GENERAL BROOKE RETIRED.

ever Forty Years of Good Service Praised by Secretary Root.

INEW YORK, July 22 .- Major General John R. Brooke, U. S. A., commander of the department of the east. whose headquarters have been at Governors island, retired yesterday, having reached the age limit. He was sucmeded by Major General Arthur Mac-Arthur, who will be in command at Governors island until the arrival of General Chaffee from the Philippines. After leaving New York General



MAJOR GENERAL BROOKE.

Brooke intends going to Philadelphia for a few days to superintend the completion of his home at Rosemont, then to join his wife at Bar Harbor. General Brooke was born at the Brooke farm, near Pottsville, Pa., in 1838. Secretary Root in announcing the re-

tirement of General Brooke paid him the following tribute:

"The retirement from active service this date by operation of law of Major General John R. Brooke, U. S. A., is announced, terminating a period of over forty years of efficient, honorable and distinguished service on the active list of the volunteer and regular army.

"During his long service General Brooke has exercised important military commands, both in peace and war, and always with credit and honor to himself and to the country.

"It is a pleasure to refer to a record such as this, which would serve as an example and an inspiration to every young officer who has yet to shape his character and career in the military service."

Santos-Dumont Arrives.

NEW YORK, July 23.-Santos-Dumont, the famous aeronaut, arrived unexpectedly on the Kronprinz Wilhelm af the North German Lloyd line. He said he would make his ascensions from Brighton Beach according to programme. He was much gratified to learn that the preparations were so well under way. He explained the recident to Severo's airship by saying his gasoline motor was too near the escape valve, and the gasoline became ignited thereby.

Quayaquil's Conflagration. GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, July 19 .--The fire which broke out here at 9 a'clock Wednesday night has been exinguished after having destroyed uinety blocks on some of the principal streets of the city. The loss on buildings and merchandise is estimated at 35,000,000. The burned buildings inchude the custom house and railway station. The city is without gas, and the only water to be had is that taken from the river Guayas.

THE COLUMBIAN, BLOOMSBURG, PA

WONDERFUL BROECK FOOD AND THE SEXES.

THE ORIGINAL SPOTLESS TOWN IS

IN NORTHERN HOLLAND.

A Neatness and a Brillinney That

Are Absolutely Painful Pervade the

Whole Place-Rules Which the In-

Far up in northern Holland among

the dikes and canals of the little king-

dom lies Broeck, the original Spotless

Town. The palings of the fences of

Broeck are sky blue. The streets are

paved with shining bricks of many col-

ors. The houses are rose colored,

black, gray, purple, light blue or pale

green. The doors are painted and gild-

ed. For hours you may not see a soul

in the streets or at the windows. The

streets and houses, bridges, windows

and barns show a neatness and a bril-

liancy that are absolutely painful. At

every step a new effect is disclosed, a

new scene is beheld, as if painted upon

the drop curtain of a stage. Every-

thing is minute, compact, painted,

spotless and clean. In the houses of

Broeck for cleaning purposes you will

find big brooms, little brooms, tooth-

brushes, aqua fortis, whiting for the

window panes, rouge for the forks and

spoons, coal dust for the copper, emery

for the iron utensils, brick powder for

the floors and even small splinters of

wood with which to pick out the tiny

blts of straw in the cracks between the

bricks. Here are some of the rules of

Citizens must leave their shoes at the

oor when entering a house. Before or after sunset no one is allowed

to smoke excepting with a pipe having a cover, so that the ashes will not be scat-tered upon the street.

