THE GRANGE

Conducted by J. W. DARROW, Press Correspondent New York State Grance

GLORY OF THE REPUBLIC

An Extract From an Address by Na-

tional Master Anron Jones, The glory of this republic does not tle alone in her vast system of rallways or in the great manufactories placed throughout the length and breadth of the land. More than a hundred years ago-yea, through all periods of the life of our country-the great industry of our country was the agricultural. It was the first, it was the second, it was the third, and today it holds its place among the industrial interests of the nation as being worth more money than any three of the other industries of our country. 1 stand here today as the representative

of that basic industry which underlies the prosperity of every other industry of the nation, which lies at the foundation of the prosperity of the nation

This great order, the Patrons of Husbandry, stands organized for the improvement, the more prosperous condition, of the agricultural interests of this nation. There is not a man engaged in any occupation but is vita! ly interested in the prosperity, the growth, the success, of the order of the Patrons of Husbandry for the reason that if the farmer is successful, if our farms become more productive, there is more business for the railways, and every business and every counting house in all this country receives a benefit from this prosperity.

When the historian of the future shall write the true chronicle of these times and shall give truly and faithfully the causes of the great progress which our country has made I believe that he will write:

First.-The church of Christ. Here is the greatest factor in the civilization of the world, and no comparison of it with any civil institution should be

Second.-Our public schools, where our children are educated to broader views of life and trained for good citizenship. For these schools no expenditure of money properly made is to be considered extravagant.

Third.-The great fraternities established through the country-Masonry, Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias and hundreds of others. These are binding men together, lifting them to a higher plane of living and creating a better citizenship. I bid them all hall and godspeed. Of course even among these great fraternities some are better than others. Of these orders I believe that the Patrons of Husbandry ranks with the highest .- National Master Jones.

ALL AROUND GRANGE FAIR. An Idea That May Be Suggestive to Other Patrons.

Last month the Templeton (Mass.) grange held a successful cattle show and fair. The hall exhibition was a very creditable one and consisted of vegetables, fancy and useful articles and farm products. There was a fair exhibit of cattle, sheep, dogs and swine, also poultry. The music for the day was furnished by a brass band of twenty pieces. There was a coaching parade in the forenoon, with a number of decorated wagons in the procession. There were plowing matches, horse driving contests, foot races and baseball games. In the evening there were a concert and dance in the town hall.

The idea is a good one. Grangers cannot only add to the interest of county fairs by their exhibits and patronage, but they can get up a fair of their own, as Templeton grange has done, with much credit to themselves and the Order.

Field Meetings In Pennsylvania.

The series of field meetings held in twenty-six counties of Pennsylvania during the month of August was largely attended and elicited active interest and cordial approval by Patrons generally. Social committees are entitled to honorable mention for the efficient work they invariably did in making these meetings a great success. Brother A. E. Morse of South Paris, Me., who attended each meeting, won many friends not only by his superior art as an impersonator, elecutionist and entertainer, but by his devotion to the Order and high type of manhood. Grange teachings were promulgated from the platform by state grange speakers and listened to attentively. Evidently active interest in the work of the grange has been stimulated and much done to popularize the Order over the state to the many summer meetings held during 1903 .- A. M. Cornell.

State Master Norris of the New York state grange expects to have a class of 2,500 Patrons to take the seventh degree at the national grange meeting at Rochester in November. Maine had 1,700 two years ago. Surely New York should not fall short of its worthy master's expectations.

The Mercer county (N. J.) Pomona grange held a monster clambake and plenie in August, at which fully 2,000 patrons were present. The grange had Meadquarters on the Trenton fair grounds Sept. 28 to Oct. 2.

Michigan has organized 122 new granges since Dec. 1, 1902. The prize desk plan brought in 1,700 new mem-

West Virginia has over eighty-five subordinate granges and three Pome-Das. Very good for a southern sta*

THE BEST FEEDS FOR SWINE.

Wheat Ground in a Mixture with Corn Most Valuable.

