

JAMESTOWN EXPOSITION

Booming Guns and Waving Flags Spectacle For Thousands.

MACHINERY NOT READY

Thirty-Eight American Ships in Line, with Twelve Foreigners, Make Up a Column Four Miles Long—The Mayflower Begins the Great Review Early.

Norfolk, Va., April 30.—President Roosevelt formally opened the Jamestown Exposition Friday, and in doing so served notice to all whom it may concern that neither political consideration nor the pressure of friends of the railroads had swayed him one particle from the course of action he had prescribed for himself in the effort to curb what he believes to be the unjust and illegal practices of corporate wealth. Being thus formally open for business, the Exposition will now settle down to a month or six weeks of hard work getting in shape to do that business. By that time it will be an exposition in fact as well as in name, and then visitors to it will be amply repaid for their travel and efforts.

The ceremonies moved off without a hitch with the exception of the perilous crush that threatened to develop into a serious panic when the President began to speak. The weather was all that could have been desired, fair skies and a fresh breeze leading all that weather can do to the enjoyment of a crowd. And there was a crowd. Probably 20,000 persons managed to get out to the Exposition grounds first and last, some by trolley, some by steam cars, most of them by boat, and a few very and experienced ones by the low but reliable horse and wagon route not to overlook the lucky possessors of automobiles.

The official programme begun with an omission which is one of the things that are not scheduled to be made up by and by. There was to have been a salute of 300 guns at sunrise, fired by the Norfolk Blues, the local artillery organization of the Virginia National Guard. That was one for each year since Capt. John Smith came ashore and laid the foundation for the Virginia colony. The guns were not fired because, as with the Governor of Guam, there was no powder. There is never going to be any powder. The Exposition Company thought the Blues should buy their own saluting ammunition, and the Blues were sure that if they were willing to get up before sunrise in order to shoot it up the Exposition certainly should be willing to pay for it. The difference of opinion being irreconcilable, the powder remaining unburnt and there was no salute.

Imposing Naval Spectacle. But there was plenty of booming from other guns than those of the Blues, and it kept up pretty much all day. The President had some down the Potomac in the converted yacht Mayflower, and was prepared very early in the morning or his part in the day's exercises. It began for him at 8.30, when the Mayflower steamed along the line the Exposition side of Hampton roads. Ten squadrons of five foreign nations were there, separated by a wide stretch of gleaming water from a double line of white-sided men-of-war that were flying the Stars and Stripes. All the twelve foreigners and thirty-eight Americans were dressed in the best of their festival hunting, and together they made an inspiring spectacle for the throngs of people that crowded the water front along the Exposition grounds.

As the President's yacht swung by the first of the foreigners the guns began to roar, and then for an hour there was no cessation of the fire. Each foreign ship in its turn sent up the Stars and Stripes to the fore truck, and blazed away twenty-one times in its honor. Then the Mayflower swung up the line of American vessels, and each boomed out its salute to the President.

Landing at the exposition grounds soon after 11 o'clock, in launches, President Roosevelt, Mrs. Roosevelt, the Presidential party and the naval officers of the various squadrons were met by Harry St. George Tucker, President of the exposition. "Old Virginia salutes you," said Mr. Tucker. The President returned the salutation, and with Mrs. Roosevelt was driven to the grand stand on the Parade between two lines of soldiers from the Twenty-third United States Infantry, who, in open file, covered the entire course from the shore front to the inaugural stand.

After the overture by the augmented band, the air being "Jamestown Dixie," prayer was offered by the Right Rev. Alfred Magill Randolph, Bishop of Southern Virginia. The official opening chorus, gathered from all the tidewater cities.

President Tucker made a lengthy address, reviewing in detail the history of the Jamestown colony. "America," he said, "can have no higher mission among the nations of the world than in the simple working out in their perfection of the great principles which received their first baptism in the waters of the James, and their last in the blood of patriots from every State in the Union." True to his strenuous temper-

ment, the President dominated the inaugural throughout the day. This was especially manifested preceding and during his address.

He personally directed an emergency movement of the troops which was ordered by Major-Gen. Grant to prevent the vast throng on Lee's parade from overwhelming in its eagerness to press forward the women and children who were caught in the human maelstrom just in front of the reviewing stand.

Calls to Crowd to Keep Back. Jumping upon a rickety table the president vociferously appealed to the crowd to keep back. His words were for a considerable time effective, and to his vigor and promptness the Exposition officials attributed avoidance of what might have been a serious and possibly a fatal crush.

