

CIRCUSES COMBINE

Barnum and Bailey's "Greatest Show on Earth" Sold to Rivals.

RINGLINGS BUY IT

The Five Brothers Now Own Three of the Largest Circuses On Earth. Price Paid to Mrs. James A. Bailey Was \$410,000.—Shows to be Run Separately.

New York, Oct. 24.—The Barnum & Bailey Circus was purchased by Ringling Brothers for \$410,000, and the famous old property, with all its animals and paraphernalia will be turned over to the new owners at Bridgeport, Conn., where the show has already gone into winter quarters.

News of the sale came by cable from London, where the English stockholders, 3,500 in number, met and ratified the sale of the American rights in the show by Mrs. James A. Bailey, widow of one of the men who made the Barnum and Bailey Circus famous. This cable announcement was verified at the Barnum & Bailey offices, at 27 West Twenty-second Street, and by John Ringling, who is stopping at the Waldorf-Astoria.

The purchase of the Barnum & Bailey Show gives the Ringling brothers practically a monopoly of the circus business in America. The Barnum & Bailey Show was their greatest rival. The Ringlings now own outright three of the largest circuses on earth—the Forepaugh-Sells Show, Barnum & Bailey's, and their own Ringling Brothers' Circus. The names of the three shows will remain as they are, and each will tour the country as a separate attraction.

BALLOONS START.

All Rise Without Mishap in International Race.

St. Louis, Oct. 23.—The International balloon race was started from the enclosed concourse in Forest Park in the western part of this city practically on schedule time in the presence of 60,000 cheering spectators. Just as the contesting craft were disappearing from sight it could be seen that the United States, piloted by Major H. B. Hersey and Arthur L. Atherholt, was leading. It was flying close to the ground while the Pommern, which had started just before it, was at least 1,000 feet above it.

The United States, could be seen directly under the German balloon and a great hurrah broke from the crowd as the United States passed its rival. The Pommern in starting headed for the north. After a flight of a few hundred yards it suddenly veered to the west. The last balloon the St. Louis, started almost due west.

Scared Policeman Swoons.

New York, Oct. 23.—During the unannounced visits of the Police Commissioners, their secretaries and the inspectors to the various station houses, First Deputy O'Keefe and Inspector Harkins dropped into the Central Park Arsenal shortly after 5 o'clock in the morning. As they hurried down the long hallway leading to the desk room they met Policeman Cunningham, who had the station house post that morning. "Where's the lieutenant?" snapped Commissioner O'Keefe.

"In his room," the policeman snapped back. Whereupon the Deputy Commissioner flashed his shield and said sharply: "I'm Deputy Commissioner O'Keefe." Straightway Policeman Cunningham fell to the floor unconscious. The doctors say he sustained a slight stroke of paralysis.

A Polka Dotted Sun.

Pittsburg, Oct. 23.—John A. Brashear, the Pittsburg astronomer, said on Monday: "During the last six or eight days the surface of the sun has been literally covered with spots. A day or two ago several of the greatest spots could be seen without a telescope. We have found five great groups extending to the equatorial region, where they do not usually occur.

"One great group covers probably 100,000 square miles. It is one of the most beautiful sights observed since last February, when a great spot was discovered. It is difficult to predict whether or not the spots will cause a magnetic disturbance on the earth."

Constant Rain On a Spot.

Glasgow, Ky., Oct. 24.—The residents of this section of the State have been interested during the past four weeks by the strange phenomenon of a fine mist or rain which has been falling in a space of about twenty-five feet square. Since the report was first circulated the scene has been visited by several hundred people.

The space where the mist is falling includes the spot where Bill Bartly was slain last May by his brother-in-law, Ven Smith, and since it was discovered four weeks ago, there has been no interruption day or night.

CARNEGIE DEFENDS NEGROES.

Debates With Lord Rosebery on the Race Question.

Edinburgh, Oct. 24.—Andrew Carnegie and Lord Rosebery gave to a big audience at the Philosophical Institution their views on the negro problem in the United States. Mr. Carnegie strongly championed the negroes. He traced their development from slaves to citizens, the gradual decrease of illiteracy among them, their general inclusion in church organizations and the enormous expenditure of money for churches and schools.

