LEO RALLIES AGAIN

Another Remarkable Change In Condition of Pope.

NO WORSE THAN ON MONDAY NIGHT

Patient's State Is Opposed to Every Medical Theory-Supposed to Be Dying, He Greets Cardinals With "Please Be Seated."

ROME, July 15.-Another remarkable rally in Pope Leo's condition has ceurred after a long depression, in the ourse of which his holiness suffered cells of delirium, and at times his rength sank to the lowest ebb, and now lies in no worse condition than was on Monday evening, except for e steady diminution of his strength. gr. Bisleti, master of the chamber, isited the sick room and on emerging stated that the pontiff's condition was unchanged. A little later the pope fell into a sleep, which it has just been announced is fairly tranquil, although the patient's respiration is troublesome.

The rally was characteristically opposed to every medical theory and consisted in getting out of bed, on which two hours previously the pope himself had made all preparations for death. Unsatisfied with this exhibition of vitality, he transacted private business and received four cardinals, with whom he talked in an animated way. In fact, Pope Leo's record, little of which appeared in the official bulletin, would be incredible if it were not confirmed by the doctors and cardinals present in the sick chamber. None seem more perplexed than the doctors themselves. Dr. Lapponi said frankly, "I cannot imagine how the pope manages to keep alive."

According to the physicians, the pontiff may die at any moment, even in the midst of one of those extraordinary intervals when his mind and body present a comparatively sound appearance. All those around the patient have long ceased to hold definite opinions regarding the duration of the pontiff's existence. The slow but progressive diminution of the strength of the august patient foretells the approaching end of the struggle with death, but the doctors will not venture to predict how near the end is. Constant relapses, they say, such as created alarm yesterday, are gradually wearing down the pope's constitution, which seems immune from any specific disease. Most persons are inclined to the idea that Pope Leo may go through perhaps two or three repetitions of the ups and downs till, as Dr. Rosseni puts it, "his pulse stops forever."

Three causes may accelerate the end -viz, continued inability to take nourshment, sudden heart failure or the rogression of the pleuric disease. The atter is thought the least probable. As ay succeeds day it becomes pathologically clear that it is a case of a very old man dying because he has lived his allotted time.

The pope himself ordered the four cardinals to be admitted and received them standing, he who is supposed to be at the point of death saying. "Please be seated." He recounted the impressive ceremony of the morning when he received the benediction of the Franciscan order. The cardinals informed him of the worldwide prayers for his life. Pope Leo answered that he was much gratified, but that he was ready for his final departure, concluding by saying, "God's will be done."

Even more striking was the pope's interview with his secretary, Mgr. Angeli. His holiness sent for him, saying he wished to see certain papers, which the secretary brought. Then after a short explanation Mgr. Angeli wished to get the pope's decision on the matter, but Pope Leo said: "Well, well, not today. We will do that some other

The pope is reported to have said, "If I am destined to die from this illness I feel I shall expire on Thursday, the feast day of the Carmelite Madonna, whom I specially worship."

The night was a rather sleepless one. particularly during the early morning hours. The official bulletin spoke of agitated periods during the night and said that the general condition of the patient was more depressed. The depression was marked and continued throughout the forenoon, at one time assuming an alarming aspect, when the pope became dizzy and seemed to lose his grasp on tangible surroundings.

Outside of the passing periods of depression the general conditions of mental alertness continue. When Drs. Mazzoni and Lapponi made their call the pope inquired about Dr. Rossoni, asking, "Why doesn't he come to see

Being told that Dr. Rossoni was ill. he said, "Tell him he must take care of himself."

It is wonderful what different impresgions people receive of the pope's condition, according to their different temperaments. When Cardinals Farrata, Segna and Cretoni left the sick room together Cardinal Farrata, rubbing his hands together, said: "The holy father is almost convalescent. We shall soon see him in the Vatican gardens again." Cardinal Segna, making the sign of the cross, sighed, "Our beloved pontiff is lost," while Cardinal Cretoni, shaking his head in doubt, exclaimed: "Who knows? He may die; still, he may get

better.' King Victor Emmanuel has given orders to keep the Quirinal palace in readiness, as he may come to Rome at any time from his summer villa near Turin on account of the pope's condition or in case of his death.

