Miscellany and News.

THE GIPSY'S WIFE.

From Chambers' Journal.

I live in an old tumble-down house, not a great many miles from London, and on the borders of a furzy common. Before the age of steam locomotion, this was considered the country; and even now, there is one solitary spot, where, from mossy knolls rising beneath clumps of antique trees, we overlook a perfectly retired and sylvan scene. A sparkling stream, like a silver thread, winds its way amid rich pasture land and thick beech plantations; an ivyed spire, furnished with a peal of soft musical bells, peeps forth from a distant village; and in the summer evening time it is pleasant to rest on those mossy knolls, and listen to the sad distant music.

The ruins of the old church may be traced from this point; wild roses and eglantine are around us, with violets and bluebells; a sweet honeysuckle porch is seen leading to a lowly-thatched hut; and there are lowing kine and bleating flocks by our side and in the distance. In this there is nothing wonderful; but only turn back not many hundred yards, and seek another point, from whence to view a very different and more widely-extended panorama—the vast wilderness of London, St. Paul's Westminister Abbey, hosts of steeples, myriads of chimneys, armies of masts and shipping clustering on the almost choked-up and hidden river, good old Thames; in fine, smoke, fog, and misery without end! Seen from this common, *there* the sun sets; but the holy moon rises behind the tall trees and the old church, which I can reach in less time than I have taken *to gossip* about it. Royalty for many years found a secluded and peaceful home on this ancient common, famed alike in history and legendary lore; but I know not if the ears of royalty were ever assailed by the same unearthly yells and hootings which so often disturb *our* retirement, and remind us of the descriptions we have read of the war-whoops of the Indian savages. The explanation is, that there are several stands of donkeys, where these animals are let out for hire, on different parts of the common; and the general assemblage, or grand emporium is close to the garden wall which bounds the domain once honored by a royal presence.

One evening during the past summer, as I was returning from a ramble by the side of a dear invalid, who was drawn about in a hand-carriage, two ragged little girls loitered around our gate from idle curiosity, to watch the occupant of the pretty green chariot assisted into the house. I was struck by the appearance of the elder of the two; for although with a quantity of matted black hair, a very dirty face, and still dirtier habiliments, I could trace a singular loveliness both of form and feature. She had large, languishing, blue eyes, shaded by long, black, silken lashes; but notwithstanding this, the gipsy physiognomy was decided; and as there were many of that tribe in the neighborhood, I doubted not that these vagrants were wanderers from their tents.—After regaling the poor little things with some tempting cakes, I asked the beauty her name, when she answered with distinctness and propriety, "Mazelli Lee, please ma'am."

"And what is your father, my dear?" I said.

"Father's a gipsy, please ma'am."

"And your mother is a gipsy too, I suppose, my dear?"

"No, mother's a lady, and drives donkeys, please ma'am."

I pressed the child to try and explain her meaning; but all the answer I could get was, "Mother's a lady, and keeps donkeys." She made me comprehend that the smallest and most *extensive* donkey-stand on the border of the common, nearest our house, belonged to her mother; and that her only brother, a little bigger than herself, was also an assistant in the business. She said their home was not very far off—"in the pits near the caverns," where a miserable collection of huts had been from time immemorial. Moreover, on questioning Mazelli further, I found she regularly attended the Rev. Mr. L.——'s Sunday-school, knew her catechism, "and said her prayers every night, when mother washed her face." I hoped that a portion of the latter statement was true; but the face-washing seemed quite incredible.

My curiosity was aroused; and the next day I walked close past the donkey-stand, which Mazelli Lee had described as being kept by her mother, "the lady;" and then I observed an individual whom I had often seen before, but without noticing her particularly, or giving her a second thought. This individual was a woman still young and good-looking, with the fresh color of unclouded health lighting up her blue eyes—eyes almost as beautiful as the little Mazelli's—and with an anxious expression fitting sometimes across the vacant but good-humored composure, which was the leading character of her countenance.

Her appearance was not at all that of a conventional heroine of romance; yet I could not help fancying that there was somewhat of different breeding, shown by her general bearing and unstudied attitudes, from that usually displayed by the race of females engaged in her boisterous calling. Her two little girls were squatted on the grass beside her; and a handsome specimen of a real, genuine-looking, good-for-nothing gipsey man was lolling at his ease near the group, in supreme enjoyment of a pipe. I did not like to speak to the mother and her daughters under these circumstances, because not patronizing donkeys, and being an inhabitant, it was not a very agreeable or perhaps safe acquaintance to form; but Mazelli knew me directly, and came bounding forward, while the woman courtesied silently, and without the usual vociferations of, "Donkey to-day, ma'am? steady donkey—quick donkey!"