JOHN L. KNOCKED OUT.

116 Weeks on Water Wagon Wins Him Wealthy Bride.

New York, May 1.—John L. Sullivan, pugilist, actor, lecturer and monologist, is about to claim a matrimonial prize as a reward for his successful engagement of 116 weeks on board the water wagon. Just as soon as he gets a divorce from Annie Bates, a handsome woman, whom he married in Providence, in 1883, John will sign articles of engagement with a wealthy New York woman who has sufficient confidence in the big fellow to share her fortune with him.

Cupid Had the Staying Power. During all the years that have intervened John L. has sidestepped the little fellow with the bow and arrow, but Cupid kept in training and "got" the big fellow. John went down for the count. His second trip to the altar will be the close of a romance as modern as it is delightful.

Two years ago when the mighty Sullivan was doing his best to corner the hop market, he made the acquaintance of the woman who will



soon become his wife. Despite John's gruff exterior, he has a sincere way of expressing himself that never fails to win out. They met several times after that, and the outcome was her promise to help John carry his name, provided he could travel by the all water route for a period of two years. John has made good, with more than a dozen weeks to spare.

TRUST AFTER A UNION.

Standard Oil Would Spend a Million to Drive It Out of Texas.

Galveston, May 2.—The efforts of independent oil operators in Southeast Texas fields to settle the strike brought out the announcement tonight that the Standard will spend \$1,000,000 or more if necessary to drive out of the State the Oil and Gas Well Workers' Union. It is an open secret in oil circles that the Standard controls, if not actually owns, the pipe lines and a majority of the producing wells. To-night many imported foreigners quit work, declaring that they had been threatened with death.

The production at Batson, Saratoga, Humble, and Spindle Top has fallen off 60 per cent. since Saturday.

EMIGRANTS NEED'NT BATHE.

The Hamburg-American Company Withdraws Rule for Russians.

Hamburg, April 30.—The Hamburg-American Steam Packet Company issued a circular announcing that the Prussian Government had abolished the requirement that Russian emigrants be bathed and disinfected at the sanitary stations after crossing the frontier.

Giant Airship Carries Ten Men.

Paris, April 30.—A giant aerostat named the Eagle, with a capacity of 4,150 cubic metres, made a successful ascent from St. Cloud. There were in the car ten of the best aeronauts of Paris, including Santos-Dumont. The ascent was witnessed by a large and fashionable gathering. The balloon vanished to the south-west before a fair breeze. The Eagle is the property of Vice President Bihan, of the Aero Club.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Complied and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Botted Down for Hasty Perusal.

The Rhode Island building at the Jamestown Exposition was formally opened.

The navy board to test the submarine boats Lake and Octopus began preliminary work at Newport.

President Roosevelt may pardon an escaped convict who led an honest life for nine years before recapture.

Cuban despatches stated that American residents of the Isle of Pines had decided to accept peacefully the rule of Cuba.

Corporations failed to get important changes made in the Utilities bill as finally drafted by the New York Assembly Railroad Committee.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals, in St. Paul, upheld the fines of \$15,000 each imposed on the St. Louis packing houses for accepting rebates.

Mrs. Mary Sharp, of Cleveland, found two burglars in her bed and used chloroform on them, but succumbed herself to its influence, letting them escape.

Capital Hill, a suburb of Oklahoma City, was flooded by a cloud burst, and seven persons were reported missing.

Had William O. Douglass, loan clerk of the Trust Company of America, taken all his securities secreted by him behind his desk his stealings would have amounted to \$1,300,000.

Monetary conditions in London were easing, yet markets continued dull.

United States Express Company stockholders issued a call for proxies in their fight to compel the company to increase dividends.

The Public Utilities bill was put in its final form by the New York Assembly Railroad Committee.

Albany New York despatches declared that the first decisive vote between Governor Hughes and his political enemies would come on the Kelsey matter.

Charles H. Cramp denied the statement attributed to Representative Waldo that privately built warships are poorly constructed.

In an editorial in the Louisville Courier-Journal Henry Watterson predicts the nomination of Governor Hughes as the next republican candidate for President.

Reports from large labor centers indicate fewer troubles than usual at the opening of the workmen's year on May 1.

FOREIGN NEWS.

In the course of a debate in the Reichstag on Germany's foreign relations Andrew Carnegie's recent reference to the decision between war and peace being in the hands of the Kaiser was incidentally discussed and condemned.

