THE COLUMBIAN, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

AMAZING STATISTICS.

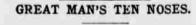
The Tremendous Monetary Force Wielded by United States Insurance Companies.

Probably very few people who live and work outside the money markets have ever paused to consider the tremendous monetary force wielded by the insurance companies of the United States. The amount of money that these concerns handle is enormous, says Success. One may read that at present the 67 leading life insurance companies of the United States hold securities of all kinds that aggregate more than \$1,500,000,000, Imagination fails to grasp such figures. It is equivalent to saying that there are 1,500 banks in the country, each of which has \$1,000,000 which it must keep invested.

Striking as these figures are, they do not include the holdings of the lesser insurance companies, and they pay no heed to the money controlled by the little multitude of large and small fire insurance companies.

Of course, the bulk of the money held by an insurance company has to be invested; that is to say, every dollar not needed for running expenses and for the prompt payment of claims. It is like a fairy tale of finance when one reads what use is made of the millions on millions paid to insurance compan-

During the year 1901, for example, the total of the incomes of the 67 leading life insurance companies was something like \$376,000,000. Of this money about \$175,000,000 was paid to policy holders or to their heirs. More than \$77,000,000 was disbursed for operating expenses. Still, more than \$120,000,000 was left.



Were Made of Silver to Supply the Place of the Natural Organ Lost in a Duel.

In his lecture before the last meeting of the Chemical Society of Washington upon the Old Chemical Society of Prague, Bohemia, organized during the middle ages, under the reign of Rudolph II., Dr. H. Carrington Bolton had occasion to call attention to the somewhat wellknown fact that Tycho Brahe, who, by the way, was a member of this, the earliest chemical society of Europe, wore a silver nose. It appears that when a young man the great astronomer fought a duel in which he had the misfortune to lose that important member and was obliged to wear a silver one instead, says the Washington Post.

"This," Dr. Bolton stated, "he was in the habit of removing at night when he slept, and one night his favorite dog managed to gain possession of his master's silver nose, which, after he had played with it all night long, was of very little service the day following. Tycho was in great distress the next morning when, after an hour' search, he found his precious nose battered and chewed out of all shape and service. In order, therefore, to avoid future accidents Tycho hied him to the silversmith's and had ten silver noses made in place of the one. One of these," said Dr. Bolton, "was preserved in one of the museums of Germany until the beginning of the nineteenth century when, by some mishap, it disappeared and thus far has not been recovered."

TREE PLANTING HINTS.

Much Depends on Preparation of the Soil and Doing the Work Just at the Right Time.

A hole should be dug three feet wide and 20 inches deep, the tree being placed in the center, and the hole filled in with rich soil. Different varieties of trees require different depths in the soil. You will find a mark on all trees showing the depth that they should grow. Plant two inches deeper than they originally grow in the nursery rows. This will allow for settling.

Before filling in the soil around the roots of the tree straighten the roots in proper position and fill in with rich earth, tramping the earth solid around the roots. If any part of the roots is broken by digging, prune back from the under side of the root to the live wood. Leave branches as low as possible to the ground; this will shade the body of the tree.

Trees are damaged from the south and the southwest by the rays of the sun.

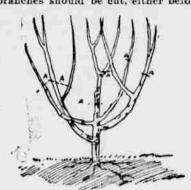
The current of sap that feeds the roots comes from the leaves of the tree. The water which falls on the leaves follows down the leaf stem to the bark of the tree. When examined stops the flow of sap that feeds the roots, thereby enabling insects to more successfully attack the trees. There are numerous things to prevent this. First, the trees should be washed to kill the insects in the months of April and May. This will destroy the germs that make the worms and the borers. Such can be prevented with a very little expense. There are numerous chemicals that will kill the insects, but the cheapest and best thing you can use is to make a solution of soft soap; say, take five boxes of concentrated lye and 35 pounds of lard, boil into a slurry, set aside and cool. Use as whitewash. This rule of washing will apply to all shrubs and vines.