Any one crossing the village on horse

back must get out of the saddle and lead

A cuspidor shall be kept by the front

door of each house, where it may be ac-cessible from the window. It is forbidden to cross the village in a

carriage or to drive animals through the

it is the custom for every citizen who

sees a leaf or a bit of straw blown be-

fore his house by the wind to pick it

up and throw it into the canal. The

people go 500 paces out of the village

to dust their shoes. Dozens of boys

are paid to blow the dust from be-

tween the bricks in the streets four

times an hour. In certain houses the

guests are carried over the threshold

so as not to soil the pavements. At

one time the mania for cleaning in

Broeck reached such a point that the

housewives of the village neglected

even their religious duties for scrub-

bing and washing. The village pastor,

after trying every sort of persuasion,

preached a long sermon, in which he

declared that every Dutchwoman who

had faithfully fulfilled her duties to-

ward God in this world would find in

the next a house packed full of furni-

ture and stored with the most various

and precious articles of use and orna-

ment, which, not being distracted by

other occupations, she would be able

to brush, wash and polish for all eter-

nity. The promise of this sublime

recompense and the thought of this

extreme happiness filled the women

with such fervor and piety that for

months thereafter the pastor had no

Around every house in Broeck are

for everyday entrance and exit and

tle myrtle hedges would scarcely reach

to the knees of a four-year-old child.

Between the arbors and the flower

beds run little canals which seem made

measured with the hand, crossed at a

leap, demolished by a blow. More-

over, there are trees cut in the shape

of fans, plumes and disks, with their

trunks colored white and blue. At

every step one discovers a new effect.

cups and sugar bowls on and under

walls, clocks, ostrich eggs, shells,

vases, plates, glasses, placed in every

corner and concealed in every nook.

caprice, some new absurdity.

riages.

houses.

cause for complaint.

In addition to these established rules

this wonderful town:

streets

habitants Must Observe.

The Male Human Needs to Eat More Than the Female.

According to a writer in the Lancet, the male human needs more food than the female not only on account of his larger stature, but also because he is the more katabolic of the two. The man tends to expend energy and the woman to store it up in the form of fat; he burns the faster. This sexual difference shows itself in the very blood. The man has a larger percentage of chromocytes than the woman. showing that he needs a proportionately larger quantity of oxygen in order to maintain his more active combustion, a fact which one may associate with his comparative freedom from chlorosis. Moreover, weight for weight. his pulmonary capacity is greater than that of the woman, whose smaller respiratory need is further shown by the facility with which she can without discomfort diminish her breathing power by means of the corset.

"The great contrast between the metabolic activity of the two sexes.' continues the writer, "was forcibly brought home to me by a military display given by a troop of dusky amazons, with whom were also a few male warriors. The women, in spite of their daily exertions, were all rounded and plump, some very much so, no single muscle showing through the skin, and it was noticed that their movements, though full of grace, lacked energy and 'go.' The men, on the other hand, were spare, their muscles standing out plainly under the shiny skin, and they, in further contrast with the women. displayed a truly amazing agility. bounding about and whirling round in a most astounding fashion. The women, in short, were essentially anabolic. and the men were katabolic. I may here draw attention to the fact that men are apt to be larger meat enters than women, just as they are, possibly in consequence of this very fact, more prone to drink alcohol and to smoke tobacco."

SLEEPING HEROES.

Mighty Men of the Past That Are

Expected to Return. Is there any race that has not its sleeping here? A correspondent recently pointed out that the time for the fulfiliment of the prophecy that the tenth of Krishna will restore to India her independence is near at hand, and every nation has some such savior to whom the people look. West country rustics still believe that Arthur did not die, but sleeps in Avalon, and that in the hour of Britain's need he will awake, deliver the land and restore the golden age. In Germany it is a popular belief that Charles V. will some day wake from his enchanted sleep to reign over Germany, Spain. Portugal, Denmark, Belgium and Holland. Thousands of French peasants hold that Napoleon is only sleeping and that at some future time he will reappear and rule. And Mr. Newbolt has enshrined the Devon legend that Drake is only listening for the drum.

The Irish peasantry steadfastly refuse to believe that Mr. Parnell is really dead. They assert that his death was a ruse, that he was an interested spectator of his own funeral and that when the time comes he will emerge



The diver dies without air to The consumptive dies breathe. without lungs to breathe the air, or of lungs rendered incapable of breathing by disease. The blood as it flows in and out of the lungs indicates the consumptive's progress. As the lungs grow weaker less oxygen is inhaled and the blood changes from scarlet to purple. Oxygen is the life of the blood as the blood is the life of

the body. The effect of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery upon weak lungs is to strengthen them, to enable the full oxygenation of the blood, arrest the progress of dis-ease, and heal the inflamed tissues. Lung diseases have been and are being cured by "Golden Medical Discovery," in cases where deep-seated cough, frequent hemor-21-1 rhage, emaciation, weakness, and night-sweats have all pointed to a fatal termination by con--sumption.