Bills were passed by the Russian Duma regulating the year's military service, abolishing drumhead courts martial and appropriating \$3,000,000 for famine relief.

The United States transport Bedford sailed from San Francisco for China with four million pounds of flour on board for the famine sufferers in the northeastern part of the Empire.

While riding in Guatemala City, President Estrada Cabrera, of Guatemala, was placed in peril of his life by the explosion of a mine. He was uninjured, but several members of his staff were wounded, his carriage was blown to pieces and the horses were killed.

Professor Alexander Graham Bell, in an interview in London, says there no longer is any doubt that the question of aerial navigation is solved.

Severe cold and snowstorms were reported from Germany and Italy.

Much anxiety is manifested in France over the continuance of the labor troubles and their revolutionary character.

Ballooning as a recreation for women finds much favor in France, according to a Paris despatch.

American tourists now throng the boulevards, and the scene resembles that in June or July.

A despatch from Naples reports a sudden eruption of Stromboli, in which peasants were overwhelmed by lava and vineyards were destroyed.

Stagnation prevails on the London Stock Exchange, but it is believed that a period of cheap money has begun.

The Paris Bourse was dull during the last week.

SPORTING NEWS.

Cortlandt F. Bishop, president of the Aero Club of America, arrived in Paris and advocated the acceptance of Italian entries for the international race at St. Louis.

GOULD A TENNIS WINNER.

American Easily Defeats Noel, English Player, in Three Sets.

London, April 30.—Interest in the third round of the international amateur court tennis tournament centred in Jay Gould's match with E. B. Noel.

The first set was won by the American, 6-4, and he also took the second set, 6-2.

Gould won the third set, 6-3, thus taking the match with three straight sets. The American outclassed his opponent.



JAY GOULD.

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\$7,000,000 IN LIQUOR TAXES.

6,508 Licenses Granted Up to Last Night in Manhattan and Bronx.

New York, May 2.—Tuesday was last day for the granting of liquor certificates if dealers wish to do business after midnight, May first.

All day long there was a rush of dealers at the office of Moses N. McKee, Special Deputy Commissioner of Exercise for Manhattan and the Bronx, at 1 Madison Avenue.

Commissioner McKee said that 6,503 certificates had been granted for the ensuing year. Upwards of \$7,000,000 had been collected, he said, since last Thursday morning for certificates. The reports are not quite complete and the exact amount of money collected, Mr. McKee said, was not yet known. The licenses include saloons, hotels, druggists, and grovery stores.

CAT WRECKS A HOUSEHOLD.

Her Pet, Their Bed Mate, Played with Husband's Feet.

Peru, Ind., April 30.—A black cat has been the means of breaking up the household of Constable James Harvey Mullins, of Hartford City, Ind., and a divorce has been granted the husband because his wife persisted in taking the animal to bed with her.

The plaintiff alleged that he would not have objected so much if the cat had stayed on her mistress's side of the bed instead of playing with his feet and causing him to spend many restless nights. Mullins testified that he stood the torture as long as possible, then he captured Pussy and took her to the river and drowned her. His wife, he says became furious upon learning of the loss of her pet and was cruel and inhuman toward him. Finally they agreed to disagree and divided their furniture.

TO RECLAIM DRUNKARDS.

Cut Off Son and Daughter in Effort to Uplift Men.

La Salle, Ill., April 30.—Leaving nothing to his son or daughter and providing that even his widow's share shall revert to the trust fund at her death, George B. Schlenk, a Belvidere brewer, willed practically his entire estate of \$15,000 to the Salvation Army, to be used to reclaim drunkards. The widow will receive only the income from her share, the will ordering that the principal be not touched.

Mr. Schlenk, shortly before he died, got the idea that the product of his brewery might have assisted in causing the fall of men and he wanted to aid in uplifting such persons.

Mrs. Bradley to Be Tried in May.

Washington, April 30.—Mrs. Anna M. Bradley, the slayer of former Senator Arthur Brown of Salt Lake at the Raleigh Hotel last December, will be put on trial to answer an indictment for murder about May 15, according to the present plan. The attorneys for the defendant have been urging an early trial on account of the frail health of the prisoner. Her counsel fear the effect on her life of a summer's confinement in the District jail.

Confesses to Arson.

