

VALUE OF CLIPPINGS

One Million Dollar Concern Built Up On Them.

HOW WORKERS ARE PAID

Volumes of History Have Been Constructed. Many Trades Helped, Cranks Fed on Slips Cut From Newspapers by Girls With Memories of a Queer Turn.

Ninety newspapers a day is the task of the girls who read for one of the oldest clipping press bureaus in New York, says the New York Press, and they read every item in each paper, including the advertising. Moreover as they read they carry the names, wants and wishes of 3,000 subscribers in their minds and underscore the salient word in every item which should go to a customer.

This bureau has certain rules in hiring its readers. It takes no elderly person, no person who says she is fond of reading or has made scrapbooks all her life, and no school teacher. It wants no literary tastes at its reading desks, and not too much education.

It wants persons who will read mechanically, with lightning speed and with no interest in what they read aside from the word they are looking for. After trying all sorts of people, the type found most satisfactory is the girl who has left school at 14 to go to work in a factory or dry goods store. In either of those places she would get from \$3 to \$8 a week. In the clipping bureau she may run her wages up to \$20 a week, as the star reader of this bureau has done, and average \$12 or \$15 a week, as most of them do.

All of them work by the piece, receiving so much for every clipping marked. Sometimes they are a little too mechanical, as when the patron who subscribes for everything concerning banks gets choice items concerning sand banks, but it is better to have them that way than to have them getting interested in what they read and lingering over their desks.

Sometimes authors subscribe for clippings on subjects which they intend to write upon. One author has for two or three years been collecting all clippings which describe the heroism of girls, as shown in reports of fires, accidents and the like. Then there are the obviously crank collectors.

One man has for years collected everything printed on vegetarianism. His bill this summer has been pretty heavy. Another man pays for all items relating to any rascality discovered among spiritualists, or among priests and ministers of the gospel. Periodically he publishes a gossip parallel to the discredit of the church people, as there are many more of them than of his own cut.

Another man has collected for years everything published on Lincoln, and another everything published against vaccination.

The American Medical association collects statistics relating to injury and loss of life at Fourth of July celebrations. The principal of a school in New England buys all items concerning persons who have made donations to schools and academies in New England, with the obvious purpose of affording them an opportunity to extend their benevolence.

Interesting comparisons are supplied by the clipping bureau regarding the articles printed in newspapers about the deaths of prominent men. No other man in America ever had so much printed about his death in the newspapers as McKinley. Carl Schurz has received thus far 12,000 obituary notices, more than any other man since McKinley. John Hay and Joseph Jefferson had 10,000 each, and Mark Hanna, 8,000.

The first clipping bureau in the world was started in Paris in 1875 by a Frenchman named Cheri. There are now forty clipping bureaus in the United States, of which ten are in this city. There are clipping bureaus in every country and every language on earth sufficiently advanced to have a newspaper.

General Joe Wheeler ordered a complete newspaper history of the Spanish war in twelve great volumes. A New York firm presented to every regiment that went out of New York to that war a scrapbook history of the action of the regiment, and the books are now preserved in the various armories. Forty-two books of clippings were made of McKinley's obituaries. One man ordered twelve sets to present to twelve different persons.

The first scrap book to attract public attention was the enormous volume ordered for presentation to Admiral Dewey on his return from the Philippines. Including its table it cost \$3,100 and is the most valuable scrapbook ever made. It is now in the Smithsonian Institute.

"The only objection I have to this story," said the cynical bachelor, "is the frequent use of the phrase 'a certain girl.' The phrase is grossly inaccurate, as everybody well knows that all girls are exceedingly uncertain."—Chicago News.

Don't make yourself common; the world only sits up and takes notice of the uncommon.

TO GUARD AGAINST MOTHS.

Camphor and Naphthaline Useless. Disinfecting Chests Used.

The best-known method is to put camphor or naphthaline balls away with the garments, but this method is worse than useless if there be any of the larvae of the moths already in the fabrics. The camphor will then only add a characteristic odor to the garments, disagreeable to most people and positively poisonous to those with a weakness of throat and lungs, at the same time not interfering in any way with the feast of reason and flow of soul" enjoyed by the little pests in the best apparel of the family with which they board.

