

**STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY**  
 Capital \$100,000 Undivided Profits \$30,000 Surplus \$150,000  
**First National Bank,**  
**OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.**  
 Solicits the Business and Accounts of Farmers and Business Men.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED BY A STRONG, CONSERVATIVE AND SAFE MANAGEMENT.  
**3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.**

OFFICERS:  
 E. W. M. Low, President. Myron I. Low, Vice President.  
 James M. Staver, Vice President. Frank Ikeler, Cashier.  
 DIRECTORS:  
 E. W. M. Low, F. G. Yorks, S. C. Creasy, Fred Ikeler,  
 H. V. Hower, James M. Staver, Myron I. Low, Louis Gross,  
 M. E. Stackhouse, Frank Ikeler.

**THE COLUMBIAN.**  
 ESTABLISHED 1866.  
**THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.**

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869  
 PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,  
 At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of  
 Columbia County, Pennsylvania.  
 GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.  
 GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.  
 TERMS—Inside the county \$1.00 a year  
 in advance; \$1.50 if not paid in advance.  
 Outside the county, \$1.25 a year, strictly in  
 advance.  
 All communications should be addressed  
 THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.  
 THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1908.

**Democratic National Ticket.**

FOR PRESIDENT.  
**WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,**  
 of Nebraska.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,  
**JOHN W. KERN,**  
 of Indiana.

**Democratic State Ticket.**

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT,  
**WEBSTER GRIMM,**  
 of Bucks County.

**Democratic County Ticket.**

FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS,  
**JOHN G. MCHENY,**  
 of Benton.

FOR MEMBER OF LEGISLATURE,  
**WM. T. CREASY,**  
 of Catawissa.

FOR PROTHONOTARY,  
**FREEZE QUICK,**  
 of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,  
**FRANK W. MILLER,**  
 of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,  
**CHRISTIAN A. SMALL,**  
 of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,  
**JOHN MOUREY,**  
 of Roaring Creek Township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER  
**CHARLES L. POHE,**  
 of Catawissa.

**JERRY A. HESS,**  
 of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,  
**CLYDE L. HIRLEMAN,**  
 of Benton Borough,  
 (Second Term.)

**HARRY CREASY,**  
 of Bloomsburg.  
 (Second Term.)

**PROGRESS OF THE CAMPAIGN.**

Republicans are in a very different mood from that in which they adjourned the Chicago Convention. They were going to have a walk-over. All they wanted was that Bryan should be nominated. They had beaten him twice, and they knew just how to do the trick. Of course he'd get the Solid South; any Democratic candidate would do that. But the East-Bryan couldn't touch it with a ten-foot pole. And the West—why, the West was howling itself hoarse for Roosevelt and his policies, and Taft was pledged to continue them; he was Roosevelt's man Friday, and he was as good as elected by the votes of every State north of Mason and Dixon's line, and some of the Republicans thought Taft might break into the South.  
 Well, Bryan was nominated. Instead of falling to pieces, the Democratic party is found to be more united and aggressive than it has been since 1892. The dollar, on which the Republicans won, is not an issue. But the corporations are an issue; the influence of wealth upon politics is an issue, and on

these issues Bryan not only has all of his party with him, but he has a good deal of the Republican party. For seven years Roosevelt has been preparing the country for Bryan, and the country shows a disposition to take the "original Jacobs" instead of the President's pupil and heir.  
 The conference of Republican leaders has just broken up with the conviction that there must be the best fight they can make all through the West. They admit that California and Colorado are doubtful. Utah and Nevada are subject to the same influences as California and Colorado. Cummins has made Iowa doubtful. Kern's nomination has made Indiana doubtful—to the Republicans; it is nearly safe for the Democrats. Our esteemed Republican contemporary *The Press* recognizes Oregon as doubtful. We do not claim that Ohio is doubtful, but it isn't long since it elected a Democratic Governor by a large majority. Cleveland got one electoral vote and came within less than two thousand of getting all the rest. The Foraker fight is getting more serious. In two weeks the Republican tone has changed remarkably.—*Phila. Record.*