Bryan, Ohio, May 2.—Homer Morrison confessed to having been implicated in thirty-six different fires, not only in Ohio, but in Indiana and Michigan. His self-confessed crimes included not only arson, but conspiracy, perjury and robbery.

ON THE FARM.

HOW NATURE PROVIDES FOR US.

The most independent man on earth is the farmer, for he makes the earth yield him almost everything needed for life. He knows that as he sows so will he reap. He usually keeps strong and healthy from constant strife with Nature—in sunshine and in pure air. At night when work is done, he finds most refreshing sleep, such as only a tired man knows. In the same way that the earth yields food for man, so does it provide remedies for human ills. Thousands of households throughout the farming districts of the United States know the value of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is Nature's most valuable and health-giving agent—made without the use of alcohol. It contains native medicinal roots, and is the concentration of Nature's vitality as found in the American forests. This remedy has a history which speaks well for it because it was given to the public by Dr. R. V. Pierce, founder of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y., nearly forty years ago, and has since been sold by druggists in ever increasing quantities.

Dr. Pierce found that the bark of the Black Cherry-tree, the root of the Mandrake, Stone root, Queen's root, Bloodroot and Golden Seal root, made into a scientific, non-alcoholic extract by the use of glycerine, made the best alternative tonic. The refreshing influence of this extract is at once apparent in the recovered strength of the patient—the vital fires of the body burn brighter and their increased activity consumes the tissue rubbish which otherwise may poison the system. This alternative and tonic extract has been found to stand alone as a safe, invigorating tonic, as it does not depend on alcohol for a false stimulation, but is Nature's own method of strengthening and cleansing the system. It tones up the stomach and purifies the blood in Nature's own way. It is well known all over the world as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The name was given to this vegetable compound because one of the important ingredients was Golden Seal root. \* \* \* Such an authority as Dr. Roberts Bartholow, of Jefferson Medical College, says of Golden Seal root, "very useful as a stomachic tonic. Cures catarrh of the stomach and headaches accompanying the same." Dr. Grover Coe, in his book Organic Medicines, speaking of Golden Seal root, says that "as a liver invigorator it has few equals." Further he says, "in chronic inflammation of the bladder we deem it one of the most reliable agents of cure. As a tonic in the convalescing stages of fevers, pneumonia, dysentery and other acute diseases Hydrastis (Golden Seal root) is peculiarly appropriate."

Dr. Coe continues: "We would here add that our experience has demonstrated the Hydrastis or Golden Seal root to be a valuable remedy in bronchitis, laryngitis, and other affections of the respiratory organs." Prof. Hobart A. Hare, M. D., University of Pennsylvania, says of Golden Seal: "Of service in chronic catarrh of the stomach and bowels following abuse of alcohol, a tonic after malarial fever. Has a distinct, anti-malarial influence. Good in all catarrhal conditions, as uterine catarrh, leucorrhoea, etc. Is a curative agent in chronic dyspepsia."

Prof. John M. Scudder in Specific Medication says of Golden Seal: "It stimulates the digestive processes, and increases the assimilation of food. By these means the blood is enriched, and this blood feeds the muscular system. I mention the muscular system because I believe it first feels the increased power imparted by the stimulation of increased nutrition. The consequent improvement on the nervous and glandular systems are natural results." "In relation to its general effects on the system, there is no medicine in use about which there is such general unanimity of opinion. It is universally regarded as the tonic useful in all debilitated states."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription specially put up for woman's ills—for those distressing—dragging down ailments—peculiar to women—is also a temperance remedy that is best known by its cures. With Dr. Pierce's medicines, their ingredients are matters of public knowledge, being printed on each separate bottle wrapper. Thus invalid sufferers are taken into Dr. Pierce's full confidence. Dr. Pierce's great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser will be sent free, paper-bound, for 21 one-cent stamps, or cloth-bound for 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

STRAPS HOLDS BABY IN BED.

Useful Device to Relieve Anxiety of the Nervous Mother.

Nothing causes the busy mother more anxiety than to leave the little ones asleep in bed while she quickly runs to the store to purchase the



Holds Child in Bed.

household needfuls. The fear that they will awaken, crawl out of bed and get into dangerous mischief is continually on her mind. A handy device to have in such emergencies is shown here, an apparatus for holding the children in bed. It consists of a bed strap, which is arranged across the bed and strapped beneath the mattress. Attached to the bed strap is a band or belt, which moves freely on the body of the child, permitting it to move freely from one side of the bed to the other, and also to be limited up and down movement. Nevertheless the child cannot work free of the strap and climb over the top of the crib.

