PARKER HAS A BOOM.

Many Democrats Would Like to See Him Run for President.

Leaders Claim to See a Hope of Victory in 1904-Others Think New York Jurist's Chances Are Very Precarious.

Judge Alton B. Parker still holds a prominent place as a democratic presidential possibility. From east, south and west come demands that he be the candidate of his party.

Many thought that because he was not made the candidate for governor by Hill last fall he would drop out of sight. But just the opposite result has happened, says the New York Herald. Democrats all over the country have apparently made up their minds that Judge Parker is the leader for a winning democratic campaign. They think he can unite all elements of the party. They believe he can carry New York, Connecticut, New Jersey and Indiana.

Democratic leaders all over the country are saying that had Judge Parker been the candidate last fall he would have been elected governor. They call attention to the fact that Judge Parker is the only democrat since 1892 who has carried New York state in a straight-out contest between the two great parties. He was elected chief justice of the court of appeals in 1897 over Judge Wallace, republican. While it is true that the Tracy-Low fight in New York city contributed to Judge Parker's success, it is believed that he would prove a strong candidate under any circumstances.

Democratic members of congress were hopeful last fall that Judge Parker would be nominated for governor. A campaign in his behalf was carried on quietly all over the country. In the south and west, particularly, steps were taken to acquaint the democrats with Judge Parker's qualities as a

In the middle of the summer a prominent New York business man,



JUDGE ALTON B. PARKER. (Boomed for the Presidency by New York State Democrats.)

while visiting St. Louis, met several prominent Missouri democrats. With one accord they began to say nice things about Judge Parker. They thought Hill ought to nominate him for governor, and were positive that he would be elected. If this resulted they did not think there was any doubt, if he were nominated for president in 1904, that he would be elected.

Judge Parker declined to encourage the movement to nominate him for governor. Democrats now say it makes no difference whether Mr. Parker ran for governor or not, he remains the ideal candidate for the presidency, and energetic work is being done in his behalf in many states.

Friends of David B. Hill are also at work, but so far the Hill propaganda has not met with the same success as Judge Parker's.

Texas is the latest state to come to the front in behalf of the New York popular judge. There is no antipathy to Bryan in that state, but leaders there do not think Bryan can win. They are looking for some one who can carry the doubtful states, and they regard Judge Parker as the man. Democratic papers all over the state are making favorable comments about Judge Parker. Senators Bailey and Culbertson, Thomas Ball, and many politicians are of the opinion that the party ought to take Parker.

It is reported that the same thing is true of Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Missouri, Indiana and Minnesota.

Much attention has lately been attached to Senator Gorman, of Maryland, and he has been repeatedly urged to look favorably on the movement to get southern and western delegates for himself. Senator Gorman has refused to encourage this scheme, preferring to remain in the senate.

Bloomers Afe Prohibited ..

Gov. Thompson B. Ferguson, of Oklahoma, has forbidden all girls who attend the territorial educational institutions the privilege of wearing bloomers while playing basket hall. The reason for this, it is said, is that a scandal was narrowly averted recently because some young women of a certain school played a game of basket ball in bloomers. The governor is emphatic in his denunciation of the garb and says the girls are subjected to ridicule on account of the bifurcated apparel. He said he had notified the heads of all territorial schools that there should be no more basket ball playing by Oklahoma girls in bloomoers.

Ent a Hearty Breakfast. Statistics show that the longest lived people have generally been those who made breakfast the principal meal of the day.

GRANGE WORK FOR 1903.

National Lecturer Bachelder Has Arranged a Fine Programme.

National Lecturer N. J. Bachelder has issued the following excellent programme of timely and important tobics for grange discussion in 1903;

First Quarter-General Topic, Organization.-January, To what extent is the organization of capital justifiable? February, To what extent is the or ganization of labor justifiable? March, To what extent is the organization of farmers justifiable, and what is our duty in protecting the people from unjust demands of organized capital and organized labor?

Second Quarter-General Topic, Education.-April, What influence can be exerted by the grange for the improvement of rural schools? May, What influence can be exerted by the grange that will secure the proper recognition of agricultural matters in agricultural colleges? June, What can be done by the grange to aid and improve the farmers' institutes?

