

WHAT THEY SAY

Extracts From Various Sources, Indicating Democratic Opinion On Questions of the Day.

"Kill and burn, and spare nothing ever ten years of age!" Nothing in Weyler's record justifies the presumption that he would be guilty of such turpitude.—Troy Press.

Hanna is a friend of labor—Chinese cheap labor. We always thought he was, notwithstanding some of his recent demagogic vapors. A few days ago when his pet ship subsidy bill was under consideration he showed his love for American laborers by voting against the Patterson amendment, which provided that no bounty could be paid to vessels carrying Chinese crews. Mr. Hanna still knows his business, but there is a great big rob of American workmen who don't know theirs.—Columbia (O.) Democrat.

The poor man is called a Socialist if he believes that the wealth of the rich should be divided among the poor, but the rich man is called a financier if he devises a plan by which the pittance of the poor can be converted to his use. The poor man who takes property by force is called a thief, but the creditor who can by legislation make a debtor pay a dollar twice as large as he borrowed, is lauded. The man who wants the people to destroy the government is an Anarchist, but the man who wants government to destroy the people is a patriot.—William J. Bryan.

"It has been, indeed, a trying hour for the republic; but I see in the future a crisis approaching that unnerves me and causes me to tremble for the safety of my country. As a result of war, corporations have been enthroned and an era of corruption in high places will follow, and the money power of the country will attempt to prolong its reign by working on the prejudice of the people until all wealth is aggregated in a few hands, and the republic destroyed. I feel at this moment more anxious for the safety of my country than ever before; even in the midst of war. God grant that my suspicions may be groundless."—Abraham Lincoln.

The Philadelphia Inquirer furnishes very amusing reading these days. It has always contended that Quay was not a boss; it has always resented any charge that there was machine rule in this state, and it has always given its undivided support to whatever Quay demanded. Now, since Quay has been compelled to throw Elkin overboard on account of the bad repute he has fallen into for obeying Quay's behests, the Inquirer just as vehemently insists that Elkin shall not retire at the "dictation of Quay." Notwithstanding its former claims that there was no such thing as boss in the Republican party, it completely flops around by insinuating ingratitude on the part of Quay, and resents the effort of the "mailed hand clutching the convention and squeezing the liberty of action out of it," and other like expressions.—Lock Haven Democrat.

President Roosevelt's boasted backbone seems to have deserted him and he has yielded to the demand of the pension attorneys and leaders of the Grand Army of the Republic. He has disgraced his administration by permitting these pension sharks to drive Hon. H. Clay Evans out of office. Evans stood for decency and economy in the pension office, and while he denied no man a pension that could claim it rightfully or legally, he did deny pensions to those not entitled to them, and in this way incurred the displeasure of the pension sharks. They have succeeded in making things so unpleasant that he has resigned. No matter what honors may be conferred on Mr. Evans by President Roosevelt he cannot escape the shame and humiliation of yielding to a greedy gang of pension looters.—Memphis Commercial-Appeal (Dem.).

Senator Quay's friends and organs are now taking care to declare, at his instance, that no one who was responsible for the legislature of 1901 should be considered in connection with a place on the Republican state ticket, and that Attorney General Elkin's connection with the legislature is a sponsor and adviser is a fatal weakness. We do not dispute the correctness of this. The legislature of 1901 has gone into history as the worst in the annals of Pennsylvania, or of any other state, for that matter. But what degraded it? Was it the power and ascendancy of the senior senator—was it not Quayism? Elkin, of course, failed in his duty, but he did so in his devotion to Quay. He had charge of the senator's campaign for re-election. It is a cool proceeding for Quay to unload his sins on the devoted head of Elkin, and that is precisely what he is doing.—Pittsburg Post.

But the last defense, and the worst of all is this—that it is inevitable that you cannot conquer those people any other way, and that if the work is to be done, there is only one thing to do, and that is what has been done, and I could read it to you, namely: Enter a village, surround it, take every house here and set it on fire; let the wretched people escape with what they have upon their backs. Are there women in a childbed? Send some soldiers in—and it has been done—to take them by the heels and drag them out and leave them in the fields, while we sing, "Nearer My God, to Thee." It is to close with these wretched creatures and induce them to raise a flag of truce, and as they draw near, to shoot them. It has been done. It is to send out scouting parties and simply slaughter everything above 10 years old. It reminds us a little of the story we heard in the early chapters of St. Matthew, only Herod took them a little younger; but General Smith thinks 10 years old and upward will do.—Rev. Dr. Parks, Boston.

