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COURT PROCEEDINGS.

[Continued from page 1.]

turns:

- Commonwealth vs. Ervin Greene. Charge larceny. A true bill. Commonwealth vs. William Crawford. Charge aultery. A true bill. Commonwealth vs. Howard Watts. Charge assault and battery. Not a true bill. County to pay costs. Commonwealth vs. Charles E. Davis. Charge F. & B. C true bill. Case tried. Jury returned a verdict of guilty. Grand Jury makes the following returns: Commonwealth vs. James Alexander. Charge assault and battery. A true bill. Commonwealth vs. W. F. Adams. Charge embezzlement. A true bill. Defendant pleads not guilty. Court fined jurors G. A. Furman, Charles Seeley and Clinton Reichard \$25 each for non-attendance at Court and not answering to their names. Recognizance of Charles E. Davis and David Davis in the sum of \$500 for appearance of said Charles E. Davis at next term of Court.

Judge Little announced the remission of the fine of \$25.00 in the case of juror Charles Seeley, who had not answered the roll call at the morning session. Mr. Seeley had missed the train and was thereby delayed, but arrived in time for the afternoon session.

Tuesday afternoon was occupied by the trial of the case of Commonwealth vs. W. F. Adams, in which the defendant was charged with the embezzlement of \$170, the value of 10,000 cigars claimed by John D. Henderson of Lancaster county to have been shipped to Adams "on consignment." Adams denied the consignment, and claimed that it was a sale.

The jury in the case returned a verdict of not guilty, prosecutor John D. Henderson to pay the costs.

Com. vs. James Alexander. Charge assault and battery. Nolle pros. allowed on payment of costs.

Com. vs. James Alexander. Charge malicious mischief. Nolle pros. allowed on payment of costs.

Com. vs. Simon Roup. Charge embezzlement. Defendant pleads guilty. Order of sale granted in estate of Samuel Hutchings.

Estate of Caleb Girton. Amended return of sale confirmed nisi.

Petitions of Abraham Bennett, guardian of Carrie and Frank Potter, filed and granted.

In case of Commonwealth vs. W. F. Adams, court sentence prosecutor J. B. Henderson to pay costs of prosecution.

Sheriff Knorr acknowledged deeds

in open court. Commonwealth vs. Irvin Green, defendant pleads not guilty, verdict not guilty.

Report of viewers in favor of county bridge over West branch of Briar-creek in Center township near T. M. Adams' approved by Grand Jury. Report of grand jury read and ordered filed.

J. T. Berger appointed inspector of election in Catawissa boro. H. T. Gillinger, Wilson Rhodes and W. G. Yetter appointed viewers to view site for road in Cleveland township near Elijah Thomas'.

Commonwealth vs. Alice McHenry, charged with perjury in the Jacob Evans case who was under arrest for the murder of her husband, Thos W. McHenry. Mrs. McHenry pleads guilty, and was sentenced to pay costs of prosecution, a fine of \$300, and imprisonment in the eastern penitentiary for one year and six months.

Commonwealth vs. W. Crawford. Charge adultery, defendant pleads guilty and was sentenced to pay costs, a fine of \$400 and imprisonment in county jail for 9 months.

All jurors discharged Wednesday afternoon, those who cannot reach home to be allowed another day.

J. C. Brown, Jno. McMichael and W. A. Butt appointed viewers to view site for county bridge over Green Creek in Jackson township.

Adjourned to February 10 at 10 a. m.

M. E. CONFERENCE.

The Methodists are looking forward to the annual conference, which will convene at Bellefonte on March 26, with rather more than a common degree of interest, as in addition to the usual appointments relating to the local pastorates of the church the case of Dr. Swallow charged by Rev. C. B. Hartzell with lying, will come up for trial.

At last conference Shamokin was selected as the place of meeting this year. Owing to the prevalence there of small pox and scarlet fever this was later reconsidered and Bellefonte selected. The Rev. W. P. Shriner is pastor of the Bellefonte church in which the conference will be held. He has already begun arrangements looking to the entertainment of two hundred and fifty ministers and double that number of lay delegates who will be present.