All furs and woollen garments should be hung on a line in the open air in the bright sunshine. This airing process should continue over several days, especially during the latter part of May and the first week of June, at which time the eggs are laid by the female moths. Where it is impossible to hang such large pieces as carpets out of doors the carpet should be sponged with benzine, care being taken that no artificial light predisposes to accident. A yearly benzine bath, especially over surfaces usually covered by furniture, will not hurt any carpet, and is a wise precaution, even where the presence of moths is not suspected.

Disinfecting chests for the protection against moths of valuable rugs may be made at slight expense. Buy an ordinary wooden chest and have made for it a support that will exactly fit inside, opened at intervals. Under this shelf place a shallow pan, into which a liquid solution of carbon bisulphide has been poured. Lay the rugs loosely on top of the support and tightly close the chest, leaving them untouched for forty-eight hours. After this disinfection the rugs may be safely packed away, all animal life in them having been effectually destroyed.

Where garments are put away in boxes or paper bags the openings should be carefully sealed by pasting a slip of paper over them. If there are no moths or eggs already in them they will be safe, and without the necessity for any additional camphor or naphthaline balls.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Stunning Linen Suit.

This is a linen season and the models shown in large shops and by leading modistes are most elaborate. One deserving special mention is light blue, the skirt laid in small tucks over the hips and trimmed with inset medallions of linen, beautifully embroidered in white just at knee depth. The chic cotton jacket is the piece de resistance, however,



and has a shaped embroidered collar and revers, which outline the little vest of linen. Embroidered bands are on each side of a cluster of tucks which run from shoulder to tuck line. Sleeves of elbow length are finished with a wide cuff, tucked and embroidered to match the jacket. A pale blue batiste and deep belt of kid to match accompanies the costume.

The Edge of the Skirt.

For skirts which flute out at the hem, and so are apt rather to sweep than touch the ground, it will be found a good plan to use cheap satin ribbon. This should be about two inches wide, and should be slightly gathered round the inside hem of the skirt like a narrow dust ruffle. The edge of the ribbon should just appear below the hem of the skirt. In this way the skirt is well protected. Where the hem of the skirt has already worn into tiny holes nothing is better to use than bias velvet. This can be sewn along the front of the hem just above the worn edge, and then faced over and run along the inner side.

To Clean Gloves.

Put the gloves on. Put gasoline in a saucer. Then wash in the gasoline as if washing your hands. Tack a fannel rag and rub the gloves. Let them dry on your hands, but do not go near a fire or flame, as the gasoline may ignite. When the gloves are quite dry, take them off and sun them. This method of procedure is for kid gloves. If the gloves are stained dip the stained part in melted tallow of any kind. Then lay warm pipe-clay on that and press it for a time. You may have to repeat this before the stain comes out.

The Story of a Medicine.

Its name—"Golden Medical Discovery" was suggested by one of its most important and valuable ingredients—Golden Seal root.

Nearly forty years ago, Dr. Pierce discovered that he could, by the use of pure, triple-refined glycerine, added by a certain degree of constantly maintained heat and with the aid of apparatus and appliances designed for that purpose, extract from our most valuable native medicinal roots their curative properties much better than by the use of alcohol, so generally employed. So the now world-famed "Golden Medical Discovery," for the cure of weak stomach, indigestion, and kindred derangements was first made, as it ever since has been, without a particle of alcohol in its make.

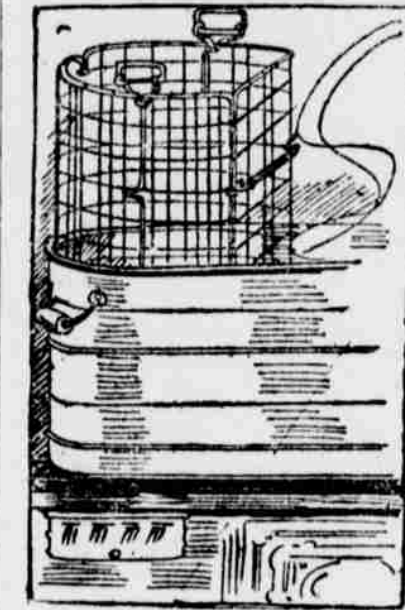
A glance at the list of its ingredients, printed on every bottle-wrapper, will show that it is made from the most valuable medicinal roots found growing in our American forests. All these ingredients have received the strongest endorsement from the leading medical experts, chemists and writers on Medicine.