MR. QUAY AT HARRISBURG

The Same Old Story to be Repeated In 1902.

Under the heading "Mr. Quay at Harrisburg," the Philadelphia Ledger on June 2, 1898, contained an able editorial which, with the change of half a dozen words, would be as apt and as true today as it was four years ago. Then Quay wanted to own a governor, one he might use to give the people a model administration. He is the same hypocritical, corrupt manipulator that he was then, with four years more of political debauchery credited to his disgraceful account. Following is the Ledger editorial:

"Matthew Stanley Quay arrived in Harrisburg on Tuesday night, and is now issuing orders for the conduct of the Republican State Convention from his headquarters at one of the hotels at the state capital. Mr. Quay is a United States senator, and has deserted his post in the senate at a time when the country is engaged in the most important business which has enlisted its attention since the close of the Rebellion, to resume at Harrisburg the more congenial and for him the more befitting occupation of the arch political boss of the country, in order to serve his own ends and to perpetuate a political rule which is rapidly becoming little less than Machiavellian in its sinister tendencies and results. Whether Mr. Quay's candidate for governor of Pennsylvania be W. A. Stone or any other subservient follower, Mr. Quay's intrigues at Harrisburg this week will be those of the selfish spoilsman, and all his art and cunning will be exerted to further his own interests and to secure the succession to the office of United States senator from Pennsylvania, an exalted position, to which he has added no lustre of statesmanship, and to which he can bring no respect and no dignity, and in which he can represent nothing but decadent politics and a legislature which through the blight of Quayism, will mark how high the tide of legislative incompetency and groveling vassalage to unworthy leadership rose at the close of the century.

"Mr. Quay's senatorial seat at Washington, though his desertion from duty there violates flagrantly his official obligations, in another view of the case, has been appropriately vacated by him. His absence from the senate chamber will not be noted. If present his contributions to the solution of the grave problems that vex the country would be insignificant and inconsequential. As a constructive statesman he has been a monumental failure. That he should be permitted to represent Pennsylvania anywhere, in any capacity, is a pitiful commentary upon the intelligence and judgment of the community. The rise of Quay, his long rule as a party autocrat, and the apparent inability of the Republican party hitherto to cast him off, suggest a serious reflection upon our political institutions. The perpetuation of the insolent and corrupting regime which stifles all political independence and subordinates the principles, doctrines and aims of a great party to the autocratic will, to the caprice and to the selfish purposes of Matthew Stanley Quay should be impossible in an intelligent and self-respecting community.

"A cynical philosopher challenged the political proverb that the people are always right, but admitted that they would become so when fully informed and enlightened as to their true interests. Revolt against discredited and debasing party leadership sometimes comes without much premonition. The remarkable series of informing addresses delivered by Mr. Wanamaker have revealed to the people of Pennsylvania political conditions involving the honor of the Republican party, which ought to make it exceedingly difficult for any self-respecting delegate at today's Republican convention to foist upon the party any candidate for governor, or for any other state office, who is the representative of Quayism. That political trademark spells infamy, and it should mean inevitable defeat."

He Should Demand an Inquiry.

"If General Jacob H. Smith is a man jealous of his honor he will ask for a court of inquiry to disprove the allegation made by Major Waller that he, General Smith, supplemented his published orders with oral instructions to kill and burn indiscriminately. If he does not ask for it the War Department should order it."—Commercial.