Lord Rosebery declared that there was danger in dealing with vast masses of voters, of underrating the individual importance, he might,



ANDREW CARNEGIE.

indeed, say the solemnity of a vote. Looking coolly and historically back with criticism, which is so easy now, of what was done in hot blood and calling up the old picture of a chained slave appealing to a white man, saying, "Am I not a man and brother?" he could not help thinking the wise answer would have been, "A man? Yes. A brother? Yes, but if you think you have proved your fitness for the suffrage and full citizenship, no."

PRESIDENT'S HUNTING TRIP.

Party Ate All the Game They Shot Except a Wildcat.

Stamboul, La., Oct. 22.—"We got three bears, six deer, one wild turkey, twelve squirrels, one duck, one opossum, and one wildcat. We ate them all except the wildcat, and there were times when we almost felt as if we could eat it."

This was President Roosevelt's summary of the results of his hunt on Bayou Tensas and Bear Lake. He arrived at the residence of Leo Shields, where he will be a guest until he departs for Vicksburg. He came in on a full gallop, accompanied by about a dozen hunting companions, and the cavalcade presented a picturesque appearance.

The President is slightly more bronzed than when he entered the wilderness fifteen days ago, and his skin, as well as his clothes, bore evidence of contact with the cane and other brush.

"Yes, we got three bears," he added, "all that we saw; and I think it is a pretty good record. I am perfectly satisfied."

Alcohol a Costly Fuel.

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 22.—As the result of a series of experiments at the United States Geological Survey's fuel-testing plant at the Jamestown Exposition to determine the relative fuel value of certain fuel products, it has been found that it takes one and a half gallons of denatured alcohol to produce as much power as a gallon of gasoline, although alcohol costs about twice as much as the gasoline.

The experiments were carried on for about six weeks.

Fear Lent Him Wings.

Morristown, N. J., Oct. 23.—"Say, Sheriff, what will I get on this charge?" said Samuel Babcock to Deputy Sheriff Mallin Clark at the court house.

"Oh, a term at Trenton," was the reply.

"Not on your life," said Babcock as he broke from the grasp of Constable Cornelius Holly and ran. Neither the constable nor the Deputy Sheriff could run fast, and Babcock escaped.

\$5,000,000 For Orphan Girls.

Philadelphia, Oct. 24.—It was announced that the will of Robert N. Carson, a millionaire of this city, who died suddenly in a theatre here recently, provides for a \$5,000,000 institution for orphan girls, patterned after Girard College in Philadelphia, which is exclusively for boys. The bequest becomes effective after the death of the widow, Mrs. Frances Carson. The institution will be located at Mounttown, just over the city line in Montgomery County.

Football Player Killed.

Chicago, Oct. 22.—W. C. Albrecht, 29 years old, died of injuries sustained in a football game. Albrecht was playing right guard. While lining up after a scrimmage he fell unconscious. He was found to be suffering from cerebral hemorrhage, which caused his death a few hours later.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

President Roosevelt declared in a speech in Nashville, Tenn., the troubles in the financial world would not make him alter his policies in the slightest.

Cromwell Dixon, fifteen years old, was cheered by 100,000 persons when he pedaled through the air over St. Louis in his novel sky bicycle.

Four hundred delegates attended the conference on trusts of the National Civic Federation in Chicago, Ill.

Representative Gaines, of West Virginia, declared the people of his State would not support President Roosevelt for a third term.

Two women servants in Marblehead, Mass., engaged an attorney to bring suit against the wife of Rear Admiral Crowninshield, alleging slander and assault.

Mr. Otto Kelsey, New York State Insurance Superintendent, admitted on examination that he only recently learned of stock transactions by the Mutual and Equitable companies shown in their reports of last December.

Anti-vivisectionists, aroused by the Rockefeller institute purchase of land for a farm on which is to be raised animals for experiments, proposed to make their crusade national.

Every electric car in Yonkers was idle, the striking motormen and conductors refusing to compromise in their demands for higher wages.

After making nightly trips on a ferryboat between New York and Hackensack for fifteen days, Mrs. G. G. Freer wrested her child from the custody of her sister-in-law and was served with papers in a divorce suit.

By agreement of both sides, the Fish-Harriman contest for control of the Illinois Central Railway was adjourned to December 18.

The Cuban Attorney General is expected to show on the trial of the alleged conspirators that the plot included assassination of Americans in Cuba.

Secretary of State Root expressed great satisfaction with the results of The Hague Conference.

Sailors on the battle ship Kansas, under punishment for driving detectives from the Navy Yard, fear they cannot give their annual ball in Philadelphia.

