

THE COLUMBIAN, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

7

CURIOS WHEAT PROBLEM.

According to This Computation Sens-
city of Food Is Not by Any
Means Remote.

If Sir William Crookes is to be believed, scarcity of food is not by any means remote; it may come within sight of persons now alive, and these not very young, says the London Spectator. The case may be very easily stated. At present the deficiencies of the wheat-eating countries are supplied by North America, especially by the United States. In 1897-8 the wheat crop of the United States was about 500,000,000 bushels. Of this quantity 217,000,000 bushels were exported to Europe, where no country, excepting Russia and Turkey, grows enough for its own population. The states are able to do this without trenching on the home supply, because the total population is not more than 75,000,000. In 1901, if the increase of population goes on at the same rate as that of the last 20 years, the 75,000,000 will have increased to 130,000,000, and the surplus for export will be no longer available.

Whence, therefore, will the wants of the world be supplied? Russia at present exports largely, the total being something more than two-fifths of that from the states. But it cannot be hoped that Russia will come to the rescue of a hungry world. It is already hungry itself, exporting food while its own people are starving. Any change here must be in the way of distribution. This change will be the more speedy because the Russian population, in spite of its sufferings, increases. Indeed, the difficulty of the general problem is aggravated by the fact that, up to the point of actual starvation, scarcity not only does not check, but actually stimulates, the rate of increase. A perfectly well-fed, well-educated and generally comfortable population has a tendency to diminish rather than to grow.

HUMAN FREAKS.

Various Accomplishments Attained
by Men and Women With-
out Arms.

There is nothing new under the sun, especially in the way of human freaks. The case of the late Charles Francois Flein, the armless Belgian artist, recently deceased, was no exception, says the Philadelphia Press. Camerarius, over three centuries ago, knew a man born armless who ate and drank with the help of his feet and wrote fair and straight copies in Latin and German. He tells of another who could use a sword and throw javelins with his feet, and who was broken on the wheel for murder.

Magdalene Rudolph Thuny says Bartholin "with her feet spins and threads her needle; she weaves, she charges and discharges a gun; with a scissor and a knife she cuts paper into divers artificial figures; she plays at tables and dice, she knows how to bring her feet to her breast and head so as to take her child to breast." Scialler tells a similar tale of one Antonius.

Then there was a woman of Britain who was forced to use her mouth and tongue in spinning, threading a needle, tying knots and writing. Pictorius Vikinganus relates that he knew an armless Spaniard who could with an ax give a blow that would cut a reasonably-sized bit of wood asunder at one blow.

START OF THE FEUD.

**Senator Clark Had to Pay Marcus Daly Eighty Thousand Dollars
for a Stream.**

"Gus" Schmidt tells this story in connection with the trouble of Senator Clark, of Montana, who is bitterly pursued by Marcus Daly, says the Indianapolis Press:

The start of this feud dates from their early mining days when Clark was dependent on the water from a small stream for the successful working of his mines. Daly bought the water right for \$35,000 and compelled Clark to pay \$80,000 for its use.

A further item, which goes to show Clark's luck, or pluck, is that a prominent western smelting company was financially embarrassed, and as it was at a time of panic the company could not obtain ready money. Clark examined its books and, finding them in good condition, took \$100,000 stock in the company. In going over the books he noticed an earload of ore once in awhile that was exceedingly rich, and made inquiry of the name of the mine from which the ore came. He was told, and went to the mine dressed as a miner and hired himself out to the four young men who owned it, and went to work as a miner. After seeing the wealth of the mine he bought it for \$25,000, and this mine is now making him millions."

Judge and Dancing Master.
An English paper tells of a Greek judge who took it into his head to learn to dance. He is an elderly man, and in spite of all his efforts he only succeeded in getting out of breath, so at last the dancing master lost patience and told his pupil that he was incapable of learning. The judge therefore went to law, and got the following verdict in his favor: "Seeing that a man who has no physical defects is not unfit to be taught to dance, the professor is hereby condemned to continue his lessons until his pupil is proficient." The willing magistrate and the unwilling dancing master have therefore set to work again.

Business of Bank of France.
The Bank of France last year discounted in Paris 2,101,830 separate bills for less than 100 francs each.

Who Eats It All?
The world annually produces something like 3,000,000 tons of butter and cheese.

When a boy turns his bulging pocket inside out we marvel at the quantity and variety of articles he has stowed away. Odd lengths of string, marbles, a horse chestnut, a top, brass nails, hickory nuts, an apple, and many more articles are garnered by this "snapper up of unconsidered trifles." We think the collection must be hard on boy's pocket, and it is. But do we ever think of the variety and miscellany of the substances we put into the pocket of our stomach? There's the staple and the nuts, and things besides quite as indigestible as brass nails and with no more food value than so many marbles. And yet we wonder that the stomach "gives out." When the stomach breaks down under the strain of excesses eating and irregular meals it can be perfectly and permanently restored to health and strength by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The use of this medicine on the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition is so marked, that relief from disease is at once experienced, and the headaches, liver "troubles," kidney disorders, skin eruptions and other symptoms of a diseased stomach are quickly cured. Whenever the use of a laxative medicine is indicated, use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They act in harmony with the "Discovery" and assist its action by purging the bowels of foul accumulations.