"Some years ago I was almost a help-less victim of that dread disease condread disease con-simption," writes Mr. Chas. Fross. P. M. of Sitka. White Co., Ind. "I strong and neighbors had given up all hope my recovery, until one days a friend advised to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discov-s and after L had taken the contents of the

WAS me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discov-ery, and after I had taken the contents of the second bottle I began to improve. After taking six bottles I was, I honestly believe, delivered from the grave and entirely cured. I am now a strong aud hearty man."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the clogged system from accumulated impurities

Niagara Falls Excursion-

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has selected the following dates for its popular ten day excursions to Niagara Falls from Washington and Baltimore; July 24, August 7 and 21, September 4 and 18, and October 2 and 16. On these dates the special train will leave Washington at 8 a. m., Baltimore 9:05 a. m. York 10:45 a. m., Harrisburg 11:40 a. m., Millersburg 12:20 p. m., Sunbury 12:58 p. m., Williamsport 2:30 p. m., Lock Haven 3:08 p. m., Renova 3:55 p. m., Emporium Junction 5:05 p. m., arriv-

ing Niagara Falls at 9:35 p. m. Excursion tickets, good for return passage on any regular train, exclusive of limited express trains, within ten days, will be sold at \$10.00 from Washington and Baltimore; \$9.35 from York; \$10.00 from Littletown; \$10.00 from Oxford, Pa.: \$9.35 from Columbia: \$8.50 from Harrisburg: \$10 oo from Winchester, Va.; \$7.80 from Altoona; \$7.40 from Tyrone; \$6.45 from Bellefonte; \$5.10 from sport; and at proportionate rates from principal points. A stop-over will be allowed at Buffalo within limit of ticle,-London Globe. ticket returning.

The special trains of Pullman parlor from retirement to give Ireland her in. cars and day coaches will be run with

RICE WATER NUTRITIOUS.

Curious Way Some British Officers Discovered This Fact. It is probable that few occidental

cooks who prepare rice in various forms for diet are aware that in discarding the water in which it is boiled they are wasting what is regarded by the oriental as the most nutritious part of the food. This fact was curiously proved some years since when a detachment of Europeans and native troops in India found themselves beleaguered in a fort with insufficient rations, even of rice, to enable them to hold out until a force could march to their relief.

It was when the officers were seriously debating this problem that the natives approached them with what was regarded as a curious solution of the difficulty. If, proposed the latter. the Europeans took all the rice, they, the natives, would be quite content with the water in which it was boiled. The suggestion, in place of any better, was adopted, when it was remarked that while the Europeans found it difficult to maintain their strength on full rations of rice the natives lost none of their stamina by several weeks' diet on the water. When the proposal was made, the action of the natives was praised as one of great devotion to their superiors, but the sentiment was somewhat mollified when the discovery was made that the natives were quite aware that the principal nourishment lay in the water.

Since that time Europeans in the orlent, following the custom of the natives, have given rice water to patients, particularly in cases of cholera. as a last resort when no other food can be retained in the stomach and usually with good results. But the natives always value this water so highly that it is never thrown away.

In fact, it would surprise many cooks to discover how much may be done with this apparently worthless stock. If the rice is cooked in the oriental fashion-that is, boiled only so long that each grain comes out of the pan separate and not as a sodden massthe water when strained off and permitted to cool will become a jelly ap-proaching the consistency of blancmange. To suit the occidental palate the water should be flavored with an extract or otherwise the jelly may have rather an insipid taste.

Sheep In Varied Clothing.

