MESSAGES FROM THE DEPARTED

May Be Seen Through a Medium and Sir Oliver Lodge is Now Convinced

EXISTENCE AFTER DEATH'S CALL

Mrs. Hollandrones Got Them From Departed Searchers When Her Mind Was a Blank—Hints From Myers Were Hard to Send.

London.—When Sir Oliver Lodge startled the public some time ago with the grave assertion of his belief that messages had been received from dead members of the Pyschical Research Society by living members fuller details were promised later. These are now given by the Psychical Research Society's Journal.

They consist of messages transmitted through the pen of a medium known as Mrs. Hollandrones. As she sat with her mind a blank, her pen moved and she wrote what purported to be a communication from beyond the grave. The messages were blurred and broken. Many dealt with the difficulty of opening communication between the dead and the living. Thus, one message from Mr. Gurney, one of the founders of the Pyschical Research Society read:

"The nearest simile I can find to express the difficulties of sending a message is that I appear to be standing behind a sheet of frosted glass, which blurrs the sight and deadens sounds, dictating feebly to a reluctant and somewhat obtuse secretary.

"A feeling of terrible impotence burdens me. I am so powerless to tell what means so much. I cannot get into communication with those who would understand and believe me. You need much training before you can ever begin to help me as I need to be helped, and I do not know how that training is to be arranged. It is like entrusting a message of infinite importance, to a sleeping person."

Living personality is declared to be on a lower plane of spiritual development, which does not receive clear impressions from the higher one of those who have quitted the prison of the flesh.

Some of the messages, of which a large number are printed, assume to give some account of existence after death. Immediately after dissolution there is an "obscuration of consciousness," which has led to many failures in attempts to communicate with living persons.

The distinguished writer F. H. W. Myers is quoted as telling that at the hour of his death he became completely unconscious, He added: "The period of oblivion was unusually long with me. There was no link between my utter consciousness of things of the earth. The last thing I felt was the touch that closed my eyes and my passage to the plane I now occupy.

"The transit was absolutely unknown to me, and I am not conscious of a return journey, as it were. When I communicate in this way I am conscious of strain and effort, but I cannot note the stages of the way.

William Stead announces that he obtained through a "lady who often received messages from the beyond" a communication from Mr. Myers to the effect that he had made many discoveries annulling some of the conclusions of his book, "Human Personality," and he intended to make these discoveries known to the utmost extent of his power.

BURIED $10,000 ROTTED.

But Uncle Sam Redeemed Fortune of Man Who Feared Banks.

Washington, D. C.—O. D. Earl left here satisfied that he had practically saved his fortune of $10,000. He buried the money in the earth in 1904 and recently discovered that the tin pail in which the bills were placed had rusted and worn away. Earl, who had aversion to banks, began to have an aversion to everything else when he beheld his $10,000 looking like a lot of withered and broken leaves.

He gathered the fragments and with Lloyd Rainwater, cashier of the Bank of Morrillton, Ark., came to Washington with an affidavit of how the bills became damaged. He learned to-day that his visit was unnecessary, as the Treasury is constantly receiving mutilated bills from all parts of the country for redemption.

Mrs. A. E. Brown, the veteran "redeemer," who is handling Earl's money, managed to account for more than $9,000 of the bills.

Train Wrecked by a Cornstalk.

Enterprise, Kan.—A fast stock train on the B. & M., was wrecked a mile east of here by a cornstalk which had fallen across the track. The engine was demolished. Several similar accidents have narrowly been averted near here recently, and the trains have been given slow orders when passing corn fields.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

I, C. B. ENT, High Sheriff of Columbia County, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that a general election will be held in the said county of Columbia, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1908,

(being the Tuesday next following the first Monday of said month) for the purpose of electing the several persons hereafter named:

Thirty-four persons for Presidential Electors.

One person for Judge of the Superior Court.

One person for Representative in Congress for the Sixteenth Congressional District.

One person for Representative in the General Assembly of Pennsylvania.

One person for Prothonotary and Clerk of the Courts.

One person for Register and Recorder.

One person for District Attorney.