West Shore Train Killed Farmer. AMSTERDAM, N. Y., July 14.-Michael O'Hara, a farm hand aged thirtyfive, was struck and instantly killed by a West Shore passenger train at Fultonville on Sunday.

WAS ALMOST LYNCHED.

Negro Who Assaulted Child Was Saved by Quick Witted Sheriff.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 15.-The quick wit of a deputy sheriff at Coxsackie prevented the lynching of James Little, a nineteen-year-old negro hailing from Summerhurst, N. J., who near New Baltimore criminally assaulted Emma Cole, aged eleven years, daughter of Joseph Cole, a farmer living one mile back of New Baltimore. The child, with her five-year-old sister and Maud Lobdell, aged twelve, was picking berries by the roadside in the long woods between New Baltimore and Coxsackie, a mile from home, when Little accosted them, asking for something to

The Lobdell girl went to her home, but her mother was not there, and, returning to her companions, she found the negro dragging Emma Cole Into the woods. She ran to her aid, and the negro pulled out a handful of her hair. She then ran away, with the little Cole girl screaming for help, while Little dragged his victim into the woods and assaulted her, then ascaping after threatening her with death if she

In the meanwhile news of the capture reached New Baltimore, and a mob of 150 enraged farmers started for Coxsackle, augmented by a large number of striking Coxsackie molders and river men, all frankly vowing their intention to lynch the negro.

Deputy Sheriff Vanloon, realizing that the coming of darkness would mean the breaking of the filmsy local lockup and the violent death of his prisoner, smuggled the negro out and took him down the river on the boat to Catskill, where there is a well built

The Cole girl is seriously injured, but may recover. Her father and the neighboring farmers are in a terrible state of excitement and but for the deputy's quick action would certainly have lynched the negro.

CAME DOWN ON THEM.

Tent of Christian Endeavor Convention Blown Over.

DENVER, July 14 .- The big tent Endeavor, where the Christian Endeavor convention has been held for the past four days, was blown over at a late hour yesterday, more than 8,000 people being in the tent at the time.

The injured numbered nearly a score, but fortunately none of them was seriously hurt. Mrs. Jessie M. Thornburgh of Denver was the most seriously injured. Her nose was badly gashed, and she suffered several scalp wounds.

The convention was in full progress at the time of the accident, and, although there were signs of rain and some wind was blowing, no trouble was anticipated by the management. The sides of the tent had been raised to admit air, and this enabled the wind to lift up the big canvas as if it were a balloon. The gust that turned the tent over came so suddenly that no preparation could be made to forestall the consequences, and when the wind swept under the tent the top puffed out like an immense sail, the smaller guy ropes were pulled from their places, and in a moment more the big poles were drawn from the ground.

Immediately the 8,000 occupants of the tent were in a panic, heightened by the screams of hundreds of women. Mr. Ramsey sprang to a chair and called loudly on the men to hold up the canvas and catch the large supporting poles as they fell. Hundreds of men sprang to their feet and successfully carried out the Chicago man's suggestion and thus averted serious consequences from the accident. More than 1,000 people who had been seated near the walls of the tent escaped the folds, and these immediately formed themselves into a rescue corps. Those who had fainted and those suffering from slight injuries were quickly removed to the hospital tent.

PETITION TO RUSSIA.

President Roosevelt Confers With Jewish Citizens.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 15 .- An important conference has been held at Sagamore Hill between the president and representative Jewish citizens of the Society of the B'nai B'rith regarding the petition to the Russian government on the Kishineff outrages. Besides the president, the parties to the conference were Simon 8. Wolf of Washington, Oscar S. Straus and Leo N. Levi of New York.

The result of the conference at Sagamore Hill has not been disclosed yet, but a strong intimation is given that the petition may not be forwarded to

the Russian government. It is suggested that the whole matter may be resolved into a brief statement through diplomatic channels to the Russian foreign office that such a petition is in the hands of the United States government, thus leaving it to Russia to say whether it would or would not receive the document if it

were presented. President Roosevelt is delighted over the success of the American riflemen in recapturing the Palma trophy in England. The following cablegram regarding the contest was received from the secretary of the National Rifle Association of America, now in London:

"American rifles, ammunition and men have won a victory over Great Britain, France, Norway, Australia, Canada and Natal and bring back the Palma trophy."

