

PARIS LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent. PARIS, FRANCE, Sept. 10, 1900. For those who are interested in art, the Paris Exposition offers a formidable collection of specimens. There are assembled here, as in a gigantic encyclopaedia, all the materials serving in the history of art in the past, marking its development by stages, and showing in the present, by means of a comparison between the displays of all races, the dominant thoughts, the modes of expression, and the progress achieved. It is true that these materials are scattered throughout the exposition. In the Grand Palace of Fine Arts, one can with a single glance embrace the simultaneous effort of nations in what was formerly called the noble arts; one can recognize what each people have achieved in painting and sculpture in the last ten years; but the conclusions to be drawn from this examination are in complete. One must go to the Hotel des Invalides, and from there to the Champ de Mars, and study the collections according to countries and according to classes, in order to obtain the necessary data as to the present development of art and as to the forms it has taken.

mans. William Liebel succeeds in producing studies of colors and lights in which figures play a part, but do not predominate. One of his pictures in the Grand Palace represents a man seated before a window. The curtains are raised and the light falls full on his face. The atmospheric effort is perfect, one sees the hand of the true artist in every detail. Gotthard Kuehl goes a step further in this direction by making the human figure a mere accessory on his canvas. He excels in darkened interiors, in which a ray of light is multiplied in dancing reflections on walls and floor. He has exhibited a view of the inside of a church in this style, that is a work of the first rank.

Herr Uhde, of Dresden, paints religious subjects with much feeling, takes his types from the masses, but chooses the models that he thinks accord best or contrast best with the figure of Christ. He clothes them in rags that might be of any age. They resemble the camel's hair robes of the Bedouins, which might well have been worn by the companions of Jesus; but they are also not unlike the torn garments with which the poor of today cover themselves. In his execution, Uhde has returned to Rembrandtesque ideas, shrouding in shade all unnecessary details, concentrating the light on faces, especially on the face of Christ. Above all, he breathes into his canvas that motley of charity and pity, differing from that of the Evangelists but partaking of their depth and ardor, that inspires the world today.

Max Klinger, of Leipzig, has also the ambition to represent religious subjects. He seems to have one of the most vigorous temperaments that has appeared in Germany in twenty years, but he does not find his best form of expression in painting. His engravings derive their power from the very qualities that injure his canvas—originality of design, roughness of style, strength of execution. In the completed pictures, the attitudes are conclusive, the types hideous, the coloring atrocious. It is impossible to give an idea of the vulgarity of his Christs, or of the glaring effects he produces.

Gathering Facts About the Deluge.

Rev. Dr. George F. Wright, Will Go to Siberia to Try to Verify the Biblical Story.

The announcement that Rev. Dr. George Frederick Wright, professor in Oberlin College, and editor of the "Bibliotheca Sacra," is on his way to Siberia to secure evidence that the deluge happened as recorded in Scriptures, is exciting considerable interest in the scientific world. Dr. Wright's contention is that the deluge was not, as scientists claim, a mere local flood, but that it covered the entire face of the earth.

Dr. Wright is well known. In 1884 he and Henry Carver Lewis were joint authors in a report on the Great Glacier or Terminal Moraine, of Pennsylvania. They traced the southern boundary of the glacier from Belvidere, on the Delaware, northwest to the boundary of New York State and thence southwest to Ohio. About six years ago, Dr. Wright delivered several lectures in the Academy of Natural Sciences and was entertained by scientific men.

Dr. Wright is known, principally through his efforts to prove by science the exact truth of the statements of the Bible. He will now take the Deluge for his subject, and will search through Siberia for evidences to prove the Biblical story.

About twenty-five years ago, an Englishman named Howarth explored the same region and wrote a book on his travels, maintaining that Siberia had once been flooded. He did not, however, attempt to connect this with the Biblical flood and his book, containing nothing very important, attracted little general attention.

Benjamin Smith Lyman, one of the best known geologists in Philadelphia, did not seem inclined to attach much importance to Dr. Wright's expedition. He considers the Doctor "a fine man, but inclined to be credulous."

"The theory that the whole earth was flooded, is scarcely tenable," said Mr. Lyman. "The ocean is the only place the water could come from and it would not be possible to get enough from that source to flood the earth even to a depth of a hundred feet. Scientists have now come to regard the story of the flood simply as an old tradition arising from some local deluge such as recently took place in Texas, though the prehistoric deluge was probably much more serious."

"Even if Dr. Wright did find evidences of a deluge in Siberia, it would prove nothing new. In fact, there is every reason to suppose that parts of Siberia and the Caucasus were at one time submerged."

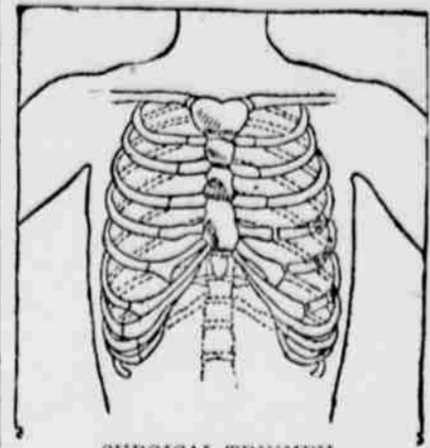
It is estimated that we use annually in the United States over 90,000,000 matches. These indispensable little articles were first used in this country less than 70 years ago, and at that time a box containing 25 was sold for 25 cents. Imagine, if you please, matches at one cent apiece! To-day, we buy 1,000 for 5 cents.—Danville Gen.

RIBS HELD BY RIVETS.

Unusual Operation Recently Performed at the Paterson (N. J.) General Hospital.