The main feature in getting the trees and plants to grow is not to plant too deep and to plant with rich earth and have the earth solid around the plants when planted, and not to plant too late in the season, when the stock is in bud.-St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

PRUNING ROSE BUSHES.

Valuable Suggestions by Prof. S. T. Maynard on a Subject of Universal Interest.

Next to a rich soil, the number and perfection of the blossoms produced upon a rose bush depend upon the way in which the canes are pruned. Fig. represents a rather large two-year-old rose bush as received from the nursery, the dotted lines showing where the branches should be cut, either before



WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent. Washington, May 4, 1903.

sent to the organization, showed the people of the South were to deter-Your correspondent yesterday interviewed a gentleman who happened to be in Washington at this time, asking him his opinion in regard to the crop belittle the evidence it contains on death of the Crumpacker agitation, of scandals in public services which the ground that it is a mere reiteration as any reduction of representation by have lately sprung to light in official circles. This man, at one time prominently connected with one of the is the grave accusation that the comdepartments, and in a position to know whereof he speaks, does not and provisions which formed part of take the reported investigations too the rations, and also turnished for the would be loath to give. Nor is there seriously. For reasons that will be readily realized he does not desire to camps. In spite of all the efforts of be directly quoted, but since he is out your correspondent to get an expresot public life for good, he can hold an unbiassed opinion of affairs and need action would follow the charges prehave no fear to speak his mind. He ferred by the Commanding General, its ranks to handicap the party any characterizes the hue and cry over the he could get no satisfactory answer scandals as a Republican honse-clean- from offidials, high or low. In the embroiled in the race question which ing in order that the party may pre- course of his efforts, however, he sent a clean sheet to the people. That grave disorders do exist he does not doubt, but that drastic reform the administration has been involved, cality. measures will follow he does not believe. It was impossible to keep the with a microscope you will find that the wood is perfectly porous. Any-some dismissals from the Postoffice contemplated" some dismissals from the Postoffice thing that disturbs the bark of the tree will follow, but these only in the most heinous cases, the axe falling, for the most part on the heads of superannuated officers, and inoffensive women who are not workers for the party.

> The navy is still having its troubles and the establishment of a general staff to look into the defects which are every day more apparent in the conduct of the affairs of the Navy Department is being urged as a cloak like Charity, to cover the multitude of sins under the incompetent reign of Secretary Moody. Foreign naval officers are calling attention to the great proposition of accidents which the American vessels, and almost all resulting from ignorance either of equipment or fundamental principle of navigation. Not long ago, there was an epidemic, it seemed, of running our best vessels on the rocks, and at present there is a plethora of accidents through detective ordinance or careless handling of the same. The cliques of the Department, and particularly that which is absolutely controlled by the determination that no enlisted man shall be able to work up to an officership, as can be done in the army, are being openly accused of the responsibility of much of the rottenness that exists.

*** The administration is making futile endeavors to keep down the PortoRico and Alaskan scandals, and to some extent they will be able to gloss things over, but with an unswerving sense of justice the local authorities of Porto Rico announce that the course of justice cannot be interfered with by departmental orders from Washington, and announce unhesitatingly that the judicial branch of the government cannot fulfill its mission and be subservient to requests from the executive branch.

of facts already known, but in addition the Republicans would simply be a to the charges of wanton cruelty there recognition of the principle of dismissary officers trafficked in the rice famished natives of the concentration sion of opinion as to what course of learned the significant fact that in this as in other serious difficulties in which problems to confront them in their lothe course of the department is outlined in the following words by Seccontemplated". The decision of the Supreme Court

undoubtedly give. The request of Swanson of Virginia, when seen by the Boston Reform Club to the War your correspondent were much elated

Department and the wish of General over the action of the supreme court

Miles that a copy of the report be in upholding the principle that the

on the question of negro suffrage settles once and for all the mooted problem of reduction of Congressional representatives in the states which have taken the stand that they may determine for themselves who are fit or unfit to constitute voters. Representative Livingston of Georgia and

For Piles. Sample mailed free. One application gives relief.

