

ODELL SENDS A VETO

Bill to Centralize State Hospital Control Killed.

NO NEW YORK CITY LIGHTING PLANT

Canal Debate Rehearsed on Two Amendments - "Public Robbery and a Stupendous Humbug," Says Senator Malby.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 22.-Governor Odell has put an end to the reports that he was behind the Rampfberger bill to centralize control of the state insane hospitals by sending a veto message to the senate.

"This bill, with some of whose features I am in accord, provides such a radical departure from existing laws governing the institutions under the control of the commission in lunacy that I have been led to disapprove it."

The miniature of the original canal debate occurred in the senate on Senator Hill's two concurrent resolutions to amend the constitution so as, first, to permit the payment of the canal debt from any surplus in the treasury, and, second, to extend the time limit of canal bonds from eighteen to fifty years.

The vote on the first resolution was 20 to 11. All the negative votes on both propositions were Republican. It was on the fifty year bond proposition that the debate grew lively.

Senator Malby did not mince his words. "This is a measure," said he, "to notify this generation that it will not be required to pay for all the crimes it commits, but that some of them will pass on to posterity as inheritance from their forefathers."

"This allows the matter to go before the people a little less bald, a little less like public robbery, but it is still a stupendous humbug."

These amendments if passed by the assembly and by the next legislature will be submitted to the people in 1904.

The senate refused to disagree with an adverse report of the cities committee on the Elsborg bill permitting New York city to establish a municipal lighting plant.

Senators Elsborg and Grady dissented from the report. Senator Elsborg's motion to disagree with the committee's adverse report and to advance the bill to a third reading was defeated by a vote of 18 yeas to 28 nays after a lively debate, during which Senator Martin denounced a lobbyist whose name he did not give.

The bill of Senator Goodsell and Mr. Bedell forbidding the establishment of any hospital camp for consumptives in any county without the formal consent of the county and town authorities was first defeated and later reconsidered and passed by the assembly.

The first vote was 66 yeas and 62 nays, failing of the required 75 yeas to make a constitutional majority. The final vote was 88 yeas and 36 nays.

There was a party division in the senate on the Hughes bill making it a misdemeanor for any labor organization to discriminate against a workman because he is a member of the national guard, and the measure was passed by a vote of 28 to 19.

The debate that preceded the passage of the bill was characterized by bitterness.

Havana Theaters Closed. HAVANA, April 22.-All the theaters of Havana and the Jal Alal were closed last night as a reprobation against the action of the provincial council in ordaining the use of a stamp tax on tickets by which the receipts of every public amusement are taxed 5 per cent.

The theater managers of the city visited President Palma and the secretary of the interior and lodged complaints. Later they argued before the provincial council, urging the rescinding of the reduction of this tax.

The tax is heavier than that which was once imposed under the Spanish provincial government.

A Fast Ocean Voyage. NEW YORK, April 22.-The new North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II., the longest and swiftest of ocean crossers, has arrived here on her maiden voyage.

On her trip the great steamship averaged 23.80 knots an hour, her contract speed calling for 23 1/2 knots. It is expected that before very long the new steamship will be reeling off an average speed of 24 knots.

This vessel promises to come pretty near the five day mark before she is laid away for repairs next winter.

Mexican Earthquake; Ten Dead. CITY OF MEXICO, April 22.-Ten workmen engaged in making a tunnel on the Mexican Central's extension at Tuxpan, in the state of Jalisco, lost their lives in a cave in caused by several earthquake shocks coming in rapid succession.

The first shock caused the falling of interior working, and when the gang of workmen went to clear away the debris they were caught by a second cave in, which resulted from fresh shocks.

No Word From the President. CINCINNATI, Mont., April 22.-Secretary Loeb has received no word from the president. Mr. Roosevelt will complete his tour of the park today and will come to the post, where Mr. Loeb will join him.

The remainder of the party will go in tomorrow morning.

New Stock Exchange Dedicated. NEW YORK, April 22.-The Stock Exchange moved into their new building today, but no business was transacted, the day being given over to the dedication ceremonies.

Frosts May Injure Fruit Crop. HOOSICK FALLS, N. Y., April 22.-Farmers and fruit growers are much worried over crop prospects on account of the recent severe frosts and unseasonable weather.

ERIE COLLISION; EIGHT DEATHS.

Burning of Wreck Prevents Identification of Many Bodies.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., April 21.-Eight persons are dead and ten injured, three of them seriously, as the result of a collision between a passenger train and a freight train on the Erie railroad near Red House, N. Y.

Of the dead only one, Robert H. Hotchkiss of Meadville, a brakeman, has been identified. Seven bodies, apparently those of three men, three women and a child, were burned beyond recognition in the fierce fire which followed the wreck.

