END OF CONGRESS.

Closing Scenes In the Senate and House.

Senators Warmly Discuss the Armor Plate Question.

Representatives at Odds Over a Single Item In the Sundry Civil Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 6.-The mem bers of both branches of congress looker tired and wan as they reassembled this morning after their arduous work of yesterday, the house meeting at S o'clock and the senate at 10. While the sessions lasted practically all night, the exciting scenes and incidents of former days were missing.

The senate held a short executive session at 11:40, after which conference reports on the sundry civil appropriation, the Naval academy and the general deficiency bills were presented and adopted The sundry civil bill was a complete agreement except one item relating to Nevada claims. The naval conferees were deadlocked on the armor plate provision. There was a complete agreement on the deficiency bill. The Military academy bill was passed and sent to the president. At 2:30 this morning the senate* went into executive session, after which a recess was taken until 10 o'clock.

Seven hours after the close of last night's session, at 10 a. m. today, the senate reconvened to prepare for final adjournment. A score of senators only were present, but the chamber rapidly filled. The naval and sundry civil appropria tion bills remained in conference, all others having been agreed to.

The usual routine business of the senate practically was abandoned today. Only two or three new bills and resolutions were presented. One of the latter was introduced by Mr. Gallinger (N. H.) and directed the committee on civil serv-Ice to investigate the charges made against the administration of the appraiser's office at the port of New York. It was agreed to without objection.

Mr. Carter secured the passage of a bill providing for the increase to \$375,-000 of the limit of cost for the public building at Helena, Mon.

ARMOR PLATE CONTROVERSY.

Mr. Hale presented a conference report on the naval appropriation bill. It was a disagreement upon all questions that have been in dispute for three or four days. Mr. Hale explained that the armor plate question was the great stumbling block to agreement. He explained that the house conferees refused to ac-cede to the senate proposition, and the senate was confronted, therefore, with the same question substantially as had been presented in the beginning. No price had been agreed upon by the conferees because the house conferees believed the price should be left to the discretion of the secretary of the navy. The house conferees insisted that their proposition should be passed upon by a vote of the senate.

Mr. Hale thought there was force in this demand. He said Mr. Penrose had a proposition to offer which he would be glad to have the senate pass upon. Mr. Penrose then offered the following prop-

"That the secretary of the navy is hereby authorized to procure by contract armor of the best quality for any or all vessels above referred to, provided such contracts can be made at a price which, in his judgment, is reasonable and equitable, but in case he is unable to make contracts for armor under the above conditions he is hereby authorized and directed to procure a site for and to erect thereon a factory for the manufacture of armor, and the sum of \$4,000,000 is hereappropriated toward the erection of

Mr. Butler insisted that what he wanted was a government armor plant, and he would be willing to pay almost any price for armor that is needed now provided that the construction of an armor plant by the government were made man datory.

Mr. Chandler objected to leaving the matter to the discretion of the secretary of the navy. Congress ought not, he maintained, shift the responsibility to the shoulders of the secretary of the navy. That would be a cowardly thing to do. Congress alone should adjust this question.

Mr. Platt (Conn.) favored the proposition offered by Mr. Penrose. It was in his belief a question whether congress at this session should pass a naval appro priation bill or not. He maintained that the house was quite as powerful a body in this matter as the senate. It had quite as much right to its opinion as had the

TILLMAN ATTACKS PENROSE.

The matter had to be settled "now and here," said he, and, while the senate might regard the house as obstinate, it was not possible for either branch to be coerced by the other. Under the proposition of Mr. Penrose he was satisfied the government would get its armor for

\$445 per ton. Mr. Tillman attacked the amendment

offered by Mr. Penrose. "The chairman of the naval committee" (Hale), said he, "has declared that the government is being robbed and that the armor trust has a knife at the government's throat. And now it is pro posed to let them cut the government's We are face to face with a scandal as infamous as any in our his tory, second not even to the great Credit Mobilier scandal."

"I resent that statement," interjected Mr. Penrose vehemently and with evident feeling. "I resent the statement that there is any suspicion of scandal in this or any amendment which I propose. I consider my notion of the proper way for the government to transact its business to be on as high a standard as any set up by the senator from South Carolina."

"I am making no personal allusions," replied Mr. Tillman. "I am simply stating facts that are indisputable. The influences behind the house in this matter are the shipbuilders and the armor man-

of Mr. Penrose as a "disgraceful proposition." "As the senator from New 000 in paper and \$1,000 in coin.

mushice said," continued Mr. Teller, would be cowardly and eraven on the act of congress to surrender legislative authority and prerogatives to the execuive branch of the government. It seems o me there may be in it a tinge of corruption. This is a time for plain talk. The American people believe and I believe that there is a great political combine behind this proposition to surrender our authority."

