

FOUR YEARS MORE

Overwhelming Majority For McKinley and Roosevelt.

A HEAVY VOTE POLLED.

New York Republican by Nearly Two Hundred Thousand.

MARYLAND AND KANSAS FOLLOW

Returns Arrive Slowly Because of the Unusually Large Vote—Little Disturbance Reported—Boston Gives a Majority For Bryan, Greater New York Disappoints Expectations.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Latest returns from all quarters of the Union indicate the election of McKinley and Roosevelt.

New York state, on returns received up to a late hour, has gone for the Republican national ticket by nearly 200,000.

In the central west the contest promises to be exceedingly close. Both sides are claiming Indiana, and Cook county, containing the city of Chicago, is believed to have been carried for Bryan by 30,000.

Greater New York has been carried by Bryan.

With three-fifths of the returns counted, the vote indicates that the Democratic national ticket will have a plurality of 50,000.

The borough of Brooklyn will probably give McKinley and Roosevelt a plurality of 10,000.

In the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx Bryan is likely to have 18,000 plurality. Richmond gives Bryan from 1,000 to 2,000 and Queens a trifle more.

Up state districts show a general falling off in the Republican pluralities. Many of the smaller towns went Democratic, Syracuse, however, where James K. McGuire, chairman of the Democratic executive committee, is mayor, has gone for McKinley by a vote of two to one.

Eric county is close, with the chances in favor of the Democrats.

Kentucky is beyond doubt in the Democratic column.

Bryan has swept the city of Louisville and is piling up an enormous vote in other sections of the state.

There was a revolution in the city of Boston. In 1896 the city went for McKinley by 21,000. Indications are that Bryan will have 5,000 more votes than McKinley there.

Ohio remains true to McKinley. Returns from the principal cities of the state show that the vote has been relatively the same as in 1896.

At a late hour last night National Committee Joseph Manley supplemented his previous statement as follows:

"The reports at headquarters show that President McKinley is re-elected by an electoral vote larger than he received in 1896. New England, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia, Ohio, Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, North Dakota and South Dakota are all in the Republican column.

"No definite information has been received from Indiana, Kansas or the other western or northwestern states."

NEW YORK CITY.

Election Exceedingly Quiet—Large Vote Cast Early.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Election day in New York was all that the most captious critic could desire. There was a sting in the fresh November air early in the morning that made even the usual late sleepers willing to "bestir themselves when by so doing they could avoid a long wait at the polls and be able to exercise the highest duty of the citizen.

As a result of the excellent conditions there was a very heavy vote cast throughout the city, the early bird being particularly in evidence. Up to noon in most of the election districts more than two-thirds of the vote was cast, and it was necessary in but few of the districts to send runners out to bring the early ones to the polls.

The election officers did their work with fairness and dispatch. In some of the heavy districts an average of five votes were cast every minute during the early hours, and strings of men stood patiently in line. Every man seemed to think that he would not have to wait so long if he came early, and if he was disappointed he stuck to his post rather than risk the chance of being able to return when the rush was not so great and possibly being shut out altogether.

In spite of the clashes that occurred between the police authorities and the state superintendent of elections on Monday, leading up to the indictment of Chief of Police Duvery, the election was one of the quietest that have ever been held in this city. Such a thing as a serious disturbance was unknown. Superintendent McCullagh's deputies were on hand throughout the city, especially in the expected districts, and, although there were some arrests and a few heated arguments, the vote on the whole was a

thoroughly honest one and the count equally so.

Connecticut Republicans.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 7.—With only the larger cities and less than a dozen towns in Connecticut missing the returns indicate the election of McKinley in Connecticut by a plurality of 20,000, and the election of the Republican state ticket by a margin of 12,000 votes and the return of all four Republican congressmen. The Republicans have already elected enough members of the house of representatives and the state senate to make the general assembly overwhelmingly Republican.

State Chairman Thayer of the Democratic committee concedes defeat for the Democratic national ticket in Connecticut, but states that he believes Judge



GOVERNOR ROOSEVELT.

Bronson, the candidate for governor, will carry the state by a small majority. If the returns from New Haven, Waterbury and Hartford are pro rata, it gives a plurality of 4,000. He claims the election of Oliver Gildersleeve for congress, but may revise his claims in an hour after hearing from the cities.

