## THE DEMOGRATIC TICKE

Bryan and Kern Chosen to Lead Party in Fight for Presidency.

## A VERY QUIET SESSION

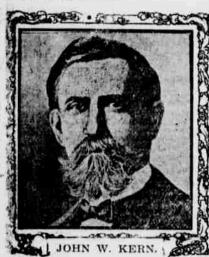
After Turbulence Over Bryan Little Enthusiasm is shown for Second Place-Convention Chooses Tw co Defeated Indianian as Nebraskan's Running Mate.

Denver, Col., July 16 .- With one turbulent session that lasted until the gawn was breaking and ended with the nomination of William Jennings Bryan for President, and a quiet afternoon session that ended with the acmination of John Worth Kern for Vice President, the Democratic National Convention ended its labors on Friday. It had completed a ticket that was consistent at any rate, for a man twice deteated for the Presidency was at the head of it, and a man twice defeated for Governor of Ms State was at the tail of it.



WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

Only the reluctance of the New York leaders to present a candidate or second place on the Bryan ticket ras responsible for the nomination of ur, Kern. William J. Bryan, acording to his spokesman here, since a became certain that Judge Gray of Jelaware would not consent to become ais running mate,, was very onxious to have the New York deleates unite on some conservative cemocrat who could lend prestige to the ticket in the East.



Mr. Kern had exacted one condiion from his friends-that his name hould not go before the convention inless there was reasonable assurince that the required two-thirds rote could be railied to his support, tis boom had been little heard of ance the early stage of the preconention activities. It been completeg ecitpsed by the booms of men like sudge Gray of Delaware, Judge Gavor of New York, and John Mitchell, ze labor leader. When it became evident that men of this character ere unwilling to go on the Bryan said there was the greatest probabilcket the Kern boor took a new

pase of life. The nomination of Bryan was



NORMAN E. MACK. Who helped run the big show at Denver.

made on the first baha, the cote atanding:

William J. Bryan, 892 1/2. Gov. John A. Johnson, 46. Judge George Gray, 59 1/2. Absent or not voting, 8.

At the announcement of the Neoraskan's actual nomination the whole assemblage rose enmasse, waving flags handkerchlets, newspapers, hats and coats, while a bediam of sound poured out from ten thousand throats in exulta ' vells, cat calls and comanche war whoops, with the dded din of shricking horns, the roar of megaphones, and the strains of the band playing an exultant anthem.



BIRD S. COLER, Of Brooklyn, was a Vice Presidential possibility.

As the delegates and spectators left the hall the echoes of enthusiasm continued to reverbrate throughout the building, while crowds outside took up the shout and bore it along the dark streets, awakening the city just as the first pale rays of dawn were breaking in the east, with the resounding chorus of "Bryan, Bryan, Bryan!

### GREAT TRIBUTE TO 3RYAN.

Convention Cheers Him One Hour and Twenty-Eight Minutes.

Denver, Col., July 15 .- Bryan "the Pike's Peak of the democracy," continues to rule the Convntion, his power being supreme. When Senator Gore alluded to the fact that Taft nad opposed the Oklahoma constitution and that Bryan had favored it. the Convention broke into a wild demonstration for Bryan, which broke all records, lasting one hour and twenty-eight minutes. In the frenzy that shook the Convention hall the standards of all the States, excepting New York, Deleware, Minnesota, New Jersey, Georgia and Connecticut, were wrenched from their

sockets and carried in a wild parade, In the night session Richmond Pearson Hobson caused a stir by say. ing in a speech that in his presence a few weeks ago President Roosevelt



SEN. THOMAS P. GORE.

ity of a war with Japan.

Judge Alton B. Parker of New York, has repudiated the Tammany piatform in the committee and is not supporting the anti-injunction plank prepared by the committee of the New York delegation. He and George Fred Williams, who, with oneother, are drafting the labor plank, have had radical differences,

The navy planks introduced by Lewis Nixon of New York, and Richmond P. Hobson of Alabama, both naval experts, are being considered seriously by the Committee on Resctutions. The delegations from the Pacific slope demand a plank for a

great naval increase. The Con.mittee on Credentials voted to report unseating the McCarren delegates from Kings County, New York, giving seats to the anti-Guffey netegates from Pennsylvania and seating the Johnson delegates from Chio, the Sullivan delegates from Illinois and the Dubois delegates from Icaho. The Convention sustained the Credential Committee and defeated Colonel Guffey by 615 to 387.

## Many Factories Resuming.

Winsted, Conn., July 15 .- The factories of the Winsted Silk Coinpany, Empire Knife Company, Winsted Hostery Company, and Benjamin Richards Company all resumed full time operations today, after a period of a short time.