The continued use of Humphreys' Witch Hazel Oil permanently cures Piles or Hemorrhoids-External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning, Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate-cure certain. Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and \$1.00. Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.



RAILROAD TIME TABLE ACKAWANNA

Railre	oad.
BLOOMSBURG	DIVISION.

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad. Schedule in effect Nov. 16, 1902 NORTHWARD. A. M. A. M. P M P. M. STATIONS.
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 Kipps Run.
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 South Danville.
 f 7 11 10 17
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ferson.

Department that it would not be po mine the political status of the negro litic to withhold the information long- as far as they were concerned. B th er. Efforts are now being made to of these gentlemen see in .his test toe franchisement from which there could never be an appeal, and a virtual acquiescence which the republicans any danger that the next session of congress will be seriously inclined to take up the discussion for it is generally understood that the Republican party has too many dissensions within further by getting the North and East those sections of the country seem bound to settle although they have *** The design for the Thomas Jeffer-

son Memorial has just been published by the Committee of the Memorial Association. This monument to the founder of the Democracy will be erected in Washington and will take the form of a replica of the Athenian Parthenon, acknowledged to be the most beautiful aud perfectly proportioned building in the world. This type of pure Greek architecture will harmonize with the general style of the public buildings of the national capital. There will be some modifications from the original: for example the procession of Athenian youths in the original will be replaced with a historical frieze depicting the events in the history of this country which hinged directly on the creative genius of Jef-

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY. In effect November 16, 1992.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Potta ville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.37 11.30 a m, 5:3 cm Yille, innovation, weekdays, 7.37 a m 333 pm For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.37 a m 333 pm For Davine and Milton, weekdays, 7.37 a m 230 f. 30, p. m.
For Kupert weekdays 7.37, 11:30 a m 12:20 5.33, 6.30, p. m.
For Kupert weekdays 7.37, 11:30 a, m. 12:20 5.33, 6.30, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSPERG. Leave New York via Philadelph & 5.00 p m, and via Easton vio a.m. Leave Philadelphia 10.21 s.m. Leave Philadelphia 10.21 s.m. Leave Reading 12.16 p.m. Leave Reading 12.16 p.m. Leave Tamaque 1.29 p.m. Leave Williamsport Weekday 5.0 (0 s.m. 6.2

p. m. Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6 26, 8,20 a. m. Las, 3,36 p.m. Leave Rupert, weekdays, 6 44, 8,28, 11,40 m. m. 1,38, 3,46 p. m. ATLANTIC CITY R. R.

From Chestau	t St. and Sout	h st. Ferries.
PLANTIC CITY, 6.00 A. M., Ecc. 7.00 A. M., Exc. 9.00 A. M., Ex. 9.00 A. M., Ex. 9.00 A. M., Ex. 9.00 A. M., Ex. 9.00 P. M., Ex. 1.30 P. M., Ex. 1.30 P. M., Ex. 5.00 P. M., Ex. 5.00 P. M., Ex. 5.00 P. M., Ex.	and the second s	OCE AN CITY 54" - 30 A. M. - 84.55 A. M. - 94.15 A. M. + 14.40 P. M. + 154.10 P. M. + 165.40 P. M. 8EA ISLE 547.30 A. M. * 84.5 A. M. * 84.5 A. M. + 05.40 P. M. + 05.40 P. M.

"" Daily, "f"sundays, "" Weekdays, "f Saturday, "i" via Subway, "b" South St. 4.00 "" South St. 6.20 "a" South St. 1.30, "k" does not connect for Eagles Mere Saturday night ot connect for English \$"\$1.00 Excursion. Detailed time tables at ticket offices. A. T. DICE, gDSON J. WEEKS, A. T. DICE, Gen'l Pass. Agt.



