ACCEPTS THE NOMINATION ROOSEVELT FOR A FIGHTING NA

Taft Declares That He Will Continue Roosevelt's Policies.

Cincinnati Crowded With Visitors to Hear Republican Candidate for views a Long Parade,

Cincinnati, Ohio, July 29 .- William Howard Taft accepted the Republican presidential nomination in a speech of about 15,000 words. His official notification combined a jubthee for the city of Cincinnati and its substantial basis of potential force. environs, a historic gathering of national party leaders and an occacandidate of his views.

The notification was without any great ceremony. Upon the hour of acon, Mr. Taft, a party of friends and the notification committee filed out of the colonial door to the broad porches of the Taft mansion.

The porches and lawn were reserved for ticketholders, the street being the free-for-all field. A band stationed directly in front of the platform on the front walk kept the assembling crowd in a merry mood.

Senator William Warner, of Missouri, past commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, chairman of the notification committee. escorted Mr. Taft to the substantial platform which projects out over the old stone steps leading to the entrance to the mansion.

Senator Warner's speech of notification was brief. After formally informing Mr. Taft of his nomination ne handed him an engrossed copy of the Chicago platform.

in reply Mr. Taft did not deliver nis full speech of acceptance, but gave only about enough of it to ocsupy an hour's time.

He did not eliminate any of the opics but omitted some of the dealled explanations and arguments that appear in full in the printed

The following are some of the pithy paragraphs from Mr. Taft's speech of Acceptance:

The combination of capital in large plants to

anufacture goods with the greatest economy is star necessary as the assembling of the parts a machine to the economical and more rapid anulacture of what in old times was made by

und.

Unlawful trusts should be restrained with all
a efficiency of injunctive process, and the perdesire engaged in maintaining them should be
unished with all the severity of criminal prose-

To take the course suggested by the Democratic atform in these matters is to involve the entire ammunity, innocent as it is, in the punishment the guilty, while our policy is to stamp out the

the suggested the remedy of returning, the original practice under the old statute of united States, which did not permit the issuar of an injunction without notice.

Never in the history of this country has there a such an insidious attack upon the judicial detu as the proposal to interject a jury trial ween all orders of the court made after hearg and the enforcement of such orders.

With the speech over, the scene tien of the town. as thifted for the review of the pasde. A platform with a canopy wer had been thrust through the gh iron gates of the mansion out

yer the sidewalk. On this Judge Taft took his stand nd watched the marchers pass by or nearly two hours.

AUTO VICTIM DEAD.

Thild Hit by Archbold's Machine Succumbs to Injuries.

New Bedford, Mass., July 29. Ulmeina de Mello, a 7-year-old men were drowned as follows: Henortuguese girl, who was run over ry Schaffer, half owner of the launch; John F. Archbold's automobile a the Mattapoisett road, died at St. derk. .uke's Hospital. The accident ocarred while the car with Mr. and ers. Archbold in the rear seat was anning at slow speed, but the child an suddenly in front of it.

Mr. Archbold is a son of John D. rehbold, the Standard Oil magnate.

Banker Surrenders,

Cleveland, O., July 29.- Henry W. 'azell, wanted for the alleged emexiement of \$32,000 of funds from e defunct Farmers' and Merchants' ank, drove to police headquarters .). He was released at once in \$8,-

200 ball.

FIGHTING NAVY.

Wants to be Able to Smash Opponent And Not Await Attack. A Home.

Newport, July 29 .- In an address delivered at the Naval War College here before the most notable gath-HIS INJUNCTION VIEWS ering of naval experts ever held in this country President Roosevelt made a strong appeal for a stronger navy-one able to hammer its opfrom Ohio and Neighboring States ponent until that opponent quits fighting.

