

MISS DE JANON IS FOUND IN CHICAGO

Eloping Heiress and Cohen, the Waiter, Arrested in a Cheap Rooming House

POSED AS FATHER AND CHILD

Dog That the Girl Insisted on Taking Along Leads to Arrest of Rich Philadelphia's Daughter and Man with Whom She Fleed.

Chicago, Jan. 13.—Roberta de Janon, the Philadelphia heiress, and her friend and admirer, Frederic Cohen, the Bellevue-Stratford waiter, with whom she eloped on December 29, were captured by the police here and held awaiting the arrival of officers from Philadelphia.

They had travelled for thousands of miles, jumping from city to city, in the United States and Canada, in an effort to elude the police and detectives put on their trail by the sixteen-year-old girl's wealthy grandfather. The end came in a squalid boarding house room at No. 68 Superior street, on the North Side, where the couple had been doing the lightest sort of ginger cookie housekeeping.

Miss De Janon and Cohen were practically at the end of their resources. They reached Chicago from Montreal and Halifax with but \$1.60. Cohen had pawned some of the girl's jewelry for a trifling sum, but that had been spent.

The girl had determined to end her life. She had written to her grandfather expressing sorrow for running away with Cohen and declaring her intention to jump into the lake.

It is not unlikely that Cohen, convinced that his young companion was desperate and determined to suicide, let the tip reach the police that resulted in their capture. It came from Mrs. Frank Perrin, who ran the rooming house in which they had taken quarters, and was acted on promptly.

According to Mrs. Perrin, the pair were living as father and daughter. Both protested to the police that their relations since leaving Philadelphia had been that of father and daughter.

Cohen, himself, traced their route from the day they eloped out of Philadelphia. They went first to New York where they found difficulty in getting rooms and after remaining over night went to Montreal. The news of the elopement frightened them and they went to St. John, New Brunswick, where they took passage for England on an English steamer.

Cohen said they left the steamer at Halifax because the English officers objected to carrying Tootsie, Miss de Janon's terrier, and the girl would not go on without the dog.

They went from Halifax to Boston and direct to Chicago. They attracted little attention when they first went to the Superior street house, and had since lived quietly.

When the police came to arrest them, Cohen made an emphatic protest, insisting that he was a barber from Montreal. He soon broke down, however, and admitted his identity. Miss de Janon, sobbing bitterly, pleaded with the police to restore her to her grandfather.

In the girl's possession the police found one remarkable letter from Cohen to the girl, dated December 14, in which he begged to think twice before eloping with him.

NO ONE CLAIMS \$60,000

Left by Apparently Poor Ragman in St. Louis.

St. Louis, Jan. 11.—A fortune of \$60,000 in good securities awaits the heirs of Jeremiah Moynihan, an aged ragman, who died on Friday. Apparently in destitute circumstances, Moynihan was to have been buried in Potter's Field today, but the public administrator found a key to a safety deposit vault in his effects. The safe box contained bonds worth \$60,000.

Moynihan was eighty years old. He was a miser and lived alone, and, as far as is known, he had no relatives in this country.

FEAR FOR LITTLE SUGAR MEN

Sentence of Four of the Havemeyer Checkers.

New York, N. Y., Jan. 12.—Edward A. Boyle, John R. Coyle, Thomas Keane and Patrick J. Hennessy, checkers on the Williamsburg docks of the Havemeyers & Elder refinery, who were convicted with Oliver Spitzer on December 17, 1905, of conspiracy to defraud the Government by means of false entries of sugar, were sentenced by Judge Martin in the United States Circuit Court to serve a year each in a penitentiary in Blackwell's Island. Spitzer's bail was extended to February 1 and sentence was suspended until that date because he has a surgical operation to undergo.

Saves Brother, Then is Drowned.

Atlantic City, N. J., Jan. 11.—Miss Martha Holloway, fourteen years old, saved the life of her brother Edward, two years younger, but was herself drowned when they broke through the ice of Dougherty's mill pond, on which they were skating. Mr. Holloway, her father, is engineer of the Atlantic City water works, at Absecon.

