

DEATH OF VICTORIA.

Britain's Queen Passes Peacefully Away.

SINCERE AND UNIVERSAL MOURNING.

The Expected End Came Last Evening at Osborne House—Children and Grandchildren at the Bedside.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—Silence, gloom and darkness characterized London last night. From Whitechapel to Mayfair streets usually gay with brightly festal lights were dark, deserted and desolate, and this depression of the public mind is likely to continue for many days to come.

Everywhere, in vehicles and on the streets, the one topic of conversation was what would happen under the new reign rather than the life and death of Victoria. Much interest was evinced in the way in which the enormous fortune of the dead queen would be distributed.

The general notion being that Osborne House would go to Princess Beatrice and that she and Princess Christian would come into a considerable portion of Victoria's wealth.

Not until Queen Victoria has been laid to rest beside the prince consort at Frogmore will the theaters or music halls reopen. Moreover, business will come to a practical standstill. The music in all the hotels and public places ceased last evening. Fashionable resorts were empty, and very few of the nightly habitues were in evidence.

The St. James', Prince's and other prominent restaurants had already discarded alluring colors for somber black.

Americans who have passed through great national calamities may recall the shape draped buildings and the national hush, but they can ill conceive, since the death of Lincoln, any such expression of gloom as has already fallen on the United Kingdom. Marlborough House, so long the home of the new monarch; Buckingham palace, where Queen Victoria made her last stay in London, and St. James' palace, the residence of so many former monarchs, are tonight all black and deserted.

THE PRESIDENT CONDOLES.

Unusual Tribute at Washington to the Memory of the Dead Queen.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Four days of anxiety had in a large measure prepared official Washington for the news which was flashed across the cable of the death of the queen of England.

It is said that this has been done rarely on the occasion of the funeral of some great world's ruler, but never before in the case of the death of a monarch.

President McKinley has sent the following message of condolence to King Edward VII: "I have received with profound sorrow the lamentable tidings of the death of her majesty the queen.

Alas, my dear sir, to offer my sincere sympathy and that of the American people in your personal bereavement and in the loss Great Britain has suffered in the death of its venerable and illustrious sovereign, whose noble life and beneficent influence have promoted the peace and won the affection of the world."

MOURNING IN CANADA.

MONTREAL, Jan. 23.—The bulletin officially announcing the death of the queen turned the city of Montreal in the twinkling of an eye into a city of mourning. No sooner was the fact announced than the fire bells began to ring out at minute intervals, and mingled with them came the tolling of the big cathedral bells of both the English and Catholic churches.

Scores of flags appeared at half mast everywhere, and the crowds on the streets and at the bulletin boards of the various papers, their heads in most cases bared, reverently read the announcement and anxiously waited for more. All entertainments of a social nature have been declared off.

GERMANY MOURNS.

BERLIN, Jan. 23.—The news of the death of Queen Victoria had been hourly expected in Berlin, and on its arrival special editions of the newspapers were issued, the announcement being read with silent and respectful sympathy. The fact that Empress Augusta Victoria started yesterday for Homburg to be near Dowager Empress Frederick added to the sad circumstances of the occasion.

THE NEWS IN BOSTON.

BOSTON, Jan. 23.—When the news of the queen's death was received, a number of business houses displayed flags at half mast. Many of the vessels in the harbor also displayed colors, running up their ensign, streamers and bunting half way on their staffs fore and aft.

THE NEWS IN PARIS.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—The news of the death of Queen Victoria was known in Paris at 8 o'clock last evening through special editions of the evening papers, which newsboys carried throughout the city.

ENGLAND HAS A KING

Edward the Seventh Takes Oath Today.

HE IS NOW SIXTY YEARS OLD.

In Early Life He Was Somewhat Indifferent, but His Popularity Has Grown With Added Years—Education, Travels and Career.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, will take the oath as Edward VII today. And as he always appeared in public with the Princess of Wales it was realized that the proprieties were observed, at least in a formal way.

The new king was born at Buckingham palace Nov. 9, 1841. He was christened Albert Edward and created Prince of Wales and Earl of Chester "by patent," also Earl of Dublin. He held by birth a number of Scottish titles, including those of lord of the Isles and great steward.

He went to college for a session at Edinburgh, then proceeded to Christchurch, Oxford, where he studied for a year, and afterward took four terms at Cambridge. After leaving the university he visited Canada and the United States. He made an excellent impression. New York's reception of the heir to the English throne was of a very enthusiastic sort, and the prince showed a keen appreciation of the fact.