One of the results of the investigation of a special committee of the Soclety of Arts into the question of bookbinding goes to show that sheepskin is often used by bookbinders under very different names. They found books bound nominally in Levant morocco, hard grain morocco, straight grain morocco, pigskin, calfskin, crocodile and alligator leathers, all of which on close microscopic examination were found to be the ordinary common sheepskin on which had been stamped the special grains and markings of the skins they were got up to imitate. The committee, however, were satisfied Ridgway; \$6.90 from Sunbury and that in many cases both the book-Wilkes Barre; \$5.75 from William- binders and the librarians had bought these leathers under the impression that they were buying the genuine ar-

> How Russian Peasants Live. # Most of the Russian peasants pass a great deal of their lives in wo

LIST OF JURORS FOR SEPTEMBER COURT.

GRAND JURORS.

Benton-W. Scott Laubach, farmer, Bloom-Robert McBride, painter; Robert Runyon, clerk,

Briarcreek-Stewart A. Ash, distiller. Catawissa Twp.-S. B. Martin, farmer. Catawissa B.-Chas. B. Hamlin, eng.; Frank Frey, laborer. Centralia-II. J. Heffner, miner; William Harris, laborer; Edward Cuff, miner.

Centre-George Whitmeyer, farmer.

Fishingceeek-Jacob Getsinger, farmer. Franklin-Newton Vetter, teacher. Greenwood-Peter Miller, farmer. Locust-George W. Bittner, farmer, Main-Joseph Hartzell, farmer; Charles

John, farmer, Montour-Peter S. Kashner, farmer.

Mt. Heasant-Alfred Crawford, farmer; Bradley Ruckle, carpenter; George G. Evert, farmer,

Orange-W. H. Neyhart, farmer. Roaringcreek-W. H. Beaver, farmer. Scott-Silas Young, merchant. TRAVERSE JURORS-FIRST WEEK.

Beaver-Nathan Rice, farmer. Benton Twp.-Barton Kierhoff, farmer; Henry Biane, farmer; I. K. K. Laubach, larmer.

Berwick-Clemuel W. Nugent, grocers Joseph Bitler, gent; L. S. Jacoby, agent, Bloom--Charles Taylor, moulder; Joseph Townsend, clerk; Harry W. Sloan, clerk; B. F. Sharpless, gent; Ehjah Creveling, gent; John Fatver, watchman; Harry Housel, merchant.

Briarcreek -- Gideon Michael, farmer, Centre-Wilson J. Miller, farmer. Cleveland-Amandus Billig, farmer, Fishingcreek - J. P. Creasy, farmer; Lewis

Beishline, farmer. Greenwood-Bruce Dildine, merchant;

Bigler Eyer, sawyer. Jackson-A. B. Mendenhall, farmer, I ocnst-J. C. Kester, farmer; J. W. Sny-

der, merchant,

Madison-Thomas Mordan, farmer. Main-John W. Shuman, farmer. Mifflin-Hervey H. Boyd, farmer; Geo.

B. Keller, farmer. Mt. Pleasant-Isaiah Howell, farmer; Lewis Christopher, farmer.

Orange-R. W. Brumstetter, laborer. Pine-W. H. Hayman, farmer; A. B. Johnson, farmer; Mason C. Johnson, labor-

Scott-K. S. Creasy, huckster; Austin Ohl, farmer.

TRAVERSE IURORS-SECOND WEEK. Beaver-Philip Rabuck, farmer. Benton Boro .- W. P. Robbins, mason,

Benton Twp .- Foster Mausteller, farmer, Berwick-J. C. Furman, blacksmith; Isiah Bower, gentleman; Clark Bower, fore-

Bloom-Jacob Shaffer, pattern maker; George Moyer, carpenter; W. S. Capwell, photographer; Thornton G. Freeze, laborer. Briarcreek-W. A. Lemon, farmer.

Catawissa Twp.-Joseph A. Creasy, farmr; G. H. Murray, farmer.

Catawissa Boro - Henry Pfahler, gentle-man; George Keller, brakeman; M. A. Bibby, tax collector; Herman F. Young, marble cutter.

Centralia-Thomas Boran, grocer. Cleveland-F. P. Dimmich, farmer. Conyngham-Patrick Coyle, laborer. Fishingcreek-James Amerman, merchant; Monroe Markle, farmer.

Greenwood-George Derr, farmer; Willets M. Dermott, farmer. Jackson-Frank Derr, farmer; Daniel W.

