

GAINS BY STRIKERS.

Bellaire Plant Is Forced to Shut Down.

BREAK IN CARNEGIE FORCES.

Ten Skilled Workmen in Lower Mill Go Out—Some Accessions to Striker's Ranks in McKeesport and Wheeling—To Close Bellwood.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 14.—Neither side moved decisively yesterday in the great industrial conflict between employers and employees in the steel trade, and the result is still in the balance. The strikers made gains at Pittsburgh, McKeesport, Wheeling and Bellaire in the last 24 hours, but in the main the advantage is still with the mill owners. Both sides claim to be preparing moves that will bring confusion to opponents, but neither side had shown its hand. The general situation can be briefly summarized as follows:

Ten men, five of them skilled, quit at the lower Union mill of the Carnegie company in Pittsburgh and joined the strikers. Their defection represents the first break in the Carnegie forces of more than 15,000 men. The strikers were jubilant over the incident, but the company claims to have filled their places at once and that there will be no more desertions at any of the plants.

The Bellaire plant at which the men struck on Sunday was finally closed down after working short handed until Monday afternoon. When another start will be made is problematical.

Several hundred boys employed at the National Tube works at McKeesport went out during the night and day, and their action materially aided the effort of the strikers to finally tie the plant up. The works are going ahead short handed, but the ranks of the workers are thinning, and the supply of material is limited.

The strikers made gains at Wheeling, and the steel officials admitted that Bellwood would be closed down. Clark's mill here is moving along full handed, Lindsay & McCutcheon's is operating with a small crew, and the managers are planning to open Painter's and increase the force at Lindsay & McCutcheon's. A break in the ranks of the men who struck at Painter's is expected, but the strike managers deny that one will occur. Another break is reported as possible at Newcastle, but there are as yet no positive indications of it.

The American Tin Plate company has a small force at the Crescent plant in Cleveland and is also planning resumption at other points with nonunion men.

Both sides express their confidence in ultimate victory and are actively carrying forward their respective campaigns. President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association left today for Wheeling, where he is to address the strikers. The number of men out as a result of the general order is now roughly estimated at 16,000 and on the three orders at 62,000. Many strikers have found work in independent mills or at other occupations, and many are idle merely because the skilled men are out.

According to an authoritative announcement made to a representative of the press by officials of the American Sheet Steel company, the destruction of another plant has been ordered by the steel corporation as a result of the refusal of the men to operate it. This time it is the Chartiers plant at Carnegie that is to be dismantled. It is owned by the American Sheet Steel company, and the orders to tear it down went out yesterday. It will be removed to Leeburg, in the Kiskiminetas valley.

The strikers were called together Monday by Superintendent John Henry and preliminary notice of the company's plan served on them. Eighty strikers responded, and Mr. Henry told them that the fires would be lighted and all preparations made for a start Tuesday. He said that at 2 o'clock the whistle would be blown, and if the men failed to respond the fires would never be relighted. The programme as outlined was carried out, but when the whistle sounded the men did not respond. The fires were at once drawn, and the order to dismantle and remove the mills was given. The officials of the company said that the plant would be down and moved within two weeks.

The steel corporation held its ground at Chicago, Joliet, Bay View, Youngstown, Columbus, the Kiskiminetas valley and the Carnegie group with the exception of the instance named. The strikers are considering plans for breaking the decision of Chicago, Joliet and Bay View to stand with the steel companies, but what they plan to do has not yet been made clear. They are charging some of the western men with both dishonesty and disloyalty, and there is a general desire among members of the Amalgamated here for some form of inquiry.

There was no trouble at any of the strike centers yesterday, although it was anticipated at the points where plants are being partially operated and the men are wavering on the question of going out. Crowds surrounded the Carnegie plants here, and the officials finally called on the police to clear them away. The officials say that the loss of ten men at the lower Union mill can be directly traced to the threats of the strikers, who intercept the men on the way to and from work. They make the same complaint as to Bellaire, Wheeling and McKeesport.

A telegram from Youngstown says that the furnace workers have decided not to strike. The executive committee of the Furnace Workers' union of Mahoning and Shenango valleys met in that city today to receive and take action upon the report of the subcommittee appointed to investigate the rumored sale of the output of the furnaces of the two valleys to the United States Steel corporation. The subcommittee's finding was to the effect that the rumor was correct, but the executive committee, after a long discussion of the situation, after a long discussion of the situation, in view of the fact that the steel corporation has furnace capacity of its own sufficient to supply its present needs and the further fact that the furnace owners involved have given the men assurances that if they will continue at work no pig iron will be shipped under the contract with the steel corporation, decided that a strike at this time is unadvisable. Meantime it was decided to organize the stockmen and other employees of all the furnaces of the country, effecting a national organization, which shall be affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

Peruvian Cabinet Censured. LIMA, Peru, Aug. 14.—The Peruvian chamber of deputies adopted a resolution censuring the cabinet by a majority of 106 votes.