John M. Walden, Bishop of the Cincinnati conference who will preside over the Central Pennsylvania conference is a parliamentarian and a disciplinarian of high rank, while his knowledge of ecclesiastical law is said to be unsurpassed.

SALES.

FEBRUARY 27.—W. B. Mericle will sell live stock, farm implements, etc., on the premises in Madison twp.

FEBRUARY 28.—The executrix of Samuel Hutchings, deceased, will sell real estate in Hemlock township, at one o'clock p. m. See advertisement in this paper.

LETTER FROM THE PHILIPPINES.

WRITTEN BY WARREN TURNER TO HIS FATHER.

U. S. Flag Ship New York. CAVITE, P. I., Dec. 14th, 1901.

Dear Papa:— Since my last letter to you, we have had one round of glorious scenery and weather. We were out of the general run of mail steamers so I waited until I returned to write, instead of dropping a line on the trip.

For some months we had contemplated a tour of the Southern Islands of the Archipelago, but were detained at Cavite, from time to time, by one cause or another. You remember I wrote you some time ago that we were going then. A telegram was received Nov. 21st, stating that one of our Colliers, the Iris, had grounded on Signyor Island, two or three hundred miles south of Manila Bay, and Admiral Rodgers decided that the New York should go to her assistance. Several other vessels of our fleet have been likewise unfortunate. We have no true charts of the whole Islands yet and sometimes we must depend on Spanish charts which are very seldom true. Navigation in these waters is very difficult, as the Philippines are one continuous chain of Islands large and small, and reefs and shoals extend out from them in all directions. Most of our Navigators are as yet unfamiliar with the channels, and as there are few accurate charts, much caution must be exercised at all times, and even so, mishaps are inevitable. Our Government is expending considerable money at present making Hydrographic Surveys and Charting the Coast line and channels. It will take some time, however, before this work will be completed, at any rate the grounding of the Iris caused us to start south, reaching the scene of her trouble, we found her floating having been pulled off the beach by the "Piscataqua" a powerful tug purchased from the P. & R. R. and brought over here last fall in company with the "Wompatuck" another large tug which formerly belonged to the Standard Oil Co. These are the two largest tugs in the U. S. Navy. We often have instruction and practise in Secondary Battery aboard her. Both of them are constructed of steel mounted with guns and serve as gun boats.

Seeing the Collier safe, the Admiral decided that as long as we were so far south, and having taken on a full bunker capacity of coal, upon leaving, we would continue and make the "Grand Tour" as it would be the height of folly for a stranger to navigate a vessel the size of the "New York" through these Islands. The Captain telegraphed, before leaving Cavite, to Francisco Suchy Orts, a Spanish Pilot of more than twenty years experience in these waters to meet us off the coast of Panay. This Pilot, now in the employ of the U. S. Navy Dept. is located at Ilo Ilo.

After leaving the Iris, our first objective point was the City of Cebu, situated on the Island of the same name, it is the oldest European settlement in the Philippines. Here the great discoverer, Magellan, first set foot, April 7th, 1521. Magellan as you know, was one of the ablest mathematicians, and skillful and bold navigators of the age in which he lived. He was a Portuguese by birth, but on account of adverse circumstances at home he offered his services to the king of Spain, Charles First who accepted them and fitted him out for an expedition of discovery. He left Spain Aug. 10th, 1519 discovering the Straits which bear his name, the Ladrones Islands, and finally the Philippines. At first the natives at tempted to expell him from the Islands but was at last welcomed by them because of his friendly mission, and a treaty was made. He aided the natives in a struggle against hostile tribes and was mortally wounded by an arrow. A slab on Magton Island marks the place where he fell, and an imposing Obelisk on the beach at Cebu perpetuates his memory among those whom he gave to the civilized world.