Third Quarter-General Topic, Farm Management,-July, What are the ad vantages from the use of improved farm machinery? August, What of the importance and necessity of restoring soil fertility removed by crops? September. What farm crops are the most profitable in this locality?

Fourth Quarter-General Topic, Character Builders.-October, What Influence has home life upon the young in the formation of character? November. What influence has the grange in the formation of character? December, What should be the relation of the grange and church?

BETTER BUSINESS METHODS

Saving the Wastes on the Parm au Important Matter.

Some one has said that if he could have what was wasted on an average American farm he could live in comfort. This, I fear, is only too true of the average farmer. He does not make a study of his business. While hundreds of dollars' worth of the best liquid fertilizer is running to waste in his barns, or under the caves of it, he is buying commercial fertilizer at \$30 to \$40 per ton to enrich his land. While nature has given him rich and fertile land he too often sees an alluring bag of gold in the bountiful yield of hay and does not realize that he is robbing his land of fertility when he selis hay.

These and a thousand other waster on the farm are brought to the farmer's notice by the discussions in the grange, and the farmer must be dull indeed who does not reap some benefit from them. A fair and just exchange of the commodities of the farm for those of the factory, the mine and the professional man must come about through better business methods. The farmer should act with others of his own profession and at least devote as much energy to marketing his crop as to producing it.

There are many causes to remove before agriculture will receive a fair and just return for the capital and labor invested in the industry, but the removal of these causes lies in the hands of the farmer himself. He must co-operate with others in improving his business methods and must apply the same thought, energy and business ability to agriculture that are applied to any other industry.-George A. Fuller.

Rural Free Mail Delivery.

At no distant day the rural free mail delivery service will require 40,000 carriers. This is a large number. When we consider the brief time this service has been in operation, its success may be considered phenomenal. During the past year over 12,000 petitions have been filed at Washington for this rural service. This proves that the farmers are waking up to their privileges. All this is gratifying to the members of the Order of Patrons of Husbandry, for theirs was the first organization that attempted to secure the establishment of the free mail delivery service. Indeed it is the direct result of their efforts.

Special Grange Week.

The Pennsylvania state grange at its recent session recommended that a 'special grange week" be set apart in February by the master of the state grange and that every subordinate grange in the state be urged to make special effort during that time to increase its membership. It is a good plan and worthy of general adoption.

The title "lecturer" of a grange does not necessarily signify that he must be its best talker. He has other duties of more importance than lecturing. He has charge of all the literary and educational work of the grange, and his position is as responsible a one as the

The grange is shaking itself together and is moving to the front. It is beginning to appreciate the magnitude of its responsibility, the largeness of its opportunity. It is doing things and getting ready to do even greater things.-American Grange Bulletin.

The three grand purposes of the grange are the social elevation, the educational advancement and the moral improvement of the farmer's family.

A live, flourishing subordinate grange that is living up to its possibilities is worth \$1,000 to any town.-Governor Bachelder, New Hampshire,

New England granges pay more attention to the ritualistic work of the order than those of other states. So one said who knows.

the The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature

BISHOP TALBOT'S VINDICATION. Irvine for that offense.

of Huntingdon, in 1898 was what is known as a mission church. That that hearing. is, it was a church which received aid from the diocese in support of its rector. It is located within the territory of the diocese of Central Pennsylvania. Rt. Rev. Ethelbert Talbot, one of the defendants, is the bishop of the diocese, and it was his duty to supply the church with a minister so long as it was a mission church. On March 22nd 1898, he appointed Dr. Irvine, the plaintiff, minister. He testifies that he knew that troubles had arisen in other churches which had been served by Dr. Irvine, which he believed were attributed to his him another trial, he exacted from a promise that he would resign from St. John's when he (the bishop) would request him.