The federal government seized more than \$7,000 worth of cigarettes belonging to an English branch of the American Tobacco Company as a test of the Sherman Anti Trust law.

Charles T. Barney was forced to resign as president of the Knickerbocker Trust Company in New York.

Eleven New York Central conductors and brakemen were arrested on charges of breaking open freight cars and stealing merchandise in shipment.

William J. Bryan, in an address before the striking telegraphers, advocated State and national courts of arbitration.

While physicians were lauding the plans of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, anti-vivisectionists were planning to start a fight against the institute's vivisection farm in New Jersey.

E. H. Harriman in an interview in Chicago said he expected the greatest growth in railroads within the next generation that the world has ever seen.

Congress will be asked to increase the pay of officers of the navy, army, marine corps and revenue cutter service.

Guatemalan and Salvadoran delegates to the Peace Conference in Washington were received in private audience by President Diaz in Mexico.

Captain Bermer, of the Canadian government, planted the Dominion flag on many disputed islands in the Far North.

Theodore P. Shorts asked the Public Service Commission for assistance in having stricter rules made for street traffic to give street cars more room.

The annual meeting of the Illinois Central Railroad stockholders in Chicago adjourned over night without advantage to either the Fish or Harriman forces.

Washington despatches stated that notwithstanding the great amount of repair work the Atlantic fleet would leave for the Pacific on time.

E. Benjamin Andrews, president of the University of Nebraska, advocated hanging as a punishment for persons who libel wealthy men.

Seismographs in this country, Canada and Cuba record an earthquake of tremendous power.

General Frederick D. Grant headed a test ride by army officers at Fort Ethen Allen.

Old age killed David Redfield Proctor, designer of the great Columbian Exposition tower at Chicago, which was never built.

\$780,000 was given as the loss in the explosion at Fontanet, Ind.

FOREIGN NEWS

Crown Prince Friedrich Wilhelm took the chief part in the launching of the new North German Lloyd steamship, the Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, a special Hamburg despatch states.

Mr. Collin M. Ingersoll, sent to Europe by Mayor McClellan to study paying conditions, said the streets of Paris were much better paved than those of New York, according to a special despatch.

The French troops killed sixty Moors in a battle near Casablanca. Three French soldiers were slain.

The Chinese government has ordered war ships sent to investigate the reported seizure by Japan of Prata's Island, according to a special cable despatch from Shanghai.

The Austrian Emperor was reported to be growing stronger rapidly. Mulat Haïd, the pretender to the throne of Morocco, defeated the forces of his brother, the Sultan Abd-el-Aziz, in the first pitched battle.

Elections in Russia are sufficiently advanced to indicate that the conservative element will control the third Parliament.

Rear Admiral McGowan, in a special cable despatch from Paris, argues for continual practice in the navy and favors the American fleet's cruise into the Pacific.

A special despatch from St. Petersburg states that Countess Zamoyska, who was reported to have been murdered, has been recognized in Warsaw in disguise.

Admiral Germet, chief of the French Mediterranean squadron, declares that the great British battle ship Dreadnought is the result of mistaken ideas about the value of big guns.

According to a despatch from Tangier, France has proposed to Spain that the latter country accept a monetary equivalent for her interests in Morocco.

Secretary of War Taft formally opened the Philippine Assembly in Manila.

The British editor of the Korean Daily News was put under bond to cease criticism of the Japanese in Korea in the British Consular Court.

SPORTING NEWS.

More than three thousand five hundred entries were benched at the English Kennel Club's fifty-second annual show, held in the Crystal Palace.

H. R. Brandt's Tow McGrath won the Gowanus Stakes at the Jamaica race track.

Hamilton Grange women lawn tennis experts defeated their rivals from the West Side L.T.C.

ARRESTED IN RUSSIA.

William Walling and His Wife Taken Into Custody.

London, Oct. 22.—Despatches from St. Petersburg state that William English Walling, who is described as a wealthy American Socialist, has been arrested there at the Hotel de France, together with his wife and his sister-in-law, Miss Stransky. The police also arrested four Finns, including the wife of Prof. Malmberg of Helsinki. The Finns are supposed to be Socialists.

Mr. Walling has spent considerable time in Russia watching the progress of the revolution.

He is a grandson of William H. English, who was the Democratic candidate for the Vice Presidency in 1880.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 22.—William English Walling of Indianapolis, Ind.; his wife and his sister-in-law, Miss Rose Stransky, were arrested in this city by gendarmes because of their association with several members of the Finnish Progressive Party.