He was made a brevet colonel in the army in 1858 and went through a period of training at the Curragh camp, Killdare, Ireland, in 1861. He became a general in 1862 and a field marshal in 1875.

The prince, accompanied by the famous Dean Stanley as tutor, visited Germany, Italy, Egypt, Syria and the Holy Land in 1862. On his return he became a member of the privy council and took his seat in the house of lords as Duke of Cornwall. He was married on March 10, 1863, at St. George's chapel, Windsor, to the beautiful Princess Alexandra, eldest daughter of the present king of Denmark. Parliament voted him an income of £40,000 per annum.

From the duchy of Cornwall he drew an additional £100,000 a year. The prince resigned the right of succession to the duchy of Saxe-Coburg Gotha in favor of his younger brother, Prince Alfred, Duke of Edinburgh, who died last year, afterward succeeding to that throne.

For a number of years the prince's formal duties, in the shape of opening exhibitions and laying foundation stones, were broken by frequent visits to the continent. In the winter of 1871 he was taken with typhoid fever and came near dying. He was able to attend the celebrated thanksgiving service at St. Paul's cathedral on Feb. 27, 1872. The same year he became grand master of the Freemasons of England and in 1875 first principal of the Royal Arch Freemasons.

The same year he visited India. In company with the princess and his eldest son, the Duke of Clarence, he visited Ireland. The Irish people, always ready to forgive and forget, were as cordial as if he had been a regular caller.

The prince became a grandfather in 1861 by the birth of the daughter of the Duchess of Fife. In the summers of 1889 and 1894 he raced his yacht, the Britannia, and in 1894, after many racing successes, he captured the blue ribbon of the turf, his horse Persimmon winning the Derby. On the occasion of the jubilee of 1897 the prince appealed to the public with success to support the hospital fund.

In 1898 he slipped on the stairs while on a visit to Barra Ferdinand de Rothschild at Wedderburn manor and fractured his kneecap. On the advice of Sir William MacCormac, the Irish surgeon, no operation was performed, and there was a complete recovery. A boy of the name of Spido, a Belgian, tried to shoot the prince at the Brussels railroad station on April 4, 1900.

China's Requests Considered. PEKING, Jan. 23.—Yesterday the foreign envoys discussed the requests of the Chinese plenipotentiaries, especially in the matter of punishments, and exempted Tsi Lien and Tui Wing as being less guilty than the others. The reply to the Chinese note will be delivered tomorrow. It will emphasize the point that the signing of the agreement will be without value unless good faith is shown by acts and that it will be absolutely useless to expect the removal of troops or concessions on the part of the allies until China has conclusively proved her good intentions.

Important Tax Decision. KANSAS CITY, Jan. 23.—Judge Henry of the circuit court handed down a case of national importance yesterday when he in a written opinion decided that the state of Missouri, represented by the state board of equalization, had no right to tax the franchise of the Western Union Telegraph company.

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New York Markets. FLOUR—State and western fairly steady and unchanged; Minnesota patents, 4 1/2; winter patents, 4.50; winter patents, 4.50. WHEAT—Opened easy owing to unsatisfactory cables. Held steady on anticipation of more export business. March, 79 1/2; May, 79 1/2. RYE—Dull; state, 62 1/2; c. l. f. New York, car lots, No. 2 western, 58c. L. O. B. affort. CORN—Dull, but steady on absence of contract arrivals at Chicago and fair clearance; May, 48c. OATS—Dull, but steady; track, white, state, 31 1/2; track, white, western, 31 1/2. PORK—Steady; mess, 13.75; family, 15.00. LARD—Dull; prime western steam, 7.00. BUTTER—Steady; state dairy, 14 1/2; creamery, 16 1/2. CHEESE—Firm; fancy, large, full made, 11 1/2; fancy, small, full made, 11 1/2. EGGS—Unsettled; state and Pennsylvania, 20 1/2; western, loss off, 20c. TURPENTINE—Firm at 41 1/2. MOLASSES—Steady; New Orleans, 39 1/2. RICE—Firm; domestic, 2 1/2; Japan, 4 1/2. ALLOW—Easy; city, 5c; country, 5 1/2. HAY—Steady, shipping, 7 1/2; good to choice, 8 1/2.

FIERCE MRS. NATION.

She Returns to Wichita and Resumes Saloon Wrecking.

WICHITA, Kan., Jan. 22.—Mrs. Carrie Nation came back to Wichita yesterday after her recent incarceration and a small-box quarantine, and the net result of ten minutes of work by her yesterday afternoon are two wrecked saloons, the pieces of which are being sold for souvenirs.