Medicine who recommend them as the very best remedies for the diseases for which "Golden Medical Discovery" is indicated. A little book of these endorsements has been compiled by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., and will be mailed free to any one asking same by postal card, or letter addressed to the Doctor as above. From these endorsements, copied from standard medical books of all the different schools of practice, it will be found that the ingredients composing the "Golden Medical Discovery" are advised not only for the cure of the above mentioned diseases, but also for the cure of all catarrhal, bronchial and throat affections, accompanied with catarrhal discharges, hoarseness, sore throat, lingering, or hang-over-coughs, and all those wasting affections which, if not promptly and properly treated, are liable to terminate in consumption. Take Dr. Pierce's Discovery in time and persevere in its use until you give it a fair trial and it is not likely to disappoint. Too much must not be expected of it. It will not perform miracles. It will not cure consumption in its advanced stages. No medicine will. It will cure the affections that lead up to consumption, if taken in time.

LABOR SAVING DRAINER.

Easy Method of Removing Boiling Clothes from the Wash Boiler.

One of the latest household utensils recently patented is a wash boiler drainer, an adjunct to the wash boiler. Its object is to facilitate the placing of clothes in a wash boiler and also to aid in removing them. The drainer is made of wire, the mesh being very large. It is shaped to fit into the ordinary wash boiler, with handles at each end, as shown in the illustration. The frame is divided into four sections, which can be readily taken apart and the drainer folded into a small package. The



Drains Boiling Clothes.

advantages of the drainer will be apparent at once. The clothes to be washed can be easily handled, being placed in or removed from the wash boiler with practically no trouble. A further advantage lies in the fact that the clothes can be raised out of the boiling water and allowed to drain before handling, thus avoiding danger of scalding the hands. Every housewife would undoubtedly welcome the introduction of this time-saver into the home.

HOME COOKERY.

Honey or Maple Drops. Blend one-third cup strained honey, or rich maple syrup, one teaspoonful butter, one egg, well beaten, two-thirds cup of flour sifted with half a teaspoonful of baking powder and a pinch of salt. Drop by teaspoonfuls on a tin and bake in a quick oven. These proportions will make about twenty cakes. They may be of maple or fondant.

Salmon on Toast.

Use cold boiled salmon picked apart in small flakes. Heat one cup of white sauce or drawn butter, add to it one-half cup of cream, the flaked fish, one teaspoonful chopped parsley, a few grains of mace, with pepper and salt to taste. Pour over slices of buttered toast and serve at once.

Corn Muffins.

Two eggs, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, one tablespoonful of melted butter, one cup of milk, three cups of four two large tablespoonfuls of bolted cornmeal, two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar, one teaspoonful of soda and a little salt. Bake in muffin pans twenty to thirty minutes. Very good. Make about fourteen.

Pilgrim Brown Bread.

Two cups of graham flour, one cup of sour milk, one teaspoonful soda, one-half cup raisins stoned, one cup chopped nuts, one-half cup New Orleans molasses, one teaspoonful salt. Flgs may be used. Steam one and one-half hours, then bake ten minutes. You need not bake it or put in nuts, raisins, or figs. It is good enough without.

AMERICAN WOMAN'S VOICE.

Harness Accredited to Hurry and Turmoil.

Her voice was ever soft, Gentle and low; an excellent thing in woman. Foreigners, however they may compliment American women, frequently comment that their voices are harsh. It is, no doubt, a well-merited criticism, since one must admit that few women possess such a voice as Shakespeare stated was excellent in women. The feverish desire of the woman of today to accomplish much and the hurry and turmoil in which we live have more to do with the quality of the voice than climatic condition. A little thought and self-repression, as well as an effort to speak slowly, would tend to better matters, and the habit of smiling will take the sharp tang out of the voice.