THE COLUMBIAN REVOLT.

State Department Receives Important Advice.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—The state department yesterday received mail advice from three different quarters in Colombia, all showing revolutionary movements in progress and a rather serious condition of affairs. Both termini of the Panama railway route were heard from. Consul General Gudgeon writing from Panama as to a revolutionary attack on nearby towns and Consul Malinos, at Colon, reporting that guerrilla fighting had been going on at different points between Colon and Panama.

At the same time Minister Hart wrote from the capital of Colombia as to the arrest and imprisonment of prominent adherents of the former president, Dr. Sanclemente, as they were suspected of seeking to have the Nationalist organization join with the Liberals, who are said to be showing increased strength and activity in a revolutionary movement.

Although these letters have taken some time to come forward, yet they give the state department about the best and the only definite information which is at hand as to the condition of affairs. Mr. Gudgeon's letter speaks of a revolutionary raid on the 26th and 27th of July, in which an alcalde and several policemen were made prisoners and some arms and provisions captured. This is not the holding up of the train at Matachin reported by him by cable, as that happened later and did not result in any looting.

The navy department has received word of the departure of the Iowa from Puget sound for San Francisco, whence she will go to Panama if her services are required there.

HENRY OF ORLEANS DEAD.

Descendant of French Kings Passes Away in Cambodia.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—A dispatch from Saigon, the capital of French Cochinchina, says that Prince Henry of Orleans, who had been seriously ill in Cambodia, is dead.

Prince Henry of Orleans was the oldest son of the Duke of Chartres. He achieved some fame as an explorer. He was born at Ham, near Richmond, England, on Oct. 16, 1867.

Before Prince Henry was taken ill he expressed his intention of visiting the United States, and Newport was expecting that he would reach there before the close of the season. His father, the Duke of Chartres, served in the Italian army in 1859 and in the Federal army in the American civil war in 1862.

Prince Henry was a first cousin of the Duke of Orleans, head of the royalists of France and a great-grandson of Louis Philippe, who was king of France from 1830 until he abdicated the throne in 1848. The present head of the Bourbons of France, Prince Louis Philippe Robert, duke of Orleans, was the son of the late Count of Paris.

Charged With Criminal Negligence.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 14.—George B. McClelleny, proprietor of the grocery store at Tenth and Locust streets, in which on Monday last week an explosion of gasoline occurred, resulting in the death of eight persons and the injuring of about 40 others, has been arrested on a warrant issued by Coroner Dugan. McClelleny is charged with criminal negligence in keeping explosive oil in the cellar of his store. He was injured in the explosion and is at present confined to his bed. He will be kept under police surveillance until he is able to appear at the inquest, the date of which has not yet been decided.

Rockhill to Leave Peking.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—"Mr. Rockhill, the United States special commissioner, will leave Peking in a few days," says a dispatch to The Times from the Chinese capital. The French government, with characteristic courtesy, has offered the cruiser Pascal to convey him to Japan, whence he will proceed by steamer.

Odell Leaves Albany.

ALBANY, Aug. 14.—Governor Odell, accompanied by Mr. James G. Graham, his private secretary, left Albany at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon for Newburg. "I have nothing to announce concerning the New York police situation," said the governor to a press representative as he boarded the train.

Edison Absorbs Boston Company.

BOSTON, Aug. 14.—Changes made in the board of directors at the annual meeting of the Boston Electric Light company practically complete the consolidation of the Boston company with the Edison Electric Illuminating company under the name of the latter.

Wreck on Chesapeake and Ohio.

RICHMOND, Aug. 14.—In a wreck on the James River division of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad near Norwood, Nelson county, yesterday afternoon one man was killed and several were injured. All were employees of the company.

Notes For British Army.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 14.—The British steamer Montenegro, with a cargo of 1,000 mule for the British military operations in South Africa, has cleared from this port for Cape Town.

Ho Coming to America.

YOKOHAMA, Aug. 14.—The doctors have ordered the Marquis Ito, the former premier, to take a sea voyage for his health. He is consequently going to America for a short stay.

New York Markets.

