What Do Vacation Days Mean to You?

"Almost every self-supporting girl," writes Mrs. Anna Steese Richardson in the August number of the Woman's Home Companion "when asked what her idea of a vacation is, will reply: 'A time when I can do just as I please, when I can sleep in the morning, when there are no hours for me to observe, no rules for me to follow.' And when you figure with the average woman wage earner on fifty weeks of work and two of vacation. you can hardly pronounce her definition narrow or selfish. In reality, however, her vacation means much more than this, and in the end she is not satisfied with these privileges alone. The habit of labor is strong. and after the first reaction, which comes with release from daily toil, she finds that the right to do just as she pleases palls upon her. So the girl accustomed to a daily routine of office, store or factory duty, finds that the condition of having nothing to do becomes irksome, She is cloyed with the sweetness of realization. Ninety girls out of every hundred, returning to business after a vacation, admit honestly that they are glad to get back in harness. Once rested, they missed the regular routine. They could not settle down to doing nothing gracefully. Within bounds, this is a normal, healthy sign; but when the worker frets every minute she is away from her post, it means that her nerves are sadly strained and she is unfit for business. If you do not feel rested at the end of a fortnight's vacation, if you feel that business is bateful to you, and all buoyancy has left you, then something is wrong. Either you need more rest, more relaxation to | right, all I had to do was to send recuperate your nerves, or you are not meant to be a business girl. The real, dyed-in-the-wool business girl hungers for her work as a born housewife yearns to minister to the physical welfare of her family."

PATENTS GIVE PROTECTION for seventeen years Mile E. Stevens & Co. 654 tath St., Washingten. D. C. Branches Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit. Estab. 1804.

The August number of the Wo man's Home Companion is primarily an all-story number-except, of course, for the twelve indispensable departments that appear in each issue. The second instalment of Anthony Hope's new love story "Helena's Path," appears in this number, and all the other fiction comes up to the excellent standard of Mr. Hope's novel. Among the contributors are Anne Hamilton Donnell, author of "Rebecca Mary," May Isabel Fisk, in one of her inimitable monologues, Zona Gale, Clinton Dangerfield, Mary Wilhelmina Hastings and Jeanette Cooper. Considerable space is devoted to the vacation pr Dr. Edward Everett Hale, Margaret E. Sangster, Anna Steese Richardson and the Editor all give some admirable vacation suggestions. The number is elaborate pictorially with a double page of photographs of children of royalty and of other prominent people with their pet ponies-and illustrations by such well-known illustrators as E. Dalton Stevens, Blanche Greer and Herman Pfeifer.

The article of greatest interest to most women in the August number is contributed by Grace Margaret Gould, the fashion editor, on The Coming Fall and Winter Fashions. At this very early date Miss Gould has secured authentic information on this subject, through the exceptional connections that the Woman's Home Companion has now made in all the great fashion centers. This article will prove to be of the greatest help and interest.

Mrs. Sangster and Mrs. Richardson continue their talks with girls, Fannie M. Farmer tells how to make some appetizing picnic dishes, and Evelyn Parsons contributes several attractive designs for summer embroidery. The children's pages are entertaining as usual.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TO- \

LEDO, LUCAS COUNTY. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. (SEAL.) A. W. GLEASON,

NOTARY PUBLIC. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

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ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.

DOGS AS WATCHMEN'S HELPERS

Eatly Trained and Often Show Considerable Sagacity.

"Training dogs to assist the watchmen and police is a very simple matter," said an old private watchmen of Boston, who formerly walked a beat in the South End.

"Dogs like the work. They enjoy prowling around through alleys and back yards and nosing into corners and behind barrels and piles of boxes, and their wonderful sense of smell often enables them to locate an intruder so securely hidden that his presence would never be suspected by a watchman.

"When I was walking a beat a large Newfoundland dog began following me of his own accord. ! didn't encourage him at first, but let him go along on my rounds as much for company as anything else. That dog watched me like a detective and seemed to understand everything I did: followed me into every yard, and in less than a week knew every house that I was employed to

"In ten days he was doing a large part of my work. Of course he could not try the doors, but after the first round, when I tried all the doors and saw that everything was him in to search the yard, and he did it thoroughly. If anything was wrong he barked and I ran in to see what was the matter. Once a back door was open. The gentleman of the house had come in late, left the dood unlatched and the wind blew it open. The dog know it was wrong and barked for me to come.