He urged the imperative need of President Sound Keynote-Re- a "fighting" navy as a factor in regulating immigration. His dealing with the question was interpreted

as having a veiled allusion to Japan. He declared that to advocate a navy for coast defence only was to invite attack, and that diplomacy was of value only when resting on the

The President spoke for nearly forty minutes. He was often intersion for the announcement by the rupted by applause from the 200 officers who crowded the little lecture

At the close of the President's speech there was a brief recess, and then the conference which is considering plans for the American battleships of the near future, went into executive session. The President was invited to attend and took a prominent part in the discussion which followed.

He impressed on the officers that it was given to them to keep the American navy abreast of the times and to make it the hard hitting, efficient fighting force which he believes to be a ; uarantee against the possibilities of war. Mr. Roosevelt characterized the navy as the cheapest form of safety insurance policy the nation could secure.

The President's yacht Mayflower. with the President on board, in a dense fog at 1.15 a. m., ran into and sank the lumber laden schooner Menawa. All on board the schooner, consisting of the captain and five men, were taken on board the Mayflower. The President's yacht had her bowsprit and one anchor carried away, but the jar of the collision was so slight, that none of the President's party knew of the accident,

At 3 p. m., after his speech, Mr. Roosevelt returned to the Mayflower and the yacht sailed for Oyster Bay. the naval vessels in the harbor firing salutes.

Thersa Parker of Oswego, and Miss

The man who formulated the expression of popular conscience and who led the movement for exectical reform was Theodore Roosevelt.

Mr. Roosevelt has set high the standard of busness morality and obedience to law.

The chief function of the next administration a my judgement, is distinct from and a progressed evelopment of that which has beer performably President Roosevelt.

There should be a classification of that very small percentage of industrial corporations have agreement of trade and monopolies, and legislation ther inducing or compoliting them to subject emissions of trade and monopolies, and legislation ther inducing or compoliting them to subject emissives to registry and supervision of the Deartment of Commerce and Labor.

The practical constructive and difficult work, surefore of those who follow Mr. Roosevelt is to exist the ways and means by which the high will obusiness integrity and obedience to law which he has established may be maintained and aparture from it restrained, without undue interence with legitimate business. It is necessary, therefore, to devise some means a classifying and insuring federal supervision as such corporations as have the power and temporation to effect restraint of interstate trade and man made a quick turn and the strain apparently broke the steering onojolies.

The proposal to compel every corporation to all its commodities at the same price the coungear, allowing for transportation, is utterly appracticable. violently about, at the same time hurling Miss Parker and Miss Sutton into the water.

The boat was not capsized and the others were rescued from the disabled craft, by persons who witnessed the accident

TRAIN HITS AUTO TWO ARE KILLED.

The man who has a business which is being shawfully injured is entitled to the remedies alch the law has always given him no matter as has inflicted the injuries. Otherwise we all have class legislation, unjust in principle, al fliesly to sap the foundations of a free government. two residents of this town and the injury of two others. Those who were killed were Arthur Smith, chauffeur for Charles Robinson with a summer home here, and Miss Leigh Townsend, daughter of a neighbor of the Robinsons in the yacht club sec-

BOAT TIPS, 3 DROWN.

The Merry Widow Was Making First Trip as a Ferryboat,

Pittsburg, July 29 .- The Merry Widow, a gasolene launch, carrying on its first trip from sixteen to twenty workmen from the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company's plant across the Monongahela River to their homes was capsized shortly after 6 o'clock in twenty feet or water. by waves from a coal boat. Three George Kimberly and Thomas Rhyd-

Kills Brother in Fight Over Mule. Atanta, Ga., July 29 .- A dispute over a mule that cost \$60, caused John Lancaster to kill his brother, Neal, at their home near nere. Their wives stood horror-stricken in the back yard, each with her little one held to her side, while in the house the allling occurred.

Propped Dead Mowing His Lawn. Shelbyville, Ill., July 29 .- T. F. Dove, aged sixty-two, a large land an automobile and gave himself and property owner, dropped dead while mowing the lawn at his home. life v.as worth a million dollars.

Hayes of New York Takes a Very Dramatic Contest.

