

KAISER SURRENDERS GERMANY REJOICES

Chancellor's Plan Talk Brings a Promise to Cease Personal Rule in Empire.

EMPEROR MAKES PUBLIC PLEDGE

Will Not Meddle with Foreign Policies and Will Adopt Constitutional Methods—Von Buelow Fearlessly Lays Before Ruler Proofs of His Subjects' Anger.

Berlin, Germany, Nov. 19.—Forced by the tide of popular anger that swept the empire from end to end, Emperor William yielded to the Nation, and promised henceforth to conform himself to constitutional methods of conducting the policies of Germany.

Chancellor von Buelow, who had undertaken to communicate to the Emperor a straightforward and unvarnished statement of how the German people viewed his interview in The London Telegraph and other personal interventions in affairs of State had an interview with him at the new palace in Potsdam. At its conclusion the Emperor made formal promise to his people that he would not in the future act except through the Chancellor and his associate Ministers.

This promise was made public in the Reichsanzeiger, the official gazette of the empire.

Prince von Buelow had determined upon handing in his resignation if the Emperor had not met the country's demands, but as such a situation did not arise the audience ended with the Emperor saying to the Imperial Chancellor that he reposed full confidence in his wisdom.

Within half an hour after the Chancellor's return to Berlin bulletins issued gratis by the evening newspapers, reporting a favorable issue of the meeting between the Emperor and the Prince, were eagerly snatched by an anxious public. The whole nation had awaited with suspense the word from the palace.

It is certain now in the minds of the German people that a great step has been taken toward freer Government. Interpreted by the events leading up to it, the least that this declaration of the Emperor can mean is that he promises to limit his freedom of speech and observe carefully the constitutional forms, in taking no initiative without the advice and consent of the premier Minister.

HARVEY WATTERSON FALLS TO HIS DEATH

Son of the Editor Plunges from His Law Office Window.

New York, N. Y., Nov. 16.—Harvey W. Watterson, son of Colonel Henry Watterson, editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal, met death by an accidental fall from the window of his law office on the nineteenth floor of the Trust Company of North America building, at No. 37 Wall street.

Mr. Watterson fell about 110 feet and struck on the brick roof of the United States Trust Company building adjoining. Almost every bone in his body was broken.

Nobody saw the accident, but it is believed that in endeavoring to lower the window of his office preparatory to going home Mr. Watterson lost his balance, stumbled over a radiator and plunged out.

Mr. Watterson was the junior member of the firm of Wing, Russell & Watterson.

Watterson was thirty years old. Mrs. Watterson, who was Miss Alder of Brooklyn, was prostrated when informed of her husband's death. His first wife was divorced.

ELKINS DENIES TROTH

Says Daughter is not Engaged to Abruzzi.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Senator Stephen B. Elkins made the emphatic announcement that no engagement exists between his daughter, Miss Katherine Elkins and the Duke of Abruzzi. The statement was made with the knowledge and consent of Miss Elkins, who desired that the statement should be given to the public, which has manifested so great an interest in the matter.

Gomez is Cuba's President.

Havana, Nov. 17.—Gen. Jose Miguel Gomez and Alfredo Zayas, the candidates of the liberal party for president and Vice-President of Cuba in the national elections just held, swept the island.

New Mexican Ambassador.

Mexico City, Nov. 17.—Francisco de la Barra, Minister to the Netherlands, has been appointed to succeed Enrique C. Creel as Mexican Ambassador at Washington.

TWO TRAINS CRASH IN LOUISIANA SWAMP

Three-Year-Old Boy, Pinned in Wreckage, Scalded to Death. Trainmen Blamed.

New Orleans, Nov. 19.—A heavy price in human life was paid for errors of railroad trainmen when twelve were killed and twenty injured, some fatally, at Little Woods Station, in the Louisiana Swamps, on Lake Ponchartrain. A great Northern express crashed into the rear of a New Orleans & Northeastern local. The wreck caught fire and only the heroic work of uninjured passengers prevented the cremation of those pinned in the debris.

