

THE COLUMBIAN. ESTABLISHED 1866. THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869. PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING, At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

TERMS:—Inside the county \$1.00 a year in advance; \$1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, \$1.25 a year, strictly in advance.

All communications should be addressed to THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, APRIL 5, 1900.

Democratic Candidates.

FOR SHERIFF, DANIEL KNORR, of Locust Twp.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, (North Side) GEORGE W. STERNER, of Hemlock Twp.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, R. G. F. KSHINKA, (North Side) of Briartree Twp.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, FRED. IKELER, (North Side) of Bloomsburg.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, A. P. YOUNG, of Greenwood Twp.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, WILLIAM T. CREASY, (South Side) of Catawissa Twp.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, (South Side) C. Z. SCHLICHER, of Beaver Twp.

GOVERNMENT, ANARCHISM, WHICH?

Anarchism, communism and legalized robbery are a trinity, feared by all lovers of good government. They are elements of danger in any government. Piracy, plunder, and ill gotten gain are characteristic of human nature, when no restraint can arrest their criminal greed.

Against this triumvirate of power and plunder seeking agencies, all the energies of the great majority of our liberty loving people have been, and are still directed. These energies, however, are divided, and the efforts thus far, have been unavailing.

The curse of partisan spirit has caused all efforts ineffective, for the reason that part of the people hold to the idea of protection, while others hold to the idea of free trade. So long as the people remain thus divided on these questions, they will continue to be plundered by one form or other, of the above named elements.

"United," they would "stand," but, "divided," they "fall." The people are agreed, however, that public plunder, by reason of class legislation, in the interest of monopoly, trusts, and combines, is equally as dangerous to the welfare of our republic and commonwealth as the other forms of robbery—Anarchism and Communism.

Nearly all the great metropolitan newspapers, are either owned, or controlled by the money oligarchy—and naturally enough, they are divided politically, democratic and republican, for and against protection, always raising the tariff issue, in order that they may accomplish their ends—divide public sentiment and plunder the people by means of class legislation.

Those metropolitan newspapers, no matter what political colors they flaunt, all work for the same object, the same end—the complete kingship of the money oligarchy. Hansaism, Wall street, Gold standard and corruption are synonymous. And the great metropolitan newspapers are their exponents.

They are not exponents of agricultural interests. Their only object is political bondage of the masses to the classes, or, to enslave the people to the money power.

For illustration: Some years ago, when the Grangers' Tax Bill was pending in the legislature, the object of which was Equalization of Taxation, to relieve the farmers from the unjust burden, under which they were then, and are yet oppressed and goaded, some of the Philadelphia dailies raised such a hullabaloo and cry, warning all the people, and the farmers in particular against such an "iniquitous and unrighteous measure," which was "too inquisitorial," and which required the assessor, or property hunter to "search all houses from cellar to garret"—a thing that would be unendurable, hence, unconstitutional.

These same newspapers sent circulars to many post offices in the State, denouncing the iniquities of the Bill, and urging the farmers to petition the Legislature not to pass the law. "Too inquisitorial." These metropolitan newspaper men

well knew, that the farmers did not have the valuables in their houses that these stuffed and bloated monopoly people have in their city homes.

"Too inquisitorial!" And thus the protected robbers escaped the assessments for taxations, hundreds of millions of dollars worth of personal property, and the farmers were obliged to continue to carry an unjust share of the burdens of taxation, as before.

These are the newspapers that seek to control, frighten, or cajole the farmers into any desired measure, required to further the cause of King gold. The farmers dare not presume to depend upon the political sophistry of city lore, as enunciated by these newspapers for their guide in judgment, and direction of action, in matters pertaining to their interest; no matter whether it pours from democratic, or republican city sources. For they are deceptive, wilfully and corruptly deceptive; by premeditation and forethought, persistently deceptive.