"Another time I heard him barking in a back yard, and running in, found he had cornered a man hiding behind a pile of boards. The dog worked with me for nearly three years. Every evening, no matter what the weather, that dog was on hand at the patrol box where I reported. On cold nights we would go into an engine house to warm, and while the dog enjoyed the warming hour as much as I did he was no skulker, but whenever I was ready

to go he was ready, too. "I lost him because his owner moved out of the city, but as soon as it became known among the dog population that he wasn't working his place was taken by a bound that | I had often noticed following us in a furtive fashion as though he would like to be of the party, but didn't want to intrude, and the new dog seemed from the first to understand every thing that ought to be done nd did it as well as his predecessor.

The Scotch Juror.

In Scotland in a civil case jurymen get ten shillings a day for their services, and the litigants must in addition provide them with lunch. If two cases are tried consecutively on one day, and the same jurymen officiate, they get ten shillings for

But the most important difference between an English and a Scottish jury is this: An English jury when returning their verdict must be unanimous, and if they fail to agree after a certain length of time they are dismissed and the whole proceedings are begun again de novo before a fresh jury. This is a most expensive mode of administering justice. In civil cases, in order to avoid this result, the litigants sometimes agree to accept the verdict of a majority. In Scotland the jury can always give a verdict by a majority, in civil cases after the lapse of three hours.

In the Days of Brogans,

Is there such a thing in the market as a brogan? Forty years ago the brogan (bro-GAN) was the ideal shoe of the farmer and laborer. It was cheap-\$1 a pair-and with the roughest kind of treatment would last through a season of plowing and harvesting. Two pairs were enough for a year's wear. At first this shoe was coarse and hard, but when we put it on we soaked our feet in the creek, or branch, until the leather (cowhide) got soit and pliant, when it would fit itself to the foot as paper fits the wall. Thereafter all you had to do to keep the brogan in fine fettle was to grease it with tallow once a week, which rendered it soft and waterproof. It ought to be the ideal shoe for boys who make rough house. It takes blacking well and will shine and reflect like a mirror when polished .- New York Press.

Where Erick Ovens Are Used. In Canada the French settlers still continue to use large brick ovens out of doors such as were built in France 250 years ago. The perfection of the stove and range in the last fifty years has driven many of these ovens out of commission, but

the Kind You Have Always Bought

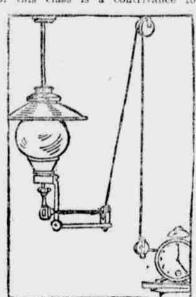
many of the inhabitants think that no good baking can be done in any other oven. Its use is simple. A fire is made in the oven of good hard wood and when the oven is exceedingly hot the ashes are raked out and the large loaves ready to bake are placed on the bottom of the oven without pans. This method of baking makes a very thick croute or crust. As all of the natural elements of the grain are left in the flour the bread is dark in color.

Railways in China.

Chinese cities object so strongly to additional openings being made in their walls that the new railways are compelled to build their stations just outside. Neither railways nor trains can enter the cities,

Automatic Gaslighter.

The tendency of the majority of inventors seems to be to devise some contrivance which will relieve man kind of duties and labors he is now compelled to perform. It is no exaggeration to say that another century will find machinery doing practically work of all kinds, with probably an attendant to watch the intricate mechanism to see that every thing runs smoothly. An invention of this class is a contrivance for



LIGHTS AUTOMATICALLY.

lighting the lamps in store windows at a predetermined moment. The storekeeper can thus be relieved of any anxiety about the lighting of his shop. All he is required to do is to set an alarm clock (used in connection with the lamp) at the time he wishes the store lighted. The mechanism does the rest. This device is useful only in connection with those gas lamps in which a 'pilot" is kept barning at all times A cord connecting the gas regulator and the alarm clock increases the flow of gas at the proper time, the mechanism of the clock operating the cord.

Curious Marriage Customs.

Wedding customs in Servia, that little kingdom in Europe, are curious, indeed, from an American standpoint. For instance, neither the bride nor the bridegroom is the most important figure in a Servian wedding, but the best man takes the leading part. He carefully guards the bride all the day before the wedding takes place, and sleeps outside her chamber the night before the girl is to be married. He wears a big stiff sash made of heavy silk. carries a big white staff and a huge boquet for himself.

There are no bridesmaids, but two godfathers, each of whom presents to the bride a silk dress. After the priest has performed the ceremony the best man takes the bride around the church and she kisses all her girl friends good-bye and is finally carried off to the bridegroom, who at last gets his wife from the hands of the best man.