CLOSING SCENES IN THE HOUSE. When the house reassembled, the conference report on the general deficiency bill, showing a complete agreement, was presented and agreed to. Mr. Cannon submitted the conference report on the sundry civil bill, showing the item covering the claims of Nevada to be the

only one in dispu**at**e.

Among the important items struck out were those for the memorial bridge across the Potomac river, for a revenue cutter on the St. Mary's river and a lighthouse vessel for the Pacific coast, for a branch soldiers' home in Idaho, salary of woman commissioner at the unveiling of Lafayette's statue in Paris, legation buildings in Korea and Siam and statue of Ro-

chambeau. Among the important items retained were those placing under the supervision of the secretary of treasury the execution of the Chinese exclusion and immigration laws, gauging water supply of certain streams, \$100,000; providing plans for the enlargement of the White House and development of surrounding grounds, appropriating \$25,000 for South pass of the Mississippi river, providing for the settlement of Spanish war claims arising from military use and occupation. The Mississippi, Missouri and Columbia river items were retained, the Mississippi item for the lower river being reduced to \$2,250,000. The provision as to state claims was compromised by an amendment that certain federal claims against these states would not be prosecuted. The forest reserve provision was amended that lien land selections shall hereafter be made from surveyed lands.

Mr. Cannon explained that the senate had added about \$5,000,000 to the original \$61,000,000 of this bill and that by this report the senate yielded about \$1,-000,000 and the house \$4,000,000. Considerable debate followed on the various

The sundry civil conference report was agreed to, and on the one item still open. appropriating \$462,000 for claims of Ne vada, Mr. Newlands (Nev.) moved that the house concur with the senate amendment. This brought on a sharp debate on state claims, Mr. Moody (Mass.) urging that the Nevada claim would set a precedent for other like claims, aggregating about \$5,000,000.

Mr. Moody contended that the payment of Nevada's claim would establish a dangerous precedent. It was for extra pay given to Nevada's soldiers during the civil war. California, if this claim were paid, would have a valid claim for \$4,

000,000 and Oregon for nealy \$500,000. Mr. Newlands' motion to concur in the senate amendment was lost-45 to 97. The house further insisted on the amendment, and the bill was sent back to con-

DR. STORRS' DEATH.

Noted Clergyman Passes Away In Brooklyn.

NEW YORK, June 6 .- The Rev. Richard Salter Storrs, the venerable pastor emeritus of the Church of the Pilgrims, Brooklyn, is dead.

Mr. Storrs had been in an unconscious condition for about 24 hours. His death was due to a complication of ailments incident to old age, his final illness dating from last October. From this illness, however, he rallied sufficiently to attend the annual meeting of the American dence make connection with these board of commissioners for foreign misin the pulpit of the Church of the Pilgrims was Sunday, April 22. On that the short line to the principal cities of date his successor, Rev. Dr. Harry P. the South and to all points in Florida Dewey, preached for the first time after and the West Indies. It is also the

being called to the pastorate,
Richard Salter Storrs was born in
Braintree, Mass., in 1821. He was educated at Amherst college. He studied law, but forsook this profession for the ministry, taking a course at Andover seminary, where he graduated in 1845. He became pastor of a Congregational church in Brookline, Mass., where he remained for a year. He was installed as pastor of the Church of the Pilgrims in

Brooklyn on Nov. 19, 1846. For many years Dr. Storrs was president of the American Home Missionary society. He was the author of a large number of works on religious and historical matters. In 1845 he married Miss Mary Elwell Jenks, granddaughter of John Phillips, the first mayor of Boston. Mrs. Storrs died in 1898. In 1896 there was a ten days' celebra-

tion of the fiftieth anniversary of Dr. Storrs' pastorate of the Church of the Pilgrims, a loving cup being presented to him at that time by the Manhattan Association of Congregational Ministers.

"New Era of Labor."

ALBANY, June 6.—Articles of incor-poration of the New Era of Labor, with the principal office in Buffalo, have been filed with the secretary of state. It is proposed to build up a powerful and progressive organization of labor and capital which shall further the establishment of the eight hour day, the abolition of child labor and various other reforms. Among the directors are Milo F. Jordan, Willinm Coulson, Seymour Nicholas, Dr. L. Phillips of Buffalo and others.