The farmers have an industry of their own. It is carried on independently, and by individual energy, and by collective and united action—every individual farmer operating his own plant, either in person or by tenant. All the farmers should organize into a great political party independent of all other political parties, and establish a bureau of political literature, adapted to their needs and circumstances, as their interests may require. They should be organized upon the same principle that the old parties are organized, with national, state and county committees, and run their own political newspapers in all of the committee departments.

In this manner they would become a formidable and potent force in American politics, whose influence and power would not only be felt, but feared by all the other controlling forces in the government.

Thus organized, they could hold their own national and state conventions, adopt their own party platforms, nominate their own candidates for president and governor, and other national, state and county officers, and they would have a plurality over any other faction, and if not able to elect the heads of government, they would have the controlling power to elect whomsoever they chose, in conjunction with any other faction nearest in harmony with their own principles.

Thus organized, the farmers would be able to restore our government to its proper functions of primitive purity, and save the government from anarchy, and themselves from financial ruin and slavery.

The corrupt politician, machine boss, and their henchmen, would be obliged to ply their vocation among other classes, as the farmers would run their own machine, political, as well as industrial.

There is no reason why the farmers should not thus organize politically, for their interests are identical all over our country, and what is to the interest of one, is to the interest of all. There should be no difference of opinion among the farmers as to their best interests so far as relates to the laws regulating taxation, and the classes of property that should bear their just share of taxation.

THE COPPER AGE.

The world is apparently entering upon a new copper age. As the invention of the steam engine ushered in the present iron age, so the development of electricity introduces the new copper age.

Iron is the structural metal and the locomotive and elevator made its use profitable in so many ways that its use has increased a hundred fold in less than a hundred years.

Copper is the metal which conducts with the least loss and the greatest efficiency, the electric current, and the use of electricity is increasing the demand for copper more rapidly even than steam increased the demand for iron.

Electricity as a motive power is new, but in its infancy. At the beginning of the twentieth century it is in about the same comparative stage of development that the steam engine was in at the beginning of the nineteenth century. All kinds of development proceed much faster now than formerly, and between 1900 and 1950 there is likely to be a greater increase in the use of copper than there was in the increase of the use of iron between 1800 and 1900.

The world's consumption of copper in 1899 was more than double what it was in 1898. During the next ten years its use is sure to increase faster than in the past.

Where is all this copper to come from? The world's production of copper in 1898 was 482,905 tons. More than two-thirds of this came from four sources: 1. The Rio Tinto mines of Spain. 2. The

Put Your Finger on Your Pulse

You feel the blood rushing along. But what kind of blood? That is the question. Is it pure blood or impure blood? If the blood is impure then you are weak and languid; your appetite is poor and your digestion is weak. You cannot sleep well and the morning finds you unprepared for the work of the day. Your cheeks are pale and your complexion is sallow. You are troubled with pimples, boils, or some eruption of the skin. Why not purify your blood?



It will do it. Take it a few days and then put your finger on your pulse again. You can feel the difference. It is stronger and your circulation better. Send for our book on Impure Blood.

If you are bilious, take Ayer's Pills. They greatly aid the Sarsaparilla. They cure constipation also.

Write to our Doctors. Write them freely all the particulars in your case. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost. Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Lake mines of the United States. 3. The Montana mines. 4. The mines of Arizona and Sonora, Mexico.

The production of the Rio Tinto mines has slightly increased in the past year or two, but the production of the Lake and Montana mines have shown a decided falling off, so the only source of supply on which the world can depend with confidence for the supply of its greatly increased demand for copper, is the Virgin mines of Arizona, and Sonora, Mexico.

In the ten years, from 1889 to 1899, the world only doubled its production of copper, but Arizona and Sonora more than quadrupled their production, and more than half of the total increase in the world's production came from the Arizona and Sonora mines.

The people who bought Lake copper mining stocks twenty years ago, or Montana and Arizona copper mining stocks ten years ago, are the millionaires of to-day. John D. Rockefeller made a good part of his money out of copper, and William A. Clark and Marcus Daly made all of theirs out of copper mines.

