

SPEECH OF LODGE.

Massachusetts Senator on the Philippine Question.

Strongly Indorses President McKinley's Policy.

Position of the United States in the Orient—Benefits to Our Commerce.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Soon after the senate convened today Mr. Sullivan (Mass.) offered a resolution that the Philippine Islands are the rightful property, honorably acquired, of the United States, and that "while the misguided Filipinos continue the present war, fought on by them, against the rightful authority of the United States, so long as a single gun in their hands is trained upon our flag, no expression of intention as to the future course of the United States with respect to them should be made by the senate."

In accordance with notice previously given, Mr. Lodge (Rep., Mass.) then addressed the senate on the Philippine question. As chairman of the committee on the Philippines and as a member of the committee on foreign relations, Mr. Lodge was expected to make a notable utterance on the question. He was given, therefore, an attentive hearing by both his colleagues on the floor of the senate and by a large concourse of auditors in the galleries.

Mr. Lodge's speech was based on the bill introduced by Mr. Spooner (Wis.) vesting in the president authority to govern the Philippines until congress should otherwise provide by legislation. Mr. Lodge reviewed at length the situation in the Philippines and the conditions which led to the present position of the United States and in conclusion drew a luminous picture of the commercial possibilities of the Philippines and of the enormous advantages they would afford to the United States not only on account of their own fertility and richness of resource, but because they are the gateway for this country to the immense trade of the orient. Adverting to a recent diplomatic achievement of the United States, he said:

"The possession of the Philippines made us an eastern power, with the right and, what was equally important, the force behind the right to speak. Mr. Lay, as secretary of state, has obtained from all the great powers of Europe their assent to our demand for the guarantee of all our treaty rights in China and for the maintenance of the policy of the open door. I do not believe one of the most important and most brilliant diplomatic achievements in our hundred years of national existence when I say that the assent of those other powers to the proposition of the United States was given to the master of Manila. They might have turned us aside three years ago with a hug and a smile, but to the power which held Manila bay and whose fleet roared upon its waters they were obliged to give a gracious answer. Manila, with its magnificent bay, is the prize and the seat of the east. In our hands it will become one of the greatest distributing points, one of the richest emporiums of the world's commerce. Rich in itself, with all its fertile islands behind it, it will keep open to us the markets of China and enable American enterprise and intelligence to take a master share in all the trade of the orient."

"We have been told that arguments like these are sordid. Sordid, indeed! Then what arguments are worthy of consideration? A policy which proposes to open wider markets to the people of the United States, to add to their employment and to increase their wages and which in its pursuit requires that we should save the teeming millions of China from the darkness of the Russian winter and keep them free, not merely for the incoming of commerce, but for the entrance of the light of western civilization, seems to me a great and noble policy, if there ever was such, and one which may well engage the best aspirations and the highest abilities of American statesmanship."

"I do not believe that this nation was raised up for nothing. I do not believe that it is the creation of blind chance. I have faith that it has a great mission in the world—a mission of good, a mission of freedom. I believe that it can live up to that mission; therefore I want to see it step forward boldly and take its place at the head of the nations. I wish to see it master of the Pacific. I would have it fulfill what I think is its manifest destiny if it is not false to the laws which govern it. I am not dreaming of a primrose path. I know well that in the past we have committed grievous mistakes and paid for them, one wrong and made heavy compensation for it, stumbled and fallen and suffered. But we have always risen, bruised and grimed sometimes, yet still we have risen stronger and more erect than ever, and the march has always been onward and onward."

The House Pays Respects to Harmer WASHINGTON, March 7.—The death of Representative Harmer of Pennsylvania, the "Father of the House," cast a deep gloom over the house today. Mr. Harmer's desk was draped in black and covered with flowers.

The blind chaplain in his invocation offered feelingly to the death of Mr. Harmer and the loss the house and the country has sustained. Upon the request of Mr. Mann (Ills.), in charge of the Aldrich-Robinson contested election case, which was to have been voted upon at 2:30 p. m. today, the vote was postponed until tomorrow to allow the case to adjourn out of respect to Mr. Harmer's memory.