Explosion in Scientific Laboratory.

LANSING, Mich., June 6 .- An explo sion occurred in the mechanical laborato ry at the Agricultural college while Professor M. D. Atkins was conducting an experiment in the presence of the stu-dents. Professor Atkins was seriously burned and the sight of his left eye de stroyed by flying particles of glass. H. D. Hornbeck, a student, who was assisting, was also badly burned, and it is feared he will lose his right eye.

Military Appointments.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—The follow-ing nominations have been made by the president: Brigadier General Joseph W. Wheeler, U. S. V., to be brigadier general, U. S. A.; John K. Gladden of Maryland to be collector of customs, district of Annapolis, Md. Postmasters-John F. Nesbett, at Corona, N. Y.; Clark Grier, at Dublin, Ga.; Charles S. Shindel, at Tamaqua, Pa.; Walter K. Landis, at San Juan, Porto Rico.

Illinois Bank Robbed. WATSEKA, Ills., June 6.-The Bank facturers."

Mr. Teller denounced the amendment been robbed. The safe was blown open and destroyed, and the burglars got \$16,

The Health Problem is much simpler than is sometimes supposed. Health depends chiefly upon perfect digestion and pure blood, and the problem is solved very readily by Hood's Sarsaparilla. You may keep well by taking it promptly for any stomach or blood disorder. Its cures of scrofula, salt rheum, catarrh, dys epsia, rheumatism and other diseases are numbered by the thous-The favorite family cathartic is Hood's Pills

Now is the time of year when the man who has country relatives regrets that he didn't invite them to visit him in town last

WHAT SHALL WE HAVE FOR DESSERT This question arises in the family every day Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O, a de-licious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! simply add a little boiling water and set to cool, Flavors:—Lemon, orange, Kaspberry and strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day, 1ccts.

When the mother of a large family has married off all her daughters she feels that she has nothing more to live for.

Every discriminating person will say that the Biggle Books contain a greater amount of condensed, common sense, well arranged information, than any books they have seen relating to these important branches of farm industry. The price of each is 50 cents, by mail; address the publishers, Wilmer At-kinson Co., Philadelphia.

The weather man now turns his attention to getting up a summary for the year.

DISTRESSING STOMACH DISEASE-Perma nently cured by the masterly power of South American Nervine Tonic. Invalids need suffer no longer, because this great remedy can cure them all. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and indigestion, The cure begins with the first dose. The relief it brings is marvellous and surprising. It makes no failure; never disappoints. No matter how long you have suffered, your cure is certain under the use of this great health-giving force. Pleasant and always safe Sold by C. A. Kleim, druggist, 128 West Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa. 194 19

Have Purchased a Town.

Hon. J. Henry Cochran, of Will iamsport, is president of a syndicate which has purchased a large tract of coal land in Cambria County, including the entire town of Frugality, with a population of 800, 150 houses, three schools and two churches.

Important Announcement.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway, Floriday and West India Short Line,' has pleasure in announcing to the public that it will open its new line to Florida on June 4th, 1900, with through sleeping cars between New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, D. C., Richmond, Va., and Columbia, S. C., Savannah, Ga., Jacksonville and Tampa, Fla., etc., etc.; also through sleeping cars from New York, etc., to Atlanta, Ga., where connections are made in Union Depot for all points South and Southwest. The Old Dominion S. S. Co's. steamships from New York, and the Merchants & Miners Transportation Co's. Steamships from Boston and Provi- 26, inclusive.

trains at Norfolk, Va. The Seaboard Air Line Railway is direct line to Athens, Atlanta, Augusta, Macon, Montgomery, New Orleans and all points South and Southwest. It enters the Capitals of the six States which it traverses, not including the National Capital, through which many of its trains are operated.

Two trains conveying passengers via this route will leave New York daily at 1 p. m., and 12:15 o'clock midnight from Pennsylvania R. R.

For full particulars in regard to sleeping car arrangements and dining car service please refer to Ticket Agents of connecting lines, W. C. Shoemaker, General Eastern Passenger Agent, 371 and 1206 Broadway, New York, Chas. L. Longsdorf, New England Passenger Agent, 306 Washington St., Boston, Mass., W. M. Mc-Connell, General Agent 1434 New York Ave., Washington, D. C., or to L. S. Allen, General Passenger Agent Portsmouth, Va.

Republican National Convention at Philadelpnia, June 19, 1900.

Special Cheap Excursion Rates via Philadelphia & Reading Railway.