Maryland 10,000 Republican.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 7.—McKinley has carried Maryland beyond the shadow of a doubt, the only question to be settled being the size of his majority. With practically complete returns from the city he has a majority here of about 6,500, while from the state scattering returns indicate an additional surplus of 3,500, making his total majority in the state about 10,000. There is no reason to believe that the final figures will vary greatly from those given above. Chairman Vandiver of the Democratic state central committee admits Bryan's defeat in the state, while Chairman Goldsborough of the Republican committee says that McKinley's majority will reach 11,000 at least. It is also certain that the Republicans have elected four out of the six congressmen, while the remaining two will probably be Democratic, although later returns may change this outlook.

McKinley Hears the Returns.

CANTON, O., Nov. 7.—President McKinley received the election returns last night at his home surrounded by a large number of his old friends and neighbors, including many ladies, who came as the guests of Mrs. McKinley to share with her the interest and excitement of this culminating event of the campaign. Direct wires connected the house with the Republican national headquarters at New York and Chicago, and with Senator Hanna at the Union club in Cleveland and with the home of Governor Roosevelt at Oyster Bay, so that the president was in constant telegraphic touch with his associate on the ticket and with the campaign leaders. The president made his headquarters in his library, where most of the gentlemen guests congregated, while Mrs. McKinley entertained the ladies in the parlor. The president was in his usual good humor, showing no signs of anxiety over the result.

Indiana in Doubt.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 7.—The returns are coming in very slowly, and from the meager reports received indications point to a Republican majority in Indiana. A very heavy vote was cast in the state. Aside from the clash in Clay county, where one man fell dead with 20 bullets in his body, the election has passed off without incident. Colonel W. T. Durbin, the Republican gubernatorial candidate, is running very close to the national ticket. Ten precincts in Marion county (Indianapolis) show a net gain of 251 for McKinley over 1898. The same ratio, if maintained, would give McKinley the county by 8,000. Democratic congressmen have been elected in the Second and Third districts, while Republican congressional candidates were successful in the Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Eleventh and Thirteenth districts.

Illinois.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—Basing their estimates on the first 210 precincts received out of 1,127, members of the Democratic party in Cook county say President McKinley's majority in this county will be about 15,000, but that Alschuler, the Democratic candidate for governor, will carry the state. Three hundred and ninety out of 1,127 give McKinley 61,810 and Bryan 57,895. Twenty precincts in Illinois outside of Cook county: McKinley, 3,698; Bryan, 1,876. Same in 1896: McKinley, 3,387; Bryan, 1,842. The same precincts give Yerkes (Rep.) for governor, 2,540; Alschuler (Dem.), 1,962. From late indications McKinley's plurality in Illinois will exceed 75,000. National Committeeman Payne (Rep.) claims Illinois by that figure and gives Yerkes for governor 50,000.

Bryan's State in Doubt.

OMAHA, Nov. 7.—The returns from the state are coming in slowly, less than 200 out of the 1,611 precincts having been heard from. These indicate an apparent plurality of from 2,000 to 4,000 in the state for McKinley, although the Fusionists say only the Republican precincts are being heard from. Little is heard from congressional districts except from the Second district, where Mercer (Rep.) is probably elected. The city of Omaha is showing some gains for Bryan. The legislature will in all probability be Republican. Several state districts usually very close have given a Republican plurality on the national ticket.

Stone Gives Up.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Ex-Governor Stone at midnight made the following announcement: "I give up. The returns telegraphed these headquarters from New

York, New Jersey and Connecticut show that these states have gone Republican. Returns from Maryland and West Virginia are incomplete. My information from the middle and western states is so indefinite that I cannot form an opinion as to the result. As I do not know the facts I will wait before I say finally what I think is the result." Mr. Stone then closed the Democratic national headquarters in New York for the night.

Michigan's Big Majority.

DETROIT, Nov. 7.—President McKinley has carried Michigan beyond doubt. Conservative estimates place his majority at 65,000. His majority in 1896 was 41,542. The Evening News says that if McKinley's ratio of majority in the 110 districts heard from is maintained throughout the state his majority will be 90,000. The Republican state ticket has also been elected, but by a smaller majority. At 10 o'clock it was thought that the Republicans had elected all their congressional nominees.

At National Headquarters.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—At 10:15 last night Henry C. Payne, vice chairman of the Republican national committee, said: "McKinley has surely carried every state claimed by me, with the possible exception of Kentucky, and the returns indicate that we have beaten Bryan in Nebraska." Chairman Jones of the Democratic national committee at 10:15 o'clock said: "From the returns now coming in New York is still anybody's, and I am not conceding it."

New Jersey's Large Majority.