**The Party to Restore Prosperity.**

Mr. Kern strikes the most telling keynote of the coming campaign in his comment upon the assurance of fair treatment and all possible encouragement for every honest enterprise under a Democratic administration of the government.  
 Of course, reasonable men should need no such assurance, knowing that such a policy is a part of Democratic doctrine, and is urged by every consideration of party interest, but there are always some who will see in every bold insistence upon essential reforms, and in every demand for the restraint of the too arrogant powers of wealth and monopoly, a dangerous tendency to radical or revolutionary policy; and, on the other hand, there are some who fear that the party not in power will hesitate to fulfill its promises at the risk of business disturbance if it should become the party in power; and these last need to be assured that there is no risk of business disturbance in any Democratic policy, but on the contrary, every assurance of the vigorous stimulation of business.  
 Only the vast and defiant monopolies, the stock jobbers, who manipulate railroad combinations, master and mismanage insurance companies, and otherwise prey upon the public, have anything to fear from Democratic policy.  
 For the rest of the business world the policy of our party, declared in its platform and promised by the sincerity and ability of its leaders, is such as to assure the stimulation to both corporate and individual enterprise, and the prompt recovery of that prosperity which has been lost under Republican management, despite the favors of Providence and bountiful crops.  
 This stimulation is to be sought through the restoration of confidence that there will be an end of the eternal shaking of the big stick, and a thorough prompt readjustment of the tariff upon the only right principle, that of revenue, with such incidental protection as may be fairly offered, but no protection for monopolies which sell their products cheaper abroad than at home.  
 The hard experience of the business world in the last year and a half has fully demonstrated that something must be done along different lines from those followed or proposed by the party in power. A safe, bold, but not radical Democratic policy, reaffirming the old principles of Democratic government, with such new application and development as the times demand, and such economies as the conditions urge, is the promise held out to the voter.  
 —*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

**TO AMEND CONSTITUTION.**

What the Voters Will Decide Upon at the Fall Election.

Secretary of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Robert McAfee, Esq., is sending out copies of the proposed amendments to the State Constitution, which must be voted for at the fall election, and for the edification of our readers we herewith append a memorandum of the same:  
 Amendment No. 1. Providing for the consolidation of the courts of Common Pleas of Philadelphia and Allegheny counties, and to give the General Assembly power to establish a separate court in Philadelphia county, with criminal and miscellaneous jurisdiction.  
 No. 2. Proposes an amendment to the Constitution allowing counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts, or other municipal or incorporated districts to increase their indebtedness, never to exceed ten per cent. upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein.  
 No. 3. Designating the manner in which the Governor shall make appointments and fill vacancies.  
 No. 4. Designating the change in the terms of State officers so that the State Treasurer shall be elected at the same time with the Secretary of State, Secretary of Internal Affairs, etc.  
 No. 5. Designating the change of terms of Justices of the Peace and Magistrates from five to six years.  
 No. 6. Designating that the general State election hereafter shall be held biennially, in the even numbered years.  
 No. 7. Designating the dispensing with the spring election, and providing that the local municipal officers be voted for in the odd numbered years in November.  
 No. 8. Giving the General Assembly authority to make laws providing for the appointment of election boards, when not elected biennially.  
 No. 9. Designating that all officers whose election is not provided for in the Constitution shall come under the new provision.  
 No. 10. Stipulates that county officers shall be elected at the general elections and shall hold office for a term of four years (beginning on the first Monday of January next, after their election,) instead of three years, as at present.  
 No. 11. Indicates the change of the County Commissioners and Auditors' terms to four years, dating from 1911.  
 No. 12. Summarizes that in order to carry these changes in the Constitution into complete operation, it is hereby declared that all terms of office, as at present, with an odd number of years, shall each be lengthened one year.  
 This extension of official term shall not affect officers elected at the general election in 1908, nor any city, ward, borough or township, or election division officers, whose terms would expire in 1910.  
 In 1910 the municipal election shall be held as usual in February, but all officers chosen at that election to any office for two years, and also all election officers and assessors chosen at that election shall serve until the first Monday of December, 1911. All officers chosen at that election for four year terms shall serve until the first Monday of December, 1913.  
 All Justices, Magistrates and Aldermen chosen at that election shall serve until the first Monday of December 1915.  
 All terms of office after 1910 of city, ward, borough, township and election division officers shall begin on the first Monday in December in the odd number year.  
 All officers of any kind whose term may expire during the year 1911, as at present provided, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of December of that year.  
 All Judges of the court and all county officers whose term may expire in the year 1911, shall continue in office until the first Monday of January, 1912.  
 "Gompers was a great man as long as he was chasing a Republican Will-o-the-Wisp, but now that he has discovered that through Democracy labor has its only hope of improving its condition the partisan Republican press are saying that he is no good anyhow and will likely be forced out of his position as head of the American Federation of Labor. Of course he will if they can accomplish the result, but if labor is wise it will heed Mr. Gompers' advice and try the experiment, at least once."  
 Norman E. Mack of Buffalo, has been chosen chairman of the Democratic National Committee.

**Hearst Will Not Be a Candidate.**

Would Not Accept Presidential Nomination of Independence League. He Declares, but will Preside at Party's Convention.

William Randolph Hearst, who arrived from Europe on Saturday, was asked if he would accept the nomination for the Presidency on the Independence League ticket if it should be shown that the sentiment of the league was unanimous for his nomination. Mr. Hearst replied:  
 "I cannot. I have given my word that under no circumstances will I be a candidate. I have given my word and I will abide by it."  
 "Does that pledge hold good for future years, for 1912, for instance, as well as for this year?"  
 Mr. Hearst laughed, and he answered:  
 "You have been going into my past, and here now you proceed into my future."  
 Mr. Hearst left that afternoon for Chicago, where on Monday he presided at the opening of the first national convention of the Independence party.  
 The Democrats of the nation did not want Mr. Hearst as a candidate for President four years ago; the Democrats of New York did not want him for Mayor of their city, and now Mr. Hearst thinks the Democratic party has gone to the diminution bow-wows, and he is trying to organize a new party to be called the Independence party.  
 His departure is a good riddance to the Democratic party, and it is to be hoped that he will never try to get back into the fold.