According to recent report, General Smith is to be recalled to this country and given a comfortable home command in which he can enjoy life after his strenuous service in the Far East. What sort of feeling must the people among whom he will come have for him if he does not disprove the charge that he gave the inhuman order to "kill everybody over ten years of age" in the island of Samar? He denied at the Waller court martial that he gave orders to butcher prisoners, but several witnesses swore that he did. The grounds upon which Waller was acquitted have not been made public as yet. He admitted that he killed defenseless prisoners in Samar without trial, and acknowledged that he did the same thing in China, as was done after he was succeeded in command by another officer. These are horrible things for the American people to contemplate. But, so far as known, the chief point of Major Waller's defense was that he acted under the orders of his superior, Gen. Smith, an old regular army officer. If Gen. Jacob H. Smith does not ask for an investigation he should be required to submit to one.—Buffalo Courier.

The 8 Hour Day

Which the working man has fought for and succeeded in obtaining is something the wife has no share in. Her day begins before his and ends long after it, as a rule, and many a night her rest is broken by the baby's fretful noise.



The healthiest woman must wear out under such a strain. What can be expected then of those women who are weakened by womanly diseases? Women who are weak, worn-out and run-down will find new life and new strength in the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

Sick people are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, free. All correspondence is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

"I suffered with female weakness about eight years—tried several doctors but derived no benefit until I began using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. John Green, of Danville, Boyle Co., Ky. "This medicine was recommended to me by other patients. I have taken six bottles and I feel like another person." The dealer who offers a substitute for "Favorite Prescription," is only seeking to make the little more profit paid on the sale of less meritorious medicines. His profit is your loss. Refuse all substitutes.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets should be used with "Favorite Prescription" whenever a laxative is required.

The Body Missing.

Harry Sweeger, Company A, Third United States Cavalry, son of William Sweeger, of Silver Spring, was killed in action in the Philippines on December 13, 1899. His parents were soon notified of his death by the War Department. Notice was finally received that the body had been forwarded. Saturday morning the casket arrived in Mechanicsburg and was taken charge of by his brother and an undertaker.

Arrangements were then made for a funeral service. The casket was hermetically sealed, and besides the express companies' marks, was inscribed with Sweeger's name, company and place from which shipment was made.

When the casket was taken home the father became suspicious, because of its light weight. It was opened in the presence of the family lawyer, and to the dismay of the dead hero's relatives was found to contain only two pieces of linen. Information was at once sent to the War Department and a searching investigation will be made.

The above article has since been contradicted. The body of the soldier was certified to be in the casket and the story seems to have been made out of the whole cloth, according to the report of an official sent from Washington to investigate the matter.

Rural Mail Delivery.

The three rural mail routes starting from Shickshinny have been approved upon the recommendation of Special Agent Taylor who was at Shickshinny a short time ago. The carriers were also examined during his visit and it is altogether probable that the service will begin July 1st. Another route is projected which will take in Huntington Mills, Town Hill, New Columbus, Jonestown and intermediate points. All the territory in Huntington Valley will eventually be covered by these routes and the farmers will have the advantage of receiving their mail in the morning instead of at night.

Reduced Rates to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Via Pennsylvania Railroad, Account Imperial Council. Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

On account of the Imperial Council, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, at San Francisco, Cal., June 10 to 14, 1902, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to San Francisco or Los Angeles from all stations on its lines, from May 26 to June 7, inclusive, at greatly reduced rates. These tickets will be good for return passage within sixty days from date of sale when executed by Joint Agent at Los Angeles or San Francisco and payment of fifty cents made for this service. For specific rates apply to Ticket Agents.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES—one size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Cures and prevents swollen feet, blisters, callous and sore spots. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for sweating, hot, aching feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 5-22 47

Leases, 3c each, 30c a dozen. Notices to quit, 10c a dozen. For sale at this office. ff.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Signature of J. C. Fletcher.

HER FAMILY HISTORY.

Sarah Bernhardt Tells Some Intimate Facts to Insurance Doctor and Gets Big Risk.

The \$100,000 insurance risk recently taken out by Sarah Bernhardt was divided among several large English companies, and each received a copy of the original examination by a physician of the company that accepted the great actress. A copy of the papers in the possession of an English visitor in Chicago shows that if Mme. Bernhardt dies M. Maurice Jean Ambroise Bernhardt, her son, married and about 35, will inherit the insurance money, together with \$100,000 worth of real estate in Paris, an estate else-



MME. SARAH BERNHARDT. (Considered by Critics the Greatest Living Actress.)

where in France and much money, bonds and other valuables.