The local was late, and when Engineer Blackman, of the Great Northern tracks at Slidell, La., got the usual right of way signal, he says, and proceeded at 45 miles an hour. Near Little Woods, the local loomed up through the fog. Blackman applied the brakes and remained at the throttle while his locomotive ploughed through the two rear coaches of the train ahead, killing and wounding the passengers.

A small son of Mrs. Alphonse Ataway, of Slidell, La., was unable to extricate himself. Escaping steam prevented rescue and the child called for help until he died.

Northeastern Railway officers say that the express should have proceeded cautiously from Slidell. The Great Northern trainmen declare they received no warning, and that the local should have sent a flagman back from Little Woods.

Among the dead are Prof. C. E. Roos of the New Orleans University, C. B. Lowry of Lexington, Ky., manager of the American Crosscutting Company of Chi.; Homer Harrison of Bradstreet's Agency, Slidell, La.; George Edelson of the United Fruit Company, Charles Routh, a school teacher at Alton, La.; J. P. Shows, a delegate to the Farmers' Union convention, now meeting in New Orleans; August Heltcamp, a merchant of Slidell, and William Martin, a coal dealer of New Orleans.

VICTIMS CREMATED IN WRECK.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 13.—Nine men lost their lives in the collision of two Union Pacific freight trains at Borie, Wyo., and in the fire which broke out in the wreckage.

The dead are J. S. Schley of Laramie, engineer; John Murphy of Denver, conductor; Hons Christensen of Denver, fireman; J. D. Duncan, brakeman; Still, brakeman; Dodgers, brakeman; three Japanese laborers. The wreck was caused by one of the trains getting beyond control running down a grade.

CONFESSES PLOT TO KILL GRANDFATHER.

Grandson Says Two Chums Tried to Rob and Then Slew Him.

Vineland, N. J., Nov. 19.—Under a pitiless cross-examination by Detective Spencer, who arrested him, nineteen-year-old Walter Zeller confessed that he was one of three young men in a plot to kill his grandfather, William Read, who was beaten and shot to death at his home here.

Zeller broke down and declared that Cline Wheeler and Herbert Crigg, his chums on Halloween night, entered the old man's house and attempted to rob him, but were scared away. They planned another entrance, and Zeller says that while he stood a block away from the house, his companions got in and struck the old man as he lay asleep. The blow was not heavy enough to cause death.

Read revived while the young men were ransacking the house. He staggered toward them, and Griggs, Zeller says, fired the shot. Griggs and Wheeler have been arrested.

FEAR OF REVOLT IN CHINA IS GROWING.

Regent Takes Steps to Check Rebellion—Native Banks Suspended.

Peking, Nov. 18.—China is beginning to realize that the Emperor and the Dowager Empress are dead. The Chinese had been so accustomed to look upon the Dowager as the one person dominating all that the announcement of her death caused but little change. Prince Chun, the Regent of the Empire, in fear of the increasing excitement and revolutionary movements, has taken a firm grip on affairs, and has adopted stringent measures that will result in the maintenance of peace, for a time at least.

Fourteen native banks have suspended and financial distress among the poor calls for government measures of relief.

Mammoth Cave River Dry.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 17.—Echo River, in Mammoth Cave, is almost dry as a result of the drought. Many of the avenues where water stood ten or fifteen feet deep are now mere footpaths. As a result of the opportunity afforded many parts of the cave that have never been reached have been explored.

208 Ohio Saloons Must Close.

Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 18.—The temperance forces knocked out 208 saloons by carrying Muskingum, Tuscarawas and Hancock counties in elections held under the new local option law.

NEGRO DESPERADO KILLS SEVEN MEN

Barricades Himself in House in Oklahoma and Slays Sheriff, Policeman and 5 Deputies.

SHOT, HE SETS HOUSE AFIRE

Successfully Defying Arrest Deekard, Wounded, Puts Torch to His Home—He Picks on Attacking Party One by One as They Advance.