Mr. Overstreet (Ind.), in charge of the conference report upon the financial bill, which was agreed to by the senate yesterday, presented the report to the house.

The report was ordered printed. Mr. Overstreet said he would call up the report at the earliest possible moment.

Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, said that the minority would demand time to debate the report.

"There is very little new in it," said

Mr. Overstreet; "practically nothing except the refunding provision." "Certainly the bimetallic amendment is new," observed Mr. Richardson. "That is of little importance," replied Mr. Overstreet. "The gentleman admits it is unimportant?" "I frankly say I consider it of little importance," reiterated Mr. Overstreet. "We want time to show that," retorted Mr. Richardson, who, continuing, said the minority would ask for four hours. Without agreeing to this, the matter went over.

The house then adjourned as a mark of respect to Mr. Harmer.

Cost of Philippine War. WASHINGTON, March 7.—Acting Secretary of War Melklohn sent to the house of representatives yesterday a statement of expenditures by the war department covering the military operations in the Philippines, including outstanding liabilities from May 1, 1898, to Nov. 1, 1899, prepared in response to a resolution of inquiry from the house. The total is given at \$48,928,060, the principal items being: Quartermaster's department, \$25,715,501; subsistence department, \$8,950,000; medical department, \$1,200,137; pay department, \$10,833,134; ordinance, \$1,800,230. The statement is accompanied by a more detailed report from each department.

Currency Bill Approved. WASHINGTON, March 7.—The senate passed the currency and bond refunding conference report yesterday afternoon by a vote of 44 to 26. The vote on the passage of the currency bill itself on Feb. 15 was 46 to 29, so that yesterday's revision shows an apparent gain of one for the advocates of currency reform and the explicit establishment of gold as the sole standard of American monetary values.

Money For Ex-Queen Lili. WASHINGTON, March 7.—Senator Hear has given notice of an amendment he will offer to the diplomatic appropriation bill providing for the payment of \$250,000 to Liliuokalani, late queen of the Hawaiian Islands.

Fourth Class Postmasters. WASHINGTON, March 7.—The following fourth class postmasters have been appointed: Massachusetts—Hillsboro, M. E. Putney. New York—Erlington, G. G. Gilbert. New Jersey—Richfield, H. H. Varrath.

Vessel Burned at Sea. PHILADELPHIA, March 7.—The American line steamship Rhyndland has arrived here from Liverpool and reports having sighted the Norwegian ship Solheim, from Mobile Jan. 23 for Fleetwood, England, abandoned and on fire. The Rhyndland sighted the burning ship on Feb. 27 in latitude 45.49, longitude 38.11, at a distance of 12 miles. The American liner immediately changed her course and went to the vessel to take off any one who might be aboard the ship, but found no signs of life. The fire was burning fiercely from the stern to midship, the after part of the ship having already been gutted. All the sails of the ship had either been scorched or burned. Not finding any life the Rhyndland blew her whistle for quite a while in the hope that the crew of the vessel might be within hearing and make their whereabouts known, but the Rhyndland saw nothing and proceeded.

Why Pauncefote Will Remain. LONDON, March 7.—The St. James Gazette this afternoon, while declaring that the extension of Lord Pauncefote's stay at Washington as ambassador of Great Britain is due to the coming presidential election and "all that goes with this recurring commotion," says: "To Americans Lord Pauncefote's stay will be acceptable because he has achieved the feat of making himself popular, with a success for which there is no precedent since the first British minister was accredited to the United States a century and a quarter ago. Thus his continued tenure of office is acceptable because he has pleased the Americans, and it is highly desirable from a business point of view as well as grateful to our feelings that they should continue to be pleased."