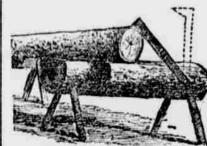
The following regarding feeds for swine is credited to Prof. W. A. Henry: Among the grains ground wheat has been found to have the same feeding value as ground corn. Generally speaking, a bushel of wheat will produce twelve pounds of pork. Wheat for hogs should be ground and fed moistened either with water or milk. Dry whole wheat has not been fed satisfactorily. Even when soaked, a large percentage of the grain passes through the hogs and appears unbroken in the droppings. The best results have been obtained where wheat has been fed ground in a mixture with ground corn

Ground barley has proved about 8 per cent. less valuable for producing gain in hogs five to fourteen months old than ground corn. Pigs relish barley meal most when soaked in a comparatively large amount of water, at least three pounds of water to each pound of meal. Barley is thought especially desirable for growing hogs and to add variety to the ration. Oats in the proportion of one-third ground oa's to two-thirds commeal have been fed with good results. Whole onts scattered thinly on the floor is reported excellent for brood sows when maintenance and not rapid gain is desired. Sorghum-seed meal fed wet had a feeding value of about 55 per cent, of that of cornmeal, Hogs maintained themselves and made some gain on sorghum sirup skimmings alone. When fed with cornmeal good gains were made.

Hogs did not relish pigeon-grass seed alone, but on one-third pigeongrass to two-thirds cornmeal they made nearly as good gains as on cornmeal alone. When pigeon-grass seed was cooked, it appeared more palatable to pigs than when fed raw. When so prepared it may constitute twothirds of the ration. Better gains were made on a ration of two-thirds cooked pigeon-grass seed and one-third cornmeal than on cornmeal alone,

How to Hold a Log.

The illustration below shows an effective device for holding a post or stick of timber while it is being hewn or sawed. A "horse" is made of any good pattern with either rough or sawed timber. To this is pivoted a



"dog" or hook of fron or steel shown in the engraving. The hook is driven into the log to be held in place, and is readily liberated by a few taps from below. Such a device can be made by any blacksmith, and may be light or heavy as desired,

Home Smoked Hams.

There is a great deal of truth in the claim that the hog market is hurt by China, France and Mexico suggests the falling off in consumption of that there are large areas in the Unithams, and Mr. L. H. Kerrick, of Bloomington, Illinols, no doubt gives the key to this in an interview pub- numbers to supply the entire home lished in the Livestock World. He demand. says that the poor curing at the packing houses hits the hog prices hard, and that one can't buy a ham that tastes or smells like ham which is cured there, and adds:

"The only way you can get a ham of that kind is to induce some farmer to part with one that he has cured and ham nowadays in a dining car or a cafe, or at a hotel table? Only the man that has never tasted the kind we used to have at home, where we took time to cure and smoke them gry to smell it cooking. Haven't you kind of ham frying, as you drove by

or near a farm house? If the packers would make such hams as they could from the porkers that comes out of these western feed lots, there would be a lot more of them consumed, and raising them would be more remunerative. There is not much waste in a hog, and it may be farmers will yet find it profitable to make some good hams at home for the market, instead of selling all their hogs to the packer. Something of that kind is, in my judgment, likely to come about if the packer doesn't take thought and give us a better ham."

The Way to Measure a Tree.

Supposing a wood-chopper in the Maine forest is told to get out a mast for a yacht. He knows that he must find a tree that is straight for sixty feet below the branches. It would be very troublesome to climb trees and measure them with a tape measure, so he, without knowing it uses practical trigonometry. He measures off sixty feet in a straight line from the tree, and then he cuts a pole, which, when upright in the ground is exactly as tall as himself. This he plants in the earth his own length from the end of the sixty-foot

mark, For example if he is six feet tall, he plants his six-foot pole fifty-four feet from the tree. Then he lies down on his back, with his head at the end of the line, his feet touching the pole and sights over it. He knows that where his eye touches the tree is almost exactly sixty feet from the ground.-Globe-Democrat.

Every farm ought to have its experimental patch.

A NEW INDUSTRY

\$25,000,000 Worth of Goat Skins Annually Imported.