Hartman, farmer. Locust-E. C. Veager, merchant.

Madison-Frank Headershott, farmer; udson Axe, farmer.

Mifflin-John W. Creasy, merchant. Millville-Josiah Heacock, miller. Orange Boro.-W. W. Kisner, laborer. Roaringcreek-Michael Roach, farmer. Scott-George W. Remley, farmer; Baltis White, huckster,

Another Collapse Threatened. LONDON, July 23 .- A dispatch to the Central News from Venice reports that the monumental clock tower of santo Stefano shows signs of collapsing and that precautions have been ordered to prevent its fall.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Stock Quotations. Money on call steady at 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4%25 per cent. itering exchange steady, with actual ausiness in bankers' bills at \$4.87%24.88% Atchison. 1023

New York Markets.

New York Markets. FLOUR-Inactive and barely steady; imnesota patents, \$3.9064.10; whiter traights, \$3.6593.55; whiter extras, \$3.106 15; whiter patents, \$3.5574. WHEAT-After being weakened a little y cables railled and was firm on covering nd strength in outside markets; Septem-er, 78% wirksc.; December, 78 15-199774.c. RYE-Steady; state, 63264c., c. i. f., vew York, car lots; No. 2 western, 60% c., o, b, aftont. CORN-Generally steady to firm on cool reather wet, covering and with wheat; beember, 56c.

Ocember, 51c. OATS-Unsettled, but steadler with oth-r markets: track, white, state, 636666.; 'ack, white, western, 636/66c, PORK-Dull; mess, \$19.256/22; family, \$21

21.50 LARD-Easy; prime western steam,

1.65c. BUTTER-Steady; state dairy, 17%9 9%c.; creamery, 18%21%c. CHEESE-Quiet; new, state, full cream, mail, colored, fancy, 10c.; small, white, %210c.; large, colored, 9%c.; large, white,

EGGS-Steady; state and Pennsylvania, 20%-C; western, candled, 18719%-C. SUGAR - Raw firm: fair refining, 13-16c, centrifugal, % test, 35-16c, re-ined firm; crushed, 5.16c, powdered, 4.56c, TURPENTINE-Steady at 46746%-C. MOLASSES-Firm; New Orleans, 3367 1c.

RICE-Firm; domestic, 4%96%c.; Ja-TALLOW-Firm; city, 6%06%c.; coun-

ry, 64/2654c. HAY-Stendy; shipping, 65/270c.; good to holce, 95/297c.

Live Stock Market.

Live Stock Market. CATTLE-Market steady: choice \$7.500 30; prime, \$707.25; good, \$3.5006.75; veal slves, \$737.75. HOGS-Market lower; prime heavies, s: mediums, \$7.90; heavy Yorkers and ight Yorkers, \$7.5507.90; pigs, \$7.3007.55; sughs, \$607.50. SHEDT AND LAMBS-Market steady; best wethers, \$4.4004.60; culls and com-mon, \$1.5002; choice lambs, \$6076.50. cupboards full of hundreds of trifles and ornaments without name, a crowding disorder and utter confusion of colors .- Public Opinion.

buckets, benches, rakes, hoes and dependence. Every true Moslem bestakes, all colored red, blue, white or lieves that when antichrist appears yellow. The brilliancy and variety of Mohammed Mohadi will awake and colors and the cleanliness, brightness and miniature pomp of the place are wonderful. At the windows there are embroldered curtains, with rose colored ribbons. The blades, bands and nails of the gayly painted windmills shine like silver. The houses are brightly varnished and surrounded with red and white railings and fences. The panes of glass in the windows are bordered by many lines of different hues. The trunks of all the trees are painted gray from root to branch. Across the streams are many little wooden bridges, each painted as white as snow. The gutters are ornamented cle. with a sort of wooden festoon, perforated like lace. The pointed facades are surmounted with a small weathercock, a little lance or something resembling a bunch of flowers. Nearly every house has two doors, one in front and one behind, the last

conquer him. A Moorish legend declares that Bobadil el Chico sleeps spellbound near the Alhambra and that one day he will awake to re-establish the Moors as rulers of Granada. The Servians look to King Lager. slain by the Turks in 1389, as their final hope, and should Switzerland be again threatened by tyrants Swiss folklore declares that the three members of the Tell family who are sleeping at Rutili, near the Vierwald-Staten-See, will rise from their enchanted slumber and maintain the freedom of the land.-London Chroni-

Hopi Courtship.