One or two evenings afterwards I was in company with a voluble lady, who had come to our neighborhood for change of air, and was ordered by her medical attendant to take donkey exercise. She was full of a "most singular adventure she had met with—a perfect romance in real life;" and her gossip, to my great satisfaction, related to the donkey-woman. "Yesterday morning," said she, "my young friend Miss R——and myself, had donkeys brought to our door early for a long excursion; and while trotting along, attended by a frank, rosy-looking female, we began speaking to each other in French, not wishing the driver to understand our conversation.—After a while however the donkey-woman said very quietly, 'Ladies it is as well to tell you that I *understand French.*' We were at first speechless from surprise, and then from not knowing what to say—afraid of something, we should not tell what, although she was by no means intrusive, but behaved with perfect propriety. By-and-by, in order to break the awkward silence, I remarked to Miss R——how well the singing had been conducted at St. Mark's church on the proceeding Sunday evening, when a very beautiful choral hymn had been sung, and the chanting exquisitely continued. We regretted that neither of us remembered the composer's name, as we desired to procure the music.

"'I have it at home, ladies,' said the donkey driver; 'it is taken from an old oratorio, and is part of my school music. I was at St. Mark's on Sunday, and felt pleased to hear it again.'

"She then offered to lend us the music in question; and this was modestly and simply said, just as if we *must* know her history, and therefore ought not or need not feel astonished at such discrepancies. However, when we did express our surprise, she simply narrated her story, which is this:—She was the only child of a wealthy farmer; by his first marriage, and her mother dying during her childhood, she was placed at a boarding-school for young ladies, where she received the usual education. But she was idle, and hated learning; and when she left school and returned home, she found a step-mother, who did not treat her kindly, and became a severe taskmistress, to her thinking. A troop of gipsies coming into the neighborhood, she secretly formed their acquaintance; and in the end eloped with their chief, Mr. Johnnie Lee by name, and became his wife. After leading a wandering life for many years, she had induced her husband to settle here, from a desire that their unfortunate children should receive a 'Christian education,' as she termed it, and also because a relative of her husband's was a flourishing fly-proprietor in the vicinity, and might forward their views. But her husband was a rover by nature; idle and careless; and all she had been able to do was to establish a donkey business, and to attend to it herself. She declared that the pure air, and the untrammelled freedom of her mode of life, was suitable to her taste; and we pressed her no further, poor creature!"

Such was the tale I heard; too singular and improbable for a fictitious narrative, too extravagant for invention. It induced me to pay a visit, after the hours of donkey usage were over, to Mr. Johnnie Lee's hut "by the caverns." I knew by previous observation, that "the pits" contained wretched hovels, and still more wretched inhabitants; but the one I now entered was worse than I had ventured to anticipate. It consisted of only two rooms; the under one with a mud floor, with the ceiling broken and the upper floor projecting through. I did not ascend the ladder leading to *that*, for I saw quite enough below to surprise and bewilder me. A scene like this so near my own comfortable home, and in the midst of the rigorous properties of the conventional life!—and a woman of nearly the same grade, originally, as myself, of nearly the same bringing up, thus outraging the common decencies of life! How far beyond the saddest tales of romance or the wildest visions of fancy! Her three children were around her, supping on potatoes; but there was no snowy cloth on the tottering board, no cleanly basins of new milk, no fresh flowers in wicker baskets, nothing as it would have been were I relating a *fiction*. Outside there were no honey-bees or garden-plots, where sweet thyme, and mint, and sunflowers grow; nothing but foul donkey sheds adjoining, where, amid damp fodder and noisome stench, rested the weary animals ere they were turned out on the common to shift for themselves during the night. The gipsy husband was not there. I did not ask for him, for I guessed his haunt but too well. It was an "owre true tale" I had heard, and this was the moral.

Johnnie Lee's wife opened a chest which stood in one corner, containing the rags of the family, and amidst them lay concealed her sole earthly treasures: her father's miniature, some school-book, with her maiden name inscribed in them, which I forbear recording; and some torn and yellow-looking music—the music which she had offered the loan of to my acquaintance She gave me no further explanation; made no comments; but she did confess, that if should please God to afflict her with sickness, she knew not what would become of them.—To her father and family she had been the same as dead since her disgraceful elopement. She had indeed purchased pure air and untrammelled freedom at a fearful price! Poor thing! with a smile on her lip, but with a tear in her eye, she added, "I do wish my children to receive a Christian education, and when I look on them, particularly on my little Mazelli, and remember their inheritance, I dare not think. But I have chosen my lot. My husband does not beat or ill-use me; he has given up many bad practices for my sake; and if he is rather fond of the shelter of the public-house, ought I to complain of that? Do not shed tears for me: I have no feeling for *myself*." And she said truly. A woman destitute of feeling seems an anomoly in human nature; but this she *must* be, and fine sympathies are wasted when expended on her. But for the poor little children my heart still bleeds. 'Gentle blood flows in their veins, for the ties of relationship cannot be broken; and what a curious family party would be formed of the mingled race: the most decorous and prosperous of the middling classes of the community in juxtaposition with the refuse of humanity—thieves, vagrants, and donkey drivers!

