

TRY TO END STRIKE.

Governor Stone Confers With Widener, Flinn and Elkins.

J. PIERPONT MORGAN URGED TO ACT.

Information as to Progress Made at New York Conference Carefully Guarded—Superintendents Proffess Ignorance on Subject.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—"Attorney General Elkin, Senator Flinn of Pennsylvania and myself have been in consultation for several hours today with P. A. B. Widener of Philadelphia, who is a director in the United States Steel corporation and who is associated with Mr. Morgan in many business enterprises.

"Mr. Widener is very anxious to see the strike settled and has taken the matter up with Mr. Morgan. We are doing all we can."

The foregoing statement was made last evening by Governor W. A. Stone as he was leaving the offices of the United States Steel corporation, where the consultation he mentions took place.

Governor Stone's manner plainly indicated that he expected, with the help of J. Pierpont Morgan, the great coal strike will be speedily ended.

"What progress was made at the conference?" he was asked. "I can say nothing more," was his response.

"Have you been in direct communication with Mr. Morgan?" "I have nothing further to say."

Morgan Will Not Interfere.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—J. Pierpont Morgan has refused to interfere in the coal strike. In the statement given out for him by Mr. Perkins, his partner, Mr. Morgan said: "We have not heard from Governor Stone since the conference. We have no official statement of what was done at the conference. We cannot discuss Governor Stone's statement or the coal strike."

No Pence, Says Rose.

SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 10.—General Superintendent Rose of the Delaware and Hudson Railroad company's mine department said that he had no knowledge of any negotiations which could possibly lead to a settlement of the strike this week, next week or any other definitely determined time. He said the Delaware and Hudson company stands in exactly the same position it did in the beginning of the strike and had no intention of offering any concessions. This statement by Superintendent Rose is in harmony with similar statements made by Superintendent May of the Erie and Superintendent Phillips of the Lackawanna recently.

Lehigh Miners Busy.

TAMAQUA, Pa., Sept. 10.—Although no soldiers were sent out to patrol the Panther Creek valley, the usual number of men went to work, and the No. 4 and No. 12 collieries of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company are running as usual.

Twenty Thousand Perished.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—An interesting parliamentary paper giving a return of the military forces employed in South Africa from the beginning to the end of the late war has just been issued. The garrison Aug. 1, 1899, consisted of 318 officers and 9,622 men; re-enforcements sent between then and the outbreak of hostilities, Oct. 11, 1899, totaled 12,546. Thereafter the troops sent up to May 31, 1902, reached the great total of 386,081, besides 52,414 men raised in South Africa. The final casualty figures are: Killed, 5,774; wounded, 23,029; died of wounds or disease, 15,168.

Professor Virechow Dead.

BERLIN, Sept. 6.—Professor Rudolf Virechow is dead here, aged nearly eighty-one years. One of the greatest medical discoverers of this or any other age, he spent nearly sixty years in adding to the sum of human knowledge. When, on the occasion of his eightieth birthday, statesmen and medical men of all the world united to give him an unparalleled ovation and Professor Virechow made a speech of two hours, tracing the development of pathological science, it was necessary for him to recount to a great extent his own achievements.

A Lost Island.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—A dispatch from Paris to Dalziel's News agency says the admiral commanding the French naval division in the Atlantic has sent word of the sudden disappearance of the island of Bermeja, in the Gulf of Mexico. No reefs have been discovered on the spot formerly occupied by the island, but navigators are recommended to use extreme caution while sailing in that vicinity. The admiral says the volcanoes of Mexico, Yucatan and Guatemala are very active.

Postoffice Receipts Increase.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—A net increase of 9 per cent occurred in the receipts at the fifty largest postoffices in the United States last month as compared with August, 1901. The total receipts at these fifty offices aggregated \$1,321,444, a net increase of \$357,810. The largest increases were 26.3 per cent, at Des Moines, Ia., and 26.2 per cent, at Toledo, O. New York's receipts increased almost 12 per cent.

No Intoxicants For Samoans.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The governor has decided against the sale of intoxicating liquor of any description in our Samoan possessions.

Volcanoes in Action.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—A special dispatch from Naples says large volumes of flames are issuing from the crater of Mount Vesuvius.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Briefly and tersely told.

Five peasants were killed and ten wounded by troops in a strike riot at Candela, an Italian village.

Governor Nash asked Ohio churches to observe next Sunday, the first anniversary of President McKinley's death.

Patrick A. McHugh, Nationalist M. P. for Leitrim, released from Sligo jail, was given a great popular reception.