If we can judge the future by the past, and any dependence can be placed on the indications of the present, the men who buy the stocks of good and well managed copper mines, in such copper producing countries as Arizona and Sonora to-day, will be the millionaires of ten and twenty years hence.

Of course, there are fakes in Arizona and Sonora, as well as elsewhere, but there are also good and honestly managed mines, with prospects more promising than were those of the United Verde, of Arizona, the stock of which, only ten years ago was offered at \$1.00 per share, and went begging at that. To-day it sells for \$300 a share and has paid sixteen millions of dollars dividends.

Among the new copper districts that have come into prominence within the last two years, and which will soon be ranked with and eventually eclipse the four comparatively old mining districts of the world, is that of the Canaca mountains, of Sonora, Mexico, less than one hundred miles south of the great Verde mines. Here the Greene Consolidated Copper Company own over 7,000 acres of copper ground, on a portion of which there are some old native workings, where some hundreds of years ago the old people, then inhabiting that country, extracted ores that must have been of great richness, for the refuse, of which there are great piles or dumps on the ground, produces from six to twelve per cent. copper, when run through the smelter of the company now owning and operating the property.

Prof. Geo. A. Treadwell, M. E., who located and commenced the development of the United Verde mines, about ten years ago, and sold stock to his friends at one dol-

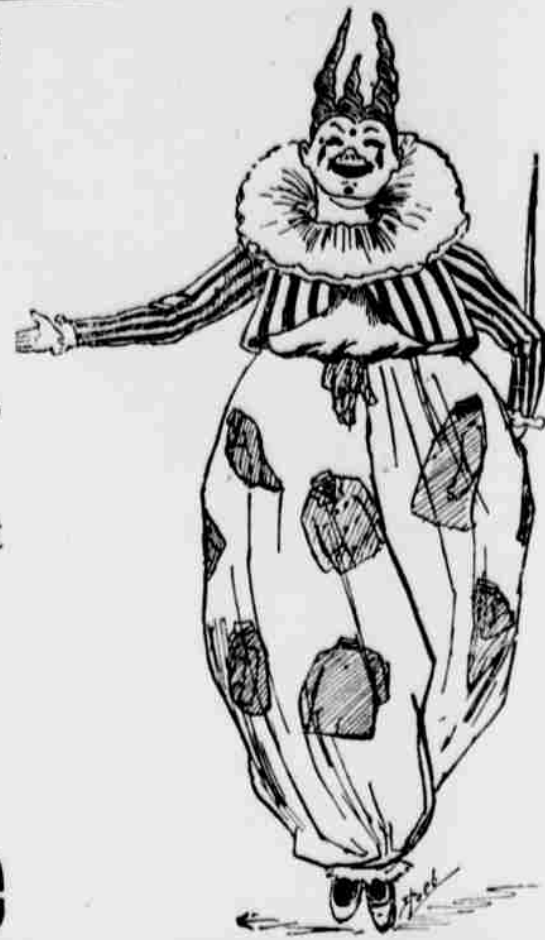
Star Clothing House

Spring Styles Now In.

Call and see the New Styles for Men, Boys and Children.

You will find just what you want, in shade, fit, price and quality, at

TOWNSEND'S Star Clothing House



Hotel For Rent.

The Park Hotel, at Towanda, Pa., is for rent. Possession given April 1st, 1900. Located in the heart of the town, opposite Court House. For terms, apply to Geo. E. Elwell, Bloomsburg, Pa., or E. W. Elwell, Towanda, Pa.

A Very Important Sale of Lace Curtains.