TRENTON, Nov. 7.—Incomplete returns from different parts of the state indicate that New Jersey was carried for McKinley and Roosevelt by more than 50,000. The Republicans elect six of the eight congressmen, the same representation as last year, and will have an overwhelming majority in both houses of the legislature, insuring the election of a Republican to succeed William J. Sewell (Rep.) as United States senator.

Wisconsin's Vote.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 7.—Returns from Wisconsin up to a late hour, though comparatively few, show, when compared with the vote of four years ago, that McKinley has carried the state by a large plurality, equal if not to exceed the figures of 1896, which were 102,612. Robert M. La Follette, the Republican candidate for governor, is running about equal with the presidential candidate and is likewise sure of carrying the state.

Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7.—A bitter contest between the Quay and anti-Quay forces in the Fifth senatorial district, made up of six wards in the upper section of this city, resulted in a victory for William H. Berkebach, the Quay candidate, by about 3,000 majority over Robert R. Denrden. The Republicans at a late hour claimed the state for McKinley by from 300,000 to 350,000 plurality.

Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 7.—Bryan carried Louisiana by a majority apparently of 50,000. The vote was comparatively light. The state returns also send a Democratic delegation to congress. There was a Republican opposition in all six districts, but the Democrats won easily. Bryan carried New Orleans by a majority of 12,000. The election was quiet throughout the state. The weather was perfect. A constitutional amendment increasing to \$100,000 the amount to be paid in pensions to Confederate veterans was carried.

Vermont.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., Nov. 7.—Returns from 175 towns, with 71 more to hear from, give McKinley 33,840 and Bryan 10,592. This is a net gain of 29,410 per cent for Bryan and a net loss of 17 per cent for McKinley. Returns are coming in very slowly. The missing towns are mainly in small agricultural districts, which are likely to increase the Republican plurality to about 30,000.

New Hampshire.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 7.—An unusually heavy vote was polled throughout New Hampshire. The Republican electoral ticket will undoubtedly carry the state by at least 20,000, both Republican candidates for congress will be elected by about 6,500 each, the legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican in both branches, and the governor's council will be solidly Republican.

Ohio Gives Large Majority.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 7.—Republican State Chairman Charles Dick has given out the following statement: "Returns thus far received justify claiming that Ohio has given McKinley a plurality of from 75,000 to 80,000 and the election of 17 and possibly 18 out of the 21 congressmen, making a gain of two and probably three members of congress."

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 7.—The returns from this city and the state at large indicate that California has gone Republican by 10,000 to 15,000. The Republicans will elect five congressmen. The Second and Fifth districts are running very close. The city of San Francisco will give at least 7,000 plurality for McKinley.

Bryan Carries Montana.

BUTTE, Mont., Nov. 7.—Returns from Silver Bow county, which casts about a fourth of Montana's vote, indicate that Bryan has carried the state by something like 20,000, that the Democratic fusion state ticket is elected and that the fusionists will have a majority in the legislature, which elects two United States senators.

North Dakota.

FARGO, N. D., Nov. 7.—Chairman Kleuegan of the Democratic state committee concedes the election of the McKinley electoral and state tickets with the possible exception of attorney general. In 37 out of 120 precincts McKinley received 2,350 and Bryan 1,454, against McKinley 2,638 and Bryan 1,836 in 1896.

Colorado.

DENVER, Nov. 7.—Returns received indicate that Bryan's plurality in the state will be from 30,000 to 40,000. Arapahoe county, including Denver, gives Bryan 6,000 to 8,000 majority. The result on the state ticket is in doubt, also the legislature, with the probability in favor of the fusionists.

Bryan Wins Kentucky.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 7.—Bryan wins in this state. It is not likely that his plurality will exceed 10,000. Gov

ernor Beckham's plurality is about the same. There was very little friction between the parties, and voting was almost as quiet as a "Sunday go meeting" affair.

Virginia For Bryan.

RICHMOND, Nov. 7.—The "Mother of Presidents" rolled up a plurality of at least 20,000 for Bryan. It also looks as if all ten congressmen would be from the Democratic ranks. Seven are conceded by the Republicans, and it is almost certain that the other three are elected.

Wyoming.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Nov. 7.—Returns from the state are coming in slowly. It will be some hours before the result is known, but indications thus far are that the state is safe for McKinley and congressmen by 2,000 plurality.

Texas.

HOUSTON, Nov. 7.—Bryan's majority in the state will be more than 175,000. The legislature is almost solidly Democratic. It will elect Joseph W. Bailey United States senator to succeed Horace Chilton.

Michigan.