Favors Injunctions in Labor Disputes Only Under Restrictions.

## PROSECUTE TRUSTS

For Revision of Tariff-Want Valuation of Railroads Made on Basis of Physical Property. To Guarantee Deposits-Against Immigration of Asiatics.

Convention Hall, Denver, July 10. The platform was presented to the convention soon after midnight and adopted as follows:

We, the representatives of the Democrats of the United States, in National convention assembled, reaffirm our belief in and pledge our loyalty to the principals of the party.

We rejoice at the increasing signs o, an awake-ling thorughout the country. The various investigations have traced graft and political corruption to the representatives of predatory wealth, and laid bare the unscrupulous methods by which they have debauched elections and preyed upon a defenceless public, through the subservient officials whom they have raised to place and power.

The conscience of the Nation is now aroused to free the Government from the grip of those who have made made it a business asset of the favor-seeking corporations; it must become again a people's Government, and be administered in all its depart. ments according to the Jeffersonian "Equal rights to all and special privileges to none."

The courts of justice are the bulwark of our liberties, and we yield to none in our purpose to maintain their dignity. Our party has given to the bench a long line of distinguished Judges, who have added to the respedt and confidence to which this department must be jealousy maintained. We resent the attempt of the Republican party to raise laise issues respecting the judiciary. it is an unjust reflection on a great body of our citizens to assume that they lack respect for the courts.

Questions of judicial practice have arisen especially in connection with industrial disputes. We deem that the parties to all industrial proceedings should be treated with rigid impartiality, and that injunctions should not be issued in any cases in which injunctions would not issue If no industrial suit were involved.

We favor the eight-hour day on all Government work. We pledge the Democratic Party to the enactment of a law by Con-

gress, as far as the Federal jurisdiction extends, for a General Employers' Liability act, covering injury to body or loss of life by employes.

We pledge the Democratic Party to the enactment of a law creating a Department of Labor, represented separately in the President's Cabinet, which department shall include the subject of mines and mining.

We favor immediate revision of the tariff by the reduction of import duties. Articles entering into competition with trust-controlled products should be placed upon the free list, and material reductions should be made in the tariff upon the necessaries of life, especially upon articles competing with such American manulactures as are sold abroad more cheaply than at home and graduate reductions should be made in such such other schedules as may be necessary to restore the tariff to a revenue basis.

Existing duties have given to the manufacturers of paper a shelter behind which they have organized combinations to raise the price of pulp and of paper, thus imposing a tax upon the spread of knowledge. We demand the immediate repeal of the tariff on pulp, print paper, lumber, timber, and logs, and that these articles be placed upon the free list.

We demand that the House of Renresentatives shall again become a deliberative body, controlled by a majority of the people's representatives, and not by the Speaker, and we pledge ourselves to adopt such rules and regulations to govern the House of Representatives as will enable a majority of its members to direct its deliberations and control legislation.

Publicity We pledge the Democratic Publicity of Campaign Party to the emecratic of Campaign Party to the emecratic at the Contributions. It can expect the contributions then contributing any corporation for the publication be ore election of providing for the publication be ore election of all -uch contributions above a reasonable min -

Railroad
Regulation.

We assert the right of Congress to exercise enoughete control over inter-smit Commerce and the right of each state to exercise like control over commerce with a it's borders. We have the enactment of a law giving to the inter-state Commerce Commission the power to inspect proposed railroad priff raise or schedules before they shall take effect, and if they be found to be unreasonable to initiate an adjustment thereof.

Believing, with Jefferson.

The Rights leftering, with lefterson, in "the support of the States, Governments in all their rights as the most comparant witninistration for our domestic concerns, and the surest bulwark against anti-republican tendencies," and in "the preservation of the general Government in it's whole constitutional view as the sheet anchor of our peace at home and the safety abrond, we are exposed to the contralization implied in these suggestions, now regin retty made, that the powers of the gene all Government should be extended by judicial construction.

Economy in in session just ended has Administration, made \* p p ro p ristions amounting to \$1,008,000,000, excessing the total expenditures of the past fiscal year by \$20,000,000, and leaving a deficit of more than \$40,000,000 for the fiscal year. We demand that a stop he put to this frightful extravergence, and insist upon the strictest economy is every department compatible with frugal and otherwise administration.

Banking. We pledge ourselves to legsignation under which the
National banks shall be required to establish a guarantee fund for the
prompt payment of the depositors of any insolvent National bank under an equitable system
which shall be available to all State banking
institutions wishing to use it. We favor a pestal savings bank if the guaranteed bank camnot is secused, and that it be constituted so as
to keep the deposited money in the estimation
be where it is established.