Farmers of United States Making no Effort for This Golden Harvest.

A new industry is offering itself to the farmers and manufacturers of the United States. The fact that 25,000, 000 worth of goat skins are now annually imported into the United States, and that the enterprising manufacturers are now obliged to send half way around the world for a large share of them, suggests that the farmers of the country have great opportunity to put a large share of this sum into their own pockets, and that the entire sum may be divided between our producers and manufactur-

A statement just presented by the Department of Commerce and Labor, through its Bureau of Statistics, shows that importations of goat skins into the United States are now running at the rate of \$25,000,000 per annum, and that a large share of these are brought from India, China, Arabia and Southeastern Russia. The Increasing popularity of certain classes of kid leather for footwear, as well as gloves, has increased very greatly the demand for goat skins in the United States within recent years. In 1885 the value of goat skins imported was to \$9,000,000; by 1898 it was \$15,000, 000; in 1900 it was \$22,000,000, and in 1903 It was \$25,000,000 in round num-

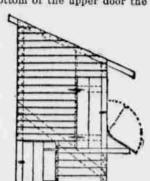
Of this large sum of money sent out of the country to purchase goat skins, \$7,000,000 went to India; nearly \$2,000,000 to China; \$2,500,000 to France, \$1,500,000 to Russia; \$1,500,-000 to Brazil; \$1,000,000 to Argentina, and another \$1,000,000 to Arabia. From India, which took less than \$5. 000,000 worth of merchandise of all kinds from the United States last year, and has increased her purchases from us less than \$2,000,000 in a decade, we have increased our importations of goat skins alone from \$2,

000,000 in 1892 to \$7,500,000 in 1902. From Brazil, which has reduced her imports from the United States from \$15,000,000 in 1895 to \$10,000,000 in 1903, our purchases of goat skins last year were \$1,500,000.

France, Russia, the United Kingdom, Turkey in Europe, Turkey in Asia, Arabia, China, Southern Africa, Argentina and Mexico also contribute liberally to the supply of goat skins to make up the \$25,000,000 worth of this product brought into the United States annually. The farmers of the United States are apparently making no effort to reap any part of this golden harvest for themselves. The census of 1900 showed the total number of goats in the United States to be less than 2,000,000 in number, and when it was understood that the skins of probably 20,000,000 goats were required to make the \$25,000,000 worth imported last year it would be seen that the supply from the United States could have formed but a small share of the total consumption. Yet the fact that a large share of our supply of this import comes from India, ed States which might prosuccessfully and in sufficiently large

Combined Corn-Crib and Pig-Pen.

We illustrate herewith a corn-crib and feeding floor. The illustration shows the end elevation of the crib. It is seven feet wide and eighteen long. The eight posts are of red cedar, eleven feet long on the lower smoked for himself. Who calls for side, and fourteen feet on the upper, and all set two feet deep in the ground. The sides and ends are of fence boards, six inches wide, with cracks between them, one inch wide, for ventilation. The roof projects right-the kind that makes you hun- eighteen inches on the lower side and twelve inches on the upper side. The often caught the fragrance of that sloping part of the floor rests upon joists, one of which is indicated by the dotted diagonal lines, and from the bottom of the upper door the floor



is horizntal, and so projects eighteen inches to support the let-down door. By this means the corn falls to the front, where access to it is obtained by letting down the door as indicated by the segmental dotted line in the engraving. The crib is filled through a door near the top of the highest side, a space two and one-half feet wide, next to the roof, being left the entire length of the crib for that purpose. The upper door in the end gives access to the crib when it is wholly or partially empty. The space below the floor of the crib is used as a pen for pigs or calves, being entered by the lower door shown in the engraving. In front of the crib is a feeding floor for pigs. This floor is fourteen by forty feet, made of inch boards laid loosely upon sleepers, so that they can be removed and stored away when not

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the ignature

Gas Found in Juniata County.