The statement is to the effect that the divine Sarah was born on October 23, 1844, that her father died at 37 and her mother at 51. She has no brother. Of her two sisters, one died of accidental poisoning, the other of pneumonia. The physician makes special mention of the fact that Mme. Bernhardt submitted most affably to the physical examination, and that, all things considered, she is the best risk he has ever examined.

In answer to various questions the actress said she had been ill only once in her life, when a serious surgical operation was necessary. She never wore stays. Her full name is Sarah Bernhardt Damala. She owned \$100,000 worth of Paris real estate and earned \$10,000 a week in the theatrical season.

Her home is on the island of Belle Isle, on the west coast of France, a place immortalized by Alexander Dumas the elder in "The Three Guardsmen." Her height was five feet 6 1/2 inches and her weight 130 pounds.

In the matter of wines and other liquors she confines herself to one glass of champagne at dinner each day. Her principal food is the juice pressed from fresh beef.

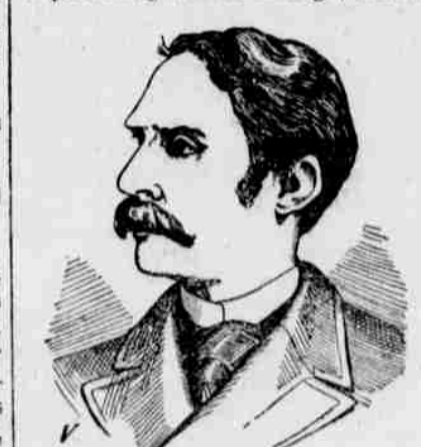
Her art takes up all her time, and to prevent the small but worrying things of every-day life from interfering with it she carries with her a woman companion and a massense. Her daily routine she gives as follows: She arises between 11 a. m. and noon. She takes a cold bath. She gives herself over into the hands of her massense. She has a light breakfast. If the weather is nice and dry she takes a drive; if not, she studies, reads or talks.

She has a light dinner, the principal ingredient of which is the juice pressed from beef; drinks her glass of champagne and goes to the theater at eight o'clock.

WILLIAM J. CALHOUN.

Distinguished Illinois Republican Who is Said to Be Stated for a Cabinet Position.

William J. Calhoun, who is said to be under consideration by President Roosevelt for a place in the cabinet, is practicing law in Chicago, but has



WILLIAM J. CALHOUN. (Illinois Republican Who May Soon Enter the Cabinet.)

a wide experience in public office. He came into national notice as interstate commerce commissioner and went to Cuba as a special commissioner to investigate the affairs of Gen. Ruiz. He was offered the choice of several other places by President McKinley, but his personal affairs needed his attention. Mr. Calhoun was born at Hubbard, O., in 1850, and he was a schoolmate of William McKinley. In 1896 he was an important factor in capturing the Illinois delegation to the national convention for his old friend.

Milk Kept in Frozen Chunks.

There are but few cows in Labrador. No wonder. The natives procure their milk for the winter and then kill their cows. The milk is kept in barrels, where it freezes and never threatens to sour throughout the entire season. When one wishes any milk he has simply to go to the barrel and cut out a slice.

GAIL & AX NAVY Smoking and Chewing Tobacco

The ORIGINAL and MOST SMOKED long cut tobacco in all the United States, manufactured with the express purpose of blending the two qualities, that of a good smoke and a good chew. It is made of ripe, sweetened "Burley," the only tobacco from which a perfect combination of smoking and chewing tobacco can be made.

Gail & Ax Navy is known by the distinctive character of its blue wrapper (which has many imitators), it being to-day identically the same as forty years ago, and it now stands for the quality that it did then. You get the very best, and take no chances, when you buy Gail & Ax Navy.

Baltimore, 1859, G. W. GAIL & AX

MEMORIAL DAY.

Headquarters Department of Pennsylvania, Grand Army of the Republic, S.W. No. 11 Cor 5th and Chestnut Sts. PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1902.

