THE GRANGE

Conducted by J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y., Press Correspondent New York State Grange

THE NATIONAL GRANGE.

Worthy Master's Annual Address and Secretary's Report. The national grange convened Nov.

16, 1904, at Portland, Ore. In his aunual address National Master Aaron Jones of South Bend, Ind., said, among other things:

"Our Order is a national one, national in all its work, knowing no north, no south, no east, no west. United by the silken cord of fraternity, it is Inboring to make happier and more prosperous homes on the hills and in the valleys of New England, among the sugar, rice and cotton fields of the outh, the corn, wheat and pastural inds of the central states as well as o increase the sunshine and prosperity of the farm homes of our brothers and dsters who live in the fertile valleys fanned by the breezes of the Pacific ocean. It is the purpose of this great fraternity to increase the sunshine and happiness in the 5,800,000 farm homes and make agriculture more prosperous in all parts of our glorious country. It has still higher and grander objects among which are to elevate the stand ard of intelligence among the farming population and to inspire in them more exalted ideas of citizenship.

"This organization is one of the great educational forces that teaches among other things, that honesty, fair dealing, giving value received in all exchanges, industry, frugality and thrift and observing the Golden Rule are essential characteristics of good citizenship. Setting its seal of con



B. G. LEEDY, MASTER OF OREGON STATE GRANGE, AND MRS. LEEDY.

demnation on all forms of fraudulent practices, extortion or robbery, whether done under the forms of law, by combination, monopoly or trust methods or by the more vulgar practice of common stealing, thus building up a public sentiment that will ostracize the man or corporation that amasses mil-Hons of dollars in any other way than honorable methods, based on the principle of giving value received for all labor or articles of value.

"Successful agriculture cannot be secured by physical labor alone. The methods of the past will not win success now. Past methods have exhausted the fertility of the soil to an alarming extent. Such system must be adopted as will restore lost fertility The grange is school where this system should be taught. This implies, which is true, that successful agriculture has been transformed from a business of physical labor mainly to one dominated by intellectual forces. Knowledge of the great laws governing soil management, vegetable and animal growth, applied science in the culture of land, breeding and feeding of domestic animals. The farmers of today and the future must be students and the grange the school and the medium for the exchange of information and methods between farmers, that all may profit by the knowledge gained by each. This is practical co-operation that is profitable alike to farmers and all the people."

He recited the achievements of the grange during the past years, especially emphasizing the establishment of the agricultural department and system of rural free delivery of mail as among the most distinctive and important. He recommended further action on the part of the state and subordinate granges favoring:

First.-A law that would compel all property to bear its just proportion of

Second.-Antitrust law and provision for state inspection of all corporations. Third.-A pure food law.

Fourth.-A law giving the state railroad commission full power for fixing the rate for freight and passenger serv-

Fifth.-Such a revision of fees and salaries as will place them on an equitable basis.

National Secretary C. M. Freeman reported that there had been issued during the year 281 charters for new granges, 45 duplicate charters, 620 seventh degree certificates and 2,698 sixth degree certificates. The total receipts of the secretary's office during the year were: From degree fees and state dues, \$1,349; charter fees, \$4,215; sales of supplies and stock, \$2,852.61; dues, \$4.25; total, \$9,040.86. The total expenses of the office were \$901.75. here have been 281 new granges oranized during the year, of which lichigan has 64, New York 34, Pennylvania 33, Indiana 21, Maryland 16, ermont 16, Washington 15. There ave been 82 granges reorganized. hus the total of new and reorganized ranges for the year is 363.

While the grange may contain only a Inority of farmers, it is well to reember Goethe's sagacious comment it "everything great and wise was first in the minority."

THE BARGE CANAL.

