PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUPMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION. BY THE GENERAL AS BEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH IN TARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION Proposing amendments to sections eight and twenty-one of article four, sections eleven and tweive of article five, sec-tions two, three, and fourteen of article eight, section one of article tweive, and sections two and seven of article four-teen, of the Constitution of Pennsyl-

vania, and providing a schedule for carrying the amendments into effect. Section I. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in Gen-eral Assembly met. That the following are proposed as amendments to the Con-stitution of the Commonwealth of Penn-sylvania, in accordance with the proviaions of the eighteenth article thereof:-Amendment One-To Article Four, Sec-tion Eight.

Section 2 Amend section eight of article four of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:-

"He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be the Commonwealth as he is or may he authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be auin a judicial office, or in any other elec-tive office which he is or may be au-thorized to fill; if the vacancy shall hap-pen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Sen-ate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elecin any such case of vacancy, in an elec-tive office, a person shall be chosen to maid office at the next general election, unless the vacancy shall happen within three calendar months immediately preeeding such election, in which case the election for said office shall be held at the second succeeding general election. In acting on executive nominations the shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations journal," so as to read as follows:

of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and shall be entered on He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs of Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen dur-ing the session of the Senate, the Gov-ernor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective of-fice, a person shall be chosen to said of-fice on the next election day appropriate to such office, according to the provisions of this Constitution, unless the vacancy shall happen within two calendar months immediately preceding such election day, in which case the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken yeas and nays, and shall be entered

on the journal.

Amendment Two-To Article Four, Section Twenty-one.

tion Twenty-one.

Section 3. Amend section twenty-one of article four, which reads as follows:—

"The term of the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be four years; of the Auditor General three years; and of the State Treasurer two years. These officers shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:—

The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall each be four years:

State Treasurer shall each be four years: and they shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections but a State Treasurer, elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and his suc-cessors shall be elected at the general election in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve, and in every fourth year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treas-urer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms. Amendment Three—To Article Five, Sec-

tion Eleven.
Section 4. Amend section eleven of ar-

five, which reads as follows:-"Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or al-dermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs and townships at the time of the election of constables, by the qualified electors thereof, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of five years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for ward or district for one year next preced-ing his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each

ward or district." so as to read:—

Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs or townships, by the qualified electors thereof, at the municipal election in such manner as municipal election, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one siderman shall be elected in over lifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district.

Amendment Four-To Article Five, Section Twelve.

Section 5, Amend section twelve of article five of the Constituton, which reads as follows:

"In historicity there shall be estab-

"In Philadelphia there shall be estab-lished, for each thirty thousand inhabit-ents, one court, not of record, of police."

and civil causes, with jurisdiction not in the year one thousand nine hundred and civil enuses, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by rangistrates whose term of office shall be nee years and they shall be elected on general ticket by the qualified vaters at targe; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-tairds of the number of persons to be sected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed shall exercise such jurbaliction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Phila delphia the office of alderman is abol-ished," so as to read as follows:—

In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabit ants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with Jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such and civil causes, with jurisdiction no exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be six years, and the shall be elected on general ticket at the municipal election, by the qualific municipal election, by the qualific-voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more that one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now ex-ercised by aid-rmen, subject to sucl changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Phila-delphia the office of alderman is abol-

Amendment Five-To Article Eight, Sec

tion Two.

Section 6. Amend section two of article eight, which reads as follows:—
"The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General eral Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto," so as to read:

The general election shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each even-numbered year, but the General Aseven-numbered year, but the General As-sembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided. That such election shall always be held in an even-numbered year. Amendment Six—To Article Eight, Sec-tion Three. Section 7. Amend section three of article sight, which reads as follows—

eight, which reads as follows:

"All elections for city, ward, borough and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the third Tuesday of February," so as to read:All judges elected by the electors of the All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as eircumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each old-numbered day of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd-numbered

Amendment Seven-To Article Eight, Sec

tion Fourteen.
Section 8. Amend section fourteen of article eight, which reads as follows: "District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first elecion board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Elec-tion officers shall be privileged from ar-rest upon days of election, and while en gaged in making up and transmitting re-turns, except upon warrant of a cour-of record or judge thereof, for an elecof record or judge thereof, for an elec-tion fraud, for feloby, or for wanter breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service," so as to read:—

District election boards shall consist on judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen biennially, by the citizens at the municipal election; but the General As-sembly may require said boards to be appointed in such manner as it may by Laws regulating the pointment of said boards may be enacted to apply to cities only: Provided, That such laws be uniform for cities of the same class. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one in-spector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election offi cers shall be privileged from affect upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record, or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemp-tion from jury duty during their terms of

Amendment Eight-To Article Twelve Section One.

Section One,
Section 9. Amend section one, article
twelve, which reads as follows:—
"All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be
elected or appointed as may be directed by law." so as to read:-

by law," so as to read:—
All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law: Provided, That elections of State officers shall be held on a general election day, and elections of local officers shall be held on a general election. be held on a municipal election day, ex-cept when, in either case, special elections may be required to fill unexpired terms. Amendment Nine-To Article Fourteen, Section Two.

Section Two.