By Magnetic Telegraph.

Dispatches for the Tri-Weekly Observer.

BUFFALO MARKET, June 5, 1848.

Saturday was rather active than otherwise. We heard of the sale of 600 bbls Marine Mills flour, at $4 75; of 500 bbls western, fair brands at same; of 150 do at same figure. In wheat there were heavy sales: 10,000 bu Chicago, sold at 93c; 6000 bu Ohio at 101c; 10,500 do at same; 2300 bu inferior western at 99c. In Corn there was a fair demand: holders have advanced their views.—Sales this morning of 1200 bu at 38c; 2500 do at 39c; of 2500 do at 40c. Last evening 2700 do to arrive, at 38c. Oats continue inactive. Fair samples would bring 35c. Holders of mess pork are firm at $9 25, and moderate sales were made at that figure. Lard is firm at 5½c; sales considerable. Highwines sold this morning to the extent of 80 bbls at 18½cents.

NEW YORK June 5—2 P. M.

The story of the new revolution in Mexico, and the repudiation of the Treaty was a hoax.

The treaty was ratified by the Chamber of Deputies on the 17th ult., 51 to 35. The other branch will no doubt approve it by a large majority.

A dispatch from Petersburg, says the Delta contains farther peace news.— Orders had been issued calling in the outposts of the army, which expected to march for the coast between the 1st and 15th of June.

Gen. P. F. Smith has been appointed superintandent of the embarcation at Vera Cruz. Gen. Worth's division is said to have been ordered to California.

Later accounts from the French West Indies, Guadaloupe and Martiniqua, represent things in a diplorable state,

The greatest vigilence was necessary to prevent an insurrection among the slaves, who believed that they are speedily to be emancipated. The new Governor appointed by the Provisional government of France had arrived. Out of the town of Gaudaloup there had been one continual scene of riot and drunkenness for three days.

The steamboat Andrew Kennedy, Capt. Miller, exploded on the Tombigbee river last Sunday week. Thirty persons were killed or missing, twelve badly wounded, and two dreadfully scalded. The wounded were conveyed to the marine hospital.

The steamer Clarksville was burned on the Mississippi, on the 27th ult. The Captain and crew, eight or ten in number, and thirty deck passengers, perished. The cabin passengers were saved.

MARKET.—The demand for flour good, and the supply of good brands is moderate. Sales at $5 31¼ for common and good Michigan; 5 37½ for good Genesee. Corn is held at 61 a 62c for round yellow; 51 a 52 for mixed.

A CARD.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the gentlemen of Erie and vicinity that he has opened a TAILORING SHOP on the South side of the Public Square, a few doors East of the Erie Bank, where he will at all times be ready and happy to wait upon those who may favor him with a call in this line of business. From long experience in some of the principal shops in London and other European cities, and strict attention to all business which may now be entrusted to him, he confidently hopes that he shall be always deemed worthy to receive a share of public patronage. His work shall be executed in such a manner as will bear a close and important inspection, and always in accordance with the prevailing fashions.

N. B.—Cutting done on the shortest notice.

Erie, March 25, 1848. JOHN GOLDING. 3m15

Boot And Shoe Store.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has purchased the Shoe Stock and rented the stand of Samuel Hays, on the east side of the Diamond, second door from the corner of Sixth street, which he intends taking possession of on the 1st of March next, and he will be happy to see and accommodate his old friends and customers, and the public at large. He flatters himself that he will be able to make BOOTS, SHOES and all articles in his line of business, to order, with neatness, durability and dispatch, and at moderate rates. He hopes to receive, as he will endeavor to deserve, a liberal patronage.

He will constantly keep on hand an assortment of well made Boots and Shoes, which he will sell as cheap, if not cheaper, than can be had elsewhere. A. GABLE.

Feb. 22, 1848. 3m42

Administrator's Sale.

BY order of the Orphan's Court, will be exposed to sale by public auction or vendue on the premises in Girard on Tuesday the 20th day of June next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. all the right, interest, property claim, and demand of Joseph Wells, late of Girard, deceased, of the following lands, to wit: A certain village lot situate on the Ridge Road in the borough of Girard, bounded north by the high-way, east and south by lands of M'Connell & Webster, and containing eighty perches of land. *Also*, One other piece of land, situate in Girard township, described and bounded as follows: Beginning at the south-east corner of lands of Ephraim Martin, thence north twenty-six degrees, west one hundred and six perches to a post, thence north sixty four degrees, east twelve perches to a post, thence south twenty-six degrees, east one hundred and six perches to a post, thence south sixty-four degrees, west twelve rods to the place of beginning, containing seven acres and eighty perches of land, being part of a larger tract, No. 295. *Also*, one other lot in the borough of Girard and numbered in the plan of said borough with the number 87. *Also*, ascertain piece of land lying north of the canal in said borough and township, bounded north by the high-way, east by lands of David Olin, and west by lands of Selah Pickel, containing eighteen acres and one hundred and forty-three perches. *Also*, the undivided half of forty acres of land situate in Girard township aforesaid, bounded north by lands of ——, east by lands of J. Clark, south by lands of —— Gregor, and west by lands of David Olin, being part of tract 295. *Also*, a certain village lot in the borough of Girard on the west side of Mechanic street, containing about one fourth of an acre, known as the M'Konychie lot.

