

MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

In Message the President Denounces Illegal Corporations.

STOCK GAMBLING ALSO

Says It Is No Better than Wagering in Lotteries and Race Track—Denies that He was Responsible for Recent Financial Stringency—Further Control of Railroads.

Washington, Feb. 3.—President Roosevelt's special message sent on Friday to Congress, besides making many recommendations, contained caustic attacks on certain corporations, a defense of his policies and a disavowal of responsibility for the recent financial stringency.

"The methods by which the Standard Oil people and those engaged in the other combinations of which I have spoken have achieved great fortunes can only be justified by the advocacy of a system of morality which would also justify every form



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

of criminality on the part of a labor union, and every form of violence, corruption and fraud, from murder to bribery and ballot-box stuffing in politics."

Among the recommendations are: Re-enactment of the Employers' Liability law so as to make it come within the constitutional limits laid down by the United States Supreme Court.

Passing of a law to correct the abuse of injunctions in conflicts between labor and capital so as to preserve the rights of both.

Amendment to the Sherman Anti-trust law and further powers for the Interstate Commerce Commission in the regulation of common carriers.

Enactment of laws to prevent gambling in securities and commodities. The President says there is no moral difference between gambling with cards, in lotteries or at race tracks, and gambling on the stock market.

Mr. Roosevelt devotes by far the greater part of his message to vindication of his policy in dealing with corporations and trusts and justification of the methods used by officials of his administration to bring alleged law-breakers to justice.

He declared these policies must be continued if good results are to be obtained.

The following are the most important portions of Mr. Roosevelt's message:

As regards the employers' liability law, I advocate its immediate re-enactment, limiting its scope so that it shall apply only to the class of cases to which the court says it can constitutionally apply, but strengthening its provisions within this scope. Interstate employment being thus covered by an adequate national law, the field of interstate employment will undoubtedly give to the performance of their duty within their field the consideration the importance of the subject demands.

I also urgently advise that a comprehensive act be passed providing for compensation by the Government to all employees injured in the Government service. Under the present law an injured workman in the employment of the Government has no remedy, and the entire burden of the accident falls on the helpless man, his wife and his young children. This is an outrage. The law should apply to all laborers, mechanics and other civilian employees of the Government of the United States, including those in the service of the Panama Canal Commission and of the Insular governments.

The same broad principle which should apply to the Government should ultimately be made applicable to all private employers.

There is a special bill to which I call your attention. Secretary Taft has urgently recommended the immediate passage of a law providing for compensation to employees of the Government injured in the work of the Isthmian Canal, and that \$100,000 be appropriated yearly.

KING OF PORTUGAL AND HEIR TO THRONE SLAIN.

Carlos I. and His Son Luiz Philippe Dastardly Murdered in Lisbon By Agitators Who Have Been Plotting to Overthrow the Government.

Lisbon, Feb. 4.—A tragedy has befallen Portugal of its monarch and heir. On their Majesties' return Saturday from Villa Viciosa while driving from the railway station to the palace, on turning from the Praça do Arsenal, several shots were fired at the open carriage in which King Carlos and Queen Amelie were seated with their two sons.

It was at once seen that they were badly wounded. The carriage dashed at full speed into the arsenal. Upon the arrival of doctors who were hastily summoned, it was found that Prince Manuel had a bullet wound in his arm. The Queen fainted. Consternation was general, but order has not been greatly disturbed. The King and Crown Prince were dead.

The city was in an uproar as the result of the assassination of the King and Crown Prince. The King's second son, the infant Manoel, was slightly wounded, but Queen Amelie who strove to save the Crown Prince's life by throwing herself upon him, was unhurt.

A band of men waiting at the corner of the Praça do Commercio and the Rua do Arsenal, suddenly sprang toward the open carriage in which the family were driving to the palace, and leveling carbines which they had concealed upon them, fired. The King and Crown Prince, upon whom the attack was directed, were each shot three times, and they lived only long enough to be carried to the marine arsenal nearby, where they expired.

The city now wears its usual aspect, save for the flags flying at half mast and the boom of ordnance at regular intervals in funeral salute.

The bodies of the King and Crown Prince were conveyed last night from the Arsenal to the Necessidades Palace, where they are lying in state, watched over by court dignitaries.

Members of all classes of society are flocking to the palace to inscribe their names in the register.

The approaches to the palace are patrolled by troops, bodies of foot and mounted police.