The president responded as follows: "Accept my heartiest congratulations for the American victory."

Paper Mills Burned. HOOSICK FALLS, N. Y., July 15 .-The mills of the Stark Paper company, located at Sodom, a small settlement outside Hoosick Falls, have been destroyed by fire. The loss is about \$25,-000; partially covered by insurance.

A NINETY MILE RIDE

General Nelson A. Miles Made It In Nine Hours.

RIDER SHOWED NO SIGNS OF FATIGUE

Trip Was Taken to Show That Army Commander Is Still a Stordy Soldier-Reviews Troops on Arrival at Fort Reno.

EL RENO, Okla., July 15.-Lientenant General Nelson A. Miles completed a horseback ride from Fort Sill, I. T., to Fort Reno, Okla., a distance of ninety miles, in nine hours and ten minutes. The first thirty-five miles was made in record time, the distance being covered in two hours and twenty-five minutes. Upon completing the trip General Miles



showed no signs of fatigue and forty minutes after his arrival at Fort Reno reviewed the troops stationed at that post. The ride was taken, it is stated, to demonstrate that General Miles at the age of retirement is still a sturdy man.

General Miles spent Monday morning inspecting Fort Sill, resting in the afternoon preparatory to taking his long ride. There was a large crowd at the fort when General Miles came from the commandant's house shortly after 4 o'clock to make the start. He was booted and spurred and wore a campaign military suit. As the general started off at 5:10 a. m. he was cheered lustily. He was accompanied by Captain Sayre of the Eighth cavalry.

The weather was cool at the start, but became intensely hot. Anadarko. Okla., thirty-five miles distant from Fort Sill, was reached in two hours and twenty-five minutes. The ride was made in ten mile relays, soldiers stationed along the line furnishing fresh horses. Lunch consumed twenty minutes, and it is estimated that fifty minutes were spent in changing mounts and in other small delays. This made the actual time spent in the saddle eight hours.

A salute was fired as General Miles entered Fort Reno at 2:20 p. m. He showed no signs of weariness as he dismounted and said, "I enjoyed every moment of the trip, and there was one time that I felt particularly good; that was when I came up to the men who had charge of the pack teams just south of the Canadian river. They had lunch ready, and I enjoyed it with them. It made me feel extra good."

Immediately after reviewing the troops at Fort Reno General Miles, accompanied by Colonel Maus, drove to El Reno and caught the train for Fort Riley,

PALMA TROPHY OURS.

The American Rifle Team Wins at Bisley.

LONDON, July 13 .- The American rifile team has won the match for the Palma trophy at Bisley, near London. The victory of the American riflemen was celebrated by a Palma trophy banquet given by the International Rifle association at the Trocadero, London. Among those present were the members of the contesting teams and a number of distinguished British officials.

Founded in 1875 by the National Rifle Association of the United States for the long range rifle championship of the world, this trophy after lying, "the world forgetting and by the world forgot," for more than a score of years at Washington was brought out in 1901 and won by a Canadian team, who in 1902 were beaten by a British team. Now a United States team has come over to old England and, as is the habit of Americans when they set their minds to anything, they will return with the shield in their baggage.

Standing of the Baseball Clubs. NATIONAL LEAGUE

		W. L	P.C
	Pittsburg	50 21	.69
t	New York	45 25	.642
	Chicago	44 31	.590
	Cincinnati	36 34	.51
	Brooklyn	35 35	.60
	Boston	28 41	400
51	St. Louis	26 48	35
t.	St. Louis. Philadelphia	22 45	300
	AMERICAN LA	CACITIE	
٠.,	Testeral Action 1977	W. L	PC
	Boston	45 20	.02
1	Boston. Philadelphia	41 30	
•	Cieveland	37 31	. 54
•	New York	34 31	.52
	Detroit	33 34	.46
20	Chicago	33 34	45
	St. Louis	29 36	.44
	Washington	20 45	3 .28

To Extinguish Burning Mine. HANNA, Wyo., July 15 .- Fifty ex pert miners have arrived here from Rock Springs and others are en route from Diamondville, Cumberland and Spring Valley. These men have had years of experience in fighting mine fires, and they will make a last effort to extinguish the flames and reach the bodies of the victims of the Union Pacific mine disaster.