ITALIAN COLLAPSES

Derando Falls in Sight of Goal and Officials Lift Him Over Tape-First Decision Reversed-Yells of Crowd Makes Judges Give First Honors to United States.

LEADERS IN THE MARATHON RUN.

Euraper. Country.	Time.
J. J. Hayes, America	2:55:18
Heffer to South Africa	2:56:00
Weldon, America	2 200 144 2-0
Wood, Canada	3:01:28 1-5
Lawson, Canada	3:06:47.1-3
Svanberg, Sweden Tewanina, America	307 200 4-0
Dorando, of Italy, finished but was disqualified for have sistance when he fainted awa- ing the line.	first, in 2:54:46, ng received as- ay before cros-

London, England, July 25 .- The Marathon race from Windsor Castle to the Stadium brought to the fifth revival of the Olympiad the old-time glory of the athletic games. Before a crowd of 100,000 persons gathered in the great amphitheatre there was almost a repetition of the historic scene where the Greek youth fell as he passed the goal a victor, and with a wave of triumph died.

Dorando, the Italian runner, staggered into the Stadium in the lead. His shaking legs would hardly support his tired body and his mind was muddled so that he faltered about the direction he should take, although the path lay clear before him.

Urged on, he reeled down the path until he fell in a heap and lay like one dead. He was assisted to his feet only to fall again and again, until he was half dragged, half carried across the line in an unconscious condition.

While the scene was being enacted near the finish line and the crowd was in an uproar, John J. Hayes, a New York youth, and a member of the Irish-American Club, appeared at the entrance to the Stadium. He was running strongly and well within himself.

Without a hand touching him and running straight and true, Hayes crossed the finish line while Dorando was being removed to the hospital on a stretche.. It was clear to the spectators, no matter what their nationality, that the American had won fairly, and when the Italian flag was hoisted above the Stars and Stripes pandemonium was loosed and the vast assemblage was upon its feet, shouting and hooting and threatening to break the police lines and swarm over the track.

Other runners were almost forgotten. There was a hasty consultation of officials and the flags were hauled down. That seemed to satisfy the crowd that the award would be given to the true winner, and the other runners were cheeren as they came one by one into the arena.

The official ruling that Hayes, the New York youth, who paid his own penses to run in the greatest event of the Olympaid for the honor of his country, had won; that Hefferon, the veteran from South Africa, had finisned second, and that Forshaw and Welton of the United States, had finished third and fourth, gave the United States its greatest triumph since the cycle of the new Olympic games opened to the nations of the

Hayes finished the 26 miles 480 yards in 2 hours 55 minutes 18 seconds. The winner stands but five feet four inches in height and weighs scarcely more than 120 pounds. His years are but twenty-

HUGHES WILLING TO BE RENOMINATED.

Leaves the Whole Matter With the Republican Party.

Saranac Inn., N. Y., July 27 .- Gov. ernor Charles E. Hughes will accept a renomination if the Republican party of the State desires him to be its candidate again. In a public statement the Governor so declared himself and defined the reasons which he says are responsible for the action he has just taken. The statement is intended as a reply to the many inquiries received by the Governor regarding his attitude toward a renomination. He says the personal reasons which prompted him to say privately some time ago that he aid not desire a renomination are not controlling, "and that if renominated I ought to accept."

Typhold Grips Town.

Mankalo, Mich., July 24 .- Mankalo is suffering from a typhoid epidemic. There is said to be in the neighborhood of 1500 cases in the city. The local hospitals are crowded to the capacity and the Catholic school has been turned into an emergency ward,

Big Apple Dealers Fail.

Gallapol's. Ohio, July 24 .- Graham Riggs & Co., of this city, the largest apple dealers in southern Ohio, with cold storage houses in M nneapolis and New York, have assigned. Liabilities, \$171,000; assets, \$71.000. Low prices are given as the cause.

THE INDEPENDENCE PARTY CONVENTION.

Followers of W. R. Hearst Meet in National Assemblage in Chicago.