"Not many months had elapsed before the hishop learned of trouble between Dr. Irvine and the other ministers of the borough of Huntingdon, and between him and the management of the Pennsylvania Industrial Reformatory, located across the river from the town, and that serious trouble had ariseu in the church. Its members had become divided and members of the vestry had resigned. Ugly rumors as to the moral character and conduct of Dr. Irvine came to his ears. On Feb. 11, 1899, he wrote Dr. Irvine a letter, reminding him of his promise that he would quietly leave the church if any trouble arose and requesting him to leave Huntingdon. This letter is couched in very triendly terms. Dr. Irvine formally resigned as rector of the church, but a majority of the church

tween 'the rector and her about a claim which a Mr. Harned, of Altoona, had against the church for services rendered as a choirmaster. Mrs. Elliott testifies that she gave to Dr. Irvine money to pay the claim and that Irvine instead of paying the claim kept the money. This circumstance seems to have estranged Mrs. Elliott and Dr. Irvine. To that time she was admitted to the communion by Mr. Houghton, the immediate predecessor of Dr. Irvine, as well as lows that the verdict must be for by Dr. Irvine himself. Dr. Irvine the defendants, and we so instruct then barred Mrs. Elliott from the the defendants, and we so instruct communion because she was a di- you. vorced woman for a reason contrary to the canon of the church. Correspondence was had between him and the bishop and Mrs. Elliott on after using, and gives it a sun bath to sweetthe subject. We do not regard this circumstance of materiality in the the stomach is a churn. In the stomach determination of this case, although and digestive and nutritive tracts are performed processes which are exactly akin to the churning of lutter. Is it not apparent of having him deposed from the made by her to the bishop. Subsequently a letter was received by the bishop, purporting to be signed throughout the body. Dr. Pierce's Golden by Mrs. Elliott, withdrawing (or practically withdrawing) all complaints she had made against Dr. Irvine, and requesting that he be retained at St. John's church.

"This letter was sent by the bishop to Mr. Elliott, one of the defendants and the husband of Emma D. Elliott. She denied man is old enough to marry until he is old writing or signing it. The bishop enough to know better. then wrote her that if she could convince Dr. Irvine of the forgery of it he would unfrock the 'slimy fellow.' This letter is destroyed,

Elliotts to have him convicted. The bishop positively denies that he advised the conviction of Dr.

"If this minister of the gospel was guilty of lorging that letter, A copy of the opinion of the court of Huntingdon county, vindicating Richon Ethelbert Talbet of cating Bishop Ethelbert Talbot, of the Central Pennsylvania diocese of the Episcopal church, of the Episcopal church, of the Episcopal church, of the Episcopal church of the of the Episcopal church, of the gery. Prosecution for the forgery wood, on charges of conspiracy preferred by the Rev. I. N. W. Irvine, has been attorney, ex-Judge Williamson, a at 11 o'clock a. m. sharp, the following desreceived. In view of the bishop's reputable member of the bar, and cribed real estate towit: vindication, and the wide-spread public interest shown in the trial of public interest shown in the trial of ecution. I believe that Mrs. Limit to the said township of Greenwood, county and state aforesaid. No. 1 bounded the case, the Columbian herewith reproduces Judge Bailey's charge in part.

ecution. I believe that Mrs. county and state aforesaid. No. I bounded and described as follows: on the north by lands of B. F. Redline and J. M. Sutliffe, on part.

'Gentlemen of the Jury: This an action to recover damages an action to recover damages."

'Gentlemen of the Jury: This are action to recover damages."

In the case. A preliminary hearing was had before a reputable lands of Jonathan Lemon, J. W. Mather and is an action to recover damages justice of the peace of this town on a public road, and on the west by lands of which Dr. I. N. W. Irvine, the the 17th of February, 1899. He Jacob Girard and Jonathan Lemon, containplaintiff, claims he sustained by heard witnesses to substantiate the ing about reason of an alleged conspiracy be- charge. Dr. Irvine produced none, TWELVE ACRES and SIXTY tween Emma D. Elliott, Rt. Rev. neither did he testify in his own be-Ethelbert Talbot, and Alexander half, denying that he was the author be the same more or less, twelve acres and Elliott, the defendants, whereby he was deposed from the ministry. St. Iohn's Protestant Episcopal church John's Protestant Episcopal church of Huntingdon, în 1898 was what to it, were necessary witnesses at Book Vol. "V" at page 265, and forty perch-