New Hospital For Santiago. SANTIAGO, Cuba, March 7.—Work has begun upon the new yellow fever hospital to replace the building that was burned several weeks ago. Investigation has shown beyond doubt that the fire was of incendiary origin. The employees testified that they had three extinguished fires within a fortnight previous to the one that destroyed the hospital, with large quantities of quartermaster's and medical stores. No evidence was developed, however, reflecting upon Dr. Herman, who was in charge of the hospital at the time of the fire and who was relieved immediately afterward. The new hospital will provide the best possible facilities for treating yellow fever.

Fatal Sng In a Bridge. PITTSBURGH, March 7.—The west bound track of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago railway, which spans Robinson street, Allegheny, sank under the weight of a heavy freight engine today, letting the engine and a freight car drop into the street. There were four men in the engine at the time, two of whom were killed outright and a third possibly fatally injured. The dead are: A. K. Miller, fireman, aged 21 years, and E. G. Dewald, brakeman, Conductor James Martin was badly scalded, and his recovery is hardly possible. The engineer, Samuel Brier, escaped by jumping.

Supposed Plague in Frisco. SAN FRANCISCO, March 7.—A case of what is supposed to be bubonic plague, though the exact nature of the disease is yet uncertain, has been discovered in Chinatown. The patient, who is a Chinese, residing at 1004 Dupont street, was immediately isolated, and the whole of Chinatown has been placed under strict quarantine regulations. No fear is apprehended of the spread of the disease whatever it may prove to be.

Fire in Clock Warehouse. WINSTED, Conn., March 7.—A fire in the main storehouse of the William L. Gilbert Clock company shortly after 4 o'clock last night resulted in several thousand dollars damage, chiefly by water, however, to finished clocks. The loss is covered by insurance.

Japanese Crown Prince to Wed. BERLIN, March 7.—Diplomatic circles here have received information that the Japanese crown prince, Yoshihito Harunomiya, is betrothed to Princess Sada of the Japanese house Kujo.

QUAKER CITY FIRE.

Nearly \$1,000,000 Worth of Property Burned.

PHILADELPHIA, March 7.—A fire entailing an estimated loss of over \$700,000 occurred early today in the retail dry goods district. The conflagration originated in the engine room of Shoenman Bros' dry goods and millinery store at Eighth and Arch streets. The building was T shaped, fronting on three streets—Eighth, Arch and Cherry. The engine room was in the basement at the center of the structure. It is said that while the fire was being drawn from the furnaces sparks communicated with some waste paper and the little blaze spread with astonishing rapidity to the upper floors.

This was at 7:45 o'clock, and the employees had not yet arrived. A general alarm was sounded, but all efforts to save the building were fruitless, and it was leveled. The loss is placed at \$300,000.

Marks Bros' dry goods store, adjoining, was partly damaged by smoke and water, and their storehouse was completely gutted, entailing an estimated loss of \$300,000.

The Shoenman building was four stories and Marks' five stories in height. The flames spread to the six story building on Cherry street occupied by Myerhoff Bros., manufacturers of women's and children's clothing, and the Philadelphia Electrical Equipment company. Nothing was left of this place but the walls, and the loss is placed at \$200,000.

Several smaller buildings were more or less seriously damaged. About 1,500 persons, men, women and children, were thrown out of employment by the fire.

NOTED CRIMINAL'S END.

Sentenced Many Times to Death, but Dies in Jail.

ATLANTA, March 7.—Edward C. Flanagan, the man who murdered Miss Ruth Slack and Mrs. Martha Allen at Poplar Springs on New Year's eve, 1895; gave Dixon Allen the wound which subsequently caused his death and attempted the life of George W. Allen, died in the county jail at Decatur.

A post mortem examination will be held, and the brain that has puzzled so many experts will reveal its true condition. Setting aside the crime for which the prisoner was put in jail, the case of Flanagan is remarkable by reason of the many trials, convictions and death sentences which have fallen to him and the attending train of fatalities which has seemingly followed those interested in the matter. Eight have died and two gone insane.