When a Hopi maiden decides which of the eligible young men of the tribe she wishes to marry, she goes and sits in his house and grinds corn until he is sufficiently impressed by her industry to marry her.

the former opened only on great occa-After the ceremony, which is an sions, such as births, deaths and marelaborate one, the couple go to live in the wife's house. If she tires of her The gardens are as peculiar as the husband, she can obtain a divorce by The paths are hardly wide merely throwing his saddle out of the enough to walk in. One could put house. After marriage the house, fields his arm around the flowerbeds. The and all their property except the herds dainty arbors would barely hold two belong to the wife. persons sitting close together. The lit-

The Hopis are indulgent parents. The right of the children to do as they please is never questioned.

How a Woman Gets a Seat.

to float paper boats. They are crossed "I will tell you how to work it," said by miniature wooden bridges, with a woman, whose figure showed she colored pillars and parapets. There would be tired by standing, to a comare ponds the size of a bath, which panion in a Broadway car. "When are almost concealed by lilliputian there is no vacant seat, watch for two boats tied with red cords to blue men who are in conversation and stakes, tiny staircases and miniature stand right in front of them. kitchen gardens. Everything could be

"Each one will want his friend to think he is very polite, so both of them will jump right up and offer their seats. That's the way I do, and it never fails."-New York Herald.

An Effective Way.

a fresh combination of hues, a novel "They say," said the young dramatist, "that I shall have to cut my play The rooms are very tiny and resemdown, but I really don't know where ble so many bazaars. There are porceto begin."

lain figures on the cupboard, Chinese "Why not start at both ends," his candid friend asked, "and work tothe tables, plates fastened on the ward the middle?"-Chicago Record-Herald.

Opposite Meanings.

"Cleave" is the best instance of an ings. "Nervous," "let" and "propugn" are other instances.

each excursion running through to Niagara Falls. An extra charge will same room sheltering a number and be made for parlor-car seats.

An experienced tourist agent and chaperon will accompany each excursion.

For descriptive pamphlet, time of connecting trains, and further inforor address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant Street Station, Philadelphia.

Reduced Rates to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo.

On account of the Biennial Meeting, A. O. H., to be held at Denver, Colo., July 15 to 22, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Denver, Colorado Springs, or Pueblo, Col., from all stations on its lives, at rate of single fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold and Denver, Colorado Springs or Pueblo not later than August 31. Tickets must be validated for return passage by Joint Agent at any of the above mentioned points, for which service a fee of 25 cents will be charged.

For specific rates and conditions, apply to ticket agents.

A new line of Ruskin Vellum invi tations and wedding stationery jusreceived at this office. Best quality and latest styles. 3t

Eagles Mere Excursion Thursday July 31st

To accommodate persons desiring to visit the beautiful "Lake of the Eagles" for a day at a moderate cost, the Philadelphia & Reading Railway will run special trains Thursday July 31st as follows: Leave Bloomsburg 6.30 A. M., Leave Catawissa 6.30 A. M., Leave Rupert 6.40 A. M., Leave Danville 6.57 A. M., and arrive at Eagles Mere 10.00 A. M.

Returning leave Eagles Mere 6.30 P. M. stopping at above named points. Tickets will be sold at special rates of \$1.50 for the round trip, good that day only on special train in each direction as noted above.

Sale of tickets will be limited to English word with two opposite mean- seven hundred, for which number ample accommodations will be provided. 2t.

where they work, eat and sleep, the probably a pig in the bargain. There are few beds. Instead, all around the four walls of the room is fixed what may be literally described as a bench. It is made of wood, and at this works the peasant by day, and on it he sleeps by night, each man at his own spot. mation apply to nearest ticket agent, The conditions of the Russian workshop or factory and the Russian prison General Passenger Agent, Broad and military barracks, so far as interior arrangements are concerned, are akin. Chairs there will also be and a table, rudely fashioned, as a rule, by the men themselves .- Saturday Revlew.