Terms of Sale.—One fourth on confirmation of sale, the balance in three equal annual instalments, to be secured by judgment, bond and mortgage. NAHAM SMITH, Adm'r.

May 19, 1848. 4t

RAISINS.—Best quality by the box or single lb. at No. 5 Bonnel Block, state street. (May 8.) H. COOK.

OLIVE OIL.—A superior article for family use for sale very low by (May 8.) H. COOK.

FRESH Lemons and Oranges just received at May 10. H. COOK'S.

PICKLED Oysters, Gherkins, Sardines, London Porter, &c. just received by (May 10) H. COOK.

DR. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY MEDICINE IN THE TWO RLD.—This extract is put up in quart bottles; it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening or debilitating the patient.

GREAT FALL AND WINTER MEDICINE.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other medicine is, while it eradicates diseases, it invigorates the body. It is one of the very best Fall and Winter medicines ever known; it not only purifies the whole system, strengthens the person, but it creates new, pure and rich blood; a power possessed by no other medicine. And in this lies the grand secret of its wonderful success. It has performed within the past two years, more than 35,000 cures of severe cases of disease; at least 20,000 of these were considered incurable.

More than 3,000 cases of Chronic Rheumatism;
2,000 cases of dispepsia;
4,000 cases of General debility and Want of Energy;
7,000 cases of the different Female Complaints;
2,000 cases of Scrofula;
1,500 cases of disease of the Kidneys and Dropsy;
2,000 cases of Consumption;

And thousands of cases of diseases of the blood, viz: Ulcers, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Pimples on the Face, &c., together with numerous cases of Sick Headache, Pain in the Side and Chest, Spinal Affections, &c., &c.

This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from Physicians and our Agents from all parts of the United States, informing us of extraordinary cures. E. Van Buskirk, Esq., one of the most respectable Druggists in Newark, N. J., informs us that he can refer to more than 150 cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the City of New-York, which we will refer to with pleasure and to men of character. It is the best medicine for the preventative of disease known. It undoubtedly saved the lives of more than

500 CHILDREN THE PAST SEASON.

As it removed the cause of disease, and prepared them for the Summer season. It has never been known to injure in the least the most delicate child.

RHEUMATISM.

This Sarsaparilla is used with the most perfect success in Rheumatic complaints, however severe or chronic. The astonishing cures it has performed are indeed wonderful. Other remedies sometimes give temporary relief, this entirely eradicates it from the system even when the limbs are literally swollen.

☞ Hear Mr. Seth Terry, one of the oldest and most respectable lawyers in Hartford, Conn. The following is an extract of a letter received from him:

DR. TOWNSEND.—I have used one bottle of your Sarsaparilla, and find it is excellent in its effects upon a chronic Rheumatic pain to which I am subject, from an injury occasioned several years ago, in a public stage. Please send me two bottles to the care of Dr. Seymour. I have conversed with two of our principal physicians, and they recommend your Sarsaparilla. SETH TERRY.

Hartford, March 12, 1845.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

Cleanse and Strengthen. Consumption can be Cured. Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Colds, Catarrh, Coughs, Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Soreness in the Chest, Fever, Hectic Flush, Night Sweats, Difficult or profuse Expectoration, Pain in the Side, &c. have been and can be cured.

DR. TOWNSEND—Dear Sir: Nearly twenty years ago I took a violent cold which settled on my lungs, and affected severely; indeed, finally it became a constant hacking cough, but not so severe as to prevent me from attending to my business. Within the last few years it increased on me gradually. At last, I became reduced—I breathed with difficulty, and raised with my Cough much bad matter, and for the last nine months previous to my using your Sarsaparilla, had regular night sweats; indeed, my friends and myself supposed that I would die with the consumption. But I have the happiness to inform you that to my surprise, after using three bottles of your Sarsaparilla, I find my health restored. It relieved me gradually, and I am enjoying better health than I have for 20 years. I had almost entirely lost my appetite, which is also returned. You are at liberty to publish this with my name in the papers, if you choose.

My little girl, who is three years old, had a very bad cough the whole of last Winter. While using the medicine I gave her some of it; and it soon entirely relieved her as well as her elder sister, and she is now well and hearty as any child I ever saw. She was also full of little blotches; it took them away and her skin is smooth and fair now; and I am satisfied she recovered her health from using your excellent medicine. S. W. CONANT.