Then the happy couple return to their intended home. Bridal tours are foreign to Servian ideas and only the very rich or the nobility indulge in thom

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"MAKE UP" OF QUEENS

RESORT TO VARIOUS MEANS TO IMPROVE APPEARANCE

Czarina Spends Twenty Thousand Yearly For Perfumes-Alexandria's Complexion Envy of Europe.

Like the humblest of their feminine subjects, even royalty possesses a weakness for the toilet table, the mysteries of which have, from time immemorial, provided huge fortunes for the tradesmen who supply its peculiar and generally expensive needs.

The ruler of Holland, until the recent Spanish marriage the youngest European Queen, believes profoundly in the morning tub, into whose waters a pint of the finest essence of cologne finds its way. Before emptying the scent into her tub Wilhelmina tests the purity of the fluid herself over the lamp upon which her morning chocolate has been prepared.

Wilhelmina possesses one of the lovliest and most delicate complexions in Europe, a fact she attributes to the Spartan diet and open-air life of her girlhood. The only scent to be found upon her dressing table is rosewater, and this, with glycerine, is the only adjunct to her toilet which the youthful ruler permits herself. Yet, despite her protestations to intimates, court gossips insist that no complexion in the world could be so perfect without the assistance of a whole battery of Parislan beautiflers.

Alfonso's bride is another firm be-Hever in simplicity of "make-up." Eau de cologne is her favorite perfume. To such length does Spain's Queen carry her detestation of "aids" that a rayal cousin by marriage, inspecting Victoria's private apartments for the first time, described the tellet arrangements as "most uninteresting.

The Czarina, on the other hand, positively revels in matters appertaining to her tollet, and spends no less than \$20,000 anually with one Paris house or perfumery alone. Her dressing table is of solid silver, with legs of malachite, and the content of her many bejewelled scent bottle represent a small fortune in preciou smells. But her favorite essence ! violet, and for several weeks in early Spring hundreds of women and girl may be seen at Grasse gathering the blossoms from which the Czarina' perfume is made. The finished pro duct is tested, bottle by bottle, at the St. Petersburg Academy of Chemistry before being sent to the imperial stores, and the substitution of a single ounce of imitation essence would cost the maker a contract worth a fortune annually.

The soap employed by the Empress of Russia is made by another Paris firm, from a recipe which they dare not divulge or employ upon behalf of any other customer.

The rooms and corridors used by the "first lady of all the Russias" are sprinkled hourly with rare perfume, principally frangipant, narcissus' and ambergris, creating an atmosphere which the average healthy Englishwoman would probably find intolerable

Carmen Sylva, the Queen of Roumania, employes upon her skin and in her bath an extract made from forest herbs by her royal self, and although many of her illustrious relatives have pressed her for the secret she refuses to divulge it.

The German Empress, justly famed for her beautiful shoulders, gives the credit to a certain spermaceti soap. The preparation used by her has a deliciously refreshing odor, relaxes the tiny muscles, and at the same time acts as a marvelous tonic upon the tender cuticle of the face and neck. Peppermint, a solvent so cheap that no one would dream of adulterating it, Her Majesty employs as a dentifrice. New-mown hay is her favorite handkerchief perfume, and the royal suite receives frequent atomizations of eau de cologue. The Empress powders freely with poudrede-riz, a fashion her august consort does not object to, although his strictures upon dyed hair compel her to refrain from attempting to darken her prematurely white coiffure by artificial means.

Queen Alexandra's figure and complexion are the envy and admiration of half European royalty. She is supposed to fight wrinkles by anointing her complexion with cold cream, which remains on during the night. Her taste in perfume is chiefly confined to cologne and violet, and, according to a well-informed writer a little while ago, the royal dressing table in the matter of tollet preparations is conspicuous by being "a little out of date"-a fact which speaks volumes.

The late Queen Regent of Spain is hardly a handsome woman, although her countenance is thoughtful and kindly in expression, bearing as it does the impress of an anxious and unhappy life. She uses a soap made from whale oil, and also indulges in the very Spanish custom of treating her complexion to a nightly coating of salve, both from Spanish productions. Even eau d'espagne, whose virtues she, extolled to her son's bride on the occasion of their first meeting, has failed to restore the fading charms.

Words of the Wise.

Mercy to him that shows it is the rule .- Cowper.

True merit, like the pearl inside the oyster, is content to remain quiet until it finds an opening .- Punch.

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFF. . " "SMBER 25, 1906

Trains leave RAE' BLOOM & TRG as follows: For Nescopeck and Wilkes-Larre, 7:50, 10:46 a. m., 2:43 (4:28 Nescopeck only), 6:30 pt m. week-days.