Protection of Wanking consulted to

Protection of American Sist upon the just and having protection of our citizens. In the instruction of our citizens at home and abroad, and to use all proper methods to secure for them, whether native born or naturalized, and without distinction of race or creed, the equal protection of law and the enjoyment of all rights and privileges open to them under our treaty.

We carnestly favor the immediate adoption of a liberal and comprehensive plan for improving every water course in the Union, which is justified by the needs of commerce, the connection of the great takes with the navigable rivers and with the Guit through the Mississippi River, and the rivers, bays and sounds of our const with each other by artificial canals, with a view to perfecting a system of binard waterways, to be navigated by vessels of standard draught.

We have an investigated

The Philippines.

The declaration of the Nation's purpose to recognize the independence of the Philippine is stable Government can be established, such independence to be guaranteed by us as we guarantee the independence of Cuba until the neutralization of the Islands can be secured by treaty with other powers.

We favor an immediate dependence to recognize the independence of the guarantee the independence of Cuba until the neutralization of the Islands can be secured by treaty with other powers.

We favor an income tax income Tax, as partofour revenue system, and we urge the submission of a Constitutional amendment specifically authorizing Congress to levy and collect a tax upon individual and corporate incomes, to the end that wealth may bear it's proportionate share of the burdens of the Federal Government.

Popular Elec-tion of Senators.

Senators.

The first state of the selection of the selecti

Telegraph and Party to the enactment of a Telephone. law to regulate the rates and services of telegraph and leiephone companies engaged in the transmission or massages between the States, under the jurisdiction of the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

The laws pertaining to the Civil Service. Civil Service should be honestly and rigidity enforced to the end that merit and ability shall be the standard of appointment and promotion rather than services rendered to a political party.

The Navy.

The Constitutional provision that a navy shall be provided and maintained means an edequate Navy and we believe that the interests of this country would be best served by having a navy sufficient to defend the coasts of this country, and protect American divisor. this country, and protect American c wherever their rights may be in Jeopardy

Asiatic Immigration.

Asiatic Immigration.

Asiatic Immigration.

Me are opposed to the admission of Asiatic immigrants who cannot be amalgameted with our populagameted with our populagameted with our populagameted with our population, or whose presence among us would raise issue and involve us in diplomatic controvers les with Oriental powers.

Arizona and New Mexico. Sears labored for the admission of Arizona and New Mexico as separate States of the Federal Union, and, we havor the lumediate admission of those Territories as separate States.

Alaska and Porto Rico.

We demand for the people of Alaska and Porto Rico the of Alaska and Porto Rico the of Alaska and Privileges of a Territor-Porto Rico. form of government

Hawaii. We favor the application of principles of land laws of the United States to our newly acquired territory. Hawaii, to the end that public lands of that territory may be held and utilized for the benefit of bona fide homestead-

Merchant we believe in the upbuilding of the American and
merchant narine without
new or additional burdens
upon the people and without bounties from the
public Treasury.

Panama Canal, Canal will prove of great valit's speedy completion Agricultural We favor the establishment and Mechanical of district agricultural experiment stations, the secondary agricultural and mechanical colleges in the several States.

Post Roads. We favor Federal aid to State and local authorities in the construction and main-

tenance of post reads

We believe that where an American citizen holding a patent in a foreign country is compelled to manufacture under his patent within a certain time, similar restrictions should be applied in this country to the citizens of subjects of such a country,

Pensions. We favor a generous pension policy, both as a matter of justice to the surviving reterans and their dependents, and because it tends to relieve the country of the necessity of maintaining a large standing army.

Trusts. A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable.
We therefore favor the vigorous enforcement of the criminal law against
guilty trust magnates and officials, and demand
the enactment of such additional legislation as may be necessary to make it impossible for a private monopoly to exist in the United States.

Natural

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Resources.

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Northe conservation of our natural resources contained for the conservation of our natural resources contained a reluctant party, and to that end we insist upon the preservation, protection, and replacement of needed forests, the preservation of the public domain for homeseskers, the protection of the National resources in timber, coal, iron, and oil against monopolistic control, the development of our waterways for navigation and every other useful purpose, including the irrigation of arid lands, the reclamation of swamplands, the clarification of streams, the development of water power, and the preservation of electric power generated by this natural force from the control of monopoly; and, to such end, we urge the exercise of all powers. National, Siste, and municipal, both separately and in cooperation.