After Magellan's death a number of his followers were killed at a banquet and the remaining few after many hardships escaped to Spain. Cebu is the third largest port in the Islands and has an established Custom House, its population is about 11,000 while the whole population of the Island of Cebu is 600,000. The City suffered much in the rebellion against the Spanish in 1897, and still shows numerous signs of the Bombardment by the Spanish. Most of its important buildings were destroyed. There is a large Cathedral, the seat of one of the four Bishops of the Philippines, also the church of St. Nicholas, the chapel of the Jesuit and Paul Fathers and the Church of Santo Nuro, the "Holy Child" of Cebu. The Church contains a much prized statue to which the Natives make pilgrimages every year. One thing which struck me forcibly was that most of the business houses were conducted by Chinese. There are some Philippines and a few American merchants here. The people are of

the Visagan race. In appearance, they differ somewhat from the Tagals about Luzon and bear more resemblance to the Malays of Borneo and Malacca. In disposition they are less sociable and hospitable than the Tagals and less clean in clothing and person, the women were of a finer looking class than of any other class of Filipinos we have seen yet; they pay more attention to their dress, they have a language of their own, but most of them speak Spanish as well, their principal articles of food consist of fish and rice, highly seasoned with red pepper, they are great fishermen, and daring swimmers. The cock fight is as popular here as elsewhere in the Islands, they are a lazy people as a class, although great quantities of sugar, hemp, manila, rice, tobacco and corn are exported from Cebu. From appearances it seems to grow without cultivation. The 19th Infantry stationed here, reports very little trouble. Besides fruit and coconuts, many beautiful shells were offered for sale by the bum boat people. Our next stop was at Zamboanga, (Nov. 26 27 28) situated on Mindanao Island, the second largest of the Filipino Group. Until lately nothing was known of the interior, but Jesuit Missionaries by their fearless explorations have given us complete maps, and accurate information. There are a few active, and many extinct volcanos. The population consists of twenty-four tribes of which 17 are Pagan, and the remainder are Christian. The Negritos were the original inhabitants but large wild tribes of Moros coming from the south drove them into the interior and might have swept them from the Island had not the Spaniards checked their northern course. The warlike Moros are found on the southern and southwestern parts of the coast and on the banks of large rivers and lakes. The Spaniards made no attempt to clear the Islands of their religious enemies. Zamboanga is the principal town on Mindanao, it is of fair size, clean, pleasant and beautiful. Approaching by the sea its appearance is different from all towns we have yet visited, the water front being lined with the original bamboo or Nepa "Huts." Further back in the town is a number of brick and stone buildings, chiefly the Commissary, Post Office, and Officers' Quarters. The climate is soft and balmy, the scenery is delightful, in fact it is the garden spot of the Philippines. I can scarcely describe to you the beauties of this tropical growth of palms, etc., and should I make an attempt it would be impossible to give it a truthful description for words cannot express its grandeur. Zamboanga is the center of the Spanish rule in the south. It was fortified shortly after Cavite was strengthened and became the second Naval Station. It is also the Clearance port for ships trading in the Southern Islands. Part of the 17th Infantry is stationed here and many of the officers have their families, making it quite an American Colony. The Piscataqua accompanied us to this Port, and shortly after our arrival the Admiral and staff boarded her and visited Isabella on the Basilian Island, about 20 miles distant. On Thanksgiving eve a delightful entertainment was given by the ship's Company under the auspices of the Chaplain, on the Quarter Deck. In addition to the officers from the New York, and Piscataqua, many Army Officers were present with their ladies. It seemed more like Fourth of July weather than Thanksgiving. On Thanksgiving afternoon we had games and contests on the fo'c's'le. Moro shawls, bolos, and other curios were plentiful and cheap too. About two in the morning of the 29th we weighed anchor and skirted the southern coast of Minanao reaching Palloc the same afternoon, this small town is beautifully situated on the bay of the same name, near the mouth of the Rio Grande River. The surroundings make it one of the most beautiful bits of scenery in the Philippines. Not numbering the Moros who come and go the population is about 250. In Spanish times it was an Army station, it also had a small Dry Dock. The ruins of a good sized Spanish Gun boat are lying on the beach, it looks more like a hugh snowwhitened skeleton. We use Palloc as a Naval station, also a base of supplies for the small gun boats; there is a garrison