Chicago, July 29 .- No new national party ever gathered for the first time under more cheering auspices than did the Independence Party when it opened its first national convention in Orchestra Hall. The lower floor was filled with wildly enthuslastic delegates from every State and Territory and the galleries were crowded with men and women who entered heartily into the spirit of the proceedings.

It was one of the hottest nights Chicago has known, and yet more than 5000 persons were turned away from the big hall. The balconies were jammed when a few minutes after 8 o'clock the delegates came trooping in, the New Yorkers leading the column

Milton W. Howard of Alabama took the gavel and introduced Charles A. Walsh of Iowa, secretary of the Provisional National Committee, who read the call for the convention. This document declared purpose of the gathering the the foundation of an independent party and the nomi-

nation of candidates for President and Vice-President. Father O'Callahan of Chicago, delivered the invoca-Mr. Howard at the conclusion of

the invocation, announed the names of the temporary officers of the convention. His mention of the name of Mr. Hearst was received with an outburst of applause. The New York delegation gave re-

peated cheers in honor of theri leader, who stood quietly and waited for the demonstration to subside. When quiet had been restored Mr. Hearst delivered his address as temporary chairman of the convention.

Mr. Hearst explained at length the object of the Independence Party saying: "A new party is necessary to preserve the Government as the fathers framed it," and "to represent the typical American citizens that constitute the people in their struggle with tyrannical monopolies which constitute the trusts."

The old parties are no longer equal to this task, he said, for they have become unfaithful to the principles which inspired them and unworthy of the patriots who founded them. He denounced the Republican leaders as political attorneys of the trusts and monopolies and the Democratic vanguard as a Faistaff army, led by a knight arrayed in a motley of modified professions and compromised principles, of altered opinions and retracted statements

New Party Ticket.

Chicago, July 30.—Thomas Hisgen of Massachusetts was nominated for President by the Independent Party on the third ballot at the convention. John Temple Graves of Georgia was nominated for Vice President.

The first ballot for President resulted as follows: Hisgen, 396; Howard, 200; Graves, 213; Lyon, 71; Hearst, 49.

The second ballot results follow: Hisgen, 590; Graves, 189; Howard, 109: Hearst, 49. The third ballot resulted: Hisgen.

831; Howard, 38; Graves, 7; Hearst, When the time was reached to make nominations Dr. L. A. Fealy

of Alabama took the rostrum and placed in nomination Milford W. Howard of Fort Payne, Ala. The resumption of the call of the

roll of States brought on response from Arkansas, but California yielded to Massachusetts, and the Rev. Roland D Sawyer of the latter State took the platform to nominate rhomas L. Hisgen. The conclusion of Mr. Sawyer's

speech was the signal for cheers fro.n the Massachusetts seats, in which California delegates and a few from Minnesota and South Dakota joined. Two women in the centre box of the first balcony jumped to their feet and waved the men to greater efforts. A big banner bearing Hisgren's portrait was brought to the platform where it was joined by va. lous State flags. When the demonstration had subsided the call proceeded until Georgia was reached, and Bernard Sutler of Atlnata presented the name of John Temple Graves.

Mr. Sutler declared that the present was the best time in forty years to break up the Democratic Party in the South, and to encompass the gefeat of the Democratic Party.

When Kansas was reached J L. Sheppard of that State nominated the "candidate of the Democratic Party," and a storm of hisses and boos greeted the reference.

New York sent to the rostrum Judge John Palmieri, who placed Reuben R. Lyon of that State in nomination. Dr. J. R. Bush, also of New York, second the nomination of Mr Lyon.

When Ohio was called the name of William Randolph Hearst was mentioned as a candidate for the first time by A. F. Otte of Cincinnati. Only a ripple of applause followed the speech of Mr. Otte, it being generally understood that Mr. Hearst did not desire the nomination.

The nomination for President of Hisgen having been made unanimous, Clarence J. Shearn of New York, was recognized by the chair and placed John Temple Graves in nomination for the Vice-Presidency.