Prince Manuel has been proclaimed King under the name of Manuel II.

The conspirators who Saturday shot and killed King Carlos and Crown Prince Luiz in the streets of Lisbon, have attempted to assassinate the Premier Franco.

The attack was made on Senor Franco, at his residence, but the assassins were repulsed.

London, Feb. 5.—News comes from Lisbon that the party leaders of Portugal have laid aside their animosities and have formed a coalition cabinet thoroughly determined on the preservation of the monarchy. Franco it is stated, has terminated his dictatorship, convinced that to prolong it would be injurious to the country.

Three Boys Drowned.

Nyaack, Feb. 3.—Three boys were drowned in the Hudson off New Nyaack on Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock while walking on a stretch of ice of only one night's freezing. The boys were Evans Steele, 12 years old, son of Charles Steele of Nyaack; Harold Dixon, 11 years old, son of John H. Dixon, of New Nyaack, and Hans Newton Kraft, son of Edward Kraft, a cigar manufacturer of Central Nyaack. These three boys were the only ones who ventured so far out on the ice, day in the announcement of the skating nearer the shore, where the ice was safer.

Steamship Burns at Sea.

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 5.—The steamer St. Cuthbert was burned to the water's edge off the Nova Scotia coast during a blizzard. Fifteen members of the crew were drowned by the swamping of a small boat in which they attempted to leave after the fire had broken out. The thirty-seven other members of the crew, including the captain, were rescued by the White Star liner Cymric.

Girl Druce Witness Admits Perjury.

London, Feb. 6.—Mary Robinson, the Druce case witness who said that through Charles Dickens she became the outside secretary of the Duke of Portland and knew him also as T. C. Druce and professed to have kept a diary of her association with him, has confessed to perjury, according to Sir Charles Mathews, K. C.

\$2,500 Slave now Lives on Income.

Lynn, Feb. 6.—Richard Johnson, having risen from the condition of slavery, when he was appraised at \$2,500 at a New Orleans auction sale, has retired as a bank janitor in this city, to spend his declining days at ease. He has accumulated a competency during his 26 years' service.

Six Killed by Tornado.

Wesson, Feb. 3.—Six persons were killed by a tornado, which laid waste a strip of farming country three-quarters of a mile wide and several

Florida Hotel Burns.

Jacksonville, Fla., Feb. 3.—The Hamilton Tourist Hotel at White Springs, Fla., was burned on Friday with several cottages. Guests barely escaped with their lives. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

Earthquake shocks were plainly felt in Newburyport, Mass., reports from different places telling of three distinct shocks.

Because they have been ordered to use smokeless powder, miners in ten mines of the Pittsburgh Coal Company in the Lougoghney Valley have struck. Possibly three thousand are affected.

Judge Putnam in the United States Circuit Court at Bath, Me., appointed receivers for three Morse steamship lines.

Members of Congress have expressed the opinion that a commission to plan a revision of the tariff is not needed.

Fourteen firemen were caught in a crash of three floors and carried with the debris into the basement during a stubborn fire in the building at Nos. 43 and 45 Worth street, New York. Two of them were not seen after the crash and are believed to be dead in the basement. The others were carried out by their fellows, some of them seriously injured.

The first train fully equipped for carrying passengers over the Key West extension left Miami station with six coaches and Mr. Henry M. Flagler's private car. The trip being an official one, no tickets were sold. This road cuts the time to Cuba ten hours.

"Death from shock, caused by seeing three little boys drown in the Hudson River," was the verdict of physicians who were called to investigate the strange death of Mrs. Claudine Abery, at Nyaack, N. Y.

Operations have been resumed at the car shops of the New York Central at West Albany, 1,300 of the 3,500 men returning to work.

The Navy Department has decided to send four submarine boats to Manila to strengthen the defenses of the Philippines.

Shore leave was granted seventy-five men from each vessel of the American fleet at Punta Arenas.

The United States Supreme Court has decided that boycotts by labor unions violate the Sherman Anti-Trust law.

Timothy L. Woodruff and others in the New York State Republican organization, have planned to crowd Governor Odell out of the Hughes campaign.

Captain Bartlett has reported to the Navy Department that a stick of dynamite had been found in the coal bunkers of the battleship Ohio at Trinidad.

William H. Boocock, Reformed Church clergyman of Bayonne, N. J., says the present forms of preaching the gospel are hundreds of years behind the times.