The Union Oil and Gas Company has struck an apparently large pocket of natural gas at its drilling near East Waterford, Juniata county. When the well was sunk the company hoped to strike oil, but the drillers reported that they were wasting their energy and quit their obs. Six weeks afterward Columbus Sarvis, of East Waterford visited the hole and thought he saw flames coming out of it. He touched a match to the pipe and the flames jumped up twenty feet in the air. Then the company started to bore for gas and discovered that the hole had been plugged with ed to bore for gas and discovered iron. The hole was snot with 150 pounds of dynamite, and when the drill was inserted again it dropped down to 1417 feet, 120 feet lower than it had been before. When an attempt was made to plug the opening, the wooden stopper was blown out, and an iron plug will be put

Pensioners Warned-

Pensioners are receiving notices to be on their guard against swindlers. The notices state that bogus pension agents have been going around the country and demanding about \$4,000,000; by 1890 it had grown | \$1 fees for examining their pension papers. The notices warn the pensioners to have nothing to do with any person except those whom they know to be authorized to transact such business.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of C mmon Pleas of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale at the sheriff's Office at the Court House in Bloomsburg, Pa., on

SATURDAY, DEC. 12, 1903, at two o'clock p. m. All the following piece, parcel or tract of land situate in Hemlock township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, beginning at a stone in line of land of Richard Ivey, thence by same north fifty eight degrees west nine and seven tentus perches to a post; thence north six degrees west six and six tenths perches to a point on bank of head race: thence ten and one fourth degrees east two and five tenths perches to a stone; thence north sixty degrees east seven and four tenths perches to a stone in public road leading from Floomsburg to Buck Horn; thence north twenty-three and three quarters degrees east fourteen and two tenths perches to a stone; thence north seventy nine degrees east one and six tenths perches to a corner near a spring house; thence north three degrees west one perch to a stone: thence south fifty-two and one half degrees east two and four tenths perches to a stone; thence south seventeen and three fourths degrees west five and one tenths perches to a stone; thence south two and three fourths degrees west eight and six tenths perches to a stone in the public road; thence south seventy-two degrees east eleven and one tenth perches to a white oak; thence along land of Mary B. Mendenhall south flity degrees weat twenty-one perches to a stone, the place of beginning. Containing TWO ACRES AND NINETEEN

PERCHES, whereon are erected a STEAM and WATER POWER

GRIST MILL, known as the "RED MILL" and three dwelling houses with out-buildings, together with the reserved rights and water rights as set forth in a certain deed of conveyance to ed 28th day of May, A. D. 18-1, recorded in Deed Book No. 33, at page 411, etc. together also with the seven acres of land containing the dam or reservoir of said water power as described and conveyed to I. W. Mc Kelvy by William Ivey and wife, by deed dated 1st day of September, A. D., 1882, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in the county of Columbia aforesaid in Deed Book No. 35, at Nov. 11, 1993.

Restate of Samuel Nuss, late of Mifflin township, deceased. Personalty \$300.00.

Clerk's Office.

Biomsburg. Pa C. M. TERWILLIGER, Nov. 11, 1993. page 354, etc. The land above described being the hame (inter alia) conveved to the said Davenport by Geo. W. Sterner by deed dated 14th day of April, 1899 and recorded in the Recorder's office of said Columbia county in Deed Book No.

67, atpage 529. Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Warren F. Goff vs. I. John Davenport, and to be sold as the property of I. John Davenport. POWELL, Atty. DANIEL KNORR.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an alias writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale at the Sheriff's Office at the Court House in the town of Blooms-

SATURDAY, DEC. 12, 1903, at two o'clock p. m. All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the village of Aristes. Conyngham township, county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: Adjoining land of Isaiah Kreischer, the Lutheran Church, Sylvester Fahringer, fronting on the public road leading from Catawissa to Centralia, whereon are erected a

TWO STORY FRAME DWELL-ING HOUSE and STORE building, barn and other out-buildings. Setzed, taken in execution at the suit of Jane Robbins use vs. Charles Mase and to be sold as

the property of Charles Mase. DANIEL KNORR, Sheriff. C. A. SMALL, W. H. RHAWN, Atty's.