Inquest was begun at Pittsfield in the case of Secret Service Agent Craig, who was killed last week in the accident to the president's luncheon.

A severe shock of earthquake was felt at Pau, France.

W. K. Vanderbilt's Baltimore won a race at Longchamp, France.

One British bluejacket was killed and several wounded in a fight with a slave dhow in the Persian gulf.

The sixty-second annual New York state fair opened at Syracuse with perfect weather and large attendance.

New York city schools opened with enrollment of 500,000 pupils. Thousands were turned away temporarily.

John C. Lehmann was shot and killed at Brookline, Mass., by his son-in-law, James C. Duane, a Boston business man.

Jim Wright and John Templeton, noted Tennessee desperadoes, were killed by a sheriff's posse, two members of which were severely wounded.

The Arrow, Charles R. Flint's yacht, steamed a mile in one minute and thirty-two seconds.

The bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Fair, who were recently killed while automobiling in France, arrived in New York.

Three hundred and seventeen striking colliers have been fined \$20 each at Doncaster, England, for leaving work without notice.

Just before submitting to a surgical operation Bradford B. McGregor was married at Manhattan, N. Y., to Miss Clara Schlemmer of New York, who will inherit his millions in case he should not recover.

Saturday, Sept. 6.

A Kentucky negro vagrant was sentenced to be sold into servitude for one year.

An Italian cruiser has been placed at the disposal of Marconi for wireless telegraph experiments.

The American embassy in London has issued a warning against stories of unclaimed estates in England.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught were chosen to represent King Edward and Queen Alexandra at the Delhi coronation durbar.

Friday, Sept. 5.

More than a score of men, women and children were hurt, several of them seriously, in a cable car wreck in Chicago.

The Saratoga (N. Y.) Floral association's annual floral parade and battle of flowers and the Proteus parade were held and witnessed by more than 60,000 visitors.

The historic Music hall was damaged by fire, and the Odeon, a structure adjoining the Music hall, was completely destroyed in Chicago. The loss will exceed \$110,000, fully covered by insurance.

An epidemic of commercial and political corruption was reported in Portugal.

Much damage was done on the coasts of England, Wales and Ireland by heavy gales.

A meeting of citizens of Dublin was called to protest against the extension of the crimes act.

Governor Odell delivered an address on education and trusts at the Chautauqua county (N. Y.) fair.

Rioting of Croats in Agram against the Serbian population has continued and become more grave.

Powder Magazine Explodes.

BOSTON, Sept. 8.—One of the government powder magazines at Old Fort Winthrop, on Governors island, upper Boston harbor, blew up with a detonation that was apparent all over the city and which was heard at points twenty miles away. The explosion is supposed to have been caused by boys setting fires on the island. One dead man and five injured were brought to the city by the police boat, and while it is believed that this is the extent of the casualties it is possible that others may be found suffering from the force of the concussion.

Boers Intend a Long Visit.

LONDON, Sept. 9.—General Botha's secretary, Mr. Brehner, says that the Boer generals expect their tour of the United States to occupy six months. Although the generals have arrived at no definite decision on the subject, their lecturing tour will probably begin in Great Britain. The generals will proceed to The Hague today in order to attend the gathering of the Boer leaders and prepare a programme for the future.

Starved Himself to Death.

DANBURY, Conn., Sept. 8.—Wilson F. Thrall is dead at his home in this city, having starved himself to death. He maintained an almost complete fast for seven weeks with the avowed intention of ending his life.

Coal Coming From Wales.

SWANSEA, Wales, Sept. 5.—The steamships Glenroe and Devonshire are each loading 4,000 tons of anthracite coal for New York. These are the first cargoes to be shipped from Great Britain to New York.

AGUA DULCE TAKEN.

Revolutionary Warships Enter the Bay of Panama.

SIEGE HAD LASTED OVER A MONTH.

General Berti and Three Thousand Men Well Treated by Insurgents After Capture—Situation at Colon and Panama Serious.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—Mr. Ehrman, vice consul general at Panama, advises the state department by cable that Agua Dulce has been surrendered by the government forces. Four revolutionary war vessels are now in the bay of Panama, and the revolutionists are reported to be moving toward the railroad.