Senator Ambler of the New York State Grange Legislative Committee Favors Resubmission.

one of the most ardent opponents of the barge canal scheme in the legislature last winter, will introduce at the earliest opportunity at the next session of the New York state legislature a bill for the resubmission of the proposition to the voters of the state unless prior action may be taken by the legislature for the repeal of the act. Senator Ambler argues that the expenditure of \$101,000,000, as now cont mplated, will not suffice for the purpose, but that it will require at least \$300,000,000 to complete the canal. If the canal is constructed he believes it will be a huge burden upon the agricultural interests of the state and upon real estate in the cities. He further says that there has been a radical change in the opinion of many who supported the measure before, as they did not then have full information as to the possibilities of cost of construction nor that it would be inadequate to the purpose. He believes that the canal should be made a national waterway and its construction paid for by the national government. He has recently caused to be sent to the masters of the subordinate granges in the state a communication asking that they forward a petition signed by their members to the canal board asking that no more expenditures be incurred for the barge canal until such time as the legislature shall convene and consider the proposition anew.

New York State Dairymen's Association.

The New York state dairymen's auanal convention will be held in Herkimer, N. Y., on Dec. 13-15. This is one of the strongest agricultural organizations in the Empire State, and its aim is educational in every particular. It is self sustaining, although it receives no state appropriation. Among the speakers will be ex-Governor Hoard of Wisconsin, Dr. W. H. Jordan of Geneva experiment station, Professor Pearson of Cornell and Dr. Hills of Vermont, and several others will be invited. It has been decided to eliminate the exhibition of dairy appliances from the convention for the reason that most of the prominent houses who deal in dairy supplies are now making exhibits at St. Louis at great expense, and the exposition does not close until a late date, which will render it quite impossible for them to make a creditable showing at the convention. Grangers of central New York will attend this meeting in large numbers.

Jurisdiction of National and State Granges.

The national grange has jurisdiction over all the granges, issues charters, makes the laws, except that each state grange of course makes its own bylaws, which must conform to the national grange constitution and laws. Each state grange has jurisdiction over its county or district and subordinate granges. In some of the New England states instead of county limits there are district jurisdictions. The subordinate granges are the local divisions. Usually there is but one subgrange to a township, but there may be more if they conform to the grange law that no two granges shall be nearer together than five miles.

Anti-Oleo Legislation.

There will be business for the legislative committee of the national is stated that the oleo manufacturers awhile. have organized an association and are soliciting contributions from oleo dealers in the United States to raise funds to repeal the ten cent tax law this winter. There is no doubt that a large sum of money will be raised for this purpose, as the tax on each dealer will be \$25. As the grange has been ardently in favor of the ten cent tax, it was largely through its influence that the law was enacted. It behooves the subordinate granges to petition their congressmen at once that the law be not repealed.

A County Board of Trade.

The Pomona or county grange of Androscoggin county, Me., is organizing a board of trade. Each of the eighteen subordinate granges of that county is to appoint a representative as financial agent, and these, with a representative of the Pomona grange, will form a board of trade to look after the interests of members of the Order In the county.

County Lecturers' Conference.

If the lecturers of all the subordinate granges in a county would occasionally meet for consultation on their work they would find the results exceedingly profitable. Such a conference could be held at the time of the Pomona grange meeting, or perhaps they would find more time at their disposal if the conference was held on some other date.

To become interested in us and our labors the outside world must see tangible results. Our organization must bear such fruits as shall not only be attractive, but prove of intrinsic value to its members and to the community in which it is located.

How to Cleanse the Stood-

A persevering use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., will soon relieve and ultimately cure cases of Fever and Ague, Biliousness, Rheumatism, Debility of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys and Bladder, and all disorders arising from an impure state of the Blood. Price \$1.00, all druggists; 6 bottles for \$5.00.

PROPER CARE OF THE EYE.

Injury to the Organ. Senator Henry S. Ambler, who was

If the eyelids have become reddened by the wind, bathe them in water in which a little salt has been dissolved.

A harmless and good wash for inflamed lids may be made by this for-One cupful of boiled soft wamula. ter, three drops of spirits of camphor, and one teaspoonful of powdered borax.

Congrestion of the eyeball may be relieved by compresses wrung out of hot water, and repeated as frequently as necessary. Grated potato

placed on the eye is also good. The annoving sty may also be relieved by frequent applications of hot

water. The best tonic for the eyes is cold water.