If John Christian survives the operation performed on him at the general hospital, Paterson, N. J., he will go through the remaining years of his life with three ribs patched up with metal. Christian is a watchman at Gausch's dye works in Paterson. He was set upon one night about three weeks ago and brutally beaten. The robbers were trying to make their way into the factory, but Christian, who is more than 50 years old, stubbornly resisted them and suffered severely in consequence, says the New York World.

When he was taken to the general hospital it was found that three ribs



SURGICAL TRIUMPH. (Diagram Showing How Christian's Ribs Were Patched.)

had been broken in two places, causing them to sink inward until the pressure on his heart was dangerous. More than this, the doctors found that the broken ribs had penetrated the lung.

When Christian grew weaker and weaker each day the physicians decided that they must perform an operation. The broken ribs must be raised so that they would join with the fragments which still retained their position in the diaphragm. This is always considered a delicate operation, and when the patient is in a weakened condition and it becomes necessary to actually rivet the broken bones with metal, the operation is considered a very precarious one. It was necessary to put a metal band around each rib and weld these metal bands together with an artificial metallic rib.

"While this operation is a very delicate one and of unusual interest," said one of the surgeons at the hospital to a reporter, "it is not new in surgery. There are many persons walking around to-day who have metal patches holding their bones together."

"Whether the patient will live or not does not depend upon the operation, but upon his ability to rally from the weakened state brought on by pneumonia. He is now in a dangerous condition, but if he lives 48 hours he will doubtless recover and go through life with the metallic gearing on his ribs."

Advance Pay For Miners. SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 23.—The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western company began paying off its men today in effect of waiting for the first of the month. By direction of Superintendent Loomis the rental for company houses was not subtracted. The company is also allowing its men to have limited quantities of coal on credit. Superintendent Loomis says he is inspired to do this by the firm belief that the majority of his men are striking solely because they were driven to it by the dread of being considered disloyal to their fellow workmen and that at the very first opportunity to gracefully desert the strikers they will do so.

Michael Defeats Pierce. HARTFORD, Sept. 23.—The 20 mile paced race between Jimmy Michael and Burns Pierce was won by Michael by six laps, or just one mile, at the Velodrome track here. Michael's time for the first five miles was 8:29 3/5; ten miles, 17:02 2/5; 15 miles, 25:35 4/5; 20 miles, 34:10 4/5. Pierce's time for the 20 miles was 35:20.

Mrs. Pinkham's Friends are everywhere.

Every woman knows some woman friend who has been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. What does this friend say about it?

Read the letters from women being published in this paper. If you are ailing, don't try experiments. Rely on the reliable.

Mrs. Pinkham's great medicine has stood without a peer for thirty years.

Puzzled women write to Mrs. Pinkham for advice which she gives without charge. The advice is confidential and accurate. It has helped a million women. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics cure by acting directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in any other part of the system.

Table listing various ailments and their corresponding prices for Dr. Humphreys' Specifics. Includes items like Fevers, Coughs, Rheumatism, etc.

FREE TO INVENTORS. The experience of C. A. Snow & Co. in obtaining more than 25,000 patents for inventors has enabled them to helpfully answer many questions relating to the protection of intellectual property. This they have done in a pamphlet treating briefly of United States and foreign patents, with cost of same, and how to procure them; trade marks, designs, caveats, inventions, decisions in leading patent cases, etc., etc.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

LACKAWANNA RAILROAD. BLOOMSBURG DIVISION. In effect June 30, 1900. Table with columns for stations and times for various routes.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILROAD. TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG. Table listing train schedules to Philadelphia and Reading.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION. In effect Sept. 4, 1900. Table listing train schedules to Atlantic City.

Table listing train schedules for other divisions, including Scranton and Pottsville.

Table listing train schedules for the South and North directions.

Pennsylvania Railroad

Time Table in effect May 28, 1900. Table listing train schedules for various routes.

Table listing train schedules for various routes.

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Fine PHOTOGRAPHS and CRAYONS at R. B. GROTZ Bloomsburg. The best at the cheapest



Keifer's Meat Market. Beef, Veal, Mutton, Lamb, Pork, Bologna, Sausage, Ham, Bacon, Scrapple, Vienna Sausage, Tripe, Boiled Ham, &c. All meats fresh and clean, and prices right.

J. E. KEIFER, Centre Street Market. PHOTOGRAPHS. We attribute our success to the making of Fine Photographs. Pictures that are both pleasing and durable.

Capwell's. MARKET SQUARE GALLERY, Over Hartman's Store. Seventeen years' experience.

PATENTS. Caveats and Trade Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OFFICE IS OPPOSITE THE U. S. PATENT OFFICE.

Eureka Harness Oil. A good looking horse and poor looking harness is the worst kind of a combination. Give Your Horse a Chance!

STECK. You can save money on Pianos and Organs. You will always find the largest stock, best makes and lowest prices.

SEWING MACHINES. \$5.00 down and \$3.00 per month. We also handle the Demorest Sewing Machine, from \$19.50 and upwards.

WASH MACHINES. FROM \$4.00 UP TO \$9.00. J. SALTZER. Music Rooms—No. 115 West Market, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THE MODERN CONSTRICTOR. The man tangled in the tape from the ticker is the type of the average business man. His business cares wrap him about like the coils of a constrictor and slowly crush out his life. The common sign of the business man's slavery is "weak stomach," the natural consequence of the rapid eating, the indigestible pastry, the coffee and pie or doughnuts, the five miles, and here from able to work every day. My appetite is good, I can eat three square meals a day, and I do not feel that miserable burning in the stomach after eating. My blood and nerves are in good shape, and I am in good running order. Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.