Legislators in Albany, N. Y., conceded the passage of the anti-race track betting bill.

In his report on conditions in the New York State Department of Insurance Matthew C. Fleming said the Department required a thorough reorganization to be efficient.

Greater familiarity with the provisions of the Aldrich bill brings new and influential support to the measure.

The Secretary of the Interior in his annual report, said there was a growing popular demand for economy of the nation's resources.

Twelve germ infected rabbits being used by a St. Louis physician in medical experiments were stolen, causing residents to fear a spread of disease.

Two alienists sent by his mother visited Harry K. Thaw on his first day in the asylum in Matteawan, and the prisoner said he probably would be released within a week.

Investigations by the Herald reveal the existence of an extortionate anthracite coal monopoly in complete control of the New York market.

Registering as Mrs. S. A. Wilcox, of Castleton, Vt., a middle aged woman was found dead in the Hotel Chelsea, New York, a victim of drugs.

FOREIGN.

In his summing up in the final session of the Stoessel court martial in St. Petersburg the Judge Advocate demanded that the death penalty be imposed upon Generals Stoessel, Fock and Relas.

The suit for nullification of her marriage brought by the Countess of Yarmouth against the Earl will not be defended. The earl has agreed not to interpose any objection to the Countess's demand, so she will get a divorce by default.

It is reported from Madrid that King Carlos carried life insurance to the amount of \$200,000 in an English company, and that he had another policy for \$22,000 in a Spanish insurance company.

No Home Rule plans are on the programme of the present English Parliament.

A London news agency publishes a dispatch from Tangier saying that there has been a battle between the French and the Moors near Serrat, Morocco, in which 10,000 Moors were killed or wounded, and in which the French losses amount to 160 men, including four officers.

Cuban negroes are making plans to induce others of their race not to start a revolution when the republic is established.

Special cable despatches from Punta Arenas tell of the voyage of the American battle ship fleet from Rio and the preparations for the passage of the dangerous part of Magellan Strait. Pirates robbed the wreck ship Oscar Woermann.

HUGHES ON NATIONAL ISSUES.

The Governor Touched on Nearly Every One of Roosevelt's Policies.

New York, Feb. 3.—Governor Charles E. Hughes, speaking to a gathering of nearly 1,100 men at the Republican Club on Friday night, gave his views on the so-called "National Issues." He spoke for fifty minutes and received an ovation entirely unique in the history of the club.

In his address, which he read, the Governor touched on nearly every topic which has formed the basis of the "Roosevelt policies" and has been of National Import for the last year or two. Considering the number of subjects touched upon, the speech seemed to be regarded as brief and trenchant, though somewhat academic.

Posed as a Man.

Louisville, Feb. 3.—After masquerading for seven years as she admits in boy's clothing, "Jimmy Allen," twenty years old, porter on the Louisville and Kentucky River Packet Company's steamer Falls City, was arrested on Friday and found to be a girl.

She said that she had been living with a family at Terre Haute, Ind. When thirteen years of age they reprimanded her for acting like a "tomboy" and she ran away.

Wheat Pool Broken.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—Inability of the coeeterie of partners of the brokerage and grain elevator concern of Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington to agree among themselves as to the methods by which the affairs of the house should be handled, resulted on Friday in the announcement of the firm's intention to discontinue its New York stock and cotton business on April 1. The company's ultimate purpose is to eliminate all its varied branches of business except that involving grains.

Schwab Buys Mexican Mines.

City of Mexico, Feb. 3.—The largest mining transaction ever made in Mexico is about to be closed in the Santa Tulalia district, State of Chihuahua.

Charles M. Schwab and Malcolm MacDonald of Tonopah, Nev., and associates are to take over the famous Petros Ducoa Tierra, Baltimore and other mines of Santa Tulalia. The sum to be paid is upward of \$6,000,000. The principal owners of the properties are Grant G. Schley of Newport and Dennis Sullivan of Denver.

New Fleet for Far East.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The Government is assembling and preparing for dispatch to the Philippines another battleship squadron to join Admiral Evans' fleet.

It has become known authoritatively that the administration plans to have the Evans fleet return by way of the Suez Canal. But by the time Admiral Evans is ready to weigh anchor in the Philippines his fleet will have been supplemented by six battleships and two armored cruisers.