Give the eye a daily bath. Take a cup close to the eye, and open and shut the eye in the water several times. If your eyes are tired and ache, rest them and sleep. When you have nothing to do close your eyes. Healthy eyes even should never be used to read fine print or by a dim light. Reading upon the cars is also a fruitful source of harm.

When reading or working, the light should be at one side, and never in front. Objects that get into the eye should be removed before they cause inflammation. Rubbing in the meantime only irritates and increases the sensitiveness. If the eye be shut for a few moments, so as to let the tears accumulate, and the upper lid be then lifted by taking hold of it at the center, the cinder or dust is often washed away at once.

Trifling objects can be removed by simply drawing the upper lid as far as possible over the lower one. When the lid flies back to its place, the friction will detach any light substance. If it becomes necessary turn the upper lid over a pencil, and the intruder may then be wiped off with a handkerchief. If middle age be reached without especial difficulty of sight the person is comparatively safe. If any acid or inflaming substance has gotten into the eyes drop sweet oil into them, and wash out with warm milk and water. Do not wait until the doctor arrives, prompt treatment is necessary.

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

When milk is spilled on a woolen dress or coat at once apply absorbent cotton. All traces of the stain will be removed.

Daring colors, like yellow and Prussian blue, are now often used where suitable to enamel odd chairs for both porch and indoor use.

A few drops of alcohol rubbed on the inside of lamp chimneys will remove all trace of greasy smoke when water alone is of no avail.

Perch or other small fish are much better if fried quickly in deep, hot fat. Larger fish can be fried slowly in a skillet in hot salt pork fat.

For the meringue on pies use one tablespoonful of granulated sugar to the white of one egg. It is more satisfactory than powdered sugar.

When the asbestos in stoves and fireplaces becomes blackened it may be cleaned by sprinkling it with salt grange before congress this winter. It and allowing the gas to burn for

> of fruit stain from linen, etc., if used soon. But the stained place must not be washed prior to the use of the hot water. Do not waste banana skins; they

Hot water will take out every kind

are excellent for cleaning glace kid boots or brown boots and shoes. Rub first with the banana skin, then polish with a cloth. When washing white or colored

ribbons, add one teaspoonful of methylated spirits to a pint of cold water and rinse the vibbon through, and it will look quite new. A few drops of good scent on bits

of pumice stone, and the bits slipped in bureau drawers or among gowns in a wardrobe, will perfume clothing delightfully. To keep soup let it remain covered with a coating of fat, as it excludes

clarified dripping for the purpose. The odor that clings so persistently to a utensil in which fish or onions have been fried may be dispelled by placing in a hot oven for ten or fifteen minutes after washing and dry-

Rooms that have been newly paint ed should have a large zinc bath of cold water left in them one or two nights. A good wisp of hay should be put in the water. One or two cut onions left in the room are also said to remove the smell of the paint.

Pebble Jewelry a Recent Fad.

A recent fad in jewelry is to use lustrous pebbles from the sea shore instead of precious stones, set in gold or silver. There is such variety n the the color and luster of a beach pebble that many different effects are obtained when they are appropriately set.-Brooklyn Eagle.

Planked sirloin steak, baked like fish on a hardwood board, is a delight ful change from broiled or smothered MAKING COZY CORNERS.

What to Do in Cases of Disease or Sphere for the Taste and Ingenuity of Woman.

> As the architect of home adornment, it is to the woman of resources to whom we must look for those little SATURDAY, FEBR'Y 11, 1905, artistic touches which bespeak the homely atmosphere and give the unmistakable evidence of forethought and ingenuity. To her an empty corner or an ugly niche becomes a source of inspiration, and she sees in imagination as soon as she sees the corner its possibilities of being transformed into a place of beauty and comfort.

> She realizes that the tones of all the furnishings must harmonize with the color scheme of the room, and yet be picturesquely Oriental, or English, or Dutch, and she lets embroideries and soft draperies and all sorts utes west eighty-four and five tenths perches of simple or weird-looking stuffs run riot-but still harmonizing.