Judge Candler has three times passed sentence of death on Flanagan. The case has been in all the courts of the state, and a suspension of sentence was granted in January, 1899, on account of the prisoner's weakened condition.

Flanagan made three attempts to escape from the Decatur jail. On one of these attempts he secured the jailer's baby and held it up in front of him to prevent the father from shooting him. Six weeks ago he made the last attempt to gain his liberty, but was wounded by a pistol shot. At one time the prisoner tried to commit suicide by drinking kerosene.

Census Experts Named.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The director of the census has appointed George S. Bondinot special expert agent for the collection of statistics of manufacturers for the city of Philadelphia. Mr. Bondinot has twice before been connected with the census office. Mr. Frank R. Williams was appointed special expert agent for the collection of statistics of manufacturers in Greater New York. Like Mr. Bondinot, Mr. Williams is now connected with the census bureau for the third time.

Fire in Lock Factory.

BRANFORD, Conn., March 7.—The Branford Lock works, a department of the Yale & Towne Manufacturing company, was damaged to the extent of several thousand dollars late yesterday afternoon from a fire caused by one of the laquer kilns becoming overheated. The loss, however, is covered by insurance. Upward of 400 hands will be thrown out of employment pending repairs.

Had Fire at Jamestown, N. Y.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., March 7.—Fire last night destroyed the interior of the Broadhead block, causing an aggregate damage of \$40,000. The Adrich Furniture company lost \$15,000 in stock, and the building suffered to the extent of \$15,000. The Fenton block adjoining was damaged by water to the extent of \$5,000. The remainder of the loss is divided among tenants.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Money on call firm at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4 1/2 to 5 per cent. Sterling exchange heavy, with actual business in bankers' bills at 84.98 for demand and at 84.82 for 60 days. Posted rates, \$4.83 1/2 to \$4.87 1/2. Commercial bills, \$4.81 1/2 to \$4.82 1/2. Silver certificates, 99 1/2 to 100. Bar silver, 99 1/2 to 100. Mexican dollars, 47 1/2 to 48. Government bonds strong. State bonds strong. Railroad bonds steady.

Produce Market.

NEW YORK, March 7.—FLOUR—State and western dull, but steadily held; Minnesota patents, \$3.70 to \$3.80; winter straights, \$3.60 to \$3.70; winter extras, \$2.90 to \$3.00; winter patents, \$3.60 to \$3.70. WHEAT—Opened firm on the bullish Ohio crop report and better cables, afterward easing off under realizing; May, 72 1/2 to 73 1/2; July, 72 1/2 to 73 1/2; September, 72 1/2 to 73 1/2. RYE—Firm; state, 52 to 53; c. i. f., New York, car lots; No. 2 western, 53 1/2 to 54. CORN—Quiet, but steadier with wheat and on high country offerings. OATS—Dull, but steady; track, white, state, 21 to 22; track, white, western, 21 to 22. PORK—Quiet; mess, \$10.75 to \$11.25; family, \$12 to \$13. LARD—Steady; prime western steam, 6 1/2 to 7. BUTTER—Strong; state dairy, 18 to 20; state creamery, 20 to 22. CHEESE—Firm; fancy, large, white, 13 to 14; fancy, small, white, 12 to 13. EGGS—Bugsly steady; state and Pennsylvania, at mark, 15 1/2 to 16; western, at mark, 15 1/2 to 16. SUGAR—Raw quiet; fair refining, 13 to 14; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 1/2 to 5; refined irregular; crushed, 5 1/2 to 6; powdered, 6 to 7. TURPENTINE—Quiet at 56 to 57. MOLASSES—Steady; New Orleans, 44 to 45. RICE—Quiet; domestic, 4 1/2 to 5; Japan, 4 1/2 to 5. FALLOW—Steady; city, 5 1/2 to 6; country, 5 1/2 to 6. HAY—Quiet; shipping, 6 to 7; good to choice, 8 to 9 1/2.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Briefly and tersely told.