**State Pension Bill.**

The last encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, department of Pennsylvania, which was held in Erie, instructed Captain P. DeLacy of Scranton, the new department commander, to appoint a committee of seven to draft a bill for the pensioning of Civil War veterans of the Keystone state.  
 It will be remembered that a bill with that purpose in view was passed by the last legislature but had to be vetoed by the Governor for the reason that the money to carry out its provisions had not been provided. The bill which died was not put forward by the G. A. R. men.  
 In the next Legislature a new bill will be presented which will have their approval and it will be the duty of the committee of seven to prepare the bill and submit it to the Governor for criticism before it is introduced. Members of this committee from the northeastern part of Pennsylvania are: A. B. Stevens of Scranton, and former Judge George H. Troutman of Wilkes-Barre.

Judge Taft is now sure of the fact that he has been nominated for President of the United States. A committee of notification broke the news to him gently at Cincinnati on Tuesday, and in a few brief words occupying about twelve columns of newspaper, Mr. Taft informed them that he would accept the honor so unexpectedly thrust upon him. Now both sides can rest easy. The anxiety of the Republican party lest he might refuse (?) it, is allayed.  
 Never mind, Mr. Taft. One of these days somebody is going to tell William J. Bryan that he too, has been nominated for the Presidency, and when he finds it out, he also, will probably utter a few sentences by way of acceptance.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills relieve pain.

Democratic leaders in Indiana are confident that Bryan and Keru will carry that State. Adlai Stevenson is likely to be the Democratic candidate for Governor of Illinois, and he can poll a heavy vote. Cleveland and Stevenson carried Illinois in 1892. Iowa and Wisconsin, Colorado, Oregon and California are doubtful States, according to Republican authorities. Democratic prospects are by no means discouraging in New York. The Republicans have a very different sort of campaign on hand from the one they anticipated.

The rains of last week did much good, though they washed the roads badly in many places.

**SUBSTANTIAL**  
**Lowering of Suit Prices!**

Today we commence a period of Suit Selling destined to be the best in the department's history. To get quickly to the bottom of the matter, these few facts are told. Within a very short time the space occupied by these suits will be taken for advance summer garments. This low price method is taken to get what Spring Suits remain out in time to accommodate the new arrivals.  
 The following prices will prove interesting to the woman who has yet to purchase her Spring Suit.

**\$10.00 SUITS FOR \$7.50.**  
 Latest styles stripes and plain colors. Sale Price \$7.50.

**\$12.00 SUITS FOR \$9.98.**  
 Blue and brown, self striped Panama, Prince Chap Style. Sale Price \$9.98.

**\$14.00 SUITS FOR \$10.00.**  
 Worsteds and self stripe Panama, Prince Chap and Cutaway style. Sale Price \$10.00.

**\$17.50 SUITS FOR \$15.50.**  
 Excellent quality of Chiffon Panama, blues, browns and black. Jacket 27 inches, 3/4 fitting back with dip front, worth \$20.00. Sizes 14 to 40. Sale Price \$15.50.

**\$18.00 and \$20.00 SUITS FOR \$12.98.**  
 Sizes 14 to 36—every suit a new creation.  
**22.50 and 23.00 SUITS FOR 16.00**  
 Elegant materials and tailorings—blues, brown and greens. Many of the best models. Sale Price \$16.00.

**25.00 SUITS FOR 17.50.**  
 Excellent assortment, most all sizes in this lot. Best styles included. High grade handsome materials.

**32.00 and 35.00 SUITS FOR 25.00.**  
 The newest creations. Some of them copies of fine imported models, fine quality of fabrics—good color variety. Sale Price \$25.00.

**F. P. PURSEL.**  
 BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

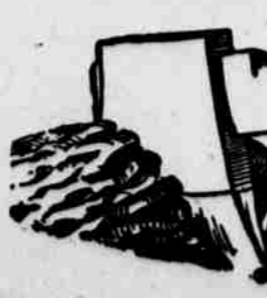
**We Have Ten Styles of**  
**Envelopes and Paper to Match**  
 — FOR —  
**Invitations, Acceptances, Regrets**  
**Announcements, &c.**  
 Full size Wedding with two Envelopes, down to Billet-doux size with Card to Fit.

**Twenty-Four Styles of Type**  
 FOR CARDS AND INVITATIONS.

**We Do All Kinds of Printing**

**Columbian Printing House,**  
 BLOOMSBURG, PA.

**Cut off that cough with**  
**Jayne's Expectorant**  
 and prevent pneumonia, bronchitis and consumption.  
**The world's Standard Throat and Lung Medicine for 75 years.**  
 Get it of your druggist and keep it always ready in the house.



**CASTORIA.**  
 The Kind You Have Always Bought  
 Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.