Mr. Ehrman considers the situation at Colon and at Panama serious. The officials of the Colombian legation profess not to be seriously disturbed over the surrender of the government forces at Agua Dulce. The number of government soldiers there is estimated to have been somewhat less than 3,000 men, and while their loss is admittedly a setback, Colombia's representatives declare the effect will be to stimulate the government to greater activity to crush out the rebellion. The general understanding here has been that the government had about 7,000 men under arms on the isthmus. While this may be an overestimate, legation officials say there are sufficient men left to offer strong resistance to any efforts the revolutionists may make to take the inter-oceanic railroad or the cities of Colon and Panama. The revolutionists are thought to be in the vicinity of those places.

Since the capture by the insurgents of the gunboat Boyaca the government is without naval representation on the Pacific coast, though the Bogota, recently purchased in the United States, is now on her way down from Seattle. This vessel, the officials say, will be more than a match for the whole rebel fleet. No advices regarding the surrender of the government forces at Agua Dulce have reached the legation.

SURRENDER CONFIRMED.

Particulars of General Berti's Brave Defense of Agua Dulce.

PANAMA, Colombia, Sept. 10.—The surrender to the Colombian insurgents of the government general Morales Berti and the troops of his command at Agua Dulce, which has previously been reported and which was generally believed to have taken place, has now been confirmed. This news reached Panama through some former Conservative prisoners of the insurgents who were liberated at San Carlos as a result of the landing there of an expedition from the government fleet of gunboats.

General Berti, who had been besieged at Agua Dulce by the insurgents since July 28, only surrendered when his cause was hopeless. In the act of surrender the insurgent general Benjamin Herrera declares he recognizes the abnegation of General Berti and his men, whom he succeeded in dominating because of the superiority of his forces and the quantity of munitions of war of all kinds at his disposition. He promises to hold inviolate the lives and honor of his prisoners, and he allows General Berti to retain his sword as a mark of honor in recognition of his heroic defense of Agua Dulce.

The surrendered generals and officers have been paroled at Penonome and Santiago de Veraguas. The act of surrender also sets forth that in consideration of General Herrera's respect for the bravery of the men who withstood his siege they will not be compelled personally to surrender their arms.

Malcolm's Defalcations Heavy.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—Lawyer W. R. Ryan reported to Vice Chancellor Stevens in the Jersey City chancery court that new defalcations were daily coming to light in the case of William Malcolm, the treasurer of the Passaic Mutual Building and Loan association, who has disappeared. The shortage was at first thought to be \$60,000. Mr. Ryan said that an examination had shown that it was over \$150,000, and there are still thirty-eight passbooks to be examined. On Mr. Ryan's motion the order to show cause why a receiver should not be appointed was continued for a week.

Weavers Give Up Fight.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Sept. 9.—The weavers of the American Woolen company's Saranac mills at Blackstone, Mass., who went out on a strike against the two loom system in sympathy with the Ohneyville weavers, have given up the struggle, and when the mill gates opened this morning there was a stampede for their old places. This action was decided upon last night at a meeting of the weavers in Blackstone, when it was voted to return at the best terms Agent Merrill would offer.

Physician Kills Himself.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 10.—Dr. M. T. Pultz, a practicing physician, fifty-eight years of age, vice president of the Dutchess Medical society, a member of the New York State Medical association and the American Medical society, committed suicide at his home in Stanfordsville by shooting. He was found by his mother, a widow, eighty-two years of age.

Potato Crop Ruined.

ITHACA, N. Y., Sept. 6.—It has been reported by officials of Cornell agricultural department that one-half of the potato crop of New York state would be totally ruined as the result of blight. The wet weather is held responsible for the result. Central New York farmers will suffer the greatest loss from this cause.

IT WAS BARTHOLIN.

Body Found in Iowa Identified as That of Chicago Murderer.

RICEVILLE, Ia., Sept. 8.—The body which was buried here Saturday and which was believed to be that of William Bartholin has been exhumed and positively identified as that of the Chicago double murderer.

Bartholin's body was found last Friday afternoon about six miles from Riceville, as told in previous dispatches, by J. G. Pratt, a resident of Riceville. Mr. Pratt was driving to Elma and when passing a flaxfield saw the body lying against a stack of flax. Thinking it was a man asleep, he paid no attention, but on returning he saw the man still there and upon investigation discovered he was dead, with a revolver lying by his left hand.

Coroner T. S. Carpenter was notified, and the body was removed to an undertaking establishment at Riceville. There J. H. McCook, editor of a Riceville paper, discovered that the dead man bore a striking resemblance to the published pictures of the Chicago murderer.

The text of a confession left by the suicide and signed "W. J. Bartholin" was made public by Dr. T. S. Carpenter, coroner of Howard county.