WHEAT—State and western acted a trifle easier owing to the wheat break, but was not notably lower; Minnesota patents, 23.90; winter straights, 23.40; 2 1/2; winter extras, 23.50; winter patents, 23.90; 2 1/2. WHEAT—Opened weak under bearish cables, but rallied on covering and light offerings; September, 78 1/2; 11-16c; October, 78 1/2; December, 80 1/2; 1890/91. CORN—Quiet and weaker with wheat and on cables; September, 63 1/2; December, 63 1/2. OATS—Quiet and barely steady; track, white, state, 42 1/2; track, white, western, 42 1/2. HAY—Steady; prime western steam, 9.00. BUTTER—Firm; state dairy, 14 1/2; country, 14 1/2. CHEESE—Quiet; fancy, large, colored, 9 1/2; fancy, large, white, 9 1/2; fancy, small, colored, 9 1/2; fancy, small, white, 9 1/2. EGGS—Firm; state and Pennsylvania, 16 1/2; western, canted, 12 1/2. SUGAR—Raw quiet and easy; fair refining, 9 1/2-10c; centrifugal, 9c test, 9 1/2c; refined white, crushed, 6.8c; powdered, 6.4c. SPICES—Quiet at 2 1/2-2 1/2c. MOLASSES—Steady; New Orleans, 35 1/2. LARD—Firm; domestic, 4 1/2-4 3/4; Japan, 4 1/2. TALLOW—Steady; city, 4 1/2; country, 4 1/2. COFFEE—Quiet; shipping, 12 1/2-13c; good to choice, 9 1/2-10c.

SIGNOR CRISPI DEAD

Italian Statesman's Long Illness Ended.

AFFAIRS IN GREATEST CONFUSION.

Will Have Only Sale of Memorials to Depend on—Details of Funeral Arranged Before Death Came.

NAPLES, Aug. 12.—Signor Crispi died at 7:45 o'clock last evening. He was surrounded by the members of his family and several intimate friends. The news was immediately telegraphed to King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena. The evening papers assert that the body will be conveyed by steamer to Palermo, where the municipality will arrange for a great public funeral.

It is rumored that Signor Crispi's will authorizes a prominent Italian politician to examine his papers and to publish his memoirs.

In consequence of the low condition of Signor Crispi yesterday morning the injections of stimulants and the administration of oxygen were stopped, the physicians recognizing that both were quite useless. Through the day he lay inert and insensible, and he was virtually dead for hours before the physicians certified that life was extinct.

Some indignation was expressed when the public learned that the details of the funeral had been arranged before death came.

It is rumored that the affairs of the deceased are in the greatest confusion and that Signora Crispi will have to depend solely on the proceeds of the sale of the memoirs.

The body will be embalmed and will lie in state for three days in the drawing room of the Villa Fina, in Naples, the walls of which are adorned with frescoes representing the principal episodes of the Garibaldi epoch.

Signor Joratto, the sculptor, has taken a cast of the face. Seals have been affixed to the belongings of the deceased, and Signor Lauranzana of the chamber of deputies has been appointed trustee of the will.

Veteran soldiers, firemen and police will act as a guard of honor during the lying in state.

A great state funeral will be held in Naples before the body is removed to Palermo. King Victor Emmanuel will be represented at the obsequies.

Wreck on the Lehigh.

RUFFALO, Aug. 10.—The two rear cars, a Pullman observation coach and a parlor car, on the Lehigh Valley Railroad company's Black Diamond express which left this city yesterday at noon for Philadelphia jumped the track and broke loose from the balance of the train at North Leroy, ten miles east of Batavia, shortly after noon. The train was running over 50 miles an hour at the time. The parlor car remained on the ties, and no person was injured, but the observation car plunged down the embankment and dropped over on its side in the ditch. It was badly demolished, but only eight of its occupants, including the Pullman conductor and porter, were injured and these not seriously. The injured sustained only bruises and small cuts about the head and body. Their wounds were dressed by doctors summoned from Leroy, and they proceeded on the coaches of the unwrecked portion of the train, which went on to New York at 2:30 p. m.

Four Hurt in Wreck.

DUBOIS, Pa., Aug. 12.—Through the alleged failure of the telegraph operator at Carmen to deliver a train order to a north bound freight train two trains were wrecked and four trainmen were injured, one of whom is likely to die. The wreck occurred north of Carmen on the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburgh railroad. The injured are: Conductor James Gillespie, not expected to live; Engineer Wilkes, Engineer Reilly and Brakeman Harry Smith. All the injured men lived at Bradford. On account of the mistake of the operator the north bound and the south bound freight trains met on a curve. The two locomotives and a dozen cars were badly wrecked.