of Marines stationed there. Directly across the Bay from Palloc is the Army station of Parrany—Parrany. It was an old Spanish military post and the scene of many fierce encounters, it has a settlement of about 200 Filipinos and a floating population of Moros. One Company of the 15th Cavalry and Troops "A" of the 15th Cavalry are stationed there. The Natives have regular market days on Tuesdays and Fridays. Chickens are cheap selling for twenty cents a pair. I could easily eat twenty cents worth though. The finest bolos are to be gotten here, a large heavy kind used in beheading are easily obtained. About seven miles from the mouth of the Rio Grande is Koto Bato, it was an old Spanish Garrison but the population now consists of about 300 Moros and a few Filipinos. Koto Bato is in the Moro country and about one and one half miles further on lives a Datto or Chief who gave Spain seven years of trouble, and who it took two thousand soldiers to convince him that he was wrong. Some of the retainers of the chief, now in his dotage, for he is over 94 years of age, visited this Chief on Sunday Dec. 1st. [To be concluded next week.]

Get the Most Out of Your Food

You don't and can't if your stomach is weak. A weak stomach does not digest all that is ordinarily taken into it. It gets tired easily, and what it fails to digest is wasted.

Among the signs of a weak stomach are: uneasiness after eating, fits of nervous headache, and disagreeable belching.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla at different times for stomach troubles, and a run down condition of the system, and have been greatly benefited by its use. I would not be without it in my family. I am troubled especially in summer with weak stomach and nausea and find Hood's Sarsaparilla invaluable." E. B. HICKMAN, W. Chester, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Strengthen and tone the stomach and the whole digestive system.

The People Come and the Goods Go

'TIS WELL! WE MUST HAVE THE MONEY. I. W. HARTMAN, Retiring.