AGAINST THE MOROS.

General Sumner's Command Nearly Ready.

MANILA, Sept. 10.—The column of troops which Brigadier General Samuel S. Sumner, commanding the department of Mindanao, is to lead against the Maen Moros will probably leave Camp Vicars at the end of this week. The column will consist of portions of the Eleventh and Twenty-seventh infantry, two troops of the Fifteenth cavalry and a mountain battery, about 1,100 men in all.

Serious opposition is not expected by the military authorities. It is believed the plan is to segregate the hostiles and friendly and keep the latter neutral. It is expected that the Maen movement will be followed by an expedition against the sultan of Bacolod, Negros island, if he continues hostile.

The Federal party gave a banquet to Governor Taft, during which the native speakers complimented the governor, expressed faith in and affection for him and promised to support his administration.

ASHEVILLE'S WARM GREETING.

President Roosevelt Addresses Large Audience in Courthouse Square.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Sept. 10.—Asheville extended a warm greeting to President Roosevelt. Fully 10,000 people occupied the courthouse square, where the president addressed them from an improvised stand.

The presidential train left Asheville in the afternoon for Washington. The largest crowd encountered on the run from Asheville was at Hickory. The president was introduced by Senator Pritchard, who accompanied him from Asheville, and the short speech he made to the people was enthusiastically received.

At Greensboro President Roosevelt was accorded a very enthusiastic reception. Fully 6,000 people were at the station when the train arrived, and they cheered the president when he appeared on the platform of his car and also at the conclusion of his brief address.

Anglo-Chinese Treaty Signed.

SHANGHAI, China, Sept. 6.—Sir James L. Mackay, the British tariff commissioner, and the Chinese commissioners have signed the commercial treaty between China and Great Britain, a new edict having been issued specifically allocating the surtax funds to provincial governors.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Stock Quotations.

Money on call strong at 7 1/2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 6 1/2 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$1.8225/4.5275 for demand and at \$1.8275/5.8375 for 60 day bills. Posted rates, \$4.844/6.848 and \$4.874/8.878. Commercial bills, \$4.827/5.832. Bar silver, 51 1/2c. Mexican dollars, 49c. Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds firm. Closing prices: Atchison, 105; Ontario & West, 37 1/2; C. C. & St. L., 105 1/2; Pacific Mail, 46 1/2; Ches. & Ohio, 57; People's Gas, 105; E. I. & Hudson, 179 1/2; Reading, 115; Erie, 42 1/2; Rock Island, 109 1/2; Gen. Electric, 135; St. Paul, 124; Lead, 23 1/2; Sugar Refinery, 120 1/2; Louis. & Nash, 143 1/2; Texas Pacific, 53; Manhattan Cos, 117 1/2; Union Pacific, 113 1/2; Missouri Pac., 32 1/2; Wabash pref., 63; N. Y. Central, 164 1/2; West. Union, 94 1/2.

New York Markets.

FLOUR—Without showing any change in price was steady and moderately active; Minnesota, 4 1/2c; winter extras, \$2.40; winter patents, \$2.90/3.20. WHEAT—Quiet on big northwest receipts; a favorable weather map and foreign selling, after which it rallied on covering; December, 72 1/2-107 1/2-110; May, 74 1/2-110. RYE—Dull; state, 50 1/2-56c; c. l. l. N. Y. No. 2, western, 56c; l. o. b., 57c. CORN—Steady to firm on covering, the wheat strength and frosts in northern Nebraska and Iowa; December, 48 1/2-49c. OATS—Steadied up with other markets and on poor grading; December, 33c; track, white, state, 39 1/2-40c; track, white, western, 36 1/2-37c. HAY—Steady; meadow, 18 1/2-19 1/2; family, 20 1/2-21c. LARD—Easy; prime western steam, 19 1/2c. BUTTER—Steady; state dairy, 15 1/2-16c; extra, creamery, 21c. CHEESE—Steady; new, state, full cream, small, colored, fancy, 19 1/2c; small, white, 18c; large, colored, 19c; large, white, 17 1/2-18c. EGGS—Steady; state and Pennsylvania, 21 1/2-22c; western, candied, 20 1/2-21c. SUGAR—Raw steady; fair refining, 3c; centrifugal, 36 test, 34c; refined firm; crushed, 2 1/2-3c; powdered, 4 1/2-5c. RICE—Firm; domestic, 4 1/2-5c; Japan, 4 1/2-5 1/2c. FALLOW—Dull; city, 5 1/2c; country, 6 1/2-6 1/2c. HAY—Quiet; shipping, 55 1/2-70c; good to choice, 90c-94c.