DETROIT, Nov. 7.—Twenty-six wards and townships in the state give McKinley 8,000 and Bryan 7,330. This would indicate a plurality for McKinley probably equal to that of 1896.

Chicago Republican.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—One thousand one hundred and ten precincts out of 1,127 in Chicago give McKinley 182,415 and Bryan 109,969. McKinley has carried Chicago by about 13,000.

The Vote in New York City.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Eight hundred and ninety election districts out of the 812 in the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx give McKinley 150,333 and Bryan 179,055.

Arkansas For Bryan.

LITTLE ROCK, Nov. 7.—The Gazette estimates a majority of 60,000 for Bryan in Arkansas. Six Democratic congressmen are elected beyond doubt.

Rhode Island's Vote.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—A Western Union dispatch from Providence says McKinley has carried Rhode Island by about 17,000 plurality.

Kansas.

TOPEKA, Nov. 7.—Kansas has gone for McKinley by a landslide.

ANCIENT LIBRARY FOUND.

Records Discovered Supposed to Be Nine Thousand Years Old.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Professor Herman N. Hillebrand, who has been digging up the ruins of Nineveh for the University of Pennsylvania, arrived on the Friedrich Groesse yesterday.

He said that as the result of his discoveries and translations of inscriptions on vases, tablets and utensils Bible history is shown to be quite recent. The tablets are histories of times before Adam and Eve are supposed to have lived in the Garden of Eden.

"We have found the first Babylonian temple library ever discovered," said he. "It was uncovered at Nippur. Some of the documents go back as far before Abraham as Abraham is before our time.

"Not a document discovered is less than 2,200 years before the Christian era. That is about the period at which Nippur's civilization was nipped in the blossom by the Elamites, and Babylon succeeded Nippur as the capital of Babylonia. Some of the documents are supposed to be at least 9,000 years old.

"Nearly 18,000 documents were rescued this year.

Columbia Defeats Princeton.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Nearly 25,000 people saw the opening of the Princeton-Columbia football game at Columbia field, this city, yesterday afternoon. It was a perfect football day. The weather was clear and cool and the gridiron firm and hard. Both teams appeared in the very finest condition. Columbia was hard and tough, and Princeton, in spite of her hard game with Cornell on Saturday, was quick and ready. Columbia appeared to the advantage in the weight, there being a difference of nearly four pounds per man. The start of the game saw Columbia almost continually in Princeton territory, but toward the latter part of the half Princeton seemed to show slightly the better form. The score stood 6 to 5. Nearly every sent in the great arena of Columbia field was taken, and the hills and viaduct overlooking the scene were jammed. Princeton had a great contingent of rooters, and Columbia had a band along to keep up the enthusiasm.

The St. Paul Limp Into Port.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The American line steamer St. Paul limped into port yesterday under the port engine after having incurred the most serious experience of her career. On Oct. 31 at 8:06 p. m., in latitude 46.13, longitude 48.03, the St. Paul struck a supposed submerged wreck, carried away the starboard propeller, causing the engines to race so fiercely that the shaft broke, and all connections snapped. The starboard engines were so severely wrecked that they are useless, and it will take six months to replace them with a new set. The after-outer shaft tubing was carried away. The ship is leaking considerably.

Stricken at the Polls.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—"There goes the last vote I'll ever cast in this world," said Mandel Joachim to the election officers in the polling place at 112 Rivington street yesterday. Then, as the ballot appeared in the box, he added, "And it was a good, sound Republican vote for Mr. McKinley." Joachim turned to walk away, when he was seen to stagger. Bystanders rushed to his assistance and put him in a chair. It was seen that he was very ill, and he was carried in the chair to his home near by, where he died in the hall.

National Debt Decreases.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business Oct. 31, 1900, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$1,104,402,320, a decrease as compared with last month of \$1,754,351.

Empress Dowager Frightened.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 7.—It is reported that the empress dowager, alarmed at the news that the allies intend to invade the province of Ho-nan, has ordered the southern armies to march promptly to guard the passes on the frontiers.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

COLLECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Table listing market prices for various goods like Butter, Eggs, Lard, Ham, Pork, Beef, Wheat, Oats, Rye, etc.

Advertisement for CHEICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS.

Advertisement for PARKER'S HAIR BALM.

Try the COLUMBIAN a year.

Advertisement for BIGGLE BOOKS and FARM JOURNAL.

Advertisement for ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO. Dealers in Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts.

Advertisement for W. H. BROWER'S Carpets, Matting, and Oil Cloth.