Mrs. Nation was assisted by Mrs. Julia Evans, Mrs. Lucy Whitlitt and Mrs. Lydia Munst, all of the local W. C. T. U. organization. With hatchets concealed under their cloaks they entered the saloon of James Burns on Douglas avenue and did not leave a complete piece of glass or a working slot machine in the place. All showcases, both for liquors and cigars, as well as the plate glass windows and doors, were broken into smithereens. Next they went to John Herrie's saloon and had everything in the front of the room, including the plate glass windows, broken when he appeared with a revolver, placed it at Mrs. Nation's head and said that he would blow out her brains if she did not desist.

The women proceeded a wagon and rode through the streets singing "Nearer, My God, to Thee," and other hymns. They halted in front of the saloons they had smashed and held prayer meetings. The damage done by the four women is estimated at between \$1,500 and \$2,000.

Mrs. Nation caused a new sensation last night by slapping Sheriff Simmons on the face, taking hold of his ears and giving him a rough handling generally. Mrs. Nation was at the Union station in the act of buying a ticket to a neighboring town when the sheriff pulled at her sleeve, saying, "You are my prisoner, madam."

NEW TAX MEASURES.

Governor's Reform Bills Before New York Legislature.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—The feature of the legislative session last night was the introduction of Governor Odell's three tax reform measures and also the message of the executive transmitted in conjunction with the report of the New York charter revision commission. The tax bills caused no end of comment, and as their provisions were read it was generally declared that it would be hard work to dodge the exhaustive and technical definitions regarding corporations subject to the new tax scheme.

The tax reform bills above mentioned are as follows: First.—A bill taxing corporations generally at the rate of 1 1/2 per cent annually on maximum of capital stock employed and further taxing all except corporations doing a manufacturing business wholly in this state on every dividend over 5 per cent at the rate of one-quarter of a mill on every 1 per cent over 5 per cent. Banks, trust companies and insurance companies are exempt.

Second.—A bill taxing insurance companies of all kinds 1 per cent on all capital surplus or reserve fund in addition to the tax now imposed of five-tenths of 1 per cent on the gross amount of premiums.

Third.—A bill taxing savings banks per cent on their surplus.

HAZING WILL CEASE.

West Point Cadets Voluntarily Agree to Abstain.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Jan. 21.—The congressional committee left here yesterday for Washington after having concluded the mission of investigation at the United States Military academy. Before their departure, however, through a voluntary agreement of the cadets, hazing was abolished. This voluntary agreement was the result of a meeting of the entire corps of cadets held in Grant hall.

The committee holds the next meeting in the room of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce at Washington at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. They expect to make their report in about ten days, and it is said on good authority that they will recommend that the number of tactical officers at the West Point academy be increased. It is reported that they will say that the deaths of former Cadets Booz and Broth were not caused by the hazing they received at West Point. In the case of Booz the testimony showed that he was not very strong at any time and that it is said the members of the committee believe that his health had been injured by his treatment at the hands of his fellow cadets in the academy.

Second Degree Murder.

PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 19.—Walter C. McAllister, 41 years of age, and William A. Smith, 33 years of age, were indicted for the death of Jennie Bosschler, a mill girl of Paterson, who was fatally murdered on the night of Oct. 18 last, were adjudged guilty of murder in the second degree. According to the New Jersey law the maximum penalty for the prisoners is 30 years imprisonment. The jury took 14 ballots and after summoning Judge Dixon and the prisoners filed into the courtroom. They returned at 8:14 o'clock, having been out 4 hours and 20 minutes.

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POOR LO TURNED TO STONE.

Petrified Body of an Indian Found in a Mound on an Ohio Farm.

In an old Indian mound near Gunnersville, O., relic hunters have found an Indian's body that had turned to solid stone. The mound is located on the farm of Thomas James, and bones, arrowheads and other relics are plentiful there, and some time ago three skeletons which were found there crumbled to dust on exposure to the air. The last find of the petrified Indian was made about six feet beneath the surface of the mound. Their shovel struck something hard and immovable and investigation showed it to be in the form of a man's face. The entire form of the Indian was soon brought to view, but aid had to be secured before it could be removed. It was a fine specimen of an Indian, over six feet tall. His features are comely and his hands small and shapely. The muscles of his arms and legs stand out in bold relief, as though carved by the hand of man, and even the wrinkles in the wrist are discernible. The relic is now at the home of Mr. James and arrangements have been made for placing it in a museum.