- BLEACHED TABLE LINEN. Dissolution sale price as follows: 1.50 yd. reduced to yd. 1.22; 1.25 yd. " " yd. 1.09; 1.00 yd. " " yd. .84; 89c. yd. " " yd. .75; 75c. yd. " " yd. .62; 50c. yd. " " yd. .46; 39c. yd. " " yd. .32. UNBLEACHED TABLE LINEN. Dissolution sale price as follows: 85c. yd. reduced to yd. .74; 75c. yd. " " yd. .66; 50c. yd. " " yd. .44; 39c. yd. " " yd. .32; 25c. yd. " " yd. .22. RED TABLE LINEN. 35c. yd., reduced to yd. .29; 25c. yd., reduced to yd. .22. LADIES' WHITE APRONS. Dissolution Sale Price .10c. each. INFANTS' WHITE DRESSES were 50 cents; dissolution sale price 25c. CHILDREN'S GING'AM DRESSES were 25c.; dissolution sale price 21c. CHILDREN'S UNDER WAISTS, were 50c.; dissolution sale price 25c. CHILDREN'S MUSLIN DRAWERS dissolution sale price 10c. TABLE NAPKINS. Dissolution sale price as follows: 5.00 doz. reduced to doz. 4.45; 4.50 doz. " " doz. 3.95; 3.75 doz. " " doz. 3.25; 3.00 doz. " " doz. 2.50; 2.50 doz. " " doz. 2.19; 2.00 doz. " " doz. 1.69; 1.50 doz. " " doz. 1.39; 1.25 doz. " " doz. 1.10; 1.00 doz. " " doz. .84. DAMASK, HUCK, AND TURKISH TOWELS. Dissolution sale prices as follows: 1.00 pair reduced to 84c. pair; 75c. pair reduced to 62c. pair; 50c. pair reduced to 44c. pair; 39c. pair reduced to 32c. pair; 25c. pair reduced to 22c. pair. COMFORTABLES. Dissolution sale price. Were 3.50 reduced to 2.75; " 2.75 " " 1.95; " 2.25 " " 1.75; " 2.00 " " 1.50; " 2.00 " " 1.50. WOMEN'S NIGHT DRESSES. Dissolution sale price. Were 2.75, 2.95, 3.50 now 2.25; " 2.50, 2.25, 2.00 " 1.59; " 1.75, 1.59, 1.49 " 1.25; " 1.39, 1.29, 1.25 " 1.00; " .98 now .84; " .89 " .74; " .75 " .64. Accumulation of Remnants, Short Cuts, Odd Pieces, Odd Pairs and Odd Lots, now so displayed as to be easy to examine—and so priced as to be decidedly easy to buy. You'll see \$1.00 goods going for 75c. You'll see \$1.00 values selling at 60c. You'll see \$1's worth to be had for 50c.; just as good as before they became remnants.
- WOMEN'S CORSET COVERS AND DRAWERS. Dissolution sale price. Were 1.50 1.39, now .84c; " 98c, now .74c; " 89c, " 75c; " 89c, " 75c. CORSET COVERS same as Drawers. COTTON BLANKETS. Dissolution sale price, white only. Were 49c. pair, reduced to .42c pair; " 90c " " .65c pair; " 1.25 " " .95c pair. WOOL BLANKETS. Dissolution sale price. 3.95 white and red, now 2.75; 5.00 white only 3.50; 6.50 " " 4.75; 7.50 " " 5.45; 8.50 " " 6.45. HOSIERY. Ladies' fancy stockings, fast colors, were 25c. Dissolution Sale 19c. pair. LACES. W white, black and cream laces—wide or narrow—were 15 to 60c. yd. Dissolution Sale 10c. yd. BABY CAPS. Lot of colored velvet and silk caps at half price. WRAPPERS. Percale and Flannelette wrappers. Were 1.00 Dissolution Sale .74; " 1.25 " .95. COATS. New coats this season about half price. These must be sold. \$5.00 coats, dissolution sale . . . \$3.45; 7.50 " " " " " 4.90; 10.00 " " " " " 6.15. CAPES. Every garment new this season. \$ 5.00 capes, dissolution sale . . . \$3.45; 7.50 " " " " " 5.45; 10.00 " " " " " 6.95. 9c. YARD. Percales, Dress Ginghams, Cotton Plaids—never sold for less than 10, 12, 15, 18 and 22c. a yd. Dissolution Sale 9c. yd. DRESS GOODS. Plaids, Stripes and Fancy mixtures, 36 and 38 in. wide, reduced from 50c. a yd. Dissolution Sale 31c. yd. DRESS TRIMMINGS. Black and colored gimp in silk and jet worth from 15c. to 50c. a yd. Some are small pieces, others larger quantities. Every one a bargain. Dissolution Sale 10c. yd. DRESS CLOTHS. All wool goods, 50 in. wide, a variety of good colors and patterns, have sold at \$1.00 yd. Dissolution Sale 69c. yd.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

BIG Auction Sale OF MICHIGAN BRED TROTTER STOCK,

NEXT FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1902, AT THE Central Hotel Stables, Bloomsburg.

This will be the grandest and finest bred lot of young Horses that have ever been offered in this county, coming direct as they do from FAMOUS YOUNG BROS. STOCK FARMS, COLD-WATER, MICHIGAN, where such fast ones as "Geo. B." 2:09, "Lone Jack" 2:08, "Stretcher" 2:07, and many others too numerous to mention have been raised. These Horses are all thoroughly broke and ready for immediate use, and their ages are from 4 to 7 years old. They will POSITIVELY BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE, regardless of the weather, at Central Hotel Stables, Bloomsburg, Pa. Every Horse must go to the highest bidder. Three months' time given on bankable notes.

YOUNG BROS. JOHN S. WILLIAMS, AUCTIONEER.

SHOES.

That wear well, look well, and are comfortable.

The Herrick Shoe, for women, at \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50. "Try Me" Shoe, for women, \$2.00. Box Calf Shoes, for women, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.00. All leather. The W. L. Douglas Shoes, for men, full line. If you want solid comfort, buy our Government Shoe, \$2.50.

W. H. MOORE, Cor. Main and Iron Sts. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Hot Rolls, hot muffins, hot cakes, made with Royal Baking Powder may be freely eaten without fear of indigestion.