HUGHES IN MESSAGE CALLS FOR REFORMS

Stands by Demand for Direct Nominations—Would End Bookmaking and White Slave Traffic.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 13.—In two of the most important documents sent out from the Executive Chamber Governor Hughes called upon the State Legislature to defend the proposed income tax amendment to the federal constitution, again urged a law providing for direct primaries and announced the gift of 10,000 acres of land and \$1,000,000 from Mrs. Mary W. Harriman for a great public park on the Hudson River.

One of the documents was the Governor's annual message to the Legislature. The attack on the proposed income tax amendment was made the subject of a special message. The Governor analyzes the amendment from a constitutional standpoint, quoting eminent judicial opinions to justify his determined opposition, and recommending that the proposed constitutional amendment providing for an income tax be not ratified by the Legislature of this state.

The Governor in the general message urged amendments of the Penal Code to prevent oral betting, or bookmaking without the recording of bets, and the so-called "white slave" traffic. A renewal of his recommendation for the inclusion of all telephone and telegraph companies under the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission was distinctly brief, even curt. Extension of the state's agricultural work, the state development of water powers and the adoption of a more liberal forest preservation policy were other features of the message which were expected by the legislators.

Entirely new was the acknowledgment of a gift by Mrs. E. H. Harriman of a tract of land of 10,000 acres near her estate and \$1,000,000 in cash to acquire other land for a great state park in the highlands of the Hudson. In the body of the message and in an appendix giving in detail correspondence between the Governor, George W. Perkins, president of the Palisades Park Commission, and others there was set forth a comprehensive plan for the acquisition of the beautiful territory of the Palisades region, with a river frontage and a great roadway along the base of the Palisades. Gifts by John D. and William Rockefeller, J. Pierpont Morgan, Mrs. Sage, Miss Helen Miller Gould, George W. Perkins and others amounting to \$1,025,000 were announced, with the declaration that \$2,500,000 more had been raised. To meet this New York State is to appropriate \$2,500,000 to acquire land and build roads and to remove the new state prison from Rockland County to some place where it will not interfere with this park work.

Charter revision for New York City, the passage of measures to assure more economical condemnation proceedings, comprehensive automobile legislation, with a license tax; proper legislation to provide better compensation for injury of employees along the lines of the report of the Commission on employers' liability, the lessening of special legislation for municipalities and a definite system of budget making by the state were urged by Governor Hughes.

Other recommendations are: That the Governor appoint a cabinet of State administrative heads, accountable to him, in place of the present elective State officers. This would require constitutional amendment.

That the New York ballot be simplified.

Publicity of all campaign expenditures.

Direct nominations.

That it be made a crime, with severe penalty, for a motorist to seek to escape after an accident to which his act has contributed.

AN OYSTER TRUST CHARGED

Mississippi Proceeds to Break Alleged Combination.

Gulfport, Miss., Jan. 11.—Alleging violation of the state anti-trust laws, proceedings have been brought here against the Lopez, Dunbar & Dukate Company, which is charged with controlling the oyster industry of Mississippi and restricting competition.

Penalties aggregating \$2,225,000 are asked, or at the rate of \$5,000 a day since September 4, 1908. On that date it is alleged that the defendants secured the conveyance of all independent oyster packing plants into one association. The suit is brought for the state by Wirt Adams, state revenue agent.

HOSPITAL SWALLOWED UP

Seven Die When Cave-in of Disused Mine Occurs.

Vienna, Jan. 11.—An extraordinary accident occurred at Rabl, in Carinthia. The sudden subsidence of the site of a disused mine completely engulfed a small hospital building. Not a vestige of the hospital remained, and only a huge cavity in the ground was to be seen.

Seven inmates of the hospital, including Surgeon Wesseley and his family, perished.

CURED LUNATIC KILLS WIFE AND CHILD.

Springfield, Mo., Jan. 12.—William Christmann, a farmer who was recently discharged from the State Insane Asylum at Nevada as "cured," shot and killed his wife and his ten-year-old daughter at their home, six miles west of Springfield.