Okmulgee, Okla., Nov. 19.—Eight persons were killed and ten others were wounded in a fight between James Deekard, a negro desperado, and officers. The dead include Edgar Robinson, Sheriff of Okmulgee County, and Henry Klaber, assistant chief of police of Okmulgee. Two negroes named Chapman, brothers, and three unidentified negroes were also killed, in addition to Deekard.

The wounded are Steve Grayson, an Indian boy, who was probably fatally beaten; Victor Farr, chief of Sioux, who was shot through the shoulder; a deputy sheriff, whose arm is broken, and seven others, who are slightly injured.

The disturbance began at the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad station, where Deekard engaged in a fight, with the Indian boy, Steve Grayson, and beat him into insensibility with a rock.

Friends of Grayson called the police. When Policeman Klaber approached the station Deekard fled to his house near by, and barricaded himself. When Klaber went to the house Deekard shot and instantly killed him.

Sheriff Robinson gathered several deputies in a few minutes and hurried to the scene. This party contained several negroes whom the Sheriff had commissioned as deputies. As the attacking party approached the Deekard house Deekard opened fire with a rifle, firing as rapidly as he could load his weapon. The Sheriff fell first, instantly killed. Then five of the negro deputies were slain.

Deekard's house was soon surrounded by a frenzied mob of armed men. Fire was set to a house just north of Deekard's. Volleys of bullets were poured into Deekard's house, and he was shot down. He was seen to roll over on the floor, strike a match and set fire to his own house, which was soon a roaring furnace, in which his body was baked. Deekard evidently had a large quantity of ammunition stored in his house, for many cartridges exploded while the house was burning.

EMPRESS DOWAGER OF CHINA DEAD.

Edict Places Pu Yi, An Infant, on Throne.

Peking, Nov. 17.—Tsu Hsi, the Empress Dowager of China, the autocratic head of the government which she had directed without successful interference since 1861, and without protest since 1881, is dead.

The announcement of the Empress Dowager's death was official, and followed closely the announcement that Kuang Hsu, the Emperor, had died the day before, but it is believed that the death of both the Emperor and the Empress Dowager occurred some time before that set down in the official statements.

An edict issued placed upon the throne Prince Pu Yi, the three-year-old son of Prince Chun, the Regent of the Empire, in accordance with a promise given by the Empress Dowager soon after the marriage of Prince Chun, in 1903.

HENEY'S ASSAILANT COMMITS SUICIDE.

Had Pistol in Shoe and Shot Himself in San Francisco Jail.

San Francisco, Nov. 17.—Morris Haas, who tried to kill Assistant District Attorney Francis J. Heney in Judge Lawlor's court because Heney exposed his criminal record as he sat in the jury box at Abraham Ruef's trial, committed suicide in the County Jail.

Haas had concealed a small Derringer in his shoe. After retiring to-night he pulled a blanket over his head and presently the guards were startled by a pistol shot. The blanket was torn from Haas by the guards and he was found gasping for breath with a small bullet hole through his head.

GREAT HIGHWAY PLAN

\$5,000,000 Road from Philadelphia to Pittsburg to Be Urged.

Philadelphia, Nov. 18.—Gov. Stuart will recommend that the Legislature which convenes in January appropriate \$5,000,000 for the construction of a State highway from Philadelphia to Pittsburg. This will be the leading feature of the Governor's message to the Legislature, the preparation of which he now has in hand.

Heir to Duc de Chaulnes.

Paris, Nov. 18.—Duchess de Chaulnes, who formerly was Miss Theodora Shonts of New York, gave birth to a son at her home here.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Covering Minor Happenings From All Over the Globe.

DOMESTIC.

Shareholders representing 55 per cent. of the \$100,000 capital of the United States Express Company asked Gov. Hughes to investigate the affairs and to urge legislation that will permit the majority to participate in its management.

At a meeting of traffic managers it was decided to make a general advance of 10 per cent. in freight rates.