GIRLS, READ THIS.

You who have pale complexions, dull eyes, blotches on the face, rough skin, are "out of spirits," need a bottle or two of the Doctor Townsend's Sarsaparilla. It will cleanse your blood, remove the freckles and blotches, and give you animation, sparkling eyes, fine spirits, and beautiful complexion—all of which are of immense value to unmarried ladies.

TO MOTHERS & MARRIED LADIES.

This Extract of Sarsaparilla has been expressly prepared in reference to female complaints. No female who has reason to suppose she is approaching that critical period, "the turn of life," should neglect to take it, as it is a certain preventative for any of *the numerous and horrible* diseases to which females are subject at this time of life. This period may be delayed several years by using this medicine. Nor is it less valuable for those approaching womanhood, as it is calculated to assist nature, by quickening the blood and invigorating the system. Indeed this medicine is invaluable for all the diseases to which women are subject.

It braces the whole system, renews permanently the natural energies—by removing the impurities of the body—not so far stimulating the system as to produce a subsequent relaxation effected by the class of most medicines taken for female weakness and unease.

SCROFULA CURED.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

THREE CHILDREN.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir, I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of the Scrofula by the use of your excellent medicine. They were afflicted very severely with bad sores; have taken only four bottles; it took them away, for which I feel myself under deep obligation.

Yours respectfully,
ISAAC W. CRAIN, 100 Wooster-st.

New York, March 1, 1847.

CAUTION.

Owing to the great success and immense sale of Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, a number of men who were formerly our Agents, have commenced making Sarsaparilla, Bitters, Bitters, &c. &c. They generally put it up in the same shaped bottles, claiming that theirs is far superior and four times stronger than Dr. Townsend's, &c., hoping thereby to deceive the public. Some of these unprincipled men published counterfeit certificates, others have induced their brothers and other interested persons to allow the use of their names, to which they put equally forged signatures, to allow them respectability.—One makes a medicine, and puts it in bottles with respectable names procured by using Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, publishes them as cured by his stuff. He also publishes the certificate of a person who styles himself an M. D., who resides nobody knows where, and recommends horses by cures for a celebrated horse. They also published certificates signed by fictitious names stating they have used Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and that it injured them &c. These, and a great variety of other tricks are performed by these men, to sell their trash. The public should be on their guard, and look out for counterfeits.

Notice.—After the first of January, 1848, none will be genuine unless they are put up with a steel engraved copper plate label, containing the fac simile of Dr. Townsend's name, thus—S. P. Townsend.

Principal office, 126 Fulton street, Sun Building, N. Y.; Redding & Co., 8, State street, Boston; Dyott & Sons, 132 North 2d street Philadelphia; S. S. Bance, Druggist, Baltimore; P. M. Cohen, Charleston; Wright & Co. 131, Chartres street, New Orleans; 105 South Pearl street, Albany; and by all the principal Druggists and Merchants generally throughout the United States, West Indies, and the Canadas.

CARTER & BROTHER and BURTON & PERKINS, Wholesale and Retail Agents for Erie County—J. S. Hopkins for Springfield.

May 1, 1848. 1y32

EARLY ARRIVAL OF CHEAP GOODS.

THE subscriber is now receiving his full stock of Spring Goods, the first in market, consisting in part of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Crockery, Iron and Nails, &c., &c. My stock is sufficiently large for the market, and well selected as to pulling in the newspapers of great quantities of Goods, more than three times the amount of what they really have on hand. I will leave to newer and smaller stores. My Goods are bought cheap and will be sold as cheap as can be bought in this city at least, as I intend to sell for cash, and will make it an object to those that pay down for their Goods to purchase from me. Call and see for yourselves, and I think you will be satisfied with quality and prices.

GENTLEMENS GOODS.

Black and Blue Black Cloths; Indigo Blue, Brown and Cadet mixed do.; Blue, Black, fancy striped Cassimeres; a fine French article do.; Satinnetts, Kentucky Jeans, Ad. Jeans, blue drill, and any quantity of Summer stuffs, for pantaloons, coats, &c., together with many other articles too numerous to mention.

LADIES DRESS GOODS.

Cashmeres, Muslin de Laines, French German and Scotch ginghams, Earlston do., Mohair lustre, and linen Ginghams, a fashionable article; plaid and plain Linen, for travelling dresses; alpaca of assorted colors, and prices; striped and plain dress Silks; Swiss Muslins, Jackonet, Cambric, Jaconet and dotted Muslins, and a large lot of summer Shawls, different Handkerchiefs, Cravats, &c., ladies kid gloves, black and white and colored, of the best quality; black, white, and colored silk gloves, lisle thread and cotton do., black silk hose, black and white cotton do., gentlemen's hose and half hose, white, brown and mixed; gentlemen's black, white and colored silk Gloves, black, white and colored kid do., Ladies' slips and walking Shoes, children's do. Linen Cambric and Lawn handkerchiefs; Silk Bandanas, do., Spl. do., Gingham, and cotton do.; Diaper crash and towelling, Bu kaback do., English and American Ginghams, Lawns, and Mohair checks, nice and cheap.