FITZGERALD WINS BOSTON MAYORALTY

Will Control Sufficient Votes in New City Council to Control Municipal Government

NO NEWSPAPER WAS WITH HIM

Fitzgerald Elected with 47,172 Votes and a Plurality of 1,414 Over His Nearest Opponent, James J. Storrow.

Boston, Jan. 13.—Boston, in the first parties election held under her new charter, elected former Mayor John F. Fitzgerald to fill again the Mayor's chair, this time for a four-year term, giving him 47,172 votes and a plurality of 1,414 over his nearest opponent, James J. Storrow, banker, former president of the Chamber of Commerce and former chairman of the School Board, who received 45,757. The most remarkable feature of the election to many was the small vote of 3,816 given the present Mayor, George A. Hibbard, who received 38,000 votes two years ago, being elected on a "reform" ticket, over Fitzgerald. The fourth Mayor aspirant, Nathaniel H. Taylor, found only 613 supporters. Total, 95,358.

While the figures above were those announced in City Hall, Mr. Storrow's campaign manager had other returns, and on these based a statement given out early in the evening that while he acknowledged the election of Fitzgerald by an apparent plurality of 291 votes he would ask for a recount.

The campaign, noteworthy in many ways, was easily Boston's greatest. A record total vote, 95,125, more than 84 per cent. of the total registration, was cast. The largest previous vote was cast in 1905, when Fitzgerald was first elected Mayor, the total vote then being 92,984, of which Fitzgerald received 44,171.

Fitzgerald won his victory today in spite of the fact that not one of the daily newspapers of the city advocated his election.

MRS. CLEVELAND'S PENSION

Senator Root's Proposed \$5,000-a-Year Grant Will Be Voted Quickly.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Provision is made in a bill introduced in the Senate by Senator Root for a \$5,000 pension for Mrs. Frances Folsom Cleveland, widow of President Cleveland. There will be no objection to the measure, and it will become law at the earliest practicable moment.

This measure is in line with precedents. Mrs. Lincoln in 1870 was voted \$3,000, which was increased to \$5,000 in 1882. At the same time Mrs. Garfield, Mrs. Polk and Mrs. Tyler were granted pensions of \$5,000 a year. Mrs. McKinley was given a like pension in 1902. Mrs. Cleveland was granted the free use of the mails in 1909.

PITTSBURG HAS "POGONIP"

Hang an Apron of Cheesecloth Over Your Mouth, or You'll Get It.

Pittsburg, Jan. 13.—Henry Pennywitt, weather forecaster here, announced that Pittsburg air is supercharged with "pogonip," and he urged that people outdoors should hang over their mouths and nostrils a little apron of cheesecloth.

"Pogonip," he explained, is Indian for "white death" and is caused by inhaling fog which has congealed into splenda of ice. He first learned of the disease when stationed on the Utah and Nevada plateaus where the Indians dread it fearfully. It develops a form of pneumonia which is usually fatal.

GREAT PRIZES FOR AIRSHIPS

Possibly \$120,000 at European Contests and \$200,000 at American.

Paris, Jan. 13.—The International Aeronautical Federation announces that the prizes for the Carnivals of 1910 will range from \$10,000 to \$120,000 at the European contests, while \$200,000 will be offered for the American events.

The revised dates for the meet in the United States provide for contests from Oct. 18 to Nov. 2. The first week will be given over to competition for the International Balloon Cup, and the second week will be aviation week proper.

Governor Feeds the Birds.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 13.—Kansas quail and other birds are dying in large numbers from starvation. The ground has been covered with snow and ice for forty-two days and the birds are unable to find grains or ground seeds to eat. Governor Stubbs issued a proclamation yesterday calling on the people to scatter grain for the birds to eat.

Half Million Loss.