LICENSE APPLICATION. Notice is hereby given that the following named person has filed with the clerk of the Quarter Sessions of Columbia county their petion for license, which will be presented to said Court on Monday, Dec. 7th, 1908 at 10 o'clock

a. m.
Joseph Tretter, residence Centralia Borough.
Hotel in a house situate in the First Ward of
Centralia Borough on the west side of Locust
avenue, bounded on the north by lot of Michaei
O'Conner, on the cast by Locust avenue aforesaid, on the south by lot of the Goldworthy
estate and on the west by an alley, and owned
by Mary Dyke.

C.M. TERWILLIGER,
Clerk's Office,
Bloomsburg, Fa., Nov. 17, '08.

3t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, and will be presented to the said Court on Monday, December 7, A. D., 1903, and confirmed nist, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter will be confirmed absolute.

First and final account of Wm. Chrisman, guardian of the estate of Rachel C. Kile, late of Sugarloaf township, deceased. Prothonotary's Office, C. M. TERWILLIGER

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given to all legateen, credi-tors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors that the of the respective decedents and filters that the following administrators, executors, guardians accounts have been fited in the office of the Register of tournful counts, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court to be held to Ricomsturg, Monday, bee 7, 1802, at a colook p.m. of and day.

No. 1. First and partial account of Margaret Grimes, administratrix of the estate of H. R. Grimes, late of Montour twp, deceased.

No. 2. First and final account of Lay Singles.

No. 2. First and final account of Levi Singley, administrator of estate of Daniel Singley Sr., late of Beaver twp, deceased. No 3. First and final account of Lorinda C deb, administrators of estate of Eliza Argwine late of Greenwood twp, deceased.

No 4 First and final account of E. L. Lemon, administrator d b n. c. t. a of estate of Philip Wilson, late of Fishingcreek twp., deceased. No 5. First and final account of W M. Kitchen, administrator of estate of Daniel S. Kitchen, late of Fishingcreek twp., deceased. No 7. First and final account of J. C. Shultz, acministrator of estate of Harry Shultz, late of Madison twp., deceased.

No. 8. The account of Annie M. Skeer, guardian of Flora A., Lloyd B., and Joseph A. Skeer, minor children of John B. Skeer, late of Bioomsburg, decased; final as to Lloyd B., but first and partial as to Joseph 4. Skeer.

No. 9. First and final account of Fred Brink, executor, estate of John G. Brink, late of Sugarloat twp., decased. No 10. First and final account of J. Bruce Heas, executor, estate of Bosia Appleman, late of Bonton Borough, deceased.

No. 11. First and final account of J. H. Weiliver, administrator of estate of Elizabeth Weiliver, late of Benton twp., deceased.

No. 12. First and final account of J. H. Weiliver, administrator of estate of Jacob Weiliver, late of Benton twp., deceased. No. 15. First and fi. al account of Anna M. Lockard administratrix of estate of Abram Lockard, late of Briancreek twp., deceased. No. 14. First and final account of Chas. M. Kline, administrator of estate of solomon Leiby, late of Cleveland twp, deceased.

Lelby, late of Cleveland twp, deceased.

No. 15. First and final account of Habbah George, arministratrix of estate of Jeremiah George, late of Franklin twp, deceased.

No. 16. First and final account of W. S. Fisher, executor and distribution of estate of Milton D. Masteler, late of Mifflin twp, deceased.

No. 17. First and final account of Calvin R. Remaley, late of Centre twp, deceased.

No. 18. First and final account of Calvin R. Remaley, late of Centre twp, deceased. No. 18. First and partial account of John C. Crisman, administrator of estate of Anna M. Freas, late of Briarcreek twp., deceased.

No 19. First and final account of James T. Fox, administrator of estate of Isaac Klinger-man, late of Beaver twp., deceased. No. 30. First and final account of A. H. Edgar, guardian of Sarah A. Albertson, a weak-minded person, late of Benton Borough, deceased

No. 21. First and partial account of David P. Smith, executor, of estate of John H. Smith, late of Briarcreek twp., deceased. No 12. First and final account of Ira B. Mellenry, guardian of Mary Z. Parker, minor child of Francis M. Parker, late of Jackson twp., deceased.