ed for trial, Dr. Irvine's counsel, at large appear; whereon is erected a made technical objections to the TWO STORY PLANK DWELLsufficiency of the indictment by dethat decision the forgery case ended which resulted in the deposition of this plaintiff from the ministry. It cuts no figure in the subsequent proceedings. It does not appear to pair. conduct, but being willing to give have any influence upon the tribunal him, at the time of his appointment, It is quite probable that in view of Mrs. Elliott and Dr. Irvine, her pastor, she desired his removal from St. John's church, and it is equally probable that the bishop, in view of the rumors reflecting upon the moral and wood. conduct of this rector appointed by him, desired that the pastoral relathem had the right to use all lawful means to accomplish that end without being guilty of a conspiracy. There is no evidence that either of the defendants used any other means.

guilty of conduct which was unthe purpose of trying the charges premises. preferred against him, with the judgment of the court that he be de- Elliot Lemon, Auctioneer, graded and deposed from the ministry, there was nothing left for the bishop but to impose the sentence, church, but a majority of the church vestry, on reb. 20, 1899, declared the church withdrawn from any claim for aid from the missionary fund and formally called Dr. Irvine to be its rector. The bishop thereafter had no power to compel him to relinguish his rectorship unless he had or would violate some canon of the church.

"Mrs Emma D. Elliott, one of those defendants, had been a warm personal friend of Dr. Irvine and was a very generous contributor to the church. A trouble arose between the rector and her about a ground to sustain the allegation to propose the sentence, which was clearly his right as well as wethink, his duty. The imposition of this sentence is complained of this sentence is complained of this sentence is complained of the imposition of the sentence, which was clearly his right as well as wethink, his duty. The imposition of this sentence is complained of the sentence, which was clearly his right as well as wethink, his duty. The imposition of this sentence, which was clearly his right as well as wethink, his duty. The imposition of this sentence is complained of the sentence, which was clearly his right as well as wethink, his duty. The imposition of this sentence is complained of the sentence, which was clearly his right as well as wethink, his duty. The imposition of this sentence is complained of the sentence is vestry, on reb. 20, 1899, declared which was clearly his right as well quite probable that Mrs. Elliott wished to have Dr. Irvine removed from the rectorship of St. John's church and that Bishop Talbot desired his deposition from the ministry if the rnmors which were affoat reflecting upon his moral character, were true, which he took the proper course to ascertain, but there is not a scintilla of evidence in the case which shows or from which it might be inferred there was any unlawful combination between these parties to accomplish that purpose. It fol-

THE FARMER'S WIFE is very careful about her churn. She scalds it thoroughly then that if this stomach churn is rectorship of this church. Com- it sours all which is put into it? The evil plaints of Dr. Irvine's conduct were of a foul stomach is not the bad taste in the mouth and the foul breath caused by it, but the corruption of the pure current of the blood and the dissemination of disease Medical Discovery makes the sour stomach sweet. It does for the stomach what the washing and sun bath do for the churn-ab s lutely removes every tainting or corrupting element. "Golden Medical Discovery contains no alcohol, whisky or other intoxicant and no narcotic.

The Cynical Bachelor observes that no

ELECTION NOTICE.

fellow.' This letter is destroyed, and therefore, not produced, but several witnesses who heard it read testify that that was the import of it. A couple of them testify that the bishop in that letter advised the

EXECUTOR'S SALE

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, the un-dersigned executor of John B. Shultz, late of

PERCHES OF LAND.

Book Vol. "V" at page 265, and forty perch "The justice decided that Dr. Ir- W. M. Dewitt and wife by deed dated April vine should be held for trial at 6th, 1880, and recorded February 7th, 1881, court. The grand jury returned a true bill. When the case was call-

ING HOUSE.

murrer to it, which, after hearing, bank barn, grist mill and other outbuildings, were sustained by the court. With together with race and mill dam and all water rights incident thereto and owned by and is not again heard of in any of three sets of bultrs and an up-to-date process the proceedings which followed, for manufacturing backwheat flour, and has been in operation up to October 1st last, This is a good and desirable property with good water power sufficient to run a mill, and buildings are in good state of re-

No. 2, bounded and described as follows, owit: On the north by lands of B. F. Redine and Dennis Barber, on the east by lands of William J. Kramer, on the south by lands the relations which existed between of Miner Karns, and on the west by lands of B. F. Redline; containing about

TWO ACRES OF LAND and whereon is a good growth of YOUNG TIMBER.