Evansville, Ind., Jan. 13.—Damage conservatively estimated in excess of \$500,000 has already resulted from the rapid ice movement out of the lower Ohio River. The most important single loss reported is from Brandenburg, Ky., where the towboat Leader an 80-ton vessel owned in Cincinnati, was destroyed by the heavy ice.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Covering Minor Happenings From All Over the Globe

DOMESTIC.

Glenn H. Curtis established new world's records at the international aviation meet in Los Angeles.

Governor Fort in his annual message to the New Jersey Legislature recommended that the location of institutions for the prevention or cure of tuberculosis should be subject to the approval of the State Board of Health.

Brokers need not submit to an examination of their private books in connection with the collection of the stock transfer tax, rules the Court of Appeals.

The New York Military Academy at Cornwall, N. Y., was burned; the students, numbering about one hundred and fifty, marched out in order, but lost most of their effects.

Mayor Gaynor, of New York, instructed his new Tax Board to give justice to all in making assessments, to find real values, to avoid favoritism, to ignore politics and to dismiss any deputy doing wrong.

In a statement issued at Cherry, Ill., by the Red Cross and mine workers it was recommended that continued relief be in the form of pensions to widows of the St. Paul mine victims.

It was announced at Keokuk, Iowa, that New York and Boston capital was behind a project to build the second largest dam in the world across the Mississippi at that point.

Jacob S. Coxey declared the increase in the cost of living could be remedied only by the Government taking control of the money from the banks and basing business on actual cash.

WASHINGTON.

Definite steps were taken in Washington looking to changing the date of the President's inauguration from March 4 to late in April.

The Marquis de Villalobar, Spanish Minister to Washington, has been transferred to Lisbon.

The Immigration Commission, in asking \$125,000 additional from Congress, discloses that it spent almost \$700,000 in its tour of Europe.

Expected reprisals by holding up nominations were not in evidence. Senator La Follette, chairman of the senate committee on census, reporting favorably to the senate more than 300 nominations of census supervisors.

A. F. Potter, of Arizona, was appointed Chief Forester of the United States to succeed Mr. Gifford Pinchot, removed by President Taft.

Mr. Sulzer offered in the House at Washington a joint resolution to recognize Estrada as President of Nicaragua.

The Senate Committee on Public Lands reconvened and amended its resolution providing for the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation so as to leave to the House the method of selecting its membership of the committee.

President Taft will not allow his retirement plans to interfere with the two battleship naval programme.

Reports of the Bureau of Statistics, Department of Commerce and Labor, show that the prices of imports are rapidly increasing.

FOREIGN.

A plot to assassinate King Manuel II. of Portugal was unearthed.

The Congregation of Cardinals and all the Vatican officials attended the funeral of Cardinal Satolli in Rome.

The inheritance of Princesses Louise, Stephanie and Clementine, daughters of the late King Leopold, is estimated at about \$4,000,000.

Japan is unanimously opposed to Secretary Knox's proposal to neutralize the Manchurian railways.

The Aero Club of France decided to issue a formal challenge for the balloon and aeroplane cups, both international and both held by the Aero Club of America.

The Paris newspapers say the American policy in Manchuria probably has for its object the forcing of Japan out of China.

PLANS SUNNY JAIL

"Kills Crime Germs," Says Chicago's Assistant Chief.

Chicago, Jan. 11.—Chicago is to have a new city jail that will be a model for all jails, according to plans now in the hands of Herman F. Schuetler, assistant chief of police.

Instead of being in the damp and unsanitary basement, all the 150 cells will be on the top floor of the building. Instead of the regulation dark roof Chief Schuetler has provided for a heavy glass roof, so that every cell will be bathed in sunlight constantly, making the cells cheerful and sanitary instead of breeding places for disease.

"Sunshine kills crime germs," declared Mr. Schuetler.

Medical Colleges Consolidate.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 11.—The University College of Medicine and the Medical College of Virginia have consolidated and may absorb the medical department of the University of Virginia. It is planned to make the combined college the largest medical institution in the South.

Ohio to Probe Living Cost.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 13.—Aroused by repeated calls from legislators and citizens, Gov. Harmon will write a special message to the Legislature on the cost of living in Ohio.