One person for County Treasurer.

Three persons for County Commissioners.

Three persons for County Auditors.

One person for Mine Inspector.

The qualified voters of Columbia county are hereby authorized and required to vote by ballot printed, written, or partly printed and partly written, for such of the following named persons as they see fit:

FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT.

REPUBLICAN.
For President and Vice President
TAFT AND SHERMAN
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS
[Mark 34]

Benjamin Franklin Jones, Jr.
Morris Lewis Clothier,
John Burt,
Howard Atlee Davis,
Frederick Taylor Chandler,
Ellis A. Gimbel,
George Jay Elliott,
Edward Wagner Patton,
George Christian Hetzel,
Joseph deBenneville Abbott,
John Watts Baer Bausman,
Reese Albert Phillips,
Theodore Leonard Newell,
John Isett Mathias,
Adam Hain Miller,
William John McCabe,
George Wallace Williams,
David Jewett Waller, Jr.
William Strode Settle,
Robert Christman Neal,
Jacob Croyle Stineman,
Thomas Shipley,
William Frederick Reynolds,
Andrew White McCullough,
John Timothy Rogers,
Edward League Dawes,
Jerome Francis Downing,
Herman Simon,
Theophilus Lowry Wilson,
Perry Clifford Ross,
Oscar Schulze,
Oscar Holmes Babcock,
Alexander Roland Peacock,
Homer David Williams,

DEMOCRATIC.
For President and Vice President
BRYAN AND KERN
[Mark 34]

Joseph P. McCullen,
Albert J. Barr,
Daniel F. Carlin,
Edward B. Seiberlich,
Aaron G. Krause,
Clarence Loeb,
James T. Nulty,
Michael J. Howard,
John C. Ferron,
John Howard Danenhower,
Louis N. Spencer,
Alexander W. Dickson,
John T. Flannery,
Oliver Perry Bechtel,
Harry D. Schaeffer,
Charles A. McCarty,
John Franklin Stone,
John I. Welsh,
Cyrus C. Gelwicks,
George Derr Krause,
Samuel M. Hoyer,
Henry Washers,
J. Hawley Baird,
John K. Holland,
John F. Pauley,
Howard S Marshall,
Robert X. Brown,
Howard Mutchler,
William Lewis Neal,
Fred A. Shaw,
Henry Meyer,
Wesley S. Guffey,
Dennis J. Boyle,
Casper P. Mayer,

PROHIBITION.
For President and Vice President
CHAFIN AND WATKINS
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS
[Mark 34]

Elisha Kent Kane,
John Duff Gill
John B. Heston,
Lewis L. Eavenson,
Samuel K. Felton,
Irving Woods Huckins,
Roland M. Eavenson,
Jonas K. Schultz,
Daniel G. Hendricks,
Howard Leopold,
Daniel S. Von Neida,
Wm. H. Richmond,
W. B. Bertels,
William H. Malerry,
John Peter Schneller,
Justus F. Warner,
James Mansel,
Franklin P. Johnson,
Jeremiah S. Yaukey,
Silas C. Swallow,
John L. Edwards,
Cyrus S. Griest,
A. McAlpin,
Lewis Cass Wick,
John O. Stoner,
Milton S. Marquis,
Isaac Monderau,
George F. Kline,
W. G. Freeman,
Edwin J. Fithian,
James P. Knox,
Knox C. Hill,
Robert S. Glass,
Thomas P. Herschberger.

SOCIALIST.
For President and Vice President
DEBS AND HANFORD
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS
[Mark 34]

Edward J. Cook,
Edward J. Higgins,
George Fitch,
Robert M. Green,
R. Barclay Spicer,
George Nau,
John Zellhorn,
August Mahieu,
Martin J. Flyzik,
William C. Price,
Charles Herwegh,
George Ledge,
Charles O. Alter,
Henry Peter,
Emil Guwang,
Joseph M. Achhammer,
Percy Vize
Fred W. Whiteside,
Martin J. Brennen,
George Davies,
Jerome F. Buck,
Jesse W. Green,
Andrew Hunter,
Cornelius F. Foley,
George W. Guthrie,
Angus McRae,
Arthur J. Dennis,
Frederick G. Rother,
E. Howard Deal,
Daniel K. Young,
Julius Weber,
Thomas Thatcher,
Simon Libros,
Howard P. Hunter.