For Catawissa and Sunbury, 8:25, 11:47 a. m., 4:97, 7:25 p. m. week days; undays 4:07 p. m.

For Pittston and Seranton as follows: 7:50 10:46 a. m., 2:43, 5:20 p. m. week-days.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7:50 a. m. 4:25 p. m. week days.

m., 4:25 p. m. week days. tr Hazleton, 7:50 10:46 a. m., 4.28, 6.20 p. m.

week days.

Cr Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Kenovo, and Ridgway 11 47 a.m. week days; Lock Havenonity, 5:25 a. m. 4:07 p. m.; or Williamsport and intermediate stations, 125, 1147 a. m. 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; 4:07

r. m. Sundays.

For Bellefonte, Tyrone, Philipsburg, and Clear-field, 8:25, 11:47 a. m., week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations 8:25, 11:47 a. m., 1:07, 1:25 p. m. week days; 4:07 p.

II:47 a. m., 1:07, 1:25 p. m. week days, m. Sundays. for Phitadelphita (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8:25, 11 47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; Sundays, 4:07 p. m. for Pittsburg (via Harrisburg), 8:25 a. m., 4:07 7:25 p. m. week days; 1:07 daily; via Lewistown Junction, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days; via Lock Haven, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days. For further information apply to Ticket

W. W. ATTERBURY, J. R. WOOD.
General Manager. Pass'r Trame Mgr.
GEO. W. HOYD.
General Passenger Agent

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 17, 1904. TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, neading, Potts-ville, Tamaqua, weekday-7, 27 via West Milton: 11:30 a m, via East Mahanoy; 3.29 p m via West Milton. For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.27 a m 3.29 p m. For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7:27 a m 3.29 p.m. For Catawissa weekdays 7:27, 11:28 a m 12.20, 7.00, p. m. Por Rupert Weekdays 7.27, 11.38 a. m. 12.20 3.29, 7.00, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG.
Leave New Tork via Philadelphia 9.05 a.
m., andvia Rastous, 10a. m.
Leave Philadelphia 10.21a. m.
Leave Reading (2.15 p. m.
Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.
Leave Tamaqual 49 p. m.
Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.05 a. m. 4.30 p. m.

. m. Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6.86, 8.90 a. m. Leave Rupert, weekdays, 6.44, 8.28, 11.40 a. m. 1.38, 8.40 5.21 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R R. From Chestnut Street Ferry. For South St. see timetables at stations. WEEKDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY.	ATLANTIC CITY,"	CAPE MA
7:30 a, m. Let. 9:00 a, m. Exp 11:20 a, m. Exp. 2:00 p, m. Exp.	tree p. m. Exp. (60 Minutes) 5:00 p. m. Exp. 5:00 p. m. Lct. 7:15 p. m. Exp. SUNDAYS.	8:50 a. m 4:15 p. m 5:00 p. m 8:50 a. m
ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MA
8:00 a. m. LeLl 9:00 s. m. Exp. 10:00 a. m. Exp.	5:50 p. m. Let.; 7:15 p. m. Exp.	AND BEA 18 CITY 8:45 a. m
Detailed time t	ables at ticket of	nces, 13th a

Chestnut St.s., 834 Chestnut St. 1905 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3962 Market St., and at Stations.

A. M. \$5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, .00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40. P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40,

4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, (9:40) 10:20 (11:00) Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30, 6:15, 17:00, 18:00, 9:00, 110:00, 111:00, P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00,

17:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00) Cars returning depart from Cetawissa 20 niurtes from time as given above, First cartleaves Market Squareffor Berwick

Sundays at 7:00 a. m. First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m. First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays eaves at 8:00 a. m

First car leaves Carawisia Sunda ¶From Power House. *Saturday night only.

†P. R. R. Connection. WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

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Lime Ridge

Willow Grove

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Berwick

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Luzerne...
Porty Fort...
Wyoming...
West Pittston...
Susquehanna Ave...
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A. M. A. M.P. M. P. M.

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T. W. LEP. Gen. Pass. Agt.

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----Bloomsburg & Sullivan

Supt.

Railroad. Taking Effect May 1st 1966, 12:65 a. m.

NORTHWARD. A.M. P.M. P.M. A.M | Columbia & Montour El. Ry. | Bloomsburg D L & W | 9 00 | 2 27 | 8 12 | 6 08 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 | 6 10 |

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Stillwater. 628 1121 508 738
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