She searches through the shops for "dear, new-old things, and she ransacks second-hand stores for equally dear new-old things"-if she has a full purse. But if not, she heaves a sigh and betakes herself hopefully to the attic and to the attics of her relatives. She rummages and pulls about the various treasures which her trained eye tells her are really "antiques," and she looks over her

"find" from every view. Then she sends for the carpenter, and lays bare her secret plans. Go into this artistic woman's house afterward, and see what you will see. Cozy corners that are cozy corners! Really comfortable snug nests, in which one may rest and dream dreams without being disturbed by useless fripperies and impossible tidies, for the "woman who knows" has her cozy corner and all the rest of her house furnished principally for comfort and incidentally for ornament.

"Restfulness" is the keynote for the den furnisher to follow, and then will the cozy corner be a cozy corner indeed and an everlasting joy.

Keep Young Though a Grandmother. A woman need not be old as soon as she is a grandmother. Yet there is something in the term a certain aging, and too often this feeling of age begins to manifest itself in the appearance. A woman grows neglectful of her looks. She does not carry herself with the same smart air. She grows slouchy in her looks and careless in her manner.

"If I were giving the grandmother few words of advice I would say: "Be an April grandmother.

"Keep your hands young; observant people soon notice them. "Have your teeth put in order and

keep them so. "Don't let your waist spread. "Don't let your hair get out of

"Don't think just because you are a grandmother that you can be careless in your eating and drinkingand grow fat.

"Diet and exercise. "Keep your voice young by modulating it a little.

"Don't croak. Don't complain. Be fresh. "And never forget that an April grandmother is as young as looks."

For the Sick Baby. A diet for babies when suffering with summer complaint is made as follows: Beat the white of one egg until it stands alone, grate over it a little nutmeg, then pour on one-half pint boiling water, beat again until well mixed, sweeten to suit the taste, and strain. Can be used in a nursing bottle for quite a small baby. This can be used with success when milk and all other foods fail, and is very



Revival of Rag Rugs.

A new field for women-or, rather, an old one revived-is due to some clever decorator's discovery that nothing goes so well with mission furniture as rag rugs. The new rag rug is a different thing from that of our grandmother's time, however. It is made of new materials, not "rags" at all. Several rugs recently put on the market are of one kind of fabric cut into strips and beautifully woven. Those rugs which have several kinds of "rags" in them show a distinct pattern in stripes, and the effect of both designs is very good, inasmuch as the weave is different from that by the looms of other days. As these rugs are shown lying on the floor before a mission furniture desk or under a mission chair before the hearthstone the look of them is so quaint and pretty that the woman buying her summer cottage furnishings is usually captivated at once.

SHERIFF'S SALE

y virtue of a writ of Fl. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg county and state aforesaid, on

at two o'clock p. m., all those certain messuages, tenements and tracts of land situate la the townships of Locust and Roaringoreck, Catawissa and Franklin, county and state aforesaid. Bounded and described as follows to wit-

TRACT No. 1 .- All that sertain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the townships of Locust and Roaringcreek, county and state aforesaid, beginning at a stone corner of land of William Wagner south four degrees nity minutes west one hundred and one and tour tenths perches to a stone, thence north eighty-eight degrees east eighty-five perches to a stone; thence north four degrees forty-five minutes east ninety-nine perches to a stone; thence north eighty-five degrees forty-five minto a stone, the place of beginning, containing

FIFTY THREE ACRES

be the same more or less. TRACT No. 2.-All that certain messuagetenement and tract of land situate in the township of Franklin, beginning at a lane of Abraham Lillie's and running by the same and land of Berjamin Ford sixteen and one half degrees east ninety-eight perches to a post in the road leading from said Lillie's land through Shick's farm; thence by said road north seventy-six degrees east twenty-eight and two-tenths perches to a pine knot in said road east seventy-eight perches to a stone, south forty-two and one half degrees west twenty-five perches to a stone, south ten degrees west twenty-eight and two-tenths perches to a stone: thence north seventy-four and one-half degrees, west sixty

perches to the place of beginning, containing THIRTY-EIGHT ACRES and sixty-four perches more or less. Being the ne premises which T. A. Hartman purchased of L. C. Mensch, Administrator of B. F. Ford, deceased. Whereon is erected a two story