Possession of said premises can be given t any time after the sale; provided one fourth of the purchase money has been paid tions should be dissolved. Both of All grain in the ground is reserved and all other personal property on the premises. Deed, mortgage and survey, if wanted, at the expense of the purchaser.

TERMS OF SALE: - Ten per cent, of the onefourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the prperty, the balance of the one-lourth at the date of confirmation nisi, which will be on Monday. Formary 2, "Dr. Irvine having been found 1903, and the remaining three fourths within one year from the date of confirmation nist with interest from said date of confirmation; becoming a clergyman by the court said deferred payment of three-fourths to be of the church, duly constituted for secured by a bond and mortgage on the

J. H. SHULTZ, Executor of John B. Shultz, dec'd. CLINTON HERRING, Attorney. 1-8-ts.

CHARTER NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and will be presented to the said court on the first Monday of February A. D. 1.963 and confirmed nist, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter will be confirmed absolute.

First and final account of Frank Trivelpi-ce committee of the estate of Margaret I. Lawton, a lunatic of Greenwood twp., Col. Co., Pa.

The bi-annual account of Joseph A. Karns, committee of the estate of Jacob Kine a lunatic of Fishingcreek township, Col. Co., Pa.

The account of Herman T. Young, committee of William Baumeister, a weak minded person of the borough of Catawissa, Col. Co., Pa.

Clerk's office Bioomsburg, Fa.

January 6th, 1903.

S's Office Bloomsburg.

January 6th, 1903.

C. M. TERWILLIGER,

Prothonotar;

ADMINISTRATO'S NOTICE.

Estate of I. K. Krickbaum, late of Benton town ship, deceased. Ship, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of I. K. Krickbaum, late of Benton township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrators to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

ALFRED KITCHEN
Talmar, Pa.

1 KELER & ISBLER, JOHN C. BARRETT,
Attorneys.

Cambra, Pa.

Administrators.

→ PROFESSIONAL CARDS. Je

N. U. FUNK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Mrs. Ent's Building, Court House Allay, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ, ATTORNEY AT LAW. office-Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor BLOOMSBURG, PA. J. H. MAIZE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT, Office, in Lockard's Building,

BLOOMSBURG, PA. JOHN G. HARMAN JOHN G. PREEZE. FREEZE & HARMAN,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW BLOOMSBURG, PA. Offices: CentreSt .. first door below Opera Hou-

A N. YOST, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW Wirt Building, Court Home Square. **ELOOMSBURG. PA**

H. A. McKILLIP ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Columbian Building, 2nd Floor, BLOOMSBURG, PA

RALPH R. JOHN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Hartman Building, Market Square.

Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELFR, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW Office back of Farmers' National Bank.

BLOOMSBURG, FA. CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, BLOOMSBURG, PA

Office in Wirt's Building,

W. H. RHAWN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts

CATAWISSA, . PA. CLINTON HERRING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office with Grant Herring. BLOOMSBURG, PA. Car Will be in Orangeville Wednesday o

> WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON. ATTORNEY-AT LAW.

Office in Wells' Building over B. A. Gidding's Clothing Store, Bloomsburg, P. Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Office :- Wirt building, over Alexander EDWARD, FLYNN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

CENTRALIA, PA. office Liddleot building, Locust avanue-J. S. JOHN, M D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office and residence, 410 Main St. BLOOMSBURG, PA. 7-30-1

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Queen, of N. Y. \$500,000 \$3,584,170 \$1,419,5
Westchester, N. Y. \$300,000 \$1,758,577 \$42,70
N. America, Phila. \$3,000,000 \$9,730,689 \$2,364,

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