INDEPENDENCE
For President and Vice President
HISGEN AND GRAVES.
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS
[Mark 34]

John L. Barrett,
William Boughter,
Robert G. Cathcart, Jr.
Charles B Connolly,
Joseph M. Crouch,
John P. Correll,
William F. Craig, Jr.
Edwin B. Depuy,
Thomas Dolan,
Herman L. Duhring, Jr.
Theodore Eichhorn,
James A. Fulton,
James P. Gaffney,
Jesse Willis Galbreath,
William J. Griffith,
John L. Harding,
Samuel M. Heiligman,
George F. Hildebrand,
Edmund W. Kirby,
John W. Lafferty,
William La Fontaine,
Owen E. Lally,
George V. McDonald,
Edward J. Maher,
James Frederick Martin,
Newell. H. Motsinger,
Joseph F. O'Neal,
Stanley J. Oram,
Wheeler H. Phelps,
John A. Phillips,
Robert Miles Robinson,
Silas Edgar Trout,
Samuel F. Wheeler,
William H. White,

SOCIALIST LABOR.
For President and Vice President
GILHAUS AND MUNRO
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS
[Mark 34]

Herman Spittal,
J. G. Gardner,
L. M. Laepple,
John Drugmand,
W. H. Thomas,
Thos. Wielding,
Amido Mori
August Clever,
George Pearse,
Grant Hughes,
George Snyder,
Otto Marowsky,
Chas. Rupp,
L. B. Barhydt,
J. A. McConnell,
Jas. A. Gray,
P. H. Grunagle,
Arthur Losey,
W. I. Marshall,
Wm. Peak,
Fred Uhl,
Wm. Cowan,
Wm. Crum,
P. Rowan,
Wm, Staley,
Peter Auiler,
Ernest Hildebrandt,
James Clark,
Wm. Hughes,
Chas. A. New,
George Staley,
John Handlors,
Geo. Ohls,
Chas. Durner.

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT.
(Mark one)

William D. Porter,	Republican
Webster Grim,	Democratic
Daniel Sturgeon,	Prohibition
Thomas H. Kennedy,	Socialist
Luther S. Kauffman,	Independence

REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS.
(Mark one)

Edmund W. Samuel	Republican
John G. McHenry	Democratic
J. E. Wolf,	Prohibition

REPRESENTATIVE IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.
(Mark one)

C. E. Kreischer	Republican
W. T. Creasy	Democratic
W. W. Skerry	Prohibition

PROTHONOTARY AND CLERK OF THE COURTS.
(Mark one)

Clarence M. Yocum,	Republican
Freeze Quick,	Democratic
Edward A Doty,	Prohibition

REGISTER AND RECORDER.
(Mark one)

John A. Fortner,	Republican
Frank W. Miller,	Democratic
Edward Buck,	Prohibition

COUNTY TREASURER.
(Mark one)

Jacob L. Wolverton,	Republican
John Mourey,	Democratic
M. P. Lutz,	Prohibition

COUNTY AUDITORS.
(Mark two)

W. W. Shannon,	Republican
Harry B, Creasy,	Democratic.
C. L. Hirleman,	Democratic.
F. B. Hartman,	Prohibition

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
(Mark one)

Lewis C. Mensch,	Republican
Christian A. Small,	Democratic
C. A. Small,	Prohibition

COUNTY COMMISSONERS.
(Mark two)

C. Fred. Leuhart,	Republican
Elisha Ringrose,	Republican
Jerry A. Hess,	Democratic
Charles L. Pohe,	Democratic

MINE INSPECTOR.
(Mark one)

James A. O'Donnell,	Democratic

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid election in the several wards, boroughs, districts and townships within the county of Columbia are as follows, viz

Beaver township, at the public house of John Ertwine.

Benton Borough, at the Town Hall in the Borough of Benton.