The plant of the National Lined Oil company at Chicago was burned. Professor F. L. Harvey of the University of Maine killed himself at Orono, Me.

The transport Grant, arriving at San Francisco, reported Morrell island could not be found.

A heavy storm prevailed in Minnesota, Michigan, Illinois and Wisconsin. Snow, sleet and rain fell in turn.

The discovery of Russian and Polish nihilist plots has led to renewed police precautions in St. Petersburg.

Ellen Duff, who applied for lodging at the New York city lodging house, had bank books representing nearly \$12,000 of deposits.

Burglars blew open a safe in a brewing company's office at Pawtucket, R. I., and carried off \$3,500 in cash, \$1,600 in revenue stamps and checks for more than \$1,000.

Geraldine, the famous racing mare, holder of the world's record for a half mile in 46 seconds, is dead at Spreckels' Napa farm, in California. Her new born foal by Crighton died at the same time.

Tuesday, March 6. Martin Gallagher, seventh victim of the lodging house fire at 44 New Bowery, New York city, died.

Cotton quotations reached 9 1/2 cents a pound, the highest price since 1893, when 10 cents was the figure.

Thirty-five carloads of hay and 12 freight cars were destroyed by the burning of a freight shed in Boston.

John Corcoran of New York city fell seven stories in an apartment house air shaft and was only slightly injured.

Solicitor General Richards moved in the supreme court at Washington to advance the hearing of Admiral Dewey's appeal in his claim for bounty.

The navy department announced that the Detroit and Marblehead had been sent to Central American ports to protect United States interests there.

Rumors reached Benson, A. T., that Yaqui Indians are headed for the international line, and General Merriam ordered troops to be in readiness to repel any attempted invasion.

Monday, March 5.

Liberals won in the elections in Chile. The presidential party reached Washington from New York.

The Western Union tannery at Spangsbury, Pa., was burned at a loss of \$80,000.

The world's skating record was broken by Norval Baplle of North Dakota at Preston, Ont.

Pauline Fitzgerald, a domestic, aged 19 years, has been in a trance at the General hospital in New Haven for six weeks.

The laying of the German cable from Emden to New York will begin about the middle of April. It is expected that the cable will be opened to service next October.

Saturday, March 3.

Pope Leo XIII celebrated his ninetieth birthday. Mahlon N. Gilbert, bishop coadjutor of Minnesota, died at St. Paul.

Many belated steamers arrived at New York with stories of rough usage. The Alsatian government has refused to allow the introduction of American vines as a precaution against phylloxera.

Congressman Sydney Eppes of Virginia, who was operated on for appendicitis in Washington, died at Garfield hospital.

The Utah Democratic convention at Salt Lake City adopted resolutions deploring the exclusion of B. H. Roberts from the house.

Friday, March 2.

The curfew law went into effect in St. Louis. Russia ordered 500,000 tons of American coal for her Baltic ports.

Former Banker E. S. Dreyer was found guilty of embezzlement in Chicago. The cannon factory at Le Creusot, France, where the Boers got their famous "Long Toms," was burned.

A fleet of sailing vessels with frostbiten crews and tales of being driven off by the big glare arrived in New York.

Thursday, March 1.

A heavy snowstorm greatly delayed traffic in Chicago. Joseph B. Martin has been named by the governor as premier of British Columbia.

A futile attempt to assassinate President Castro of Venezuela was made at Caracas. Eleven universities have decided to establish uniform requirements for graduate degrees.

One woman lost her life and four other persons were injured in a fire that destroyed an apartment house in Chicago. Sixty thousand machinists may strike because of the refusal of the Machinery Manufacturers' association to increase wages and recognize the union in Chicago.

was Thoroughly Soaked.

At Wichita in the early days a spiritualist seance was held, which a cowboy attended, who, after trying other notables, asked for "any man who was drowned in Noah's flood." A shadowy individual appeared and after a groan or two induced the cowboy to ask: "I suppose you're burning all the time?" "Burning?" whispered the ghostly visitant in reply. "I should say not. I ain't dried out yet."