It takes more time to make one's self understood when speaking in a low voice than in a shrill one, but it is more restful to both speaker and listener. A gentle, well-moulded voice is an evidence of good breeding. Thomas Wentworth Higginson says: "Shut me up in a dark room with a mixed multitude and I can pick out the gentle folks by their voices." It is not difficult to change high-pitched, strident tones, and every woman should strive to possess a beautiful voice, for sweetness will linger in the voice long after it has died out in the eyes. A famous critic has said no woman can be really fascinating if she lack a pleasant tone.

Placing the voice, is of course, very important for a singer, and it is said a voice misplaced will not last, however fine it naturally may be. By taking singing exercises of a competent teacher men or women can correct a squeaky or thin voice and secure full, mellow tones of strength and power. In the compass of every voice there are three registers—the middle or throat, the lower or chest, and the upper or head register. The use of the middle pitch for talking is very desirable, but the voice should be trained to slide up and down, varying with the emotions; low when the mood inclines toward seriousness, and higher when it becomes tinged with excitement. An interesting speaker constantly changes his pitch; not abruptly, but with ease and skill, and the greater range one has the more certain he is to get and retain the pleased attention of listeners.

Club life has made demands upon women for abilities in the way of reading papers aloud and participating in discussions, and if one can do so gracefully without blushing, deliver an address, concise, intelligent, and to the point, in a pleasing voice, she is the envy of her associates. Many women who write with pens sparkling with wit and epigram become mute and inglorious when they attempt to talk in public, simply because their voices fail them. It is a peculiar fact that women of the stage who should be immune to stage fright are often positively speechless when called on for a certain speech.—The Pilgrim.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of F. Pa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pa. and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the court house, Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, FEB. 2nd, 1907.

at 2 o'clock p. m. the following described real estate: TRACT NO. 1. A VALUABLE TRACT OF TIMBER. All that certain message, tenement and tract of land situate in the township of Jackson, county of Columbia, state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a white pine, thence by land of T. Viets and E. Meeker and others, south 68 degrees 30 minutes east 142 rods to a stone, thence by land of Wilson Kitchen south 82 degrees west 43 rods to a maple stump, thence by land of same south 70 degrees 30 minutes east 100 rods to a hemlock, thence by land formerly of J. H. Creveling south 60 degrees 30 minutes west 50 rods to a hemlock thence by same and land of J. Wilson Kile north 70 degrees 30 minutes west 161 4-10 rods to a stone, thence by land of Jackson Township School District north 33 degrees 45 minutes east 5 1-10 rods to a post, thence by same north 41 degrees 30 minutes east 13 rods to a post, thence by land of same north 46 degrees, 30 minutes west 12 5-10 rods, thence by same south 41 degrees 30 minutes west 5 rods to a post, thence by land of William Hess south 59 degrees 30 minutes west 22 rods and same in the public road, thence along same and in same north 64 degrees 15 minutes west 9 rods, thence along same and in same north 72 degrees west 11 rods, thence along land of Geo. Wagner and in public road north 7 degrees west 1 3-10 rods, thence along same and in same north 31 degrees west 19 rods, thence along same and in same north 72 degrees 30 minutes west 19 rods, thence along same and in same north 54 degrees 30 minutes west 5 7-10 rods, thence along land of Michael S. Hestley and T. Velts north 19 degrees west 112 rods to place of beginning, containing

162 ACRES and 100 PERCHES

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE

barn and sawmill, with good water power. This property is well timbered except a few acres of farm land around the buildings.

TRACT No. 2.—All that certain message, tenement and lot of land situate in the village of Hohenburg, Greenwood township, Columbia county, Penna. bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Bounded on the north by public road leading to Millville, on the east by land of Mrs. Vaughn, on the south by land of Jacob Bantz estate, and on the west by land of Hite, being fifty-nine feet in front on Millville road and ninety-nine feet in depth, whereon are erected a stable and shed.

Seized and taken into execution at the suits of Howard Staddon, Della Staddon and I. M. Betz vs. P. D. Black, and to be sold as the property of P. D. Black:

CHAS. B. ENT, Sheriff.

Andrew L. Fritz, Grant Herring, Attorneys

JURORS FOR FEBRUARY TERM.

