THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1909.

The Zoological Press Bulletin

sylvania Department of Agriculture. Timely Topics of Plants and paragus roots.

Pests Discussed Weekly. By H. A. "The chief pests will be the Surface, State Zoologist.

THE UNDESIRABLE MOSQUITO.

"Preparations should be made at once to down the undesirable mosquito," is the suggestion made by the Division of Zoology of the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture. Mosquitoes carry the germs of disease and there is no more potent disseminator of fevers. The utmost precautions should, KILLING POTATO BUGS IN CITY LOTS. therefore, be taken to keep the mosquito out of our homes.

As pools of stagnant water, cis-Surface, the State Zoologist, recter, or which might be filled with ting rid of the same. water after a rain, be covered, or 18 meshes of wire to the inch. tin cans and bottles emptied, and all breeding places destroyed. All air-tight receptacles for refuse, and to each two gallons of water.. this refuse should be removed every

water used in sprinkling carts can lowing additional information: be charged with disinfectants, and

SETTING AN ASPARAGUS BED. "What is the best method to

pursue in starting an asparagus bed?" This question was referred to Prof. H. A. Surface, State Zoologist, Harrisburg, by one of the newspapers of Philadelphia, the information having been asked by a correspondent of the paper. It :licited the following reply:

"In planting an asparagus bed he ground should be spaded or plowed deeply, or to a depth of ome of the fertilizer should be urned under completely. The soil annot be made too fertile. Three or four inches of manure well turn d under and stirred into the soil vill not be too much. Dig holes good earth in the bottom of each iole and set the asparagus plant or oot on this firmly, with the roots pread in every direction. Over his place about two inches of good hen tramp it with the feet firmly Bordeaux mixture." lant. The secret of making this ind of plant grow is to pack the arth quite firmly about the roots, brow two or three inches of loose lants. Cultivate them deeply, horoughly and frequently, and use

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considerable salt and commercial fertilizer. In fact, much salt can be used on the surface of asparagus beds to kill the weeds, and at the same time benefit the asparagus plants greatly. I have seen the of the Division of Zoology, Penn-depth of one inch, killing the grass and weeds and not injuring the as-

'Rust,' for which spraying should be done with Bordeaux mixture, and the Asparagus Beetles, which

insects should be dusted with freshly slaked lime (thirty parts) and Paris green (one part); or sprayed with arsenate of lead, one ounce in each gallon of water or Bordeaux

A gardener having a potato Reading, close to the built-up-secterns and cess-pools are breeding tion, wrote to State Zoologist Surplaces of mosquitoes, Prof. H. A. face, saying that he is "plagued by potato bugs which have appeared ommends that all tanks of water, in immense numbers," and he cisterns, or vessels which hold wa- asked for the best remedy for get-

The Professor's reply was: screened with a screen of at least "Spray them with arsenical poison, using either six ounces of Standing water on lots or commons Paris green in 50 gallons of water, should not be permitted. All shall in that proportion in mixing a low lots should be drained and smaller quantity. Or, use two kept dry, and post holes filled, old pounds of arsenate of lead in 50 gallons of water, or in that proportion which means about one and stables ought to be provided with one-half ounces of arsenate of lead

By means of a spray pump, in applying either of the above solu-Where there are large natural tions, no difficulty whatever will be bodies of water which cannot be experienced in controlling these drained, the surface should be dis- pests. Prof. Surface, however, infected and oiled with kerosene at had reason to believe that his corregular intervals. Kerosene is in- respondent was cultivating one of valuable in this connection, and it those "town lots" in the northis also good as a disinfectant. western section of Reading, the use Chloride of lime, or common copperas (sulphate of iron) can be thrown into cess-pools. Even the

"If you do not have a spray will prove a valuable aid in keeping away the mosquitoes. The up a solution and dip an old broom proprietors of restaurants, meat market, milk depots and bakeries should be compelled to screen their ly, or with a jerk, over the potapremises as well as all receptacles toes, throw the liquid over the in which water stands or food is leaves in fine drops. Do this in kept and prepared, in order to such a manner as to have the liquid guard against mosquitoes and flies. as finely divided as possible, mak-

ing a kind of spray by so doing.
"Also, you can mix dry Paris green with flour, or with fine ashes or dust, or with any other carrying agent, and dust it over the infested plants. Use one part, or measure, of Paris green to about 40 parts, or measures, of the dust or flour; mix thoroughly, and then dust it put the dusting mixture into an empty tomato can, into the bottom of which holes have been punched with a small, sharp nail; then operthrown where the beetles, or their larvae, are feeding, these will be destroyed at any time of the day.