SAYS CANADA WILL FEED THIS COUNTRY

Sydney Fisher, Dominion's Minister of Agriculture, Extols His Land's Resources

HAS GAINED 300,000 AMERICANS

Declares Eighty Thousand Crossed Line Last Year, Carrying \$65,000,000 with Them—Wheat Producing Ability—Planning for Conservation.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 13.—Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture of the Dominion of Canada, who was the guest of the evening at the January banquet of the Beacon Society at the Algonquin Club entertained the members with a glowing account of the present condition and the outlook for the future of Canada's agricultural interests. Mr. Fisher professed to foresee the time when the United States will have ceased, by reason of congestion of population, to be the food producing nation that it is now, and he assured his hearers that Canada will then be abundantly able to feed this country.

To show how Canada is developing her resources, he said that in ten years her products of agriculture have increased from \$160,000,000 to \$563,000,000, and yet she has only touched the edge of her possibilities. And all that production is of high class, he added.

"Canada has 213,000,000 acres of available agricultural land," he said "yet only 12,000,000 are under crops at present, 7,000,000 acres of that total in wheat, producing annually about 147,000,000 bushels of No. 1 Northern or hard wheat that American millers have to have to keep up the standard of Minneapolis flour."

"Of the total of 213,000,000 acres, 70,000,000 acres are capable of producing first class crops of wheat. Three provinces in the Northwest can produce 1,000,000,000 bushels of wheat, or one and a half times more than the whole United States produced last year."

"The immigration to Canada is about equally divided among natives of Great Britain, the Continent of Europe and the United States, but the latter are preferred. Last year 80,000 Americans went across the border, carrying \$85,000,000 to add to Canadian wealth. In the last five years 300,000 Americans have gone to Canada, carrying \$200,000,000. Moreover, owing to English conservatism, capitalists from the United States have been getting the cream of Canadian investment."

"Canada, like the United States, has been wasting her natural resources in the past, but she has seen the folly of it and hopes to be able to help the United States in the conservation of those resources in the future. She is trying to make laws that shall discourage tying up the natural resources beyond the control of the people, and endeavoring to provide that some of the profits of those resources in future generations shall go to the people instead of going exclusively to fatten the pocketbooks of individual exploiters. She is also trying to plan her systems of transportation so that the people will get a fair share of the great agricultural wealth of the country."

"Canada is creating an army and a navy, which will not be a menace to the United States, however, but through the co-operation of the military and naval forces of Great Britain and the United States will help to compel a world peace."

PAYS \$2,284,418 CASH

H. C. Frick Company Buys 2,644 Acres of Coking Coal.

Uniontown, Pa., Jan. 11.—A cash transaction involving over \$2,000,000 in connection with the sale of coal lands is disclosed here in the filing of deeds in the County Recorder's office. The Clariton Iron Company has sold to the H. C. Frick Coke Company 2,644 acres of coking coal and 296 acres of surface land in this county for \$2,284,418 cash—\$859 an acre for the coal land and \$125 an acre for the surface land. This is a record price for coal lands in this section.

The Frick Company is said to have taken the land to provide against future shortage, and it is not expected to be developed at once.

COHEN MAY GET LIFE TERM

Philadelphia Will Prosecute Him Under Drastic State Law.

Philadelphia, Jan. 13.—Life imprisonment may be the punishment of Frederic Cohen, the waiter who eloped with Roberta De Janon, granddaughter of the millionaire seedman, Robert Buist.

It is the intention of the Department of Public Safety to endeavor to convict Cohen on the charge of abduction. Director Clay said that Cohen would be prosecuted to the full extent, and if convicted he can, under the law, be sentenced to imprisonment for life.

Gov. Draper Silent on Income Tax.

Boston, Jan. 13.—Without a word of comment or recommendation Gov. Draper sent to the Legislature to-day his proposed amendment to the national Constitution for an income tax.