Benton township, at the grist mill of Edwards Bros.

Berwick, N. E., at the Defender Fire Company Hall on 6th street in the Borough of Berwick.

Berwick, S. E., on Front street between Pine and Chestnut streets at Rangers Hose Co. building, in the Borough of Berwick.

Berwick, N. W., at the band room of Harry Grozier, on the easterly side of the alley between Third and Jackson stree s, in the Borough of Berwick.

Berwick, S. W., on Mulberry street, south of Front street at Reliance Fire Co. building, in the Borough of Berwick.

Bloom, 1st Precinct, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg.

Bloom, 2nd Precinct, at the store building northeast corner West and Fifth Sts., Bloomsburg.

Bloom, 3rd Precinct, at the Town Hall, in Bloomsburg.

Bloom, 4th Precinct, at the Rescue Hose House, East Fifth street, Bloomsburg.

Briarcreek Eastat the Jessup Street school house.

Briarcreek West at the Martz school house.

Briarcreek South, at the school house in the village of Briarcreek.

Catawissa Borough. In Town Hall, Third Street, above Main.

Catawissa township, in the public house of J. W. Adams.

Centralia, 1st Ward, at the public house of Thomas Madden, in Centralia.

Centralia, 2nd Ward, at the public house of Anthony T. Conway, in Centralia.

Centre township north, at the public school house, near Lafayette Creasy's.

Centre township south, at P. O. S. of A. Hall, Lime Ridge.

Cleveland Twp., at Centre school house.

Conyngham, East North district, at the house of Mrs John Pursell.

Conyngham, west north, at the public house of Daniel Roach, Montana.

Conyngham, S. E. district, at the public house of Thomas Mohan.

Conyngham, Southwest, at the public house of Chas. H. Horbach, in Locustdale.

Conyngham, West District, No. 1, at Midvalley school house.

Conyngham, west district, No. 2, at the public school house in said district.

F. Fishingcreek, at the house of John Wenner, at Bendertown.

W. Fishingcreek, at the Savage school house.

Franklin township, at the Lawrence school house.

Greenwood, East, at the house of Henry S. Thomas, in Rohrsburg.

Greenwood, West, at the shop of Samuel Miller, in Greenwood.

Hemlock North at the barber shop of G. W. Hartman, in the town of Buckhorn.

Hemlock, South, at the storehouse of Mrs. G. B. Hosler in the village of Fernville.

Jackson township, at the house of Elvira Hirleman, in Jackson.

Locust township south, at the public house of Yeager & Son, in Numidia.

Locust township north, at Yeager's Hotel, in the village of Roaringcreek.

Madison township, at the public house of A. M. Harvey, in Jerseytown.

Main township, at the public house of William Fenstermacher, in Mainville,

Mifflin township, at the public house of Clymer M. Creasy, in Mifflinville.

Millville Borough, at the public house of Mrs. Heller, in Millville.

Montour township, at the public house of R. B Latshaw, at Rupert.

Mt Pleasant township, at the election house of Robert C. Howell.

Orangeville Boro, at the public house of Hiram Shaffer, in Orangeville.

Orange township, at the Bowman grist mill in said township.

N. Pine, at the house of William H. Lyons.

S. Pine, at the house of Elijah Shoemaker.

Roaringcreek township, at the house of Albert Leiby.

Scott, East, at Odd Fellows' Hall, in Espy.

Scott, West, at the P. O. S. of A. Building, in Lightstreet.

Stillwater, at the store house of A. B. McHenry, in said borough.

North Sugarloaf, at the public house of Jacob Steen, in Central.

South Sugarloaf, at the old school house, at Cole's Creek.

West Berwick, 1st ward at the Town Hall in said borough.

West Berwick, 2nd ward, at Hutton's Livery Stable in said borough.

Polls shall be opened at seven o'clock a. m., and shall continue open, without interruption or adjournment, until seven o'clock p. m., when the polls will be closed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace and Aldermen, Notaries Public and persons in the militia service of the State, who shall hold, or shall within two months have held, any office or appointment of profit or trust, under the United States, or of this state and city, or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer, or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is, or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of any city, or of any incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the select or Common Council of any city, or Commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding, or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk, of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge, or other officer of such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for, except that of election officers.