Bigamy Easy Now in Jersey.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 5.—Just because Harry Buckalew, of Trenton, kept secret for two years the fact of a marriage, after he had taken a second partner, it has been declared that the statute of limitation prevents the prosecution for bigamy of any Jerseyman who shall go and do likewise.

Pullman Workers Rewarded.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—The Pullman Palace Car Company distributed \$174,850 among 3,770 employees of its car service department. The bonus amounts to one month's salary for every conductor and porter who continued on the payroll of the company throughout 1907 and escaped demerits.

To Make Work for Idle.

Albany, Feb. 5.—With the unanimous consent in the Senate Senator McCall of the Sixteenth District introduced a bill authorizing the Park Board to spend an additional sum of \$1,500,000 for the development of parks and driveways.

12 Buildings Blown Up.

Tweed, Ont., Feb. 6.—When fire in the Ontario Powder Works reached the explosive building the resulting explosion destroyed the twelve buildings and shattered windows for miles around. The report was heard thirty miles away.

Dynamite Wrecks Bridge.

Cleveland, Feb. 6.—All the falsework and part of the iron work on a bridge being built at the foot of Eagle avenue was wrecked by dynamite. Damage was done to nearby factory walls and windows.

THAW VERDICT, ACQUITTAL

Jury Agreed that He Was Insane at Time of Killing.

THAW WROUGHT UP.

Justice Dowling Adjourned Court at 11 O'clock on Friday Night—The Jury was Then Locked Up for the Night—Anxiety of Thaw Was Pitiful.

New York, Feb. 4.—The Thaw jury returned a verdict of not guilty on the ground of insanity. This verdict, while acquitting Harry K. Thaw of crime, prevents his immediate release.

Abolved from criminal responsibility for the killing of Stanford White on the Madison Square Roof Garden, Harry K. Thaw Saturday was sent to the Matteawan Asylum for the Criminal Insane. After being out a little more than 25 hours the jury in Thaw's second trial in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court returned a verdict of not guilty on the ground that Thaw was legally insane when he killed White. Immediately after the foreman had announced the verdict Justice Dowling committed Thaw to the State asylum.

It was the verdict hoped for and expected by Thaw's family and lawyers, however, and Thaw himself had been schooled to hope for nothing better. It is likely now that he will be held pending the appointment of a commission to inquire into his present mental condition.

Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, the prisoner's wife, and other members of the family were hopeful that his release would be immediately effected.

Young Mrs. Thaw had made every preparation to go away from New York at once with her husband.

New York, Feb. 2.—Justice Dowling at 11 o'clock Friday night ordered the key turned in the door of the jury room in the Criminal Court Building, and the fate of Harry K. Thaw was left in the balance.

One report emanating from the swarm of blue-coated guards around the jury room was that the jury stood six for acquittal and six for guilty of murder in the first degree, the former half dozen basing their verdict on the plea of insanity at the time of the shooting.

Martin W. Littleton, chief counsel for the prisoner, was summoned to the courtroom at 11 o'clock. He seemed to expect a verdict and asked a reporter whether the jury had come in. He then asked for the



HARRY K. THAW.

officer in charge of the jury and was informed by him that Justice Dowling had ordered the jury locked up for the night. Mr. Littleton seemed much disappointed.

"What do you think the delay in a report from the jury means?" he was asked.

"It is a case that has covered much time and ground," he replied, "and will require much time in deciding."

The anxiety of Thaw was pitiful. He spent the most of the day in the prisoner's pen above the jury room, with his wife. He knew that the chances were either acquittal on the ground of insanity, with the chance of imprisonment in an asylum, or a verdict of guilty. He never for a moment considered the prospect of a verdict of murder in the second degree or manslaughter.

\$5,000,000 for Szechenyis.

Budapest, Feb. 2.—A credit of \$5,000,000 was received on Friday from New York by the Hungarian Discount and Exchange Bank for the account of the Count and Countess Laszlo Szechenyi.

Russian Empress Worse.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 3.—After a season of slight gains, the condition of the Empress Alexandra again has taken a turn for the worse. The nervous debility which is baffling the skill of the specialists is now complicated by an affection of the eye, which is of such a painful character that an operation probably will be required.

THE LETTER IN MESSAGE.

Aitchison Auditor Does Not Know How the President Got It.