A representative of the American Embassy appeared at the headquarters in their behalf.

Illness of Gen. Booth.

Chicago, Oct. 22.—Gen. William Booth, Commander in Chief of the Salvation Army, is ill at the home of Commander George A. Kibley, 244 Ashland Boulevard, in this city, threatened with pneumonia.

While there is nothing alarming in the General's present condition, his advanced age and the severity of the cold which attacked him last week give his Army officials in this city cause for no little uneasiness.

Balloon For His Stocking.

St. Louis, Oct. 24.—A balloon will be a Christmas present to Max Fleischman of Cincinnati from his wife, Mrs. Fleischman came to St. Louis for the balloon race, and was one of the few women who gained admittance to the starting field. She gave an order to Leo Stevens for a balloon to cost \$2,700, and said it was destined to go in Mr. Fleischman's stocking.

Hersey's Balloon Lands.

Caledonia, Ont., Oct. 24.—The balloon United States landed 12 miles south of Hamilton in the province of Ontario at 6:15 on Tuesday evening.

TO PROTECT DEPOSITORS

Three "Chains of Banks" Pronounced Solvent by Committee.

SITUATION HOPEFUL

Bankers Say That Drastic Action Against Individuals Will Prove Beneficial to Institutions and Their Customers — Seth M. Milliken Chosen President of Mercantile.

New York, Oct. 24.—Rapid progress is being made by the New York Clearing House Association in the direction of eliminating disturbing elements from banking institutions and strengthening the general financial position.

The work is being pushed steadily onward. Leading bankers in the city are devoting time to conferences devising ways and means to astringent the situation. Boards of directors are receiving the resignations of executive officers and electing their successors.

Bankers fully conversant with the situation and with complete knowledge of what the Clearing House proposed to do talked confidently. They stated that the situation was now well in hand and fully under the control of the Clearing House. The assurance given that depositors would be fully protected they felt would entirely remove any fear that might have been occasioned by the drastic steps taken against some individuals.

Briefly summarized, the developments included an official statement from the Clearing House committee to the effect that it had examined all banks which were under criticism and had found them solvent, so far as depositors are concerned. In consequence the Clearing House decided to render such aid to enable these banks to pay demands as in their judgment they saw fit.

KNICKERBOCKER SUSPENDS.

Not Certain Whether the Company Will Open Again in Old Form.

New York, Oct. 24.—After an all night conference of bankers it was learned that the Knickerbocker Trust Company, which shut its doors on Tuesday after the withdrawal of \$8,000,000 by depositors, was regarded by those at the conference as insolvent, and that no aid was to be extended to that institution.

It was the opinion of all the bankers at the conference that the general banking situation, not only as far as it concerned the banks, but the trust companies as well, has been very much strengthened, and no further trouble is apprehended.

A Knickerbocker Trust Company Director said: "There is no chance that the Knickerbocker Trust Company will reopen in its old form. I can say nothing more, now."

Harry Thaw Raises \$120,000.

Pittsburg, Oct. 23.—Deeds were filed in the office of the Recorder of Allegheny county whereby Harry K. Thaw transfers to his full blood relatives his interest in property in this city for a consideration of \$120,000. Rumors are current that Thaw will transfer all his money to his relatives in order that he may escape the responsibility of the many civil suits that are being filed against him. It is also said that the object is merely to raise money for his second trial.

President Couldn't Speak.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Oct. 24.—Probably 20,000 persons were in danger of injuries at the Central Station when President Roosevelt's special train rolled into the train shed. It was a surging mass of humanity that could not be controlled. The demonstration was so great that it was impossible for the President to speak. He made several attempts, but finally desisted. He pleaded with the crowd to have a care for the women and children.

Ended Her Life in the Ocean.

Boston, Oct. 24.—The suicide of Mrs. Christopher Schubert, who was on her way from Germany to Philadelphia, from the steamer Manitou, was reported upon the arrival of the steamer here.

The woman, who was in a highly nervous state, jumped overboard on Oct. 11, when the Manitou was one day out from Antwerp. Mr. Schubert is a Philadelphia tailor.

Two Boys Dead From Rabies.

Wilkesbarre, Penn., Oct. 24.—Samuel Burnett, aged 7 years, of Maltby, and John Zeemertis of Dupont, near-by mining settlements, are dead at their homes from rabies, and Isaac Burnett, aged 12 years, a brother of Samuel, and George Rega, a neighbor, were sent to Pasteur Institute in New York to be placed under treatment for hydrophobia.

