
MILTON COURTRIGHT, Commissioners.

A meeting of the Commissioners is requested at the Reed House in the borough of Erie, on Saturday, the 19th day of January, 1850, at offe o'clock, P. M. The commissioners named in the act are John A. Tracy, James Skinner, Wilson King, John Galbraith, C. M. Tibbals, Wm. Kelley, Milton Courtright, John E. Nicholson, Robert Evans, John M. Kelso, Wm. Graham, Wm. Sterrett, Edward Brown, Stephen C. Lee, John L. Way, Martin Strong, Daniel Vincent, Wm. Judson, Samuel Hutchins, Simeon Hunt, Graham Benson, Samuel Brotherton, C. H. Vincent, and Andrew T. Oliver.—It is important that there be a general attendance.
Erie, Dec 2 , 1849. 3i32

THE ERIE AND EDENBORO PLANK ROAD COMPANY. BOOKS for the subscription of the capital stock of "The Erie and Edenboro Plank Road Company" will be opened on Monday the 31st day of January, 1850, at the Reed House in Erie, at the store of Lampson & Goff, at McKean Corners, and at the store of J. H. Campbell & co., in the Borough of Edenboro, and kept open for at least six hours for five consecutive days. At which time and places two or more of the Commissioners will attend to receive subscriptions agreeably to law.

JOSEPH M. STERRETT, JOHN S. BROWN
S. W. KEEFES, MILES W. CAUGHEY,
ROBERT COCHRAN, WILLIAM TRUESDAIL,
MATHEW HAMILTON, SMITH JACKSON,
Commissioners.

A meeting of the Commissioners is requested at the Reed House in the Borough of Erie, on Saturday the 19th day of January, 1850, at 1 o'clock P. M. The Commissioners named in the act are: Joseph M. Sterrett, John S. Brown, S. W. Keefer, Miles W. Caughey, Thomas McCarter, Robert Cochran, William Beatty, *William Truesdail, Mathew Hamilton, Smith Jackson, Thomas Miles, John M. Warren, Samuel M. Brown*, Alexander Stewart, David Sterrett, Robert Dunn, Job Stafford, Russell Stancliff, *William Campbell, J. B. Campbell, Erich Hawkins*, Urish Hawkins J. Burlingham, S. P. Hardy and Philip Kinter. It is important that there be a general attendance.
Erie, Dec. 22, 1849. 3i32

THE ERIE & WATTSBURGH PLANK ROAD COMPANY. BOOKS for the subscription of the capital stock of "The Erie and Wattsburgh Plank Road Company," will be opened on Monday the 31st day of January, 1850, at the Reed House in the borough of Erie, at the h use of N. M. Manly, in the township of Greene, and in the house of Lyman Robinson, in the borough of Wattsburgh, and kept open for at least six hours for five consecutive days. At which times and places two or more of the commissioners will attend to receive subscriptions agreeably to law.

A. W. BREWSTER, JOSEPH H. WILLIAMS,
JOHN C. BEEBE, GILES SANFORD,
JAMES M. STERSETT, M. W. KEITH,
WALTER CHESTER, Commissioners.

A meeting of the Commissioners is requested at the Reed House in the borough of Erie, on Saturday the 19th day of January, 1850, at 1 o'clock P. M. The Commissioners named in the act are: A. W Brewster, Joseph H. Williams, John C. Bebee, Giles Sanford, James M. Sterrett, M. W. Keith, Elihu Marvin, Walter Chester, N. W Russell, M. M. Manly, H. L. Pinney, W. D. Weed; Benjamin Gunnison, William Affen, Benjamin C. Hatch, Timothy Bond, Eli Duncombe, Lyman Robinson, Hiram Moore, B. Town, Joseph W. Haskins, Wareham Warner, Samuel Taylor, William Sanborn, William K. Black, E. Capron and Allen Ensworth. It is important that there be a general attendance.
Erie, Dec. 22, 1849. 3i32

STRAY STEER.

CAME into the enclosure of the subscriber in Amity tp. on the 29th day of November last, a Red Yearling Steer, no artificial or natural mark. The owner is requested to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away. DANIEL SHEPPERD.
Amity December 15, 1849. 3i31

TAILORING.

JOHN GRAHAM would respectfully inform his FRIENDS and the public, that he had commenced the above business in C. George's shop, PARK ROW, between Brown's Hotel, and the Reed House, where he hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

Naval and Military Uniforms made to order.
Cutting done for others with great care.
Erie, December 15, 1849. 31

SKATES, a good assortment at REED & SANFORD.

BAY STATE SHAWLS.

JUST received by Express, another lot of those Long Shawls, together with a fine lot of Colored Merinoes, Cashmeres, *Delaines, &c. a going cheap at* C. B