DWELLING HOUSE.

barn and other out buildings. TRACT No. 3 .- All that certain messuage. enement and tract of land situate in the town ship of Catawissa, beginning at a Maple tree corner of E. M. fewksbury and William Yeager lot, south thirty-nine degrees, west three and one-half perches to the publice road leading from Catawissa to Esther Furnace; thence by the said road south one and one-half degrees east fourteen perches; thence by the same fourteen and one-half degrees west seven perches, thence by the same south eleven and one fourth degrees east seven and one half perches to a corner of lot of Jacob Zimmerman thence by the same south eighty-two and three fourth degrees west twenty perches to a pine knot; thence by land of John Notestine north seventeen and one-half degrees west thirty perches to a chestnut oak: thence by the same south seventy-two degrees west thirty-three and one-half perches to a post in line of land o William Stoker, deceased; thence by the said William Stoker's land north twenty-seven and one-half degrees west sixty-two perches; thence by land of Alveretta Fortner north forty-eight and one-fourth degrees east one hundred and twenty-one perches to a corner of lot of N. C. Baer; thence south six and one half degrees east twelve perches to a stone; thence by the same north seventy-two and one-half degrees east six and one-half perches to a fence post a corner of E. M. Tewksbury's land; thence by the said K. M. Tewksbury's land south thirtynine degrees east forty-three perches to the maple tree the place of beginning, containing

SIXTY-FOUR AND ONE-QUARTER ACRES.

be the same more or less. Seized taken in execution at the suit of H. W. Hess vs. T. A. Hartman, and to be sold as the property of T. A. Hartman, L. C. MRNSCH. W. W. BLACK, Attorney.

CHARTER NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the said court on the 18th day of February, A. D., 1905, at ten o'clock in the forencon, under the "corporation Act of 1874" and the supplements thereto, by Joseph Ratti, L. N. Moyer, James C. Brown, F. G. Yorks, E. B. Tustin, C. M. Creveling, A. Z. Schoch, Frank Ikeler, John G. Harman, C. C. Peacock, Grant Herring, George S. Robbins, Paul E. Wirt, L. E. waller, Dr. J. W. Bruaer, Dr. J. J. Brown, Dr. B. F. Gardner, Dr. F. W. Redeker, Dr. S. B. Arment, Dr. J. K., Monigomery, Dr. J. S. John, Dr. G. L. Reagan, Dr. J. H. Bowman, Dr. L. B. Kline for the charter of an intended corporation to be called Bloomsburg Hospital, the charter and objects of which are:

(1) To provide surgical aid and nursing for patients suffering from injuries and medical aid and nursing for sick persons who cannot be properly cared for in their homes.

(2) To receive and give proper care to persons who are convalescent.

(3) To instruct and train men and women in sons who are convalescent.

(3) To instruct and train men and women in

the duties of nursing and attending upon the sick and disabled. And for these purposes to have, possess and eajoy all the rights. benefits and privileges conferred by the said Act and its JOHN G. HARMAN, Solicitors.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Estate of Reuben Boston, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Reuben Boston, late of Fishingcreek twp., deceased, have been grant ed to the utdersigned administrators to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to W. A. BOSTON, Administrators E. M. BOSTON, of Reuben Boston A. N. Yost, Attorney. A. N. Yost, Attorney.

Professional Cards.

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Ent's Building, Court House Square, BLOOMSBURG, PA. J. H. MAIZE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT, Office, in Townsend's Building, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,

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Office in Ent's Building,

W. H. RHAWN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office, Corner of Third and Main Sta CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office with Grant Herring. BLOOMSBURG, PA. Will be in Orangeville Wednesday of

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office in Wells' Building over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg, Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office :- Ent building, over Farmers Na ional Bank. 11-16-99

EDWARD. FLYNN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. CENTRALIA, PA. Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue

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