Graves was nominated by acclamation. The convention then adjourn-

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader-A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

Henri Farman's aeroplane arrived at New York and was taken to Brighton Beach track, where three men slept beside it.

The Park Board adopted an ordinance barring from the New York parks ill-smelling and smoking auto-The famous Melin saloon near J.

D. Rockefeller's estate in Tarrytown, N. Y., was sold at auction to a wholesale liquor dealer. Rear Admira! Conway Arnold was selected to command a new division

of the Idaho, the New Hampshire and the Mississippi. James W. Duffy, fifty-four years old, swam alone from Brooklyn Bridge to Coney Island Point in four

of the Atlantic fleet to be composed

Thomas S. Baldwin predicted that the airship of the near future, a combination of the dirigible and nero-plane, would be capable of circumnavigating the world without once

alighting. Frank Hitchcock, Republican National Chairman, called on Mr. Bryan in Chicago and the two shook hands like opposing pugilists entering a ring.

Henry Farman, a distinguished aeronaut of France, arrived at New York on the Touraine, and expressed confidence in the success of his coming aeropiane flights at Brighton Beac. track.

The Railway World predicts labor troubles should railroads decide upon wage reduction.

Managers of Presidential campaigns are worried over the lack of contributions for carrying on their propaganda.

Funeral services for Bishop Potter, were held in Cooperstown, N. Y. Reports from the leading centres of the iron and steel industries indicate a gradual return of prosperous conditions and a general feeling of confidence as to the future.

Cincinnati shippers with a grievance against railroads appealed direct to President Roosevelt for re-

Justice Keogh at White Plains, N. Y., awarded Mrs. Albert E. Tower of Poughkeepsie, a separation and \$700 a month alimony.

Christopher Fitzgerald, president of the Brighton Beach Racing Association; William Engeman, one of the owners of the track, and J. G. Cavanagh, superintendent of the betting ring, pleaded not guilty in Brooklyn to indictments charging they were common gamblers.

FOREIGN.

The Prince of Wales on his departure for home from Quebec, expressed great regret at his inability to visit the United States.

The Government of Holland announced that the report of an intention to bombard Venezuelan ports was premature. The Chinese government increased

ment of the officers and crews of the American battleships by 100,000 taels. A crowd estimated at half a miliion, gathered in Hyde Park, London

its appropriation for the entertain-

for a demonstration in favor of the government's liquor licensing bill. The Dutch ministers sent a cruiser for Ministed de Reus, expelled from Venezuela by President Castro, and held a meeting to discuss the Ven-

ezuelan situation. English observers incline to treat the grant of reforms in Turkey with skepticism, but French newspapers expect great results to follow which may end the troubles among the pow-

ers regarding the Near East, Britishers are still trying to discredit the victory of John J. Hayes, an American, in the Marathon race.

The battleships Maine and Alabama were suddenly ordered to interrupt their cruise around the world and remain at Manila until further

President Castro of Venezuela has expelled the Minister of the Netherlands from the republic and that coun ry is now added to the United States, Great Britain, France and Italy as having no official intercourse with the Venezuelan govern-

POLITICAL.

Thirty-one labor organizations decided to leave the Central Federated Union, New York, in opposition to Samuel Gompers's efforts to deliver the labor vote for Bryan.

The Appellate Court reversed the decision of Justice Kelly in the Mc-Carren-Election Board fight, and Mc-Carren will name election officers.

Benjamin B. Odell held a conference with Timothy L. Woodrum, chairman of the New York Republican State Committee, and he will take an active part in the campaign.

YANKEES VICTORS IN THE OLYMPICS.

Points Won by United States 114 1-3 by the United Kingdom, 86 2-3.-Prizes for Winners.

London, July 29 .- An American breast broke the last tape, an American cheer followed the last victory, and the Stars and Stripes appropriately was the last flag to be raised at the conclusion of the Olympic games

But to the boys who had fought against all sorts of unexpected band. icaps-and won-and to the wildly joyous hundreds of loyal American spectators in the Stadium stands a meant this:

American youth cannot be beaten on track or field. The United States wins the historic Olymple games.