No. 23. Fourth and partial account of I. W. McKelvy, executor of estate of William McKelvy, late of Bloomsburg, deceased.

No. 54. First and final account of Otto A-Wolf, executor of estate of Catherine Coleman, late of Mt. Pleasant twp, deceased. No. 25. First and final account of P. C. and W. S. Laubach, administrators, estate of I. K. K. Laubach, late of Benton twp., deceased.

No. 26. Second and final account of Andrew Graydon, executor of estate of William Gray-don, M. D., late of Bloomsburg, deceased. No. 27. First and final account of Alice Gingles, administratrix of estate of Thomas H. Gingles, late of Madison twp , deceased. No. 38. First and final account of C. W. Nugent, administrator of estate of Wm. Nugent, late of Berwick, deceased.

No. 29. First and final account of C. W. Nugent, executor of estate of Nancy Nugent, late of Berwick, deceased.

J. C. RUTTER, Ja., Register. Register's Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Nov. 7, 1963.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS. Notice is hereby given that the following Widows' Appraisements will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Columbia County on Monday, December 7, A. D. 1903, by the cierk of said court, and confirmed nisi, and unles exceptions are filled to same within four days they will be confirmed finally.

Estate of Lafayette Trivelpiece, late of Centre township, deceased. Personalty \$299,92. Estate of James M. Rote, late of Millville Borough, deceased. Personalty \$300.03. Estate of Benry Webb, late of Roaringcreek township, deceased. Personalty \$299.95. Estate of Samuel L. Benninger, late of Beaver Estate of John Heacock late of Benton Bordeceased. Personalty \$102.15. Realty Estate of B. F. Girton, late of Greenwood township, deceased. Personalty \$38.00. Realty \$362.00.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fl. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed there will be exposed to public sale at the Sheriff's office at the Court House in the town of Bloomsburg Pennsylvania on

SATURDAY, DEC. 12th, 1903. at two o'clock p. m. All that certain piece, parcel and lot of land situate in the Borough of Centralia, in the county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to-wit: Beginning at a point on the east side of Locust Avenue; thence extending south on said avenue twenty-five feet, thence running east one hundred and forty feet to an alley: thence along said alley north twentyfive feet; thence west one hundred and forty feet to the place of beginning, and being the lot which is marked on the man or plan of said town with the No. 4, in Block No. 74, and being the same premises which David Walsh and wife and C. G. Murphy and wife conveyed to said Charles Petterman by deed dated Sept 25. 1882, and where on is erected a

TWO STORY FRAME DWELL-ING HOUSE.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Caroline Fetterman vs. Charles Fetterman, and to be sold as the property of Charles Fetter-DANIEL KNORR, Sheriff. CLINTON HERBING and RHAWN, Atty's.

→ PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Mrs. Kat's Building, Court House Alluy. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office-Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg., 3d floor. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE. ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT, Office, in Townsend's Building,

BLOOMSBURG, PA. FREEZE & HARMAN, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW

BLOOMSBURG, PA. on Centre Street, first door below Open House,

A. N. YOST, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW I Buildin & Court House Square, CLOOMSBURG. PA

H. A. McKILLIP ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Columbian Building, and Flort. BLOOMSBURG, FA.

RALPH R. JOHN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Hartman Building, Market Square Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office back of Farmers' National Bank. BLOOMSBURG, FA.

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, BLOOMSBURG, PA

Office in Ent's Building,

W. H. RHAWN.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office with Grant Herring. BLOOMSBURG, PA. car Will be in Orangeville Wednesday of each week.

> WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office in Wells' Building over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsbarg, ia. Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Office :- Ent building, over Farmers Na-EDWARD. FLYNN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. CENTRALIA, PA. Omce Liddicot building, Locust avenue MONTOUR TELEPHONE. BELL TPLEPHONE EVES TESTED, GLASSES FITTED.

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(Successor to C. F. Knapp.) GENERAL INSURANCE Office 238 Iron St., BLOOMSBURG, P Oct. 31, 1901. tf .

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