Los Angeles, Feb. 3.—Auditor J. W. Healy of the Aitchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Company is quoted regarding the letter from Assistant General Traffic Manager Edward Chambers to ex-Auditor G. A. Davidson, which President Roosevelt incorporated in his message to Congress, as follows:

"That letter was stolen from our office. I have heard of it and I cannot deny that the letter was written, but I have never seen it. I do not know how it got into the possession of Francis J. Honey."

Santa Barbara, Cal., Feb. 3.—President E. P. Ripley of the Aitchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad on Friday issued a written statement absolutely denying the charges contained in the letter made public in the special message of President Roosevelt.

MAKE PAPER FROM FLAX.

Excellent Product Can Be Manufactured from Stalks.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 6.—That a fine grade of paper can be made from North Dakota flax is the conclusion reached by an Eastern expert to whom a sample of the flax straw was sent some time ago by the Commercial club of Grand Forks.

A sample of the bleached pulp which has been made, has arrived from the East. The flax had not been screened but the sample was excellent, and the expert stated that he believed that it would be suitable for first class paper when screened. Special apparatus is being installed in an Eastern paper mill in order to test the North Dakota product. On account of the vast amount of flax raised in North Dakota the tests are looked upon as very important.

Two Die Under Ice.

Beaver Falls, Penn., Feb. 3.—Locked in each other's arms, Miss Zella Wylie, aged 19, daughter of the Rev. R. C. Wylie, pastor of the First Reformed Presbyterian Church of Wilkensburg, Penn., and R. C. Patterson, aged 21, of Greensburg, went down to death under the ice of the Beaver River this afternoon.

The couple had been engaged to be married two years, and the wedding would have taken place next summer after they had been graduated from Geneva College.

Trolley Held Up; Four Robbed.

Elizabethport, N. J., Feb. 6.—Bravo characteristic of the old Wild West marked the robbery of four men at Elizabethport, N. J., by two armed highwaymen who entered a trolley car which lay on a siding. With drawn revolvers the thieves advanced on Motorman Thomas Delaney and Conductor Harry Brown. Both threw up their hands and two passengers followed suit. Sixty three dollars in addition to stickpins and watches were obtained.

Old Age Pension Bill.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 4.—Assemblyman George A. Voss, of Kings, has invited Andrew Carnegie and Edward Everett Hale to personally appear before the Legislature to urge the passage of his old-age pension bill. The bill grants every native resident of the state of sixty years or over, who has no other means of support, a pension of \$12 a month, provided he has lived here continuously a quarter of a century.

Pricess Paintings Stolen.

Pittsburg, Feb. 4.—Five priceless paintings have within the last few weeks been cut from their frames and stolen in Pittsburg, those who evidently know their business. Owners of private galleries are in great worry for fear there is working in Pittsburg an organized band of picture thieves.

1,000 Unemployed Riot.

Cincinnati, Feb. 4.—Police reserves were called out to preserve order at a meeting of unemployed addressed by "Mother" Jones, woman Socialist. Nearly 1,000 men gathered at a small hall and fought for seats of which there were only three hundred. The fight soon became a riot.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Produce Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT.—No. 2 Red, \$1.04 1/2; No. 1 Northern Duluth, \$1.20 1/2; CORN.—No. 2, 55c; OATS.—Mixed, 53 1/2c; White, 55 1/2c; MILK.—4c, per quart.

BUTTER.—Western, extra, 32c 3/4; Firsts, 29 1/2c; State dairy, finest—30c 3/4.

CHEESE.—State, full cream, 15 1/2c; Eggs.—Nearby, Fancy, 28c 3/4. State Good to choice, 25c 3/4; Western, Firsts—23c.

BEANS.—City dressed, 7 1/2c; CALVES.—City dressed, 8 1/2c. Country dressed, per lb. 7 1/2c.

SHEEP.—Per 100 lb., \$3.50 to 5.50; HOGS.—Live, per 100 lb., \$4.85 to 4.90.

HAY.—Prims, 100 lbs., \$1.07 to 1.00; STRAW.—Long rye, 60a to 70c.

LAWS POULTRY.—Fowls, per lb. 13 1/2c; Chickens, Spring, per lb. 11c; Ducks, per lb., 13c; Turkeys, 13 1/2c.

DRESSED POULTRY.—Turkeys, per lb. 12 1/2c; Fowls, per lb., 10 1/2c; Chickens, Phila., per lb., 22a to 25c.

VEGETABLES.—Potatoes, L. I., per bbl. \$2.00 to 2.20; Onions, White, per bbl. \$2.00 to 2.50.