The points just won by Sheppard and his three mates on the final day and those won before by the rest of the team, including gallant John Hayes of Marathon fame, brought America's score up to the splendid total of 114 1-3. England by scouring her colonies

from one end of the world to the other for their best, and by they adopting the "win or wrangle" page cy, had managed after all to accumulate only 86 2-3, and stood most decisively beaten. It was a justly proud company of

American athletes, therefore, that ac, cepted from the fair aands of roya t, and the nobility, following the raising of the America . Hag, their n.edals and certificates.

As each name was called the athlete responded and the queen and the other ladies handed him his trophies.

How well America won is concisely told in the following telegram which James E. Sullivar, president of the Amateur Athletic Association of the United States, sent to President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay a the conclusion of the games.

"In the athletic session of the Olympic games of 1908, representing the world's championships in track and field events, the representatives of the United States won fifteen first prizes out of a possible twentyseven, scoring more firsts than the other athletes of the world combined. On our basis of five points for firsts, three for seconds and one for thirds, the United States scored 114 91-2 points; Great Britain and Ireland. 66 1-3; Sweden, 12 1-2; Canada, 11; South Africa and Greece a tie at 8; Norway, 5; Germany, 4; Italy 3; France and Hungary a tie at 2 1-2; Australasia and Finland a tie at 1 The United States won 15 firsts, 9 ecc. onds and 6 thirds; Great Britain, 8 firsts, 6 seconds and 3 thirds; Sweden, 2 firsts, no seconds and 2 1-2 thirds; South Africa, 1 first, 1 second, and no third; Canada, 1 first, 1 second and 3 thirds; Germany, no first, I second and I third; Italy, no first, I second and no third; ; Australasia, no first, no second, 1 third; Hungary, no first, no second, 1

BRYAN BANK IN OKLA.

Treasurer Haskell Will Deposit Democratic Funds in New State. Guthrie, Okla., July 29 .- Governor

Jharles N. Haskell, treasurer of the

Democratic National Committee, an-

nounced that he will deposit commit-

tee tunds in an Oklahoma bank, op-

erating under the State guaranted Army Officer Shocked to Death. Manila, P. I., July 29 .- Lieut, Oswalt, of the Twenty-ninth Infantry. was preparing to take a bath and had entered the bathtub when he en-

deavored to arrange the lighting cur-

rent, to take an electric bath. He

came in contact with the wires and

fell dead.

BASE BALL, Standing of the Clubs.

National League.

American League.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the West. WHEAT-No. 2, Red. 99 1/2 \$1.00 %

No. 1, Northern Duluth, \$1.24% CORN-No. 2, 83 1/2 @ 84. OATS-Mixed, white, 64@75. BUTTER-Western firstsz1 1/2 @ 22c.

State Dairy, 20@21c. CHEESE-State, full cream, 12@13. alli.K-Per quart, 214c. EGGS-State and nearby fancy.

25 @ 26c.; do., good to choice, 22 @ 24c.; western firsts, 20@2ic. SHEEP-Per 100 lbs., \$3.00@ \$4.50. BEEVES-City Dressed, 8@11%c. CALVES-City Dressed, 9@13c.

HOGS-Live par 100 lbs., \$6.75 @ \$7.25. HAY-Prime per 100 lbs., 85c. STRAW-Long rye, per 100 lbs., 60

LIVE POULTRY-Spring Chickens per lb., 16c.; Turkeys per lb., 11c.; Ducks per 4b., 11@12c.;

Fowls, per 1b., 13c. DRESSED POULTRY-Turkeys per lb., 12 @ 17c.; Fowls per lb., 11 @ 14 %c.; Chickens, Phila., per lb., \$2.4 F @ \$3.25.

VEGETABLES-Potatoes, per bbl. \$2.50@2.75.

ONIONS-Jersey, per basket, 750 \$1.25.