MESSAGE ON EVILS OF RAILWAYS AND TRUSTS

President Demands Legislation Prohibiting Roads from Acquiring Interest in Competing Lines.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Monopolies and predatory combinations must be restrained and punished until all unjust competition is ended, says President Taft in a joint message to Congress embodying his views on the interstate commerce law and the Sherman antitrust law.

In order that there may be no controversy of decision in cases appealed by corporations to the different United States district courts from orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission, he recommends the establishment of a court of the United States, to be known as the "United States Court of Commerce," to which appeals may be taken. He would have this court composed of five judges designated from among the Circuit Judges of the United States.

The President recommends that the court shall sit at Washington. The establishment of the Commerce Court will necessitate the appointment of five additional judges, who may be distributed to the circuits where there is the greater volume of business.

The President recommends that the Interstate Commerce Law be amended so that hereafter no railroad company doing interstate business shall directly or indirectly acquire interests of any kind in any railroad or corporation competing with it.

For the protection of minority stockholders he recommends a proviso that such prohibition shall not operate to prevent any corporation now owning not less than one-half the entire outstanding capital stock in any other railroad company from acquiring all the remainder of such stock. Any company operating a railroad under lease executed for a term of not less than twenty-five years shall have reversionary ownership of the demised railroad.

The President recommends legislation to prevent future over issue of stocks and bonds by interstate carriers.

In industrial combinations called trusts, the President says, the interstate and foreign business far exceeds the business done in any one State. This fact, he says, will justify granting of federal charters to such combinations under such limitations as will secure compliance with the anti-trust law.

To this end he recommends a granting of federal law for the charters to corporations engaged in interstate commerce, protecting them from undue interference by the State and relying on national supervision to prevent abuses which have arisen under State control.

Such a law would subject the real and personal property only to the same taxation as is imposed by the States and would require complete reports to be filed at regular intervals. Holding companies will be forbidden.

The President declares the Sherman Anti-trust Law does not need amendment, and that the series of decisions by the Supreme Court renders a strong reason for leaving the act as it is.

The public, the President says, must disabuse itself of the idea that any distinction between "good trusts" and "bad trusts" can be introduced into the statute.

The President declares that monopolies must be restrained and punished until ended.

TAFT BACK OF FOOD INQUIRY

Senator Elkins Consults with President and Receives Encouragement.

Washington, Jan. 12.—President Taft has swung the weight of his administration in favor of the demand of the people for a thorough and prompt investigation into the increasing cost of living.

Senator Elkins conferred with the President on the subject and was assured by the President of hearty co-operation.

The President is committed to no plan of investigation, but wants something done to determine the reason for existing conditions, that there may be corrective legislation.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the Week.

MILK—Per quart, 4½¢.
BUTTER—Western extra, 34@35¢; State dairy, 26@29¢.
CHEESE—State. Full cream, special, 17½@18¢.
EGGS—State. Fair to choice, 31@40¢; do, western firsts, 28@32¢.
APPLES—Tatman, per bbl., \$2.25@2.50.
DRESSED POULTRY—Chickens, per lb., 12@20¢; Cocks, per lb., 12@13¢; Squabs, per dozen, \$1.50@4.25.
HAY—Prime, per 100 lbs., \$1.02½.
STRAW—Long Rye, per 100 lbs., 80@90¢.
POTATOES—State, per bbl., \$1.50@1.75.
ONIONS—White, per crate, 25@50¢.
FLOUR—Winter patents, \$5.50@6.00; Spring patents, \$5.50@6.55.
WHEAT—No. 2, red, \$1.28@1.30; No. 1, Northern Duluth, \$1.28¾.
CORN—No. 2, 69½@71¢.
OATS—Natural white, 50@52¢; Clip-ped white, 50½@54¢.
BEEVES—City Dressed, 8@11½¢.
CALVES—City Dressed, 10@15½¢.
SHEEP—Per 100 lbs., \$4.50@4.75.
LAMBS—Per 100 lbs., \$5.50.
HOGS—Liver, per 100 lbs., \$8.50; Country Dressed, per lb., 10½@12¢.