\$25.00 down and \$10.00 per month. Organs, \$10.00 down, \$5.00 per month. Lib-eral discount for cash. Sheet music, at onehalf price. Musical merchandise of all kind

We handle Genuine Singer High Arm

SEWING MACHINES,

\$5.00 down and \$3.00 per month. We also handle the Demorest Sewing Mac'sine, from \$19.50 and upwards. Sewing Machine Needles and Oil for all makes of Sewing eave \$ 7 32 10 35 1 2 36 1 6 08 Machines. Best mal es of

ATTEVER

BALSAM

WASH MACHINES

ELECTRIC ANESTHESIA.

Temporary Loss of the Motor Senses Through the Application of the Current.

A French investigator has been experimenting with the electric current to produce anesthesia. After duly fortifying himself with a number of experiments upon animals he extended his researches to the human body. experimenting at first upon himself, He finds by applying a current, the exact character of which is not stated, to the body, through moistened elec-trodes, placed one on the forehead and the other over the small of the back, that with a voltage of 50 complete inhibition takes place. The faculty of speech is first lost, followed finally by the inhibition of the functions of the other motor senses. It is asserted that its only disagreeable feature is that which accompanies the gradual loss of the faculties, resulting in a sensation of a nightmare. The heart is said to be unaffected, but the breathing is somewhat obstructed. The current strength is gradually applied, about five minutes being occupied in reaching the maximum. When the current is switched off the subject awakens at once and with a "feeling of invigoration."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physi cians, as the damage they do is ten fold to the good you can possibly de rive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

PRUNED AS TRANSPLANTED. planting or immediately after. The

result of this pruning or heading back will be to encourage numerous side shoots to start, resulting in the condition shown in Fig. 2, the light lines representing the old canes and the small growth coming from them. If the soil is rich, a few strong shoots will be produced from the base of the bush, as shown by the heavy lines. In pruning for the second year's growth, the small, old wood is all cut away at the dotted lines a a a a, in Fig. 2, and the strong shoots headed back to the lines x x x x x x. Fig. 2, which will

give the plant somewhat the appear-

Fie 2 SECOND YEAR'S PRUNING.

ance of the bush pruned just after planting.

If every large specimens or prize flowers are desired, these strong canes must be cut back to two or three buds, but if the bushes are grown more for decoration or quantity, rather than size, these canes must be cut as shown. In allowing strong canes to come up from the base of the bush, the lower down they come the better. If budded or grafted, one must watch and destroy any that start from below the bud, as these will produce only single flowers and take all the strength from the shoots starting from the bud or graft.

As shown in the cuts, the bud must be set below the surface of the soil four or five inches, which will check this tendency of the growth of the stock and encourage a growth of roots from the bud or graft.-Prof. S. T. Maynard, in Farm and Home.

Trim up the raspberry and blackberry bushes and stake them in place if not stock enough to stand close and compact of themselves.

*** On top of all this trouble from forces which the administration has nurtured, there comes additional evidence against Republican management in the report of General Miles on the abuses which he tound to exist in the Philippines. He made a tour of personal inspection and has his evidence at first hand, and not from long range testimony manipulated through Congressional investigation. It is s mificant that the War Department has kept this report from the public for so long a time, and it may never have seen the light of publicity if it hal not been repeatedly requested by those who knew that such a report had been made, and who wanted what further light on the question of the management of the Philippines as such an important document would



Eight cents a pound is what a young woman paid for twelve pounds of flesh.

She was thin and weak and paid one dollar for a bottle of Scott's Emulsion, and by taking regular doses had gained twelve pounds in weight before the bottle was finished.

Eight cents a pound is cheap for such valuable material. Some pay more, some less, some get nothing for their money. You get your money's worth when you buy Scott's Emulsion.

We will send you a little free.

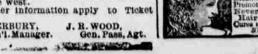
SCOTT & BOWNE, CHEMISTS, New York 409 Pearl Street, am am pm pm LEBAVE Correctedito Jan. 30, 1902 ABBIVE 50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

	BLOOMSBUR In effect January 2	South Danville}	7 11		
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