Kitchener Reports Successes.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—In a long dispatch issued last night reporting the operations of various columns Lord Kitchener said: "I am glad to be able to send you the largest return I have yet had for one week. Since Aug. 5 the columns report 39 Boers killed and 20 wounded, including Commandant Moll, dangerously; 385 prisoners, including Wolmarans, late chairman of the first volksraad; 85 surrenders, including Commandant Devilliers, and the capture of 24,400 rounds of ammunition, 754 wagons, 5,580 horses and large quantities of stock. Most of the capture were made in Orange River Colony."

Kelly Mansion Looted.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Aug. 13.—A \$5,000 robbery has been reported to the police by Mrs. Edward Kelly of Premium Point, on Long Island sound. Mrs. Kelly is the widow of Commodore Edward Kelly of the New Rochelle Yacht club, who died a few weeks ago just on the eve of an entertainment which he had arranged in honor of Admiral Schley. There were not even enough knives and forks left for the family to use at breakfast, and Mrs. Kelly had to send to New Rochelle and buy a set.

New Gold Discovery.

HELENA, Mon., Aug. 9.—An old fashioned mining stampede to the Big Snowy mountains has been started by the discovery of rich gold bearing copper and sand carrying free gold. It has practically depopulated several towns along the Montana railroad and is constantly drawing more people to the scene of the new discovery. The first information of the movement was brought to Helena by Lewis Penwell, assistant county attorney.

Americans Tried For Looting.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 14.—News was brought by the steamer Olympia of the trial of three Americans, James Winn, Alfred Plant and Richard Leslie Butler, who it is alleged, looted a Chinese pawnbroker's store in a village about 30 miles from Peking on June 25. The case was tried at Tien-tsin before United States Consul Ragsdale and was still in progress when the Olympia sailed.

The Parnell Monument.

BOSTON, Aug. 14.—A letter received by friends of Hon. John E. Redmond, M. P., states that the Parnell memorial monument will be made by Augustus St. Gaudens, the sculptor, at a cost of \$40,000, the work to be done in five years.

DANGER IN SIPHON BOTTLES.

Those Used for Effervescent Drinks Are Under Heavy Pressure and Liable to Explode.

Few persons realize, when they are handling an ordinary siphon bottle, what a dangerous thing it really is. The siphon bottles commonly used for vichy, soda water and other effervescent drinks are generally charged with a pressure of from 130 to 150 pounds to the square inch, says the Chicago American.

That means, in plain language, that if a bottle so charged is allowed to slip from your hands, if only for a few feet, the jar is liable to cause a dangerous explosion.

By the exercise of a small amount of care in the handling of the siphon, however, it will be unnecessary to exclude it from the house. Many accidents might be averted if the fact that siphons won't stand any sudden jar nor extraordinary exposure to heat, nor even any sudden change of temperature, would only be remembered.

Never grasp the cold bottle with the hand, as the sudden change in temperature thus produced is even more liable to cause an explosion than a sudden jar.

So dangerous are these siphons considered by the courts, if handled carelessly, that they always hold the bottler responsible for any damage caused by the explosion of one of them if even the smallest defect in the making of the siphon can be shown.

Do not keep your siphons near the range, as the heat is liable to burst them, and when not in use, the best place for them is the ice box. When empty, the siphon is, of course, harmless.

Impartial.

Teas—I never see Miss Spinner out wheeling that Mr. Wheeler and Mr. Sprockett are not with her.

Jess—Yes, she's got them both on her string. The girls are calling her "Miss Tandem."

Teas—But she rides an individual wheel.

Jess—Yes, but she has a "bicycle maid for two."—Philadelphia Press.

How Customs Vary.

She—In some parts of Australia when a man marries each of the bride's relatives strikes him with a stick by way of welcome into the family.

He—Yes, and in many parts of America when a man marries each of the bride's relatives strikes him with a loan by way of welcoming him into the family.—N. Y. Times.

A Great Artist.

Miss Shoddie—Why, maw, just come to this side of the room and look at that portrait of paw that Dauber painted.

Mrs. Choddie—I see the face looks sort o' greasy. That shows what a great artist Mr. Dauber is. Your paw got for that picture in August.—N. Y. Weekly.

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THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

Table with columns: CORRECTED WEEKLY, RETAIL PRICES. Items include Butter, Eggs, Lard, Ham, Beef, Wheat, Oats, Rye, Flour, Hay, Potatoes, Turnips, Tallow, Shoulder, Side meat, Vinegar, Dried apples, Cow hides, Steer do, Calf skin, Sheep pelts, Shelled corn, Corn meal, Bran, Chop, Middlings, Chickens, Turkeys, Geese, Ducks, COAL.

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