Emile Stricker, who drove Robert Graves' Mercedes automobile in the Vanderbilt Cup race, met death when his car overturned in a twenty-four hour event at Birmingham.

Elihu Root issued a statement that he is a candidate for the United States Senate from New York.

Among the many offers made for the Madison Square Garden was one from a syndicate which plans to maintain it as an amusement resort.

The American Federation of Labor, in convention at Denver, decided to have its executive committee attempt to conceal its funds, with a view to avoiding attachment.

President-elect Taft suddenly changed his plans after a conference with President Roosevelt and left for Cincinnati on a mission supposed to have to do with Charles P. Taft's candidacy for the Senate.

Senator Foraker presented a vindication of his course by Standard Oil counsel and indicated an intention to make further efforts for reelection.

Among the election expenses filed with the Secretary of State at Albany were the following: Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler, \$7,395.27; Clarence J. Shearn, \$935; Samuel S. Koenig, \$286.55, and Martin H. Glynn, \$4,251.50.

At the hearing in Newark of Chas. Jones, Cashier of the First National Bank of Seabright, N. J., it was announced that Jones and members of his family had made good a \$45,000 shortage.

Mrs. Robert Osborn, widely known as a dressmaker and designer of women's gowns, died of appendicitis.

FOREIGN.

Marines and officers of the Pacific squadron in the Philippines held themselves in readiness to proceed to China in case the crisis results in their being ordered there.

Advices from Peking discredit the rumors that the Emperor and Empress of China were poisoned; no disorders are reported in any section of the country; the police have stopped the runs on native banks.

In a demonstration against the government residents of St. Pierre, Miquelon, carried the United States flag through the streets.

Kaiser Wilhelm was prostrated by the death of Count von Hulsen Haeseler, a recognized factor in smoothing over difficulties between the monarch and his people.

Count von Hulsen-Haeseler, chief of the German Imperial Military Bureau, died suddenly at Donaueschingen.

Fears of a rebellion are entertained in Ecuador, and extraordinary powers have been granted to the Executive.

WASHINGTON.

Abolition of the duty on sugar was advocated before the Ways and Means Committee in Washington.

President Roosevelt, entertaining labor leaders at dinner, acknowledged labor's aid in electing Mr. Taft.

John D. Rockefeller, John D. Archbold and James A. Moffett were subpoenaed to testify at the Government hearing in the Standard Oil suit.

William R. Hearst was a caller at the White House. After his visit, which lasted about half an hour, he said he had not discussed politics with the President, having merely paid him a social call.

Secretary Wright, of the War Department, told the Tariff Committee that the Sugar Trust controlled fifty-one per cent. of the beet sugar factories.

The White House and State Department issued statements denying that there was any friction with Japan.

Renewed pressure was brought to bear to procure shore liberty for the sailors of the Atlantic fleet at Manila.

SPORTS.

Dorando Pietri, who competed in the Marathon race in the recent Olympic games in England, arrived in America for a special race.

Henri Fournier, who will drive one of the Itala racers in the Savannah Grand Prize race, reached New York from Europe.

Yale football officials were forced to return \$20,000 received for ticket orders for the Harvard-Yale game which could not be filled.

With snow, hail and rain falling alternately on a slippery girdiron Yale defeated Princeton in the annual football game at Princeton, by a score of 11 to 6.

Princeton's football team, which is the first big team to finish the season, will not be rated among the leaders this year.

HENEY SHOT DOWN IN A 'FRISCO COURT

Talesman, Seeking Vengeance for Exposure, Wounds Famous Graft Prosecutor.

RUEF IS SENT BACK TO JAIL

Would-Be Assassin Asserts His Motive Was Revenge.—Talk in the Streets of Lynching, and Ruef, Defendant, Is Put Behind Bars.

San Francisco, Nov. 19.—Francis J. Heney, who has gained national fame as the prosecutor of the graft cases in this city, and who has been mentioned for Attorney General in Taft's Cabinet, was shot in the head by Morris Haas, a saloonkeeper, in Judge Lawlor's courtroom in a recess in the third trial of Abraham Ruef on a charge of bribery. Haas pressed a revolver against Heney's right cheek, and the bullet lodged under the left ear. It missed the carotid artery by a quarter of an inch. The brain was not touched, and it is believed Heney will recover.