To accommodate visitors to the Republican National Convention, the Philadelphia & Reading Railway has arranged to sell Excursion Tickets from all Ticket Stations to Philadelphia at the low rate of Single Fare for the Round Trip, with a minimum of 50 cents. Children between 5 and 12 years of age half rate.

These tickets will be sold and good going June 15th to 19th inclusive, and will be good for return until June 26th inclusive.

For full information as to rate of fare, time of trains, etc., consult Ticket Agents or address Edson J. Weeks, General Passenger Agent, Reading Terminal, Philadelphia.

Special Agent of the Census.

Major C. P. Gearbart, of Riverside, has been appointed by Census Director Merriman, a special agent of census to take the statistics of manufacturing industries of Bloomsburg, Berwick and Danville.

The Children's Homoepathic Hospital.

The above named institution, located at Franklin and Thompson Streets, Philadelphia, is central to the city, is not by any means limited in purpose or scope to Philadelphia, and is the only exclusively Children's Homeopathic Hospital in our whole country. It is open to all children under fourteen years of age who are in need, without regard to nationality, race or religion, and equally good care and attention are given to those who are unable to pay as to those who can pay more or less for services rendered.

Its managers now find it necessary to make urgent appeal to those interested in its charitable and beneficent work. Apart from its out-patient department, in which nearly three thousand patients are treated each month, and its emergency or accident cases, numbering from seventy to one hundred cases each month, there are from forty to fifty children patients to be constantly cared for, the total of the household being seventy or more per-

The pressure upon its resources for new buildings has seriously lessened the income for maintenance, so that many cases often urgent and always deserving have to be refused admitance. The running expenses are not far from fifteen hundred dollars a month. The facilities at command are beyond compare. The entire plant is equal to the best. The only lack is means with which to provide for the sick and suffering poor children who piteously beg for relief. The needs are exceedingly great.

The managers look to a generous public throughout this state to come to its immediate relief. Any supplies in the line of groceries, provisions, fruits, canned goods, butter, eggs. potatoes, coal, etc., such as is required in any ordinary family, will be welcomed, and may be sent direct to the institution by express or freight. Cash donations, also, may be sent to the Hospital, Franklin and Thompson Streets, and prompt acknowledgement will be made, and any desired information furnished by those in charge. When visiting the city, be sure to call any day at convenience and see how perfect the arrangements are for the welfare of sick children.

Reduced Rates to Philadelphia.

Via Pennsylvania Railroad, Account Republican National Convention.

On account of the Republican Natonal Convention at Philadelphia, June 19, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Philadelphia from all stations on its line at rate of one fare for the round trip (minimum rate 50 cents). Tickets will be sold and good going June 15 to 19, inclusive, and returning to June 5-31 3t

As this is the season for shearing sheep the following advice from wool dealers should be read by every sheep owner: There seems to be a growing tendency with farmers to tie their wool with sisal or binding twine in the absence of proper wool twine. Wool so tied will be rejected by dealers, and many manufacturers will not buy it at any price because of the hard fibre that is liable to adhere to the yarn, and enter into the cloth. Many times one or two such fibres will cause the rejection of a whole piece of voluable cioth; therefore the habit should be stopped, as the growers will be the losers. Better not tie wool at all than with binding twine.



It's not a new variety of headache. It's the old pain consequent on conditions which result from study, confinement, and careless eating. It is only one symptom of a derangement of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures headaches by curing the diseases which cause them.

diseases which cause them.

"I was troubled with very frequent headaches, often accompanied by severe vomiting," writes Miss Mary Beile Summerton, of San Diego, Duval Co. Texas. "Bowels were irregular, and my stomach and liver seemed continually out of order. Often I could eat almost nothing, and sometimes absolutely nothing, for twenty-four hours at a time. I was entirely unfit for work, and my whole system seemed so ron-down that I feared a severe sick spell and was very much discouraged. I was advised to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and did so with such satisfactory results that before finishing the third bottle I felt perfectly able to undertake the duties attending public school life, and contracted to do so. I most heartly advise those suffering with indigestion, and its attendant evils, to give this great medicine a fair trial."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets keep the

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets keep the bowels healthy.



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Sweet potatoes per peck.....
Tallow per lb.....

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Dried apples per lb......
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Steer " " "

Calf Skin.....

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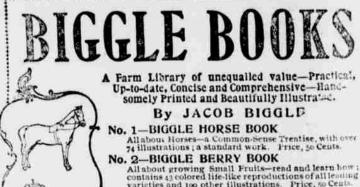
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