Section 10. Amend section two of article fourteen, which reads as follows:

"County officers shall be elected at the general elections and shall hold their offices for the term of three years, beginning on the first Monday of January eart of the their election, and until their next after their election, and until their

successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law," so as to read:—
County officers shall be elected at the municipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of four years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law.

Amendment Ten—To Article Fourteen. shall be filled in such manner as may be

Amendment Ten-To Article Fourteen.

Section Seven.
Section Seven.
Section 11. Amend section seven, article fourteen, which reads as follows:—
"Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five and every third year there-after; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled, by the county additor and the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled," so as to read:—

Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen,

and eleven and every fourth year there-after; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appoint-ment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commiswho shall have voted for the commis-sioner or auditor whose place is to b

Schedule for the Amendments. Section 12. That no inconvenience may arise from the changes in the Constitu tion of the Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete opera-tion, it is hereby declared that—

tion, it is hereby declared that—
In the case of officers elected by the people, all terms of officer selected by act of Assembly at an odd number of years shall each be lengthened one year, but the Legislature may change the length of the term, provided the terms for which such officers are elected shall always be for an even number of years.

The above extension of official terms.

The above extension of official terms shall not affect officers elected at the hundred and eight; nor any eity, ward, borough, township, or election division officers, whose terms of office, under existing law, end in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

In the year one thousand nine hundred

and ten the municipal election shall be held on the third Tuesday of February as heretofore; but all officers chosen a that election to an office the regular term of which is two years, and also all elecof which is two years, and also at that tion officers and assessors chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven. All officers the sand nine hundred and eleven. All officers chosen at that election to offices the
term of which is now four years, or is
made four years by the operation of
these amendments or this schedule, shall
serve until the first Monday of December
in the year one thousand nine hundred
and thirteen. All justices of the peace,
magistrates, and aldermen, chosen at that
election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen. After the
year nineteen hundred and ten, and until
the Legislature shall otherwise provide. the Legislature shall otherwise provide, all terms of city, ward, borough, town-ship, and election division officers shall begin on the first Monday of December in an odd-numbered year. All city, ward, borough, and township

officers holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one

thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of December of that year.

All judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and also all county officers, holding office at the date of the omeers, noting omee at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution ROBERT McAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth

THE USEFUL OMELET.

Daintiest and Most Quickly Prepared of Egg Dishes.

The omelet, that daintiest and most quickly prepared of dishes, in which eggs go farthest when they are dear and which offer an astonishing variety when they are cheap, solves most satisfactorily, to my mind, the question of "left-overs," since even the merest fragments of meat, vegetables or fruit may serve as the "motif" for a delicious omelet. The last, unpre sentable scraps of the boiled ham, a slice or two of fried ham, cold beef, mutton or fowl may be minced, seasoned and stirred directly into the ggs, or it may be heated with cream and a little thickening and spread upon the omelet just before it is folded. Fish may be used in either way, while a couple of sausages heated and rolled into the center of an omelet rive it quite a different character. Try the vegetable omelet. A spoonful or two of peas or asparagus tips "left over" form the daintlest filling, while tomato omelet with a dash of cayonne is most appetizing. So is the heese omelet, in which are used, grated, the hard bits of cheese unsuit able for the table otherwise. The children will like the sweet omelet which has added to the eggs a little sugar and cinnamon and is spread with that last spoonful of jam, jelly or preserves which is so often left to turn sour in the jar, because too small a portion for a dish in itself. All this is merely suggestive-try for yourself and see how wide the field is for experiment.

*********** TRIFLES WORTH KNOWING.

If fresh fish is to be kept over night it should be salted and laid on an earthen dish. not placed on a board or shelf.

When the supply of preserves has run low a good jelly can be made in winter from oranges and apples mixed. The proportions are a pint of boiled apple juice to a pint of orange juice and a pound of sugar.

If a lamp wick does not move easily in the holder, draw out one or two threads from one side.

Left-over cereals need not be wasted. They are excellent fried like mush, and eaten with syrup or honey.

Rids Flower Pots of Worms.

The best way to rid your flower pots of worms is to thoroughly saturate the soil with lime water. Stop the hole in the bottom of the pot with a cork, pour the water on freely and let it remain long enough to do its work. Many complain that lime-water does not do any good; but it will if used rightly and in sufficient quan-

Peeling Onions Without Tears. The work of skinning onions, which usually ends in tears, can be made a pleasure by pouring boiling water over them and covering a few minutes before peeling.

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New Forest Fire Fighting Law.

Does Away With Old Plan-Provides for Fire Wardens.

A new law which is of interest to every one, because of the many forest fires, which have taken place during the past few years is about to be put in force in this State.