John O'Gara, the assistant prosecutor, got down on his knees and bent over the wounded man. Heney had his hands on his face. He looked at O'Gara and said:

"I want to make a dying statement. I believe I am going to die. I was sitting at my table when I felt what I thought was a blow. I do not know who shot me. I was doing nothing to any one." At this point Heney caught his breath. He seemed to gather strength for a moment and he added, "No, I'm not dying. I'm going to live."

"I will live to prosecute Haas and Ruef."

The shooting created tremendous excitement throughout the city. It took a dozen policemen to save Haas from lynching in the courtroom. Judge Lawlor from the bench shouted in vain for order. Immediately after the shot was fired Haas was thrown on his back into the vacant jury box, and he was being kicked there when the policemen came to the rescue. At first it was thought Heney had been killed. He slipped from a chair to the floor, and was unconscious for half an hour. Haas was filled with vengeful hatred because Heney had exposed him as a convict. At the second trial of Ruef on a charge of bribery Haas was a juror. The trial had been in progress for several days when Heney dramatically produced a photograph of Haas as a convict in San Quentin penitentiary, in convict garb, with a cropped head and with his number across his breast. He was immediately discharged from the jury, and he left the courtroom vowing vengeance upon the prosecutor.

Immediately after the shooting Judge Lawlor, against the protests of Ruef's attorneys, ordered Ruef into custody regardless of the fact that he has been at liberty under the record breaking bail of \$1,500,000.

Ruef was hurried from the courtroom to the county jail and there is a double guard around the building. With the temper of the city at its present pitch it is believed that for the sake of Ruef's neck Judge Lawlor's action was fraught with wisdom and foresight.

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN FOR SALE

Stockholders Carry It for Twenty Years Without Profit.

New York, N. Y., Nov. 16.—The stockholders of the Madison Square Garden decided that the time had come when the present corporation should dispose of the site and building in which New York's greatest gatherings are now held.

They believe that there is no prospect of the Garden in its present shape ever being a practical venture, and they think it would be better for some large business interest to buy it up, raze the building, and replace it with an office building or a large store. What New York will do in that event they have no suggestion to offer.

Basing their calculations upon prices obtained for land in the vicinity of the Garden, experts valued the property in the neighborhood of \$3,500,000. No dividend has been paid in twenty years.

SUFFRAGIST VICTORY.

Chicago May Give Women Vote on Municipal Questions.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—The greatest victory in forty years' agitation for equal suffrage in Illinois has been won. The charter committee, by a vote of 6 to 4, adopted a resolution declaring for a bill giving women the right to vote for all municipal officers and on all questions of policy which have to do with the municipality.

Kill and Rob An Old Man.

Vineland, N. J., Nov. 17.—While his daughter, Mrs. Edward Cooper, and her husband were at the theatre last night William Reed, 75 years old, was murdered in his home by robbers, who escaped with \$50,000 worth of railroad bonds.

FORGER 20 YEARS CONFESSES CRIME.

He Obtained \$700,000 By Fraudulent Deeds—Used Unique Tracing Device.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—Peter Van Vliessen, a real estate dealer for years classed among the first of Chicago's prosperous and reputable business men, confessed to having obtained through forged deeds and notes more than \$700,000, and a few hours after his arrest, on his own urgent appeal to be punished, was sentenced to the penitentiary. The arrest, the indictment, the confession and the sentence were the work of less than four hours. Taken in the midst of business from his office desk, at No. 172 Washington street, soon after the noon hour, Van Vliessen, a venerable looking man, appeared before the court and in tears confessed that for from eighteen to twenty years he had been securing money through the sale of forged documents and that though he had bought back many of these spurious instruments, without detection, at least twenty-five people would lose an aggregate of more than \$700,000 through the paper which he had not yet redeemed.