Twentleth Century Medicine.

The twentieth century has almost a free field in medicine. Although much has been accomplished in the treatment of diseases, the science is still largely experimental, and there is room for a host of discoveries. Perhaps by the time this century is ended there will be a lymph or an antitoxin or some sort good going on July 10 to 12, inclusive, of treatment for every ill the flesh is and will be good to return leaving heir to, so that a few vaccinations and other treatments will guarantee immunity for a long period. Then centenarians will be as common as blackberries and a man will be young at eighty. -Philadelphia Inquirer.

> Hoped to Strike the Right One. "Here are half a dozen prescriptions I would like to have you fill as soon as you can," wheezed Rivers.

"I can see they are all for the cure of a cold," remarked the druggist, looking them over.

"It's this way," explained Rivers. "When I had the other cold, I tried all these. One of 'em cured me, but I can't remember now which one it was."-Chicago Tribune.

To Be Considered.

"I see that your town has been considering the idea of imposing a tax on bachelors."

"Yes," answered the young woman, "but we thought it over, and we concluded that the men might be mean enough to take the money to pay it out for what they spend for caramels and theater tickets."-Washington Star.

Lake Baikal's greatest distinction is its size. It is the largest fresh water lake on the Asiatic or the European continent, being 400 miles long and from 16 to 65 miles in width.

Before submitting to the inevitable a wise man takes pains to ascertain that it is the inevitable .- Chicago News.

TRIAL LIST

Sugarloaf-Gaylord McHenry, merchant.

For September 1902.

C. R. Woodin vs. Times printing Co. [Wilkes Barre Times.]

Mary C. Kline vs. Rebecca J. Adams admx. of Ellen Kline, dec'd.

David Shuman vs. Jeremiah B.

Farmers Mutual Fire Ins. Co. of Mid., Pa. to use of Harry S. Knight, Receiver vs. Josiah P. Fritz. Thomas E. Harder vs. John A. Shu-

man. F. P. Creasy vs. The N. & W. B. Railroad Co. and its successor, the N.

& W. B. Rwy, Co. Bloomsburg Land Improvement Company vs. The Town of Blooms-

ourg

Mrs. John Keeler vs. James Penning-

Nelson C. Hartman vs. Frank W. Boone.

Freas Fowler vs. American Car and Foundry Co.

Calvin Pardee & Co. vs. Theodore F.

Conner. P. M. Thornton vs. Frank Ikeler and Fred Ikeler, exrs. of E. R. Ikeler, dee'd.

Thomas Elmes vs. Margaret Mensch, Thomas Mensch, Matilda Berninger, Catharine Clayton and John D. Mensch.

Charles D. Whitneight and Sarah Whitenight, his wife vs. James M. Sta-

Lillie Atherholt and John Atherholt vs. Charles Hughes. E. M. Tewksbury's admrs. vs. Fran-

cis Glassmyer.

E. D. Tewksbury and Martha D. Souser vs. Francis Glassmyer, H. W. Wolf vs. W. H. Miller,

Jesse Hess vs. Ira R. Sutliff. Nelson B. Stackhouse vs. Lyman E.

Ignew and Henrietta Agnew.

Henry A. Heid vs. Fishingcreek

Pwp. William B. Houck vs. John Stokes

and Mrs. Lewis Miller. Theodore F. Conner vs. J. Lloyd

Diff W. H. Neyhard vs. Boro, of Orange-

ville.

M. E. Kostenbauder vs. Rosannah Goodman. Daniel Knorr, Shff. to use of State

Cap. S. & L. Asso. vs. S. C. Creasy. The Edward Thompson Co. vs.

James Scarlet.

The Boro, of Centralia vs. George S. Fleckenstine, Evenden Bros, vs. S. G. Bryfogle.

Nelson Stackhouse vs. L. E. Agnew, Alfred Reigle, atty. in fact vs. Ro-man Smoczynski et al.

By reason of a recent change in the postal laws, the government in the future will be responsible for registered mail lost in transit up to \$25 instead of \$10 as heretotore.