Too Much Honor for a Mayor.

Not long ago a gentleman of the name of Aldridge Devenish was the popular mayor of Weymouth, in Dorsetshire, England. Some new public buildings had been completed during his mayoralty, and at a council meeting held to make preparations for the ceremony of opening them, a town councillor indignantly asked why the mayor was to be favored by having his initials A. D. carved in large letters before the date of the year.—

An Ignorant Thief.

A clock that was once owned by Napoleon, but now belongs to Dr. Reuling, of Baltimore, Md., was stolen recently. The thief did not know the value of the timepiece, for he sold it for 50 cents.

Curiosities of Human Hands.

It is a strange fact that the right hand, which is more sensitive to the touch than the left, is less sensitive than the latter to the effect of heat or cold.

FIRST AND FOREMOST in the field of medicine is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It possesses actual and unequalled merit by which it cures all diseases caused or promoted by impure or impoverished blood. If you have rheumatism, dyspepsia, scrofula or catarrh, you may take Hood's Sarsaparilla and be cured. If you are run down and feel weak and tired, you may be sure it will do you good.

The favorite family cathartic is Hood's Pills.

A conscientious woman will keep a secret even if she has to call in a half dozen friends to help her.

WANTED—ACTIVE MAN, OF GOOD character, to deliver and collect in Pennsylvania for old established manufacturing wholesale house, \$900 a year, sure pay. Honesty more than experience required. Our reference, any bank, in any city. Enclosed self-addressed stamped envelope. Manufacturers, Third Floor, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago.

"Are all toothpicks deadly?" queried the landlady. "Well," replied the factious boarder, "here isn't a mushroom for doubt."

THIS WILL INTEREST MOTHERS.—Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, cure feverishness, bad stomach, teething disorders, break up colds, move and regulate the bowels and destroy worms. They never fail. Over 10,000 testimonials. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 17941.

The geographer is necessarily worldly wise.

"THOUGHT IT MEANT DEATH SURE."—Mrs. James McKim, of Dunville, Ont., says of her almost miraculous cure from heart disease by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart: "Until I began taking this remedy I despaired of my life. I had heart failure and extreme prostration. One dose gave me quick relief and one bottle cured me. The sufferings of years were dispelled like magic." Sold by C. A. Klein.

Courage is hardy; it thrives on heaps of sand.

Most ministers are judged by the mortgage on the church.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

W. D. & H. C. LITTLE

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco

Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars:

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash

Bloomsburg Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING,

or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2 Doors above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.



A Great Nerve Medicine.

Celestine King cleanses the system and builds it up. It makes the blood pure. It beautifies the complexion. It cures constipation and liver disorders. It eases headache and most other aches.

Celestine King cures Nerve, Stomach, Liver and Kidney diseases.

HUMPHREYS' Witch Hazel Oil

THE PILE OINTMENT.

One Application Gives Relief.

It cures Piles or Hemorrhoids—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning, Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate—cure certain.

It cures Burns and Scalds. The relief instant.

It cures Inflamed or Caked Breasts and Sore Nipples. Invaluable.

It cures Salt Rheum, Tetters, Scurfy Eruptions, Chapped Hands, Fever Blisters, Sore Lips or Nostrils. Corns, Bunions, Sore and Chafed Feet, Stings of insects, Mosquito Bites and Sunburns.

Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and \$1.00

Sold by Druggists, or sent pre-paid on receipt of price.

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO.,

Cor. William & John Sts., NEW YORK.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CONNECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES

Butter per lb. . . . . \$ .22

Eggs per dozen . . . . . .13

Lard per lb. . . . . .10

Ham per pound . . . . . .13

Pork, whole, per pound . . . . . .06

Beef, quarter, per pound . . . . . .06

Wheat per bushel . . . . . .90

Oats " " . . . . . .35

Rye " " . . . . . .50

Wheat flour per bbl. . . . . 4.00 to 4.40

Hay per ton . . . . . \$16.00

Potatoes per bushel . . . . . .70

Turnips " " . . . . . .30

Onions " " . . . . . .80

Sweet potatoes per peck . . . . . .35

Tallow per lb. . . . . .05

Shoulder " " . . . . . .11

Side meat " " . . . . . .09

Vinegar, per qt. . . . . .05

Dried apples per lb. . . . . .05

Dried cherries, pitted . . . . . .12

Raspberries . . . . . .18

Cow Hides per lb. . . . . .01

Steer " " . . . . . .31

Calf Skin . . . . . .75