The women are said to have boarded the train at Youngstown and to have come from Pittsburgh.

The wrecked passenger train was known as No. 4, running from Chicago to New York, and was made up of engine No. 545, in charge of Engineer Samuel Cook and Fireman Fred Bell of Meadville. It was derailed by striking a freight train which was entering a siding at Red House.

The wreck at once took fire, and the combination car, two day coaches and three sleepers, together with several freight cars, were consumed.

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CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Briefly Chronicled.

King Edward sailed from Malta for Naples.

General Leonard Wood was received by King Victor Emmanuel.

The port of Tetuan, Morocco, is threatened with an attack by the pretender.

Five British soldiers were sentenced to death at Pretoria for mutiny in their barracks on March 28.

William M. Clark was appointed lieutenant governor of Ontario to succeed Sir Oliver Mowat, deceased.

An escaped mulatto convict in Georgia killed one man and mortally wounded another who tried to recapture him.

A band of 500 insurgents has been defeated by Turks near Radovitz. The new reform judges have been shot by Albanians at Scutari.

Prince Colonna, mayor of Rome, received thousands of telegrams of good will on the two thousand six hundred and fifty-sixth anniversary of the city's founding.

Tuesday, April 21.

Heavy snowstorms prevailed in Germany and Denmark.

Two Rochester firemen were seriously hurt by the overturning of a truck.

James W. Long, bank president and trustee of Lafayette college, died at Easton, Pa.

The famine in Kwangsi province, China, was reported to be killing tens of thousands.

H. H. Rogers, the Standard Oil millionaire, was operated upon in New York for appendicitis.

The withdrawal of military guards on railroads in Holland was begun in the northern and southern provinces.

William Dudley Fouke announced that he would resign as civil service commissioner to enter Indiana politics.

Eight indictments have been found by the Cole county grand jury in the Missouri legislative boodle investigation.

The American herring vessels that have been imprisoned in the ice floes in Bay of Islands since Jan. 18 have just escaped from the ice.

The Twenty-third regiment, United States infantry, 1,000 strong, under command of Colonel J. M. Thompson, left Plattsburg, N. Y., for the Philippines via San Francisco.

It was announced from Berlin that Count von Zeppelin, pauperized, has abandoned his attempt to solve the aerial navigation problem, in which he has sunk more than 1,000,000 marks.

Of the forty-three collieries of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company all but eleven are shut down owing to the employees being locked out by an order of the company.

The transport Sumner, Captain Lotthrop, sailed from San Francisco for a trip around the world. She goes to Honolulu, thence to Manila, where she takes on the Fifth regiment, and sails with them for New York through the Suez canal.

Transactions that are alleged to constitute frauds upon merchants in London, Paris and Frankfurt to the extent of \$500,000 were developed as a result of the arrest in Havana of Santos Vasquez, who conducted a merchandise brokerage business.

Monday, April 20.

The Wisconsin paper makers' strike was declared off, and the men returned to work.

Miss Alice Roosevelt delivered the prizes to the winners at the Charlotte (N. C.) horse show.

Two hundred and fifty Newfoundland seal hunters were blown to sea on ice floes, but were rescued.

The strike of the structural iron workers against the American Bridge company has been settled.

Four senators were indicted by a Missouri grand jury in connection with the baking powder trust scandal.

Sir Oliver Mowat, lieutenant governor of Ontario, is dead. He was eighty-three years old. He was premier of Ontario from 1872 to 1890.

In a battle following an unsuccessful attempt to rob the First National bank of Wampuna, Pa., one man was killed and another seriously wounded.

In a conflict in Macedonia the revolutionists threw dynamite bombs among the Turkish troops, seventy of whom were killed or wounded.

Bolivian troops under President Pando are advancing on the disputed territory of Acre, and Brazilian forces have been sent to prevent their entry into the country.

The lifeless body of John Bohn, a retired saloon keeper, supposed a poor man, was found in his room in the Klondike hotel at Omaha. A search of the room revealed \$44,000 in railroad, bank stock and cash.

The protracted strike of the painters and decorators in Pittsburgh was settled at a mass meeting of the brotherhood. The men agreed to accept \$3.40 for a day's work of eight hours and pay their own car fare.

The Rev. Dr. Francis A. Horton, well known in the Presbyterian church and pastor of Temple Presbyterian church, Philadelphia, was stricken with apoplexy while preaching and died shortly after being removed from the pulpit.

Chen Chuen Hsuan has been appointed viceroy of Kwangtung and Kwangsi provinces, and Hsi Liang has been made viceroy of Szechuan province. Both are strong men in China and probably will suppress the rebellion.

Saturday, April 18.

Pope pleased at President Roosevelt's gift of presidential messages.

Fire at St. John, N. B., did \$50,000 damage to the transatlantic terminal.