Time, in its flight, brings once more the season our thoughts recur to the past, when war with all its horrors darkened our land, and rent asunder the bond of unity, sealed by the blood of the heroes of the Revolution. Happily to-day, Angel of Peace spreads her wings over our country, which is united under one flag, the Emblem of Liberty. Again we approach the time when, with flowers of spring, we stand beside the graves, in which lie the forms of our veteran comrades, who gave so much to their country.

I. Our annual Memorial Day ritual is a simple one, that appeals to the warmest sympathy of the heart. "We meet for no empty show, or useless parade, but to testify from full and overflowing hearts, that the remembrance of their sacrifices have not grown dim with passing years."

"With sable draped banners and slow measured tread, The flower laden ranks pass the graves of the dead; And seeking each mound where a comrade's form rests, Leave tear bedewed garlands to bloom on his breast."

II. Posts will arrange for attendance at Divine Service on Sunday May 25th. This custom has now become general, and Post Commanders should urge upon comrades a full attendance in G. A. R. uniform.

III. Wherever practicable, visits to the Public Schools should be made and lessons of patriotism should be taught to the children. It needs no flowery oration to interest the pupils in our schools.

IV. In localities where there are more than one Post, arrangements will be made by them for division of the work. Interest your friends and societies in your vicinity, to join in the ceremonies of Memorial Day.

V. Comrades, keep in mind the meaning of this beautiful observance, and determine you will give this day in remembrance of your dead comrades. Excursions, games, and other frivolous enjoyment should be ignored on this sacred day, by every comrade of the Grand Army of the Republic. By command of Department Commander, LEVI G. McCauley, CHS. F. KENNEDY, Assistant Adjutant General.

Pick Up The Stones.

The law relating to the picking up of loose stones from the public roads says supervisors and road commissioners of the several townships within this commonwealth, shall, by contract or otherwise, remove and take away the loose stones from the traveled road or highways in such townships, at least once a month, during the months of May, June, August and October, in each year.

Silk tassels and pencils for programs for sale at this office. ff.

KEEP THE BALL ROLLING.

I asked her what paper she preferred, And warmly kissed her cheek, Then pressed her for her heart's reply, "Say, darling, can't you speak?"

She moved a little nearer then, And answered, "Lovely sir, The one of all that suits me most Is the Wayland Register."

Just kiss her on the other cheek, See what she thinks of that; Then press her for her answer, And she'll say, "The Democrat."

First papers read like stories told, Are good till comes a better; Just kiss that girl upon the lips, And she will say News-Letter.

Then lightly touch her lips once more, This bliss she'll not refuse, But ask her then what she likes best, She'll say the Evening News.

Bacteria lurk on rubly lips, Microbes infest the breath; Beware, young man, these smallpox times, Lest kissing cause your death.

But osculate her once again, Ask her your life to bless, Complete life's journey hand in hand, And read the Free Press.

Unbiased judgment cannot spring, From touch of rosy lips— 'Tis shown as plain as anything, By sure erratic "clips."

Come! cease your "schmoozing" now and choose, With sober mind and will; Decide forever and persevere, This Mail of Hughesville.

They reached a wise decision, Which has brought full recompense, They subscribed for THE COLUMBIAN And have lived happy ever since.

Getting their Money Back.

Wherever possible the postal authorities are restoring to the patrons of the several defunct "endless chain" companies the money forwarded by them for pens, cameras and "jobs." Many letters have been returned to patrons of the VanKirk and Robbins scheme. Across the face of each was stamped in red ink the word "fraudulent" in large letters. The quick return of these letters is accounted for by the fact that the envelopes bore the card of the sender. Envelopes without cards will have to be sent to the dead letter office before they can be returned to the sender. It is difficult to place any estimate on the length of time that this will require.

Eagles Mere.

A fine, well-written booklet describing the beauties and comforts of the "Lake of Eagles," the newest and one of the best of Summer resorts in Pennsylvania, situated on a mountain ridge in the hemlock forests of Sullivan county, but in quick, convenient reach from any part of Pennsylvania by the Philadelphia & Reading Railway has been just published and will be mailed to any address on receipt of a two cent stamp by ENSON J. WEEKS, General Passenger Agent Philadelphia & Reading Railway, Reading Terminal, Philadelphia.