The Democratic Party stands for Democracy; the .-publican Party has drawn to itself all that is aristocratic and plutocratic.

The Democratic Party is the champion of civil rights and opportunities to all; the Republican Party is the party of privilege and private monopoly. The Democratic Party listens the voice of the whole people and gauges progress by the rosperity and the advancement of the average man; the Republican Party is subservient to the comparatively few who are the beneficiaries of Governmental favoritism. We invite the co-operation of all regardless of previous political affiliation or past differences, who desire to preserve a government of the people by the people and for the people who ravor such an administration of the Government as will insure as far as human wisdom can, that each citizen shall draw from society a reward commensurate with his contributions to the welfare of Eoclety.

Object to Mrs. Longworth. Columbus, Ohio, July 16 .- Repitition of tales that Mrs. Alice Rooseveit Longworth planted a tack point up in a chair in the gallery of the National House, and that she attended the races at the Latonia track were repeated before the Kentucky Delegation to the National Conventien of the Prohibition Party. As a resuit the delegation refused to sanction an invitation to her to attend the convention.

# HORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader-A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

The Democratic National Commitce, at the suggestion of Mr. Bryan, voted to publish all campaign contributions in excess of \$100 before the election; to accept none from corporations and to limit individual contributions to \$10,000. To a New York World correspond-

ent John W. Kern said the Democratic campaign would be fought with a view to restoring confidence and that honest business need have nothing to fear. Senator Otto G. Foelker, who left

for the Anti-Race-Track Betting bill, rescried a family at a Brooklyn fire Senator McCarren and the Democratic Committee of Kings County,

a sick-bed to go to Albany to vote

indorsed the Denver ticket and piatform. Thomas D. Jordan, who was under nineteen indictments in connection with the Equitable Life's socatted "Yellow Dog Fund," dropped

dead at the Rector street New York station of the subway. Intermation from London says that Japan has ordered changes in the battle ship building for Brazil,

made their purchase impossible. The battleship Nebraska started in pursuit of the Atlantic battleship fleet, which she hopes to overtake by making sixteen knots an hour.

but officials thought publicity had

W. J. Bryan was nearly overcome on receipt of the news of the demonstration at Denver, and Issued a statement of thanks. He was in close consultation over his special wire with his lieutenants in Denver.

The Government crop report indicates the second niggest corn crop in the history of this country, with yields of wheat and oats in excess of 1907.

The members of the Socialist-Labor party were greatly disappointed by Martin R Preston's refusal to accept the nomination for President. Mrs. Susan Pangborn of Kearny.

N. J., darted in front of a train in a vain attempt to save her little son's life and was serlously injured.

One life was lost in a river front fire at Boston that destroyed property worth \$1,500,000.

Aroused by the protests of American manufacturers, President Roosevelt telegraphed the War Department to do everything possible to cancel the contract for English coolie made uniforms. Washington authorities were said

to have information to the effect that Japan has already approached Brazil for the purchase of her three battle ships.

Plans are under way to dismember the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway system.

Sweeping changes in the government of the American branch of the Roman Catholic Church opened the way for the appointment of more American cardinals.

President Roosevelt inspected the Arctic exploring ship Roosevelt and told Commander Peary he felt sure he would find the North Pole.

Twenty property owners in Montciair, N. J., petitoned the Town Council to prohibit by ordinance the outcry of any fowl between 9 p. m., and 6 n. m.

Mrs. Lydia Runyan, of Newark, bitten oy a mad dog in her ninetythird year, took the Pasteur treat-

## Only One Term for Bryan.

Fairview, Lincoln, Neb., July 14 .-The following statement was made by William J. Bryan when he received announcement of his nomination as the candidate of the Democratic party for President.

"The Presidency is the highest official position in the world, and no man occupying it can afford to have his views upon public questions biased by personal ambitions. Recognizing his responsibility to God and his obligation to his countrymen, he should enter upon the discharge of his duties with singleness of purpose, Believing that one can best do this when he is not planning for a second term, I announce now, as I have on former occasions, that, if elected, I shall not be a candiate for \_re-electien.

"This is the nomination as purely from the people as can be, and if elected my obagation will be aspurely to the people, I appreciate the hono: the more because it came not from one person or a few persons. but from the rank and file, acting freely and without compulsion."

Senor Arias resigned as Panama's Secretary of State, and .nembers of his party saw in the action a protest against the "interference" of the United States in the political situation .

HONOLULU'S WELCOME.