Erie, April 8, 1848. SMITH JACKSON.

Shawls! Shawls!

SILK, Printed Cashmere, Tissue and M. de Lane Shawls just received by (May 17.) TIBBALS & DEWEY.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

ARRIVING IN LARGE QUANTITIES at the Old Jew Store, in the Telegraph Building, on French street. Messrs has just returned from the cities, safe and sound, and in great good humor, (of course,) after purchasing a very large, a very pretty and a very cheap lot of GOODS. These goods have been determined to sell on the principal of "SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK RETURNS," and to get them out of the way as soon as possible, if not sooner, therefore any man, woman or child wishing to buy GOODS cheap, will know where to go. Our assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES & CROCKERY is complete. Please notice the following Silk and Fancy Goods:

Plaid Poult de Soi, Swiss and Barred Muslins,
Watered do Embroidered Robes,
Black Gros de Rhine, Rep Silks, assorted colors,
Florence, assorted colors, Lawn and Mohair Ginghams,
Tissue & Cashmere Shawls, Canton Crape Shawls,
Lace Caps and Collars, Swiss, Thread, and muslin Edgings, Ribbons and Flowers Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, &c.

Also, French Black Clothes and Cassimers, Fancy and Summer Cassimers, Cashmerets, Mohair and Worsted Coating of every description; Satin, Fancy Silk and Cashmere Vestings, Silk and Satin Scarfs, Stocks and Ties, Silk Elastic and Kid Gloves, Gumelastic Suspenders; Collars, Bosoms, etc. April 12, 1848.

LADIES DRESS GOODS.

THIS day opening, a great variety of Dress Goods, comprising in part the fashionable Silk and Linen Tissues, and Goat's Hair Shalleys, Grenadines, shaded Barages, Robe de Gauze, Swiss ches, changeable Poil de Chevres, French Jaconet Plaids, Swiss and dotted Lawns, together with an unusual variety of cheap fast colored Lawns and Ginghams all of which I can as will sell as cheap as the cheapest, at my store, opposite the Eagle Hotel.

Erie, April 20, 1848. C. B. WRIGHT. 50

NEW GOODS FOR SPRING TRADE.

NOW receiving a very large stock, and selling at prices far, very far below any thing ever offered in Erie before. Further particulars hereafter. In the meantime, please call at the corner store, Reed House.

Erie, April 29, 1848. P. METCALF. 50.

300 PIECES Figured and Plain Green Window and Wall Paper, at the old Jew Store of M. KOCH.

April 31, 1848. 1

Lumber Wanted.

I WILL pay CASH for 500,000 feet of Hemlock Lumber, delivered at my dock in Erie. Bills will be given for the final wanted. Also for any quantity of Popular, Cucumber, White Oak, White Ash, Cherry, Chestnut and common Pine Lumber.

Erie, April 22, 1848. WM. TRUESDAIL.

JUST RECEIVED

AT MRS. ROOD'S Millinery Establishment, a new assortment of Bonnets, Ribbons, Artificials, &c. which the ladies are invited to examine. May 12, 1848.

Orphans Court Sale.

WILL be sold at public auction or vendue on Monday the 12th day of June next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the market house, in the borough of Erie, all the right interest and claim of Margaret Laid late of said borough deceased, at the time of her decease, the south half of a full inn lot in said borough of Erie, composed of inn lots Nos. 1287 and 1286, fronting on State street forty one feet and extending back westwardly 105 feet; on said lot there are some fine fruit trees but no other improvement.

Terms of sale, one third in hand the balance in two equal annual instalments with interest, to be secured by judgment, bond and mortgage. JAMES LYTLE, Administrator of MARGARET LAIRD.

May 12, 1848.

McAllister's All-Healing Ointment.

ABOUT the year 1817, I was living in the western part of this state pursuing the occupation of a farmer. One day while chopping in the wood, I took by chopped my foot nearly off, instead of the tree. During this misfortune I employed myself in perusing the fragment leaves of an old volume, printed in England some hundred of years ago. Among these scattered leaves I read of an herb which had been analyzed by some of England's ancient Alchemysts, showing properties and qualities never before found in any plant that was ever discovered.

This one herb under the force of the Retort and Crucible, developed more than ten distinct properties. This fact struck my mind so forcibly, that it was impossible for me to get rid of it. Something seemed to tell me that Providence, whose special care is extended toward all his creatures, had never concentrated into one small herb so many medical qualities, as various and as complicated, although perfectly identical as the human blood, without a wise and good purpose. Here was to be found the acids, the alkalies, the oils, the water, the air, the salts, the soda, &c., all combined, concentrated, and chemically united into one single element of power, forming substance more allied and in affinity to the human blood than was ever before discovered in the works of nature.