The Inspectors and Judge of the election shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election, in the district to which they respectively belong, before seven o'clock in the morning, and each of those Inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

C. B. ENT, Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, Bloomsburg, Pa., October 12th, 1908.

A Fair Exchange.

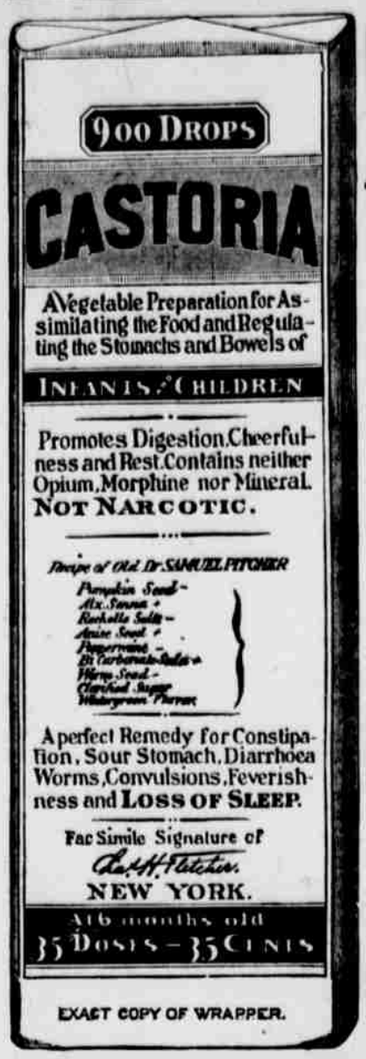
A baker of the old Normandy village was a French peasant of the good old-fashioned sort and keen after the sous. He considered it to his advantage to buy his butter from a customer, a well-to-do farmer of the neighborhood. But after a time he complained that the farmer gave him short weight. His complaints were unheeded. At last he laid them before the district magistrate. The farmer was summoned before him and forced to produce his scales, but he brought no weights. "I have none," he explained. "I don't need them." "Not need weights!" "Not for the baker; I weigh his weekly pound of butter with the pound loaf he daily supplies to me!"—Norman cut Norman.

Island for Caribou.

An island in Lake Superior has been stocked with caribou. Caribou Island, so named because is was formerly noted as a home for the animals,, again shelters a herd.

Six of the animals have recently been taken to the island and it is expected that they will largely increase in number. The Caribou were procured in Newfoundland.

The herd on Grand Island, the original members of which came from the Canadian wilds, is attaining goodly proportions. There are no hunters to molest or wolves to prey upon it.



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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

PLANT HAS EYES BOTANIST SAYS

Outer Skins of Leaves Are Lenses Much Like Eyes of Insects.

London.—The interest aroused by the contention made by Francis Darwin, son of the author of "The Origin of Species," in his Presidential address before the British Association in Dublin, that plants can remember and can develop habits, has been increased by a paper read by Prof. Harold Wager, the well-known botanist. Prof. Wager declared that plants possesed an organism corresponding to the brain in animals, and further demonstrated that they have eyes with which they can see and see well.

Prof. Wager showed that the outer skin of many leaves are, in fact, lenses, very much like the eyes of many insects, and quite as capable of forming clear images of surrounding objects. This is the case with most leaves, but especially in the case of those that grow in the shade.

These lenses are so good and focus the light that falls on them so carefully that photographs can be taken by means of them. Prof. Wager has taken a great many such photographs and he showed some of the more remarkable. These included a reproduction of a photograph of Darwin, in which the features were distinct and unmistakable, as well as direct photographs of landscapes and people. Even colored photographs were exhibited, and, like the rest, they are remarkably clearly defined.

Not only do plant eyes see well, but the rays of light which by means of them are focused on the interior of the leaf are carried to the interior of the brain of the plant and direct its subsequent movements. It has long been known that the leaves of plants move so that they can get a maximum of light. It is now suggested how this movement is made possible, and the process is almost identical with like movements in the case of animals. A close analysis of the eyes of plants, moreover, proves them highly developed organs.