Kishineff Murderer Found. KISHINEFF, Russia, July 15 .- The murderer of the boy Doubassary, whose death was charged to the Jews and which was the immediate cause of the massacre, has been discovered. He is a gardener and has confessed that he and the boy's uncle committed the and the boy's above and the boy's above arrived the new governor of Kishineff, Prince Urusoff, has exchanged visite

with the leadings Jews of this city.

COTTON WELL PLEASED.

PORTSMOUTH, England, July 15 .-With the reception given on board Rear Admiral Cotton's flagship Kearsarge the official visit of the American squadron to England terminated. The royal yacht Victoria and Albert will leave Portsmouth harbor today and receive the salutes of the war ships as she steams out. When outside Spithead Admiral Cotton will transfer his flag to the Chicago and proceed with the Sau Francisco and Machias to Lisbon, while the Kearsarge will begin her speed trial across the Atlantic.

"Our reception in England has been most cordial and enthusiastic," said Rear Admiral Cotton. "Nothing could exceed the courtesy extended to us on all sides, from the king and Prince of Wales, the officials of the government and officers of the army and navy to the people of London and Portsmouth. I have no doubt that the result of the visit of the American squadron will prove beneficial in the extreme and that it will tend to strengthen the cordial relations which have long existed between the two countries."

In order to provide a satisfactory buoy for the Kearsarge the royal yacht was moved to another position, her place being accupied by Admiral Cotton's flagship. Captain Hemphill of the Kearsarge has received instructions to clean the war ship's propellers, fill her bunkers with the best coal and go at the highest speed, with natural draft, to Frenchman's bay, Maine. This is the first occasion in time of peace that an American battle ship has been subjected to such a severe test. It recalls a similar voyage of the battle ship Oregon during the war with

FATE OF MISS SELVAGE.

Murdered by Grave Robbers and Buried Near Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 15 .-Acting on statements made by Rufus Cantrell, chief of the convicted band of Indiana grave robbers, officers, accompanied by Cantrell, visited the Union Chapel cemetery near Nora, eleven miles from Indianapolis, and two graves were opened. It was in one of these, according to Cantrell, that would be found the body of Miss Carrie Selvage, an Indianapolis schoolteacher, who disappeared from the Union State hospital March 11, 1900, and was never

According to the story told by Cantrell, two men found the woman wandering on a country road as they were returning from a grave robbing expedition on the morning of her disappearance. They invited her into their buggy, found she was demented and took her to a cabin in Hamilton county. where she was kept for weeks. She was moved later to a hut in Indianapolis, and when the search for her became close they chloroformed her and buried her body in the Union Chapel cemetery.

ACCIDENT IN YOSEMITE.

Mrs. Johns of New York Is Alone on the Mountains Fifteen Hours. YOSEMITE VALLEY, Cal., July 15.

-Mrs. A. E. Johns of New York has met with a terrible accident in the mountains of the Yosemite near here. A relief party found Mrs. Johns' position to be critical in the extreme Her escape from a frightful death had been nothing less than miraculous. She had fallen a distance of 300 feet from the crevasse walls and had partially broken her fall by catching at juniper bushes and scrub trees as she plunged through their branches.

Mrs. Johns is suffering much from nervous shock, but as no bones were fractured she will recover.

Charged With Starting Forest Pires. GLENS FALLS, N. Y., July 15.—Sam Pasco was arraigned in the Warren county court at Lake George, charged with setting no less than twenty forest fires. These are alleged to have been started during the conflagrations of early June. Pasco is also charged with stealing timber, with assault in the first degree and with burglary in the third degree. Pasco is a man of enormous physical strength and is over six feet in height, a dead shot and a typical mountaineer. He pleaded not guilty and asked that counsel be assigned to defend him.

Burglar Captured.