GRAND JURORS. George C. Fenstermacher, moulder George M. Vance, farmer, Mt. Pleasant. Samuel Abster, farmer, Main. Peter Edlinger, laborer, Main. Fred Carl, farmer, Catawissa boro. Martin R. Rhawn, laborer, Bloom. William McHenry, farmer, Stillwater. Charles Harder, painter, Catawissa boro. Freeman Harman, carpenter, Berwick. P. W. Miller, laborer, Catawissa Boro. Wellington Crossley, farmer, Hemlock. Evan H. Kreamer, farmer, Madison. Swayze Black, laborer, Greenwood. George Kline, laborer, Bloom. B. F. Bodine, merchant, Locust. Steward M. Girton, farmer, Hemlock. Wesley Shaffer, farmer, Briarcreek. W. E. Koehler, laborer, Sugarloaf. H. H. Martz, piper, Berwick. Norman Mausteller, farmer, Fishing-creek. Thomas Quigley, laborer, Centralia. Philip A. Straub, farmer, Hemlock. Clark Bower, foreman, Berwick. William A. Burrows, laborer, Bloom.

TRAVERSE JURORS—1ST WEEK.

Eugene Doty, Berwick. Lloyd Fry, Montour. Cyrus Hartline, Madison. Marvin Conner, Benton Borough. Edward C. Kahler, Bloom. Elmer Reese, Montour. John Ross, Madison. C. C. Fowler, Berwick. Elisha Dreisbach, Bloom. F. P. Fisher, Cleveland. Daniel Kistler, Catawissa Boro. B. B. Frens, Bloom. Bush Frens, Briarcreek. Oswald Yocum, Cleveland. H. B. Cressy, Catawissa twp. Pugh V. Gleson, Orange twp. A. W. Dresher, Benton twp. James Miller, Scott. H. R. Dieterick, Orange. D. C. Yeager, Locust. Bowman Mordan, Madison. D. H. Hullenstine, Millin. Warren Hess, Stillwater. Harry W. Dely, Montour. William Parks, Franklin. L. B. Stiles, Benton borough. Clinton Helwig, Catawissa twp. C. F. Sweppenheiser, Main. C. M. Sweppenheiser, Center. Charles E. Hutton, Berwick. Eli Ikeler, Mt. Pleasant. L. Rabb, Bloom. U. A. Smith, Main. A. C. Hilday, Bloom. Harvey Fairchilds, Briarcreek. John Adams, Bloom. James Smethers, Berwick. Michael J. Flynn, Centralia. Silas York, Sugarloaf. Stanger Haas, Mt. Pleasant. J. R. Riehl, Jackson. George Keckner, Scott. Peter J. McDonald, Conyngham. John C. Walters, Locust. J. O. Ikeler, Orange. Amos Crawford, Mt. Pleasant.

TRAVERSE JURORS, SECOND WEEK.

Clark Shannon, Benton twp. O. E. Gilbert, Mt. Pleasant. J. H. Catterall, Berwick. Isaac Richard, Scott. E. E. Yohe, Bloom. A. B. Bitner, Locust. A. C. Hagenbuch, Center. Rutter Hagenbuch, Berwick. H. H. Kindt, Mt. Pleasant. John J. Ryan, Centralia. B. F. Hicks, Bloom. Harry C. Dieterick, Scott. C. L. Davis, Benton Boro. G. B. Appleman, Greenwood. George Thomas, Montour. Theodore Fox, Main. Samuel Fegley, Catawissa Boro. Arthur Cole, Greenwood. William C. Eves, Millville. E. J. Brown, Bloom. Joseph W. Hilday, Bloom. D. F. Bogart, Millin. C. M. Kenedy, Sugarloaf. William Merrill, Scott. Francis W. Bower, Berwick. John W. Grey, Bloom. J. D. Williams, Bloom. Wilson Rhodes, Roringcreek. James Kostenbauder, Conyngham. E. R. Wilson, Benton Twp. Miles Longenberger, Beaver. C. R. Harder, Catawissa Boro. John W. Cressy, Millin. B. W. Lemon, Benton Twp. David P. Smith, Briarcreek. W. O. Holmes, Bloom.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.