Special preparations have been made for this sale. Special buying has been done for it, and special prices will prevail during its continuance. We might do some sensational advertising about this lace curtain sale, but sensational advertising is not always convincing advertising; so we prefer stating the plain facts in a plain manner, and trust to your good judgment and knowledge of values for the rest. It will be a saving to you to buy during this sale, which will begin Saturday, March 31st, and will last until April 15th. But as fast as the lots are closed we cannot replace them. These are prices:

- 50 pairs lace curtains, at 35c, worth 50c.
50 pairs lace curtains at 60c, worth 65c.
25 pairs lace curtains at 75c, worth \$1.00.
35 pairs lace curtains at 80c, worth \$1.00.
25 pairs lace curtains at 89c, worth \$1.10.
25 pairs lace curtains at 98c, worth \$1.25.
25 pairs lace curtains at \$1.15, worth \$1.35.
25 pairs lace curtains at \$1.25, worth \$1.50.
19 pairs lace curtains at \$1.40, worth \$1.75.
20 pairs lace curtains at \$1.75, worth \$2.25.
25 pairs lace curtains at \$1.98, worth \$2.25.
12 pairs lace curtains at \$2.00, worth 2.50.
12 pairs lace curtains at \$2.25, worth 2.75.
12 pairs lace curtains at \$2.98, worth 3.50.
9 pairs lace curtains at \$3.00, worth 3.50.
8 pairs lace curtains at \$3.75, worth 4.50.
12 pairs lace curtains at \$4.25, worth 5.00.
6 pairs lace curtains at \$4.69, worth 5.25.
6 pairs lace curtains at \$5.00, worth 6.00.
6 pairs lace curtains at \$5.50, worth 6.50.
Irish Point curtains at 5.00, worth 6.00.
Irish Point curtains at \$5.75, worth 7.00.
Irish Point curtains at \$8.00, worth 9.50.
Brussels net curtains at \$5.00, worth 6.25.

Women's Tailor-Made Suits

We have every reason to feel proud of the splendid impression created by our annual spring display in all departments of the store. But in none was it more pronounced than in our women's suit section. Every visitor that gave voice to her opinion told us that there is a refinement and style touch to our garments that is not noticeable elsewhere, and the low prices seem out of harmony with the elegance of our costumes.

Dainty Wash Goods.

Designers, weavers and color blenders have fairly outdone themselves this season. Never in the history of cotton textiles has so much art, so much refined taste been displayed. It's only a very modest little investment for you to make to secure a new summer gown or two, and think of the satisfaction of choosing from all of this crisp newness. Dimities, in all the colors for spring—neat and pretty—10c the yard. Finer quality, 15c.

Do not miss this store if you are in need of Furniture.

F. P. Pursel

Our New Spring Values.

We have just received, for the spring trade, the very latest styles in Dress Goods, Waist Silks, Trimmings, Ribbons, Laces. In fact, all the latest style Dress Goods and Fancy Notions in the market.

LADIES' SPRING SUITS.—Ladies' and Misses' Spring Jackets. Latest styles, right prices.

SHOES! SHOES!—Great values, nobby styles, small prices. Our sales on shoes still increase. We are up to date at all times in this department.

SHIRT WAISTS AND SEPARATE SKIRTS.—It will pay you to see the styles and learn prices.

LADIES' WRAPPERS.—We keep a complete line. Have you seen our great sewing machine? We are handling one of the best on the market. Up to date in every respect and price lowest. If you expect to buy, it will pay you to see our make of machine and learn our prices.

IN OUR GROCERY DEPARTMENT.—We are at the front in fine groceries, fancy Chinaware. In dinner and chamber sets our sales are increasing every day.

You will find it will always pay to trade with us. Our aim has ever been to give you latest styles and best prices.

Bloomsburg Store Co., Limited.

Corner Main and Centre. ALFRED McHENRY, Mgr.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES

should always be kept in the house for the following reasons:

FIRST—Because, if any member of the family has a hard cold, it will cure it.

SECOND—Because, if the children are delicate and sickly, it will make them strong and well.

THIRD—Because, if the father or mother is losing flesh and becoming thin and emaciated, it will build them up and give them flesh and strength.

FOURTH—Because it is the standard remedy in all throat and lung affections.

No household should be without it. It can be taken in summer as well as in winter.

50c and \$1.00, all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.