JOLIET, Ill., July 15. - A stranger giving the name of William Warren has been captured at Mokena, near here, after a desperate battle with police and citizens. Warren's arrest followed a burglary in the village. In his possession were several skeleton keys. a revolver and a bottle containing sufficient nitroglycerin to have destroyed several buildings. The police are investigating the man's record.

New York Markets.

New York Markets.

FLOUR-Unsettled and rather weak, with bids still further reduced; Minnesota patents, \$4.4004.70; winter straights, \$3.650, 5.85; winter extras, \$2.9063.20; winter patents, \$3.9074.20.

WHEAT-Declined under a renewal of liquidation, coupled with fine weather through the west and predictions of showers in spring wheat sections; September, \$14.4813.6c.; December, \$14.5813.6c.; December, \$14.5813.6c.; December, \$14.5813.6c.; December, \$10.581593.6c.; c. i. f., New York; No. 2 western, 60c., f. o. b., afloat. affoat.

CORN—Also weaker, following good weather and the wheat decline; September, 564,9564;c. December, 564,9564;c. OATS—Dull and easier; track, white, state, 43949c.; track, white, western, 43945c.

PORK-Easy; mess, \$16.50@17.25; family, LARD-Weak; prime western steam, 7.90c.
BUTTER—Steady; state dairy, 14@20c.;
extra creamery, 20-gc.
CHEESE—Steady to firm; state, full
ream, faney, small, colored, 10c.; small,
white, 10c.; large, colored, 10c.; large,
white 10c.; large, colored, 10c.; large,

CHEESE-Steady to firm; state, full rream, faney, small, colored, 10c.; small, white, 10c.; large, colored, 10c.; large, white, 10c.
EGGS-Firm; state and Pennsylvania firsts to extras, 17618½c.; western extras, 18618¼c.
TURPENTINE-Steady at 51661½c.
RICE-Firm; domestic, 4½64½c.; Japan nominal. TALLOW-Dull; city, 4%e.; country, 4%

HAY-Dull; shipping, sousse,; good to

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What The Trackles Trolley Is.

One of the principal topics of conversation now is the Freeland Electric Coach Co., which is virtually a branch of the Trackless Trolley Co. of Scran- Lard, per pound It is a new and claimed to be practical Oats, means for running cars or coaches without track rails. In France and Germany there is a similar system in use. The idea of the trackless car is somewhat like the automobile except that the latter is propelled within itself. The system to be used in Freeland differs from others in having a pair of trolley wheels pressed apart against two trolly wires, one of which Calf skin is for the return current. By having the trolley wheels thus horizontal, as in the usual under running trolley, the trolley poles can reach any distance up to fifteen feet on either side without jumping the trolley, and so give a total of thirty feet, thus the width of an ordinary street or road can be freely traversed by the coaches.

Any common grade may be climbed which is now made by an automobile, the question of grade resolving itself into one of power. The vehicles are equipped with two ten horse power motors. Hard rubber tires are used on asphaltum or macadamized roads wire is used in the trolley lines. The coaches are arranged to carry from 25 to 30 people. In the winter a large trolley roller will be used to pack down the snow in the roadway. The cost of putting up the trolly wires and supports is about \$1,600 per mile and of coaches with motors and trolley complete \$2,600.

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THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS. CORRECTED WERKLY. RETAIL PRICES. Butter, per pound.....\$ Eggs, per dozen..... do ****** Flour per bbl.4.00 to 4 60 Shoulder, do Bacon, do Bacon, Dried apples, per pound...... Cow hides, do Corn meal, cwt..... Bran, cwt, Chickens, spring, per pair......do do old..... 75 12 18 Terkeys do COAL. 14 Number 6, delivered...... do 4 and 5 delivered..... do 6, at yard. do 4 and 5, at yard

This is a great country, but it almost bewilders one to contemplate and flat steel on country roads. OO the running expenses of the government. This year the actual governmental expenses will be about six hundred and fifty-two millions of dollars, including one hundred and forty-two millions of dollars for the postal service which is well nigh self-sustaining. The income, however, is sufficient to meet this enormous expense and leave a surplus of forty-three millions. The surplus last year was ninety-one millions of dollars.