Her Citizens Raise Twenty Thousand Dollars to Entertain Fleet,

Honolulu, July 16 .- Honolulu will be the last American port at which the Atlantic fleet will stop before carrying the friendship of the American Republic to the great white Confederation of the Pacific. Ans. tralla and the citizens of "The Crossroads of the Pacific" are preparing not only to greet the coming of the fleet but to give Rear Admiral Sperry and his men a hearty godspeed and a rousing sendon when the anchors are holsted for the leg to Sydney. Honolulu is the capital city of an American territory, as much an integral part of the United States as New York or Boston, although the fact is scarcely recognized on the mainland, and a true American greeting awaits the battleships.

During the seven days of the visit this tropical city will be agiow with thousands of incandescent lamps along the principal streets, and from the electrical illuminations of the notels and business houses, Flags by the thousands and busting in the antional colors by the mile will be used to dress the town, while every effort is being made to have something doing all the time, in his way of excursions, sports, trips to points of interest about the city, banquets, dinners and dance

The Japanese colony has organized a welcoming committee of its own, and \$3,000 to be spent in daylight fireworks, has been raiser among themselves, while preliminary glimpses of Japan are being arranged in the lixing up o, the old tea houses and the opening of new ones in preparation for the sailors.

The Corean colony, the Chinese residents and the Portuguese, as races, are each planning festivities of their own for the officers and men, While the Hawaiians are at work now in the preparation of a great "hookupu" of fruit. This is a gift feast at which all the fresh truits of Hawaii will be gathered into great heaps and the visitors invited to help themselves, eat what they wish to carry away whatever they please and as much as they can. Among the fruits will be pineapples, oranges, b. nannas, gauvas, mountain apples, vis, breadfruits, canteloupes, and many others, some of which will be novelties to the men.

Secretary Garfield has just returned from a trip to Kilauea and is enthusiastic over this great natural wonder, so enthusiastic that he proposes to start the governmental machinery to make of the volcano and the surrounding country with its steam jets, sulphur banks, forest lava moulds and great tree ferns, a national park. He is also anxious to create a national park at the little village of Naapopo, where Captain Cook, the discoverer of the islands, first landed on Hawaiian soil and where a few weeks afterwards ha was assassinated by the natives At this spot the British government has erected a monument in memory of the navigator a site having been deeded to the British government by Queen Emma.

## Business Grows Better.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 15 .- Indications are multiplying in all branches of trade that a return of normal business conditions is rapidly approaching. Railroad managers upecially report a decided improvement and a sharp demand for cars for the transportation of all classes of freight, with the possible excestion of steel and .ron.

Grand Chief Engineer Stone of the Brothernood of Locomotive Engineers said that his reports showed decided business improvements on the railroads throughout the country. Repair shop forces, he added, had been put on full time on practically all of the railroads both east and west.

## BASE BALL. Standing of the Clubs.

National League. W. L. P.C. W. L. 45 31 592 Philadelphia 34 37 46 32 590 Boston 56 42 45 32 584 Brooklyn 20 45 41 38 519 St. Louis 29 47 American League. Cincinnati.

Detroit W. L. P.C. W. L. St. Louis 46 32 550 Philadelphia 31 55 St. Louis 46 32 550 Boston. 3 U. Cheago 43 34 550 New York 9 5 Cleveland 42 34 552 Washington 29 48

NEW YORF MARKET.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the West. WHEAT-No. 2, Red. 98 % @ 99c. No. 1, Northern Duluth\$1.19.

CORN-No. 2, 81 1/2 @ 82c. OATS-Mixed, white, 551556c. BUTTER-Western firsts, 21 1/20-State Dairy, 20th 21 1/2 c.

CHEESE-State, full cream, 11% 0 12 % c. milLK-Per quart, 2 1/2 c. EGGS-State and nearby fancy.

24 @ 25c.; do., good to choice, 21 @ 23c.; western firsts, 19 @ 20c. BEEVES-City pressed 8 1/2 ft 12 1/2. SHEEP-Per 100 lbs., \$2.50 @ \$4.20, HOGS-Live per 100 lbs., \$.90. HAY-Prime per 100 lbs., 85c.

STRAW-New, per 100 lbs., 60 @ 70c. LIVE POULTRY-Spring Chickens per 1b., 18c.; Turkeys per 1b., 13c.; Ducks per 1b., 11@12c.,

Fowls per 1b., 12c. DRESSED POULTRY-Turkeys per lb., 12@17c.; Fowls per lb., 10@ 13 1/2 c.; Chickens, Phila., per ib...

28 @ 30c. Vegetables-Potatoes, Norfolk, per bbl., \$2.75@ \3.25. ONIONS-Jersey, per basket, 50 g