TAFT ANNOUNCEMENT MADE.

Will Be a Candidate for President Until the Nomination Is Settled.

Columbus, O., April 30.—Secretary of War William H. Taft is a candidate for the Republican nomination for the Presidency and for nothing else. He is not to be swayed from his candidacy by offers of even the office of Chief Justice of



WILLIAM H. TAFT.

the Supreme Court of the United States. Neither can he be drawn from his purpose by any contest for the place in the Senate now held by Joseph B. Foraker.

These conclusions are to be drawn from a statement issued here by A. I. Vorys, manager in Ohio of the Taft interests, after returning from Cincinnati, where he conferred with the Secretary and his brother, Charles P. Taft, editor of the Cincinnati Times-Star, and Nicholas Longworth, President Roosevelt's son-in-law, whose home is in Cincinnati.

DIAB MENACES GUATEMALA.

Large Bodies of Mexican Troops on Way to Frontier.

Mexico City, May 1.—A force of 19,000 men, commanded by Gen. Bernardo Reyes, one of the most distinguished soldiers in Mexico, has set out from here for the frontier of Guatemala. Another force is on its way to Coatzacoacoas, and is also destined for the Guatemalan frontier.

Among the Guatemalan exiles in this city a strong movement has developed in favor of the candidacy of Dr. Antonio Laza Arriga, formerly Minister of Guatemala at Washington, for the Presidency to succeed President Cabrera.

Poisonous Wheat for Sufferers.

Penza, Russia, April 30.—The provincial authorities have condemned 117 carloads of grain supplied for famine relief. The grain was infected with cockle and ergot, and would have been poisonous if consumed.

BASEBALL LEAGUE SUMMARIES.

Standing of the Clubs.

	National.	W.	L.	P. C.
Chicago	13	2	.887	
New York	11	3	.786	
Pittsburg	7	3	.700	
Philadelphia	8	5	.615	
Boston	6	7	.462	
Cincinnati	4	10	.286	
St. Louis	3	12	.200	
Brooklyn	1	11	.082	

American.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Philadelphia	10	4	.714
Chicago	9	4	.692
New York	8	5	.615
Detroit	8	5	.615
Cleveland	6	7	.462
Boston	5	9	.357
Washington	4	9	.302
St. Louis	4	11	.267

FINANCIAL.

Stocks were dull, with irregular recoveries, at the market's close.

Figures of the bank statement show an increase in surplus reserve of \$641,950, a decrease in loans of \$1,587,300, and a decrease in deposits of \$1,980,200.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Produce Quoted for the Week.

MILK.—The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 3 1/2 cents per quart.  
 BUTTER.—Creamery, Western, extra 34a35c. State dairy finest 33c, Firsts, 22 a33 1/2c.  
 CHEESE.—State, full cream, fancy, 14a15 1/2c.; part skims, 8a9c. small 14 1/2c. 15c.  
 EGGS.—State & Penn 12a13c. Western Firsts, 12a17c.  
 CHICKENS.—Phila., per lb., 11a18c.  
 DUCKLINGS.—sp-g, per lb., 20a25c.  
 HAY.—Prime, 100 lbs., \$1.20a1.25.  
 STRAW.—Long rye, 60a67 1/2c.  
 POTATOES.—Old bbl., \$2.00a2.25.  
 CUCUMBERS.—Basket, \$2.25a3.25.  
 ONIONS.—White, per bbl. \$2.25a3.75.  
 LETTUCE.—Basket, \$1.50a2.00.  
 SPINACH.—Barrel, \$1.50a2.50.  
 BEETS.—per bbl. \$0.75a1.25.  
 FLOUR.—Winter patents, \$3.60a3.85; Spring patents, \$4.20a5.05.  
 WHEAT.—No. 1, 94c. No. 2 Red, 84 1/2c.  
 CORN.—No. 2 White, 57 1/2c.  
 OATS.—Mixed, @ 47 1/2c.  
 BEANS.—City dres'd, 7a9 1/2c.  
 CALVES.—City dres'd, 8a12c.  
 Country dressed per lb. 6a9 1/2c.  
 SHEEP.—Per 100 lb. \$4.50.  
 HOGS.—Live per 100 lb. \$6.20a7.25. Country dressed per lb. 8 1/2c a9 1/2c.