"Take care of the pennies and the pounds will take care of themselves." Large things are but an aggregation of small things. If we take care of the small things we are in effect taking care of the large things which the small things combine to make.

Take care of what you eat, when you eat, and how you eat, and your stomach will take care of itself. But who takes care of such trivial things? That is why, someday, the majority of people have to take care of the stomach. When that day comes, there is no aid so effective in undoing the results of carelessness as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It strengthens the stomach, and restores the organs of digestion and nutrition to a condition of healthy activity. It cures biliousness, heartburn, flatulence, indigestion, palpitation, dizziness, cold extremities and a score of other ailments which are but the symptoms of disorder in the stomach and its allied organs.

Woman's part in housecleaning runs to turning the place upside down, and man's to raising the roof.

WANTED—SEVERAL PERSONS FOR District Office Managers in this State to represent me in their own and surrounding counties. Willing to pay yearly \$600, payable weekly. Desirable employment with unusual opportunities. References exchanged. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. S. A. Park, 320 Caxton Building, Chicago. 12-21-10

Any man can be rich in relative without being relatively rich.

WHAT SHALL WE HAVE FOR DESSERT? This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try Jell-O, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! No baking! Simply add a little boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, orange, Raspberry and strawberry. Get a package at your grocer's to-day. 1c. 3 1/2 ct.

Adam never had the satisfaction of telling Eve that she couldn't make biscuits like mother used to.

HAVE YOU CATARRH TAIN?—Here's strong evidence of the quickness and sureness of that wonderful remedy, Dr. Agnew's Catarrh Powder. First application gave me instant relief, and in an incredibly short while I was absolutely cured."—James Headley, Dundee, N. Y. Sold by C. A. Klein. 17

THIS WILL INTEREST MOTHERS.—Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, cure feverishness, bad stomach, teething disorders, break up colds, move and regulate the bowels and destroy worms. They never fail. Over 10,000 testimonials. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 2 1/2 ct.

The pugilist can readily see his finish when his opponent proceeds to polish him off.

JELL-O, the new dessert, pleases all the family. Four flavors:—Lemon, orange, raspberry and strawberry. At your grocer's, 10c. Try it to-day. 3 1/2 ct.

The penicemaker may be blessed, but he usually gets the worst of it.

Three editions have already been printed of Biggle Horse Book, an announcement of which will be found in our advertising columns. This little book is crammed full of information on the horse, costs but 50 cents, yet we are free to say it has as much practical, boiled-down information for busy people as books costing ten times as much. Put it in the hands of your boys and girls and get the bird man a copy. Free by mail; address the publishers, Wilmer Atkinson Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Many a man keeps independent of his "uncle" by controlling his ante.

GRAIN-O! GRAIN-O!—Remember that name when you want a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it. Grain-O is made of pure grain, it aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant, but a health-builder, and the children, as well as the adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about 1/2 as much as coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

WHAT DO THE CHILDREN DRINK?—Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared, tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about 1/2 as much. All grocers sell it, 15c. and 25c.

The man who goes to church fairs must be prepared to take chances.

WHAT'S THE TROUBLE?—Is it sick headache—Is it biliousness?—Is it sluggish liver?—Is your skin sallow?—Do you feel more dead than alive?—Your system needs toning—Your liver isn't doing its work—Don't resort to strong drugs—Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, 10c. for forty doses, will work wonders for you. Sold by C. A. Klein.

The base drum's tone may not be liquid, but it can drown the rest of the band.

Your doctor's advice has not always been according to his conscience, because for years he's been schooled in prejudices which dub every proprietary remedy as "quackery"—to-day he knows better and practices better—and such worthy remedies as Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets are among the constant prescriptions in his daily practice because he has proved them so potent in stomach troubles—18 in a box, 10c. Sold by C. A. Klein.

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