Live Stock Market.

CATTLE—Market steady; choice, \$7.10/7.25; good, \$6.75/7.00; veal calves, \$7.25/7.50. HOGS—Market active; prime, heavy, \$7.00/8.00; medium, \$6.50/7.00; heavy Yorkers, \$7.50/8.00; light do., \$7.00/7.50; pigs, \$7.00/7.50. SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market steady; best wethers, \$3.50/4.00; culls and commons, \$1.50/2.00; choice lambs, \$3.50/4.00.

RISKS FIREMEN TAKE.

The Reason Engineer Brown Stuck to His Dangerous Post.

The risks that firemen in big cities take are an everlasting wonder, and the story of Bill Brown, as told by Cleveland Moffett in "Careers of Danger and Danger," shows that the engineer's bravery is sometimes put to tests as severe as those which the hose man or the ladder man even has to endure.

What happened was this: Engine 29, pumping her prettiest, stood at the corner so near the drugstore that the driver thought it wasn't safe for the horses and led them away. That left Brown alone, against the cheek of the fire, watching his boiler and keeping his steam gauge at seventy-five.

As the fire gained chunks of redhot sandstone began to smash down on the engine. Brown ran his pressure up to eighty and watched the door anxiously where the four firemen from his squad had gone into the furnace.

Then an explosion of chemicals in the building sent a flame wide as a house curling across the street, enveloping engine and man and setting fire to the elevated railway station overhead. Bill Brown stood by his engine with a sheet of fire above him. He heard footsteps on the pavement and voices that grew fainter crying, "Run for your lives!" He was alone, and the skin on his hands, face and neck was blistered.

Brown knew why every one was running. There would be another explosion. It was tolerably certain that he must die if he stayed. But his four chums were in the fire and needed the water. If he quit his engine, the water would fall.

He stoked in coal and ran the gauge up another notch, easing the running parts with the oiler. He was offering his life for his friends.

In a few minutes the four firemen came out of the building. Then Bill Brown ran for his life with his comrades. A second or two later engine 29 was crushed by the falling walls.

How She Economized.

Husband—Mary, dear, did you buy that book you were telling me about on "how to economize in the kitchen." Young Wife—Yes, dear, and it is just too lovely for anything! It is full of recipes telling how to utilize cold roast turkey with mushroom sauce and how to make truffle omelets and appetizers and— Why, John, what is the matter?

He staggered to the fireplace. "Give me that cookbook quick, Mary," he gasped hoarsely. "I must either burn it or rob a bank to pay for it!"—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The Mirror in Photography.

Many amateurs in possession of a fixed focus camera, says Photography, have doubtless found a difficulty in obtaining a photograph of some object in a room through being too near to it. This difficulty can often be overcome by placing a large mirror in front of the object and the camera in front of the mirror. Avoid the camera being reflected in the glass by standing a little on one side.

Ready Demonstration. "Do you think you can make my daughter happy?" asked Miss Thirsty-Smith's father gravely. "Why, I have already, haven't I?" replied Spooner. "I've asked her to marry me."—Suart Set.

That tired feeling is often due to a strenuous effort to live without work.—Chicago News.

THE RENEWAL A STRAIN.—Vacation is over. Again the school bells ring at morning and at noon, again with tens of thousands the hardest kind of work has begun, the renewal of which is a mental and physical strain to all except the most rugged. The little girl that a few days ago had roses in her cheeks, and the little boy whose lips were thin so red you would have insisted that they had been "kissed by strawberries," have already lost something of the appearance of health. Now is a time when many children should be given a tonic, which may avert much serious trouble, and we know of no other so highly to be recommended as Hood's Sarsaparilla, which strengthens the nerves, perfects digestion and assimilation, and aids mental development by building up the whole system.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

Table with columns: CORRECTED WEEKLY, RETAIL PRICES. Items include Butter, Eggs, Lard, Ham, Beef, Wheat, Oats, Rye, Flour, Hay, Potatoes, Turnips, Tallow, Shoulder, Side meat, Vinegar, Dried apples, Cow hides, Steer do, Calf skin, Sheep pelts, Shelled corn, Corn meal, Bran, Chop, Middlings, Chickens, Turkeys, Geese, Ducks, COAL, Number 6 delivered, do 4 and 5 delivered, do 6, at yard, do 4 and 5, at yard.

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