Mrs. E. S. Willing, mother of Mrs. John Jacob Astor, died suddenly at Philadelphia.

Andrew Carnegie and others are said

to have promised a large sum to endow a university at Pittsburgh.

Russia and Austria urged the sultan to take severe measures against Albanians who still refuse to accept proposed reforms.

The steamer Syracuse from Rio Janeiro was held at the port of New York because of two deaths from yellow fever aboard.

The pretender of Morocco is marching from Taza on Fez. The sultan is vainly attempting to obtain recruits among the Kabyle.

Advices from the revolutionary committee in the Balkans state that preparations for an insurrection are ready and that the whole of Macedonia will rise.

The special mission sent by the sultan to pacify the Albanians is practically imprisoned at Ipek, Albania, where it is surrounded by several hundred Albanians.

The United States armored cruiser West Virginia, the first of six new additions to the navy, has been successfully launched at the yards of the Newport News Shipbuilding company.

The challenger Shamrock III, was dismantled in the roundstaid at Weymouth by a squall striking her so suddenly that the yacht lay wrecked and helpless before those on board of her realized what had happened.

Fortunately most of the gear fell clear of the deck, as otherwise the disaster must have been multiplied tenfold. Seaman Collier was knocked overboard and drowned, and several persons were bruised or otherwise injured. Sir Thomas Lipton had a narrow escape.

Friday, April 17.

President Loubet witnessed maneuvers of 10,000 troops near Algiers.

The Russian Grand Duke Alexis was reported ill with nephritis and ordered to go abroad.

General Davis reported to the war department seven deaths from cholera in the Philippines.

A decree has been issued by the Russian government increasing the powers of the governor general of Finland.

Two persons were killed outright and one fatally hurt in a train wreck on the L. and N. road near Castleberry, Ala.

President Roosevelt came into Fort Yellowstone, appearing in splendid condition and enthusiastic over the good time he had had.

The demands of the Bridgeport (Conn.) trolley employees for an increase of pay and recognition of the union was refused.

There are ready for shipment to the Philippine Islands 2,500,000 pesos, which were coined at the Philadelphia mint in the last twenty-five working days.

At New London, Conn., the launching of the Minnesota, the largest passenger vessel ever built in an American shipyard, was successfully accomplished.

Every flour mill in Minneapolis, Minn., and practically all of the merchant spring wheat mills in Minnesota and the northwest have shut down entirely.

Two large stables belonging to Joseph B. Vandergrift of Wellsburg, W. Va., were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$75,000. Thirteen of his blooded horses were burned.

Major General R. Baden-Powell, the "hero of Mafeking," recently appointed chief of cavalry of the English army, is on a visit to the United States to study American cavalry tactics and methods.

By a unanimous vote the Irish national convention which met in Dublin accepted in principle the Irish land bill introduced in the house of commons by Mr. Wyndham, chief secretary for Ireland.

Dr. Adolf Lorenz has removed the cast from the leg of Lolita Armour, the young daughter of J. Ogden Armour, upon whom he operated for congenital dislocation of the hip last October. The limb was found to be in perfect condition, and the patient was able to walk around the house without any difficulty.

Thursday, April 16.

Mrs. Susannah Knause died in Baltimore, aged 101 years.

A revolt against Marquis Ito and the Moderate party has occurred at Tokyo.

A terrific gale on Long Island sound drove vessels into near by ports for safety.

The Northern Pacific trouble has been settled. The men get wage increase.

Rabbi Gustav Gottheil died at his home in New York city, aged seventy-six years.

A mob of strikers boarded a steamer at Cleveland and badly injured three naution firemen.

The Hawaiian legislature has passed an act giving to counties management of their own affairs.

A negro killed at Shreveport, La., by a mob for murder of a young woman has been found innocent of the crime.

The White Star line steamer Celtic was damaged in a collision at Liverpool and her sailing for New York delayed.

General Franklin D. Baldwin, commander of the department of the Colorado, denies that he disparaged negro and Filipino soldiers.

The threatened strike at the Wisconsin paper mills has been partially settled. The Kimberly & Clark company of Neenah, operating nine mills, gave in to the union.

Governor Odell has signed the second of the important child labor bills passed by the present legislature. The bill regulates the labor of women and children in factories.

Santo Domingo city reported that fighting has taken place there between the revolutionists and the government forces. Several men were killed and many were wounded.



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Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Butter, Eggs, Lard, Ham, Beef, Wheat, Oats, Rye, Flour, Hay, Potatoes, Turnips, Tallow, Shoulder, Bacon, Vinegar, Dried apples, Cow hides, Sheep skins, Sheep pelts, Shelled corn, Corn meal, Bran, Chop, Middlings, Chickens, Turkeys, Geese, Ducks, COAL.

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