THE LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

All Through the Night the Surfmen Patrol the Beach.

All through the night the surfmen are patrolling the beach at Monomoy, as they do from Quoddy Head to Cape Florida, meeting in the little shanty on a sanddune called Half-way House to tell one another the news of the hour, and to exchange the numbered brass tags by which the captains may know that the watch has gone faithfully to the end of his post. For ten months in the year the vigilance is not relaxed. During June and July the crews are rewarded for their year's labor by the gift of a generous vacation — without pay. They may fish or farm or do what they will for a living. The captains then sit, each one alone, in the life-saving stations, and of any ship is foolish enough to get wrecked at this time, when, according to the rules of Uncle Sam, there should be neither storm nor wreck, the nearest captain picks up a scratch crew of fishermen and other longshore folk and does the best he can to save lives. Storms and wrecks do occur now and then in these periods, but they really should not; and, therefore, Congress in its wisdom refuses to keep the lifesavers on duty. From the wisdom of Congress there is no appeal.

Truly, there must be all the fascination of a game in this serene and skilful contest with raging Death. It cannot be the bait of wages that attracts these heroes to the service. The captains receive $800 a year, and the surfmen $50 a month. During the two months of unpaid vacation they get $3 apiece for each occasion of service. No; there is no money lure in this game. The service requires men of perfect health and strength. Whenever the surgeon discovers surfman or captain to have fallen below perfect condition, he is incontinently put out, no matter how many years he may have spent in life-saving. And there is no pension. Mr. Kimball, the superintendent of the department has tried again and again to persuade congress to grant pensions to these men, but congress in its wisdom has always said no. And from the wisdom of congress there is no appeal.—W. O. Inglis in Harper's Magazine for January.

Shirt-Waist Suggstions.

In making yokes, long cuffs, etc., of rows of lace insertion, or alternating robbon and lace, this plan gives a smooth, firm and quickly made piece, writes a Canadian woman. I cut from a fairly firm piece of paper, an exact pattern of the section I wisa to make, and stitch upon this paper with the machine the ribbon and lace as desired. When finished and trimmed to the pattern, the paper may be easily torn away from the stitching.

To save work in making a shirt-waist I always use a ripped waist which fitted well, for a pattern. It is very easy to lay in any tucks or other differing design before cutting the new material upon the old lines. In this way it is possible to make a new waist without going through the tedious "trying on" processes, and yet one is assured of a perfect fit.

The Yellow Peril Overcome.

In putting away white goods from season to season, to keep from yellowing, take a bag made of any old sheet, wash, dip in strong blueing water, and dry. Put clean, unstarched clothes in it loosely, and hang in dark closet.

"The blood is the life." Science has never gone beyond that simple statement of scripture. But it has illuminated that statement and given it a meaning ever broadening with the increasing breadth of knowledge. When the blood is "bad" or impure it is not alone the body which suffers through disease. The brain is also clouded, the mind and judgment are effected, and many an evil deed or impure thought may be directly traced to the impurity of the blood. No one can be well balanced in mind aud body whose blood is impure. No one can have a wholesome and pure life unless the blood is pure. Foul blood can be made pure by the use of Dr Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. When the blood is pure, body and brain are alike healthy and life becomes a daily happiness.

Standing out in bold relief, all alone and a conspicuous example of open, frank and honest dealing with the sick and afflicted, Dr. Pierce prints on the bottle wrapper in plain English a full list of the ingredients. Therefore not a "patent medicine," but a medicine of known composition.

The fact that money cannot buy happiness doesn't make anyone crave poverty.

MANY SUFFERERS from nasal catarrh say they get splendid results by using an atomizer. For their benefit we prepare Ely's Cream Balm. Except that it is liquid it is in all respects like the healing, helpful, pain-allaying Cream Balm that the public has been familiar with for years. No cocaine nor other dangerous drug in it. The soothing spray is a remedy that relieves at once. All druggists, 75c., including spraying tube, or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.