Estate of George F. Watson, late of Madison Township, deceased. Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of George F. Watson, late of the township of Madison, county of Columbia, Pa. deceased, have been granted to Hattie V. Watson, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to HARMAN, AULY, HATTIE V. WATSON, 12-13 St. Executrix.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE

Estate of James Monaghan, late of the township of Conyngham, Col. Co., Pa., deceased. Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of James Monaghan, late of Conyngham township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to M. J. MONAGHAN, Or to A. Fred B. Garner, Esq., Administrator, Attorney, Ashland, Pa. 12-27 St.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Frank Ikeler Esq. and Harvey Gingles, executors of the last will and testament of William Gingles, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania, deceased, as shown by their second account will sit to perform the duties of his appointment at the law office of Hon. Fred T. Ikeler, in the said Town of Bloomsburg, aforesaid on Friday the 13th day of January, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m. at which all parties interested may appear, present their claims or forever be barred from claiming the same out of said estate. CHRISTIAN A. SMALL, Auditor. 12-27 St.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned appointed an Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to pass up on exceptions to the account of T. J. Vanderjick, trustee, will sit at his office in First National Bank Building, Bloomsburg, Pa., on Friday, February 1st, 1907 at 10 o'clock a. m. to perform the duties of his appointment at which time all persons interested will appear and be heard. FRANK IKELER, Auditor. 1-10-07.

ELECTION NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the members of the Columbia County Agricultural, Horticultural and Mechanical Association will be held in the Court House in Bloomsburg on Saturday, January 19th, 1907, at two o'clock P. M. for the election of officers for the ensuing year. A. N. YOST, Secretary.

Professional Cards.

H. A. MCKILLIP, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Columbian Building 2nd Floor Bloomsburg, Pa. A. N. YOST, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Ent Building, Court House Square. Bloomsburg, Pa.

RALPH R. JOHN, ATTORNEY AT-LAW. Hartman Building, Market Square Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRED IKELER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office Over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa.

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office in Wirt's Building. Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. H. RHAWN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office Corner of 3rd and Main Sts. CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office with Grant Herring, Bloomsburg, Pa. Orangeville Wednesday each week

A. L. FRITZ, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg. Bloomsburg, Pa.

J. H. MAIZE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT. Office in Townsend's Building Bloomsburg, Pa.

N. U. FUNK, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Ent's Building, Court House Square Bloomsburg, Pa.

SADE T. VANNATTA (Successor to C. F. Knapp) GENERAL INSURANCE. Office 238 Iron St., Bloomsburg, Pa. Oct. 31, 1901. 11

M. P. LUIZ & SON, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND BROKERS. N. W. Corner Main and Centre Sts. BLOOMSBURG, PA. Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their office.

DR. W. H. HOUSE, SURGEON DENTIST. Office Barton's Building, Main below Market Bloomsburg, Pa. All styles of work done in a superior manner. All work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted. Open all hours during the day

DR. M. J. HESS, DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES. Crown and bridge work a specialty. Corner Main and Centre streets Bloomsburg, Pa. Columbia & Montour Telephone connection

J. J. BROWN, M. D. THE EYE A SPECIALTY. Eyes tested and fitted with glasses. No Sunday work. 311 Market St., Bloomsburg, Pa. Hours 10 to 8 Telephone

J. S. JOHN M. D. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office and residence, 410 Main St. 7-30-14 BLOOMSBURG, PA.

EDWARD FLYNN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, CENTRALIA, PA. Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Office 1—Ent building, 11-16-99

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office in Wells' building over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg. Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

EXCHANGE HOTEL, L. A. SNYDER, Proprietor. BLOOMSBURG, PA. Large and convenient sample rooms, bath rooms hot and cold water and all modern conveniences

CITY HOTEL, W. A. Hartzel, Prop. No. 121 West Main Street Large and convenient sample rooms, bath rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wines and liquors. First-class livery attached.

HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office:—Office & Residence, 4th St. 10 a. m. to 2 p. m., 5:30 to 8 p. m. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON MCKELVY, FIRE INSURANCE AGENT. Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are: Capital Assets Over \$500,000 \$3,195,250 \$1,000,000 \$2,855,150 1.41 Westchester, N. Y. 800,000 3,835,915 1.03 N. America, Phila. 3,000,000 1,754,327 2.55 C. W. Watson, 12-14-06