TREASURER'S SALE OF UNSEATED AND SEADED LANDS IN COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

By virtue of sundry Acts of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania relating to the sale of unseated and sealed lands in the state of Columbia, etc., for taxes due and unpaid, I will offer at Public Sale in the Court House in the town of Bloomsburg, on

MONDAY, JUNE 11th, 1900,

at 10 o'clock a.m. the following described pieces of land or such part thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of taxes due and unpaid against the same and continue the same from day to day as the same may be found necessary.

TERMS OF SALE.

The amount of taxes and costs must be paid when the land is struck down or off or the sale may be void and the property put up and re-sold.

ACRES LOTS UNSEATED LANDS TAXES

Warrantee or owners.

BAKERS TWP.

Berringer, C. E. 5 20

Beaver, Jas. 59

Jesse 1 77

Brookway & Abbott 5 61

5 61

C. B. 1 77

Bogart, Mary 59

Boyle, F. S. 1 18

Cole, Coal & Iron Co. 1 18

Crossing Creek Deed 1 18

Corman, M. 59

Davis, Lloyd 4 44

Davis, Isaac Est. 15 18

Davis, Antioch 3 31

Davis, Martin 4 44

Davis, John 59

Evans & Kase 1 77

Fritz, John 45

Friedrich, R. M. 9 10

Glasgow, A. 1 77

Frey, W. 8

Hughes, Douglas 2 95

Harman & Cluster 1 77

Hinderliter, John 6 48

Jacoby, O. A. 14 16

Kilner, H. 59

Lamont, W. H. 1 17

Martin, Wm. 1 17

Munday, John 1 18

Miller, Henry 11 65

McArdle, G. N. 1 14

McArdle, G. N. 1 15

McArdle, G. N. 1 17

McArdle, G. N. 1 18

McArdle, G. N. 1 19

McArdle, G. N. 1 20

McArdle, G. N. 1 21

McArdle, G. N. 1 22

McArdle, G. N. 1 23

McArdle, G. N. 1 24

McArdle, G. N. 1 25

McArdle, G. N. 1 26

McArdle, G. N. 1 27

McArdle, G. N. 1 28

McArdle, G. N. 1 29

McArdle, G. N. 1 30

McArdle, G. N. 1 31

McArdle, G. N. 1 32

McArdle, G. N. 1 33

McArdle, G. N. 1 34

McArdle, G. N. 1 35

McArdle, G. N. 1 36

McArdle, G. N. 1 37

McArdle, G. N. 1 38

McArdle, G. N. 1 39

McArdle, G. N. 1 40

McArdle, G. N. 1 41

McArdle, G. N. 1 42

McArdle, G. N. 1 43

McArdle, G. N. 1 44

McArdle, G. N. 1 45

McArdle, G. N. 1 46

McArdle, G. N. 1 47

McArdle, G. N. 1 48

McArdle, G. N. 1 49

McArdle, G. N. 1 50

McArdle, G. N. 1 51

McArdle, G. N. 1 52

McArdle, G. N. 1 53

McArdle, G. N. 1 54

McArdle, G. N. 1 55

McArdle, G. N. 1 56

McArdle, G. N. 1 57

McArdle, G. N. 1 58

McArdle, G. N. 1 59

McArdle, G. N. 1 60

McArdle, G. N. 1 61

McArdle, G. N. 1 62

McArdle, G. N. 1 63

McArdle, G. N. 1 64

McArdle, G. N. 1 65

McArdle, G. N. 1 66

McArdle, G. N. 1 67

McArdle, G. N. 1 68

McArdle, G. N. 1 69

McArdle, G. N. 1 70

McArdle, G. N. 1 71

McArdle, G. N. 1 72

McArdle, G. N. 1 73

McArdle, G. N. 1 74

McArdle, G. N. 1 75

McArdle, G. N. 1 76

McArdle, G. N. 1 77

McArdle, G. N. 1 78

McArdle, G. N. 1 79

McArdle, G. N. 1 80

McArdle, G. N. 1 81

McArdle, G. N. 1 82

McArdle, G. N. 1 83

McArdle, G. N. 1 84

McArdle, G. N. 1 85

McArdle, G. N. 1 86

McArdle, G. N. 1 87

McArdle, G. N. 1 88

McArdle, G. N. 1 89

McArdle, G. N. 1 90

McArdle, G. N. 1 91

McArdle, G. N. 1 92