Heretofore constables have acted in the capacity of fire wardens, and have been directed and paid for their services through the county commissioners, but under the new act all this is changed. In the near future fire wardens will be appointed in every township and borough in the State, and they will be paid one-fifth by the county in which they serve and four-fifths by the State. These wardens will report to the Forestry Department on specially prepared blanks. Following are some of the important sec-

Stuart. The Commissioner of Forestry shall appoint in each borough and township in this Commonwealth, if in his judgment necessity exists for such an appointment, a suitable and competent person, who shall be known as the district fire warden.

tions of the new act which was approved May 13, 1909, by Governor

Whenever fire is discovered in or approaching woodlets, forests, or wildlands, whether the same be owned by individuals, corporations or by the Commonwealth, it shall be the duty of fire wardens, immediately to take such measures as are necessary for the extinguishment of the fire. He shall have the authority to employ such other person as, in his judgment, may be necessary to render assistance in extinguishing the fire; and whenever it is not otherwise possible for him to secure a sufficient number of persons to assist in extinguishing the fire, he is hereby given the power and authority to compel the attendance of, and the rendering of assistance by persons, in the extinguishing of the fire under the penalties prescribed in this act. The district fire warden, while engaged in performing the duties imposed by this act, shall receive as compensation 25 cents per hour and his actual necessary expenses incurred; and the persons so employed, or compelled to assist the warden, in the extinguish nent of fire, shall receive as compensation for their services 15 cents per hour.

Orders to Game Wardens.

Based On the New Fish and Game Law.

Local game wardens received orders recently to cover the requirements of the new laws about bunting in the woods. The laws are a bit changed from former enactments and it will be well for the local people to study them just a bit. One thing that many of our residents need to know is that the person not born on the soil of the United States or under its jurisdiction and unnaturalized may not hunt under any conditions. If you are an unnaturalized resident, better take out your old gun and throw it away. It will surely get you into trouble if you keep it about the house. The fever will come over you and you will go out to hunt. Then a game warden will find you and you will pay enough to take a trip to Coney Island and Atlantic-by-the-Sea.

Would Swear It Out.

Two Montour county residents were recently fined for profane swearing, which was such an unusual proceeding that the Milton Evening Standard said it recalled an incident in the life of Michael Dan Magehan, a noted lawyer of Cambria county in olden times, who was accustomed to embellish his remarks with "the most eloquent and graceful profanity." He was defending a fellow one day before a Justice and emphasized his plea with frequent profane utterances. Finally the Magistrate called him to account and fined him \$1.35 for two oaths. Michael Dan handed 11.30 him a five-dollar gold piece and said: "Just keep it, your Honor, I'll swear it out."

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect Feb'y 1st, 1908, 12:05 a.m.

NORTHWARD.

	A.N	f. P	M. 1	.M.	A.M.
t	Bloomsburg D L & W 9	00 9	197	0.15	5 00
J	Bloomsburg P & R 9	02 2	39	6 17	2755
1	Paper Mill		52	6 29	6 20
1	Orangeville 9:	26 3	03	6 48	6 50
r	Forks 9:	36 8	13 17	6 53	7 08
,	Stillwater 9	48 3	25	7 08	7 40
	Benton 9 !	55 3	33	7 13	8 10
	Coles Creek		40 /	7 21	8 96
r	Laubachs	08 /8	45 /	7 81	8 40
•	Grass Mere Park f10 Central 10		52	7 41	9 05
1	Jamison City 10	18 8	15	7 45	9 15

SOUTHWARD,

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Laubachs	N 03	J11 02	f4 48	J7 13	11.58
Coles Creek	f6 12	f11 06	J4 58	17 22	12 05
Kdsons	€ 14	f11 09	f4 56	17 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 85
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7.38	12 45
Zaners		f11 29	55 17	17 45	12 58
Forks	6 39	11 53	5 21	7 49	1 00
O' ngeville		11 42	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street		11 50	5.89	8 10	1 40
Paper Mill	7.08	11.58	5.42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. P & R	718	12 05	5.55	8.25	2 10
Bloom. DL & W.	7 20	12 10	6 00	8.30	2 15

Trains No 21 and 22 mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. † Daily † Sunday
nly. † Flag stop. W. C. SNYDER, Supt

Trolley Time Tables.

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg

for Ber	WICK:			
A. M.		P.	М.	P. M.
1 5.00		12	.50	7.50
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First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sunday at 6.50 a. m.

From Power House. . Saturday Night Only.

Cars leave Berwick for Danville

A. M.	м.	P. M.
6.00	12.00	0.00
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11.00	5.00	*12.00 † 1.00
First car leav	es Berwick for	Danville

on Sunday at 8.00 a. m. · Bloomsburg Only.

† Saturday Night to Bloomsburg Only.

burg, for Da	e Market Squar anville:	e, Blooms
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First car leaves Market Square for Danville on Sunday at 7.10 a.m. * Saturday Night Only.

Cars leave Danville for Berwick: M.

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on Sunday at 8.00 a. m. . Bloomsburg Only. Saturday Night to Bloomsburg Only.

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg

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First car leaves Market Square fo Catawissa on Sunday at 7,00 a. m.
Saturday Night Only.
P. R. R. Connections.

Cars leave Catawissa for Bloomsburg: A. M. P. M. 5.50 12.30 2.30 3.30 8.30 9.30 * 11.30

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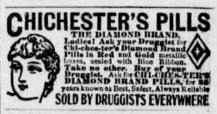
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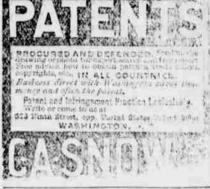




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