Cortelyou in New York.

New York, Oct. 24.—A conference was held between Secretary Cortelyou, who came on from Washington in response to a hurry call, and the chief bankers of the city, headed by J. P. Morgan, at the Hotel Manhattan, regarding the financial situation.

LONGWORTH RUMOR.

He Is Spoken of for Ambassador to Germany.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The report from Berlin that Representative Longworth, son-in-law of the President, has a chance of becoming the Ambassador to Germany, to succeed Charlemagne Tower, when that gen-



NICHOLAS LONGWORTH.

tleman retires in the Spring, is news in Washington.

It has been known here for a long time that Mr. Longworth had aspirations for diplomatic service, but it was not believed that he would care to take a foreign post until he had put in at least one more session of Congress. Mrs. Longworth has been especially eager to have her husband enter the diplomatic ranks, the life abroad being very attractive to her.

BRYAN ON FEDERAL CONTROL.

Declares for Corporation License and Is Endorsed by Tammany.

New York, Oct. 23.—William Jennings Bryan, speaking before an enormous audience in Cooper Union, reiterated his doctrine of Bryanism, reiterated all his well-known views on current topics, and received an ovation such as Cooper Union audiences have gained a reputation for tendering.

Mr. Bryan, after dwelling at some length on the evils of centralization, exactly as he did in the Spring, advocated the Federal licensing of corporations seeking to control 25 per cent. of the total output of a commodity and the limiting of the business that such corporations might do to 50 per cent. of the total business in that commodity.

In opening the meeting, Tammany Leader James J. Hagan declared "without fear of contradiction" that "the rank and file of the Democratic Party in New York city and State are true to William Jennings Bryan, the Thomas Jefferson of the twentieth century," and that "all the professional politicians and political editors from Buffalo and California put together" could not prevent the people from insisting on their choice.

Suicide by Electricity.

London, Oct. 22.—The story of what is believed to be the first case of suicide by electricity was told at the inquest at Kingston into the death of William Brown, secretary of the local football club.

Brown was engaged as a carpenter at the electric lighting works, and it was stated that a little while before his death he made inquiries as to dangerous parts of the switchboard. It was supposed at the time he was anxious to avoid risking his life and the fullest information was supplied him.

He Makes Diamonds.

Paris, Oct. 23.—It was announced at a meeting of the Academy of Science that M. Charette, the chemist, had discovered an electro-chemical method of making diamonds. Specimens of M. Charette's workmanship were exhibited at the meeting.

Storm Cuts Off Marconi.

Glouce Bay, Nova Scotia, Oct. 23.—A terrific gale blowing here, accompanied by alternating rain and snow storms, so that the Marconi station here is completely isolated with respect to the inland.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Produce Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT.—No. 2 Red, \$1.07 1/2. No. 1 Northern Duluth, \$1.20 1/2. No. 3 hard, Winter, \$1.13. CORN.—No. 2, 73 1/2c. No. 2 White, 73 1/2c. OATS.—Mixed, @ 55 1/2c. White, 62 1/2c. MILK.—4 1/2c. per quart. BUTTER.—Western, extra, 28 1/2c. Firsts, 27a28c. State dairy, finest 27 1/2c. CHEESE.—State, full cream, 15 1/2c. EGGS.—Nearby, Fancy, 34a36c. State, Good to choice, 29a32c. Western, Firsts, 23a26c. BEEVES.—City dressed, 8a10 1/2c. CALVES.—City dressed, 8a14 1/2c. Country dressed, per lb. 7a12 1/2c. SHEEP.—Live, per 100 lb., \$6.50a7.25. HOGS.—Live, per 100 lb., \$6.30a7.25. STRAW.—Long rye, 55a70c. LIVE POULTRY.—Fowls, per lb. 11c. Chickens, Spring, per lb., 11a13c. Ducks, per lb., 12a14c. Turkeys, 11c. DRESSED POULTRY.—Turkeys, per lb., 10a16c. Fowls, per lb., 12a15c. Chickens, Phila., per lb., 22a24c. VEGETABLES.—Potatoes, L. L., per bbl., \$2.00a2.25. Onions, White, per bbl., \$2.00a2.50. Lettuce, per basket, 25c. Tomatoes, per box, 25a30c.