"It would be well, while applying the arsenical poison for destroyo a depth of eight inches with a ing the bugs, to add some Bor-ircumference of two feet, making deaux mixture for the prevention hem five feet apart each way, or at least not less than four feet, deaux, use 3 pounds of bluestone, 4 of lime and 40 gals, of water then to this add either one-third of a pound of Paris green, or two pounds of arsenate of lead. Blight does not occur every yeear, but ich soil that is not so damp as to ack or cake when tramped, and hen tramp it with the feet firmly by spraying from time to time with

The Democrats in the house of representatives made an unsuccessut not to have it so wet that it ful effort last Thursday to defeat ill cake or form a ball. Next, an "urgent deficiency" proposition to appropriate \$25,000 for traveling arth over the packed earth, leav- expenses to swing around the cirag a depression in the ground for cle." The bill was passed by a atering and future filling. As strictly party vote. It was pointne little weeds start, hoe and grad- ed out by Democratic members ally fill the space around the new that when the president's salary was increased at the last session it was agreed that there should be no additional allowances for traveling expenses, and that to now propose this appropriation was an act of bad faith on the part of the Republicans. The majority party were also reminded that Mr. Taft had bimself counseled the congress to to keep down expenditures. But all protests were unavailing and the appropriation went through by an almost unanimous party vote. The Republican members of congress consider the "swing around the circle" is an absolute necessity to avert the pending disruption of the Re publican party as a result of the betrayal of the people in the Aldrich tariff bill, and they are entirely willing that this piece of political wire pulling shall be performed at public expense.

> Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

MODERN UNDERTAKINGS

Sensible Methods That Have Simplified the Caring for the Dead in the Big Cities.

Modern methods of undertaking now call for the highest possible skill in embalming and arranging every detall of burial.

From the old methods of placing a body on ice, with its attendant unsanitary conditions, the undertaker has reached a high point of perfection in embalming, but not content with the advanced methods experiments are now under way which will, it is contended, make it unneccesary even to make any incision in a body when the embalming process is being per-

One of the most advanced undertakers in this country says that within the next five years it will be possible to embaim by placing the body in an air tight chamber and by subpatch, 40 by 140 feet, in the city of | jecting it to a pressure of the gases of certain embalming materials to perform the work which now is done

by injecting fluids into the veins. Several firms in New York and other large cities have done much to relieve families of the very troublesome work which follows death in small houses, boarding houses or hotels by fitting up chapels where bodies are taken until ready for burial. Embalming is done in the establishment, burial clothes are furnished and watchers if required.

These firms also have clergymen to perform services, lawyers to attend to will, or insurance papers.

Map of 50,000,000 Stars. Astronomers from all parts of the world will meet in Paris for the "International Congress of the Map of the Sky," under the presidency of M. Baillaud, director of the Paris Observa-

This map of the heavens will be the most colossal and also the most delicate and difficult task ever attempted by human genius in the realm of as-

tronomy. Seventeen important observatories besides the Paris one have for the past twenty-two years been at work in their respective spheres on this stupendous task-those of Greenwich, Rome, Catania, Helsingfors, Potsdam, Oxford, Bordeaux, Toulouse, Algiers, San Fernando (Spain), Tacubaya (Mexico, Santiago (Chili), Cordoba (Argentina, Perth (Australia), Cape Town, Syoney and Melbourne.

Twenty-two thousand and fifty-four negatives are necessary. So far 2,200 of them have been engraved on copper. The map, when completed, and the catalogue will give the exact position, measurements and size of 5,000,-000 stars down to the eleventh magnitude and of 50,000,000 stars down to the fourteenth magnitude.

An Aged Cookbook.

Amid the horrors of the siege of Paris in the year 1871 one Cadol found time to issue a book of recipes for preparation of the strange fare to which the city was reduced. "Our over the plants. A good plan is to stomaches are turned into natural history museums," he wrote, "but we must make the best of the circumstances and render our food as palatable as we can." So housekeepers ate the can as you would a pepper hear and sife the angle of dogs, horses, rats and mice, welve inches, if possible. In turn-box, and sift the powder over the and were shown one could make an ng the soil, manure should be leaves of the potato plants. It is omelet without breaking eggs. The best to do this while the leaves are recipe for an eggless omelet was as wet with dew; but if the dust is follows: "Soak an army biscuit in sugared water flavored with orange flower, chop finely and spread on a hot dish, powder well with sugar, then pour over and set light to a liberal helping of rum." With eggs at \$6 a dozen and with rum at a little more than its usual price, this imitation of an "omelette au rhum" became popu-

How Old-Age Pensions Work. Many pensions were granted where there were considerable sums invested in securities and where there was comparative comfort, while men over seventy who had during the past year earned over seventeen shillings a week were disqualified, although their prospectsof future work was remote. The marriage of an Englishwoman to an alien now dead was a hard instance of disqualification.