In forging notes he said he had perfected a unique device. This consisted of a plate glass desk top, so arranged that by an electric light thrown up from beneath he could readily trace from originals forged signatures on worthless paper. Throughout his arrest and sentence, the prisoner made no effort to defend himself, but only asked that his punishment be speedy. Asked if he had anything to say before sentence was imposed, Van Vliessen replied, bowing his head, "Only that I believe in my punishment at once." His term in the penitentiary was fixed as indeterminate from one to fourteen years. Van Vliessen, who is about 45 years old, married on February 4, 1907, Mrs. Jessie Roosevelt Blend, who was described at the time as a distant relative of President Roosevelt. The bride was a daughter of Wilton O. Roosevelt. She had been divorced.

BROTHER OF BOB AMMON SHOT DEAD.

Murderer Says Butterine Millionaire Ruined His Trade.

Jersey City, N. J., Nov. 16.—Walter E. Ammon, brother of the Col. "Bob" Ammon who figured in the "520 per cent. Miller" case, wealthy business, society and club man of New Jersey, was shot and almost instantly killed shortly after noon in the ferry house of the Pennsylvania Railroad in this city. Three shots were fired into his brain and body. His slayer, the police charge, was Andrew McGrath, poor and out of work, who formerly as a middleman had bought butterline from the firm of Ammon & Person, with which Ammon was connected, for delivery to retail stores, and restaurants. As Ammon dropped, McGrath coolly stood by with a smoking pistol in his hand and waited for a policeman to put him under arrest. He says his millionaire victim ruined his trade.

Patrick Loses Appeal.

Washington, Nov. 18.—The petition of Albert T. Patrick, the New York lawyer, who is serving a life sentence in the State prison at Sing Sing, N. Y., on the charge of having murdered the millionaire William M. Rice, for a writ of habeas corpus was decided by the Supreme Court of the United States adversely to the petitioner.

Dies in Pew at Church.

Boston, Nov. 17.—Edward D. Hayden, vice-president and secretary of the Boston and Albany Railroad, died of apoplexy in his pew at the Unitarian Church in Woburn in the course of the morning services.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT—No. 2, Red, \$1.13 1/2 @ \$1.13 3/4. No. 1, Northern Duluth, \$1.15 1/2.
 CORN—No. 2, 71 1/2 @ 71 1/4.
 OATS—Mixed, 53 1/2 @ 54.
 MILK—Per quart, 3 1/2 c.
 BUTTER—Western firsts, 25 @ 28. State Dairy, 24 @ 27.
 CHEESE—State full cream, 13 1/2 @ 14 1/2.
 EGGS—State. Fair to choice, 25 @ 45. do., western firsts 32c @ 32c.
 SHEEP—Per 100 lbs., \$2.50 @ \$3.75.
 BEEVES—City Dressed, 8 @ 11.
 CALVES—City Dressed, 8 @ 14.
 HOGS—Live Per 100 lbs., \$6.10.
 HAY—Prime 100 lbs., 82 1/2 c.
 STRAW—Long Rye, per 100 lbs., 80 @ 90.
 APPLES—King per bbl., \$2.50 @ \$4.00; Ben Davis, per bbl., \$2.00 @ \$3.00; Greenings, per bbl., \$2.00 @ \$3.50.
 CRANBERRIES—C. Cod, per bbl., \$6.50 @ \$10.00; Jersey, per crates \$2.25 @ \$2.60.
 LIVE POULTRY—Spring Chickens per lb., 13c; Turkeys per lb., 13c; Ducks per lb., 11 @ 12c. Fowls per lb., @ 12c.
 DRESSED POULTRY—Turkey per lb., 14 @ 19c. Fowls per lb., 10 @ 14c; Chickens, Phila., per lb., 22.
 VEGETABLES—Potatoes, Jersey, per bbl., \$2.75 @ \$3.00.
 ONIONS—L. I., per bbl., \$1.25 @ \$1.75.