Laboring under these impressions for several years I became uneasy and discontented, and unwilling to confine myself to the duties of a farmer.

Everything seemed to point my mind to one object, viz: the preparation of this herb into medicine. I then determined to return to the city of New York. I did so, and immediately inquired for the herb. It was not to be found. I then sent to Europe and there found it under another name.

Having prepared the article to my satisfaction, I gave it away to all who would use it. Hundreds, I might say thousands, took it into their families and used it, some for one thing and some for another, all from the very first to the very last, pronounced it of unrivalled excellence and power.

The first case that came under my observation was a man that had lost the use of his arm for some years. The ointment restored the use of his arm completely in a few days. This surprised me as much as it did the patient. After him came a man with sore eyes produced by gunpowder—a very bad one indeed. One box only sufficed to make a perfect cure. And I would here remark that hundreds have been cured of sore eyes who never found any relief save in this ointment.

There next came a woman who was suffering excruciating pain from the nose in the face. Her physician (thinking it the toothache) had extracted seven of her teeth. But the difficulty remained as bad as ever. The application of the All-Healing Ointment was attended with immediate cessation of pain. Her face powever began to swell, and the surface was covered over with pimples eruption like prickly heat. In one day all this disappeared. About the same time, a lady made application to me for the headache, of long standing, and a falling of the hair. Since this I have known the Ointment to cure cases of ten, twenty and forty years standing. I hesitate not to say, that it is almost an infallible remedy for this complaint.

About this time there were two cases, one of Consumption, and the other of Scrofula, which had baffled the skill of every physican who prescribed. It was wondered to witness the effects of the Ointment on these persons. No one would believe it unless they had personally witnessed it. But it did the work properly. There was no half way business, for they recovered their health in few months.

Rheumatism, Fever, Quincy, Sore Throat, Cutaneous Eruptions Diseases of the Spine, and Nervous Complaints were treated with unheard of success. But for Chest diseases, such as Asthma, Pain and oppression, I believe is no better remedy. Also, for Scrofulous diseases, such as Ulcer Sores, Scald Head, Humors of the Skin, Inflammation, Piles, Sore eyes, Sprains, Bruises and Burns, it seems to be a perfect antidote. People would come into the store smiling, wishing to know if I was really the seventh Son, or whether the Ointment that I gave them was, indeed, All-Healing in its nature. For said they, not one single application has failed to cure.

Liver Complaint, particularly, was treated with great and universal success.

It produced such good results in all cases, that it has been noised abroad, and I was offered sums of money for a receipt, to make it for private use merely. Every man spoke well of it, as it had done so much good.

Notwithstanding all, I have been careful not to recommend it, except in cases I know it would do good. I was never willing to lend myself to any thing without testimonials. This I entered resolved to do on every occasion, and when I acted as one the Sick Committee in the Lodge of I. O. of O. F. I then tested it upon Brothers in the most critical conditions, and had abundant opportunity of proving its worth.

And in conclusion, I would remark that I have placed this Ointment before the people of the U. States during the last 9 or 12 mo's, and so general has been the satisfaction, and so great amount of good done, that more than half a million of boxes has been sold. I so really believe there never was a medicine which gained such wide spread, universal and unanimous satisfaction as the All-Healing Ointment. From all parts of the land there have come up one deep, sincere, and universal voice of approbation, saying 'McAllister, thy tongue hath dropped the word of truth and love, while health forever attends thy footsteps." And were I now to give all the good sayings of the people, their unqualified approval, their thankfulness and gratitude, their joy at recovering from disease and sickness, I could fill a volume.

JAMES McALISTER, New York.

☞ The above medicine may be had at the Drug and Chemical Store of BURTON & PERKINS, Erie. cow3m51

HEAVES! HEAVES! HEAVES!

THERE never was a remedy discovered, by the ingenuity of man for removing diseases from Horses, that equalled COLLMAN'S HEAVE POWDERS, in curing that most trouble-some, obstinate and dangerous complaint. If a case is at all curable, these powders will just as surely remove it as they are taken. This is no fiction, as many of the most respectable persons in different parts of the country, can testify from actual trial. One, two, or three bottles at most, if all that is necessary to cure the worst cases; also in cough and where the wind has been injured, ONE bottle will be found of great service. And what is the cost of three bottles compared to the loss of even an ordinary horse? Try it then, you who have horses suffering for the want of such an article. Price 50cts. per bottle. For sale by

CARTER & BROTHER, Erie.
BOYD, VINCENT & Co., Waterford,
B. C. TOWN & Co., North East,
S. STEWART & Co., Concord.