The case is cited of a man born in Hanover and not naturalized; on inbefore the accession of Queen Victoria, when Hanover was a possession of the British Crown, and therefore at the time of his birth he was a British subject. The question arose. Did the death of William IV. cause a British subject to lose his rights?-Lon-

Crow and Winkles.

Lack flocks of crows are in the fields and on the shores. Clams and mussels are about all the food they can get, except perhaps a few winkles now and then. As these winkles have a tough shell the crow, when he finds one, will fly for the shore and over a flat ledge when at a height of thirty or forty feet the crow will stop his flight and drop the winkle on the rocks, thus breaking the shell.

Then perhaps a dozen will gather around and ravenously eat the sweet morsel. It is doubtful if the crow destroys as much as he is accused of doing.-Lewiston Journal.

Oldest N. T. Manuscript. The most ancient of the New Testament manuscripts is the one known as the "Codex Sinalticus," published at the expense of Alexander II. of Russia since the Crimean War. This Codex covers nearly the whole of the Old and New Testaments, and was discovered in the Convent of St. Catherine on Mount Sinai by the celebrated Tischendorf. It is generally ascribed to the fourth century.

In Extreme Hot Weather.

"Humans, said a nature lover, 'are by no means the only sufferers from intense summer heat; there are plenty of lower creatures that suffer.

"Fish, for instance, are oppressed by the heat just as men are, and if they can't find shelter from it they may be killed by it. In shallow fresh water ponds fish sometimes die by the hundred, killed by the excessive heat of the water, warmed beyond their endurance by the heating sun.

"In streams fish seek the shady stretches and the deep places and the spring boles where they can keep cool, and in salt water fish go away from the shallow overheated water close to shore and seek the cooler depths.

"Birds suffer in the same way, oppressed by extreme heat, and how they do welcome a chance to get cool! Look at the sparrows in the city's streets when the sprinkling cart goes by leaving in the hollows of the pavement little pools of water that will serve them for bathing places. How eagerly the sparrow seeks this bath, and it will bathe, if it gets the chance, a doz-

en times a day.

"It is just the same with domestic fowls. Extreme hot weather distresses them greatly; at such a time you can see chickens with their beaks open and fairly panting with the heat, and then they want plenty of water.

"Cows? Of course. On the very hot days they seek the trees if there are any in the pasture lot, to stand in the shade of them, and then if they are bothered by flies the cows seek shaded pools or brooks to stand in them in water up to their bellies or deeper to escape the flies and for cooling refreshment. How horses and dogs suffer with intense heat everybody knows."-New York Sun.

CHARTER NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia

Notice is hereby given that an appli-cation will be made to the above named cation will be made to the above named Court on Monday, the 27th day of September, 1909 at 10 a. m., under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the Incorporation and Regulation of certain Corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the Charter of an intended Corporation to be called "Orthodox Catholic Brotherhood of Saint Nicholas of Centralia, Pa.," the character and object of which is to provide funds to assist the members in case of sickness, acsist the members in case of sickness, accidents, or death, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act

of Assembly and its supplements.

The names of the subscribers are Jacob Broda, Andrew Hudick, Michael Onushkawich, Wasyl Oryniak and Dem-itry Kosack, and others,

The proposed Charter is now on file in the Prothonotary's office. EDWARD J. FLYNN,

Solicitor, Centralia, Pa.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an applica-tion will be made to the Governor of the state of Pennsylvania, on Monday, the 26th day of July, A. D., 1909, by Lewis S. Clewell, Adam Hummel, Christian A. Small, A. J. Hummell, and William B. Ferguson, and others, under the Act of Assembly of the State of Pennsylvania, entitled 'an act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corpoporation and regulation of certain corpo-rations," approved the 29th of April, 1874, and supplements thereto for the charter of an intended corporation to be called Bloomsburg Brick Manufacturing and Construction Company, the charac-ter and object of which is the manufac-turing of brick and construction of build vestigation it appeared he was born turing of brick and construction of buildings and for these purposes to have and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privi-leges of the said Act of Assembly and supplements thereto.

CHRISTIAN A. SMALL,

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Freda Rabb Hall

In the Court of Common Pleas of Colum-bia County, Pr Subpaena in

divorce. No: 161 May Walter Townsend Hall Term, 1909.

To Walter Townsend Hall, Respondent in the above cited case. You are hereby notified, in pursuance of the order of the Court of Common Pleas of the said county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, to be and appear in said Court on or before the Fourth Monday of August 1990, being the said. day of August, 1909, being the 23rd day of said mouth, to answer petition here-tofore preferred by the libellant, Freda Rabb Hall, your wife, and show cause, if any you have, why the said Freda Rabb Hall should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony categories. the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, agreeably to the Act of As-sembly in such case made and provided. Hereof fail not, under the penalty of having the said petition heard and a decree of divorce granted against you in your absence.

CHARLES B. ENT.

Clinton Herring, Attorney,

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