PROTECTION.

THE Erie County Mutual Insurance Company continues to insure against loss and damage by fire, on buildings, goods and merchandize of all descriptions. Office on the East side of the Public Square, between 6th and 7th streets.

DIRECTORS.

Wm. Beaty, J. H. Williams,
J. C. Spencer, George Selden,
Thomas Willis, Smith Jackson,
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W. H. Townsend, Hamlin Russell,
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GILES SANFORD, President.
J. C. SPENCER, Treasurer.
George Selden, Secretary.

Erie, June 3, 1847. 1y2

GREATEST MEDICINE OF THE AGE!

STANTON'S EXTERNAL REMEDY, CALLED HUNT'S LINIMENT, has received the above title from thousands who have been benefitted by its use. Its operation is wonderful. Never failing to give immediate relief, and permanently curing the diseases for which it is recommended. For the last year I have placed before the public testimony of undoubted character from many persons well known throughout the county of Westchester, where the great reputation of this medicine was first established. During the past year I have received from all parts of the Union, a mass of evidence of the great value of this celebrated remedy sufficient to fill volumes, of which I have selected a few certificates. For the following diseases Hunt's Liniment is a certain, safe and speedy cure

Rheumatism, Spinal affection, Weakness and Pains in the back and chest, contractions of the muscles, sore Throat, Quinsey, Issues, Ulcers, Ague in the breast and face, Tooth ache, Sprains, Bruises, Salt Rheum, Burns, Croup, frosted Feet, Bunnons, Corns, and all diseases of the Nerves. As a strengthener of the Nervous System it exceeds all the plasters and medicines in the world. It is only necessary to try it to be convinced that it will do all that the proprietor professes. Its reputation is constantly increasing, *and in every instance where it has been used it is always kept as a necessary Family Medicine.* Read the evidence from abroad.

CERTIFICATE.

East Berlin, Pa., May 28, 1847.

Geo. E. Stanton—Dear Sir; I consider it my duty to express my sentiments in behalf of your invaluable medicine. *Hunt's Liniment.*

I have for about one year past used the Liniment in my practice, for various diseases, and feel satisfied, from the success attending its applications, that it merits all that can be said in its behalf. I consider it one of the best *external remedies* I have ever used in case of Tetter, Ringworm, Salt Rheum, Pains, Bruises, Swellings, Cuts, &c. The cheap rate at which the article is to be had, places it within the reach of all. It should form the principal external remedy of every family. DANIEL BAKER, M. D.

This Liniment is sold by all the respectable Merchants & Druggists throughout the country, and by the Proprietor at Sing Sing, N. Y. GEORGE E. STANTON.

For sale by J. H. Burton, Erie; B. C. Town, North East; S. L. Jones & Co., Girard.

Erie, May 1, 1848. 6m50

NEW GOODS FOR THE POPULAR TRADE.

JUST receiving the most extensive, richest and cheapest assortment of Gentlemen's and Ladies' DRESS GOODS ever exhibited in this market—comprising a large and well selected assortment of LADIES' fine Dress Goods, suited to the fashions. Our editors make short work faces we cannot give our usual long catalogue. Suffice it to say, we will sell fine yard-wide Lawns as low as 11 cents, and other GOODS in proportion. Also a large lot of STAPLE GOODS at full 40 per cent. below past prices.

Ladies and Gentlemen this will be the most favorable time to replenish your wardrobes that you will find in a long time to come.

N. B. I would invite the attention of the young Ladies—this being the year of promise—to our rich assortment of fine Goods, just right for the occasion, at 30 per cent. below former prices. In short our motto is the nimble sixpence, and for Cash we will sell Goods a shade lower than any house west of sunrise.

Erie, April 17, 1848. H. CADWELL.

13 POUNDS good Coffee for one dollar, at May 10, 1848. H. COOK'S.

REMOVAL.

GEORGE SELDEN & SON have removed their store to No. 5, Cheapside, one door south of Tibbals & Dewey's store. They have a general assortment of Goods, and will be receiving a new stock in a few days. Erie, May 12, 1848.

THROUGH BY EXPRESS.

STRAW GOODS AND PALM LEAF HATS.—We have just received one of the largest assortments of Ladies' Bonnets ever brought to this market, embracing all the late styles of Florence and Bird's Eye Braids, Rutland and China Pearl Straws, Swiss, French, English and American Lace and Gimps, in endless variety, as well as the late styles of Gentlemen's Pedal, Leghorn and Palm Leaf Hats, all of which will be sold on the most favorable terms.

Erie, April 27, 1848. BROWN & McCARTER. 50

SHAWLS IN GREAT VARIETY.

200 DIFFERENT PATTERNS and styles of SHAWLS, including the fashionable Canton Crape, ranging from $5 50 to $18 00, all shades. Also, the French Crape Barage, Summer Cashmere, plain and embro