GRAND ARMY IN LINE

Monster Parade of the Veterans at Philadelphia.

REVIEWED BY THE PRESIDENT.

Immense Crowds Throng the Line of March—Hundreds Overcome by the Crush—Column Was Six Hours In Passing a Given Point.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 6.—Yesterday was the big day of the Grand Army encampment, and the city was alive at an early hour. The presence in the city of President McKinley increased the interest, and his ride over the route of the parade aroused the greatest enthusiasm among the throngs on the streets.

Shortly before 9 o'clock Admiral Sampson and the captains of his fleet made a formal call upon the president, Mr. McKinley receiving them in the reception room set apart for him during his stay at the Hotel Walton.

After the greetings were over the presidential party entered carriages and started over the route of the parade. The president's carriage was drawn by four richly caparisoned bay horses that have been shown to advantage at horse shows in this city and in New York. With the president were Mayor Ashbridge and General Louis Wagner, chairman of the G. A. R. executive committee.

Then came Secretary of War Root, Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, Professor Schurman of the Philippine commission and Secretaries to the President J. Addison Porter and G. B. Cortelyou.

They were followed by Rear Admiral Sampson, Captain Chadwick of the flagship New York and Lieutenant Commaner Winslow, Admiral Sampson's flag lieutenant.

Then came all the other captains of the north Atlantic squadron, accompanied by their respective staffs. The G. A. R. reception committee and councils committees brought up the rear of the procession.

As the president started up Broad street a great wave of cheering was started that never ceased until the president had traversed the entire route of parade and back again. The stands along the route were crowded, and it was an inspiring sight as their occupants would rise en masse and cheer the chief executive. The heroes of the north Atlantic squadron were not forgotten, and they also received a generous hand.

The presidential party drove down Chestnut street past the historic statehouse where the nation was born, and as it swept by the president took off his hat, which was the signal for a wild outburst of enthusiasm.

The party reached the reviewing stand at 10:10 o'clock, and the president waited in the rooms of the director of public works until the head of the procession reached the stand, when he again made his appearance before the people.

The arrangements for the parade were complete in every detail. The head of the column moved at 10 o'clock down Broad street, east side of city hall, to Market street, to Fourth, to Chestnut, to Broad, to Pine, where the parade was dismissed.

The distance covered was five miles. Independence hall was passed during the march, and caps were lifted and colors dipped by the veterans.

An interesting feature of the parade was the chorus of 3,000 school children. The children occupied a portion of the grand stand on the north side of the city hall and sang patriotic airs as the veterans passed.

Post No. 1, from Rockford, Ills., the oldest post in the Grand Army, headed the line.

General James W. Latta of this city was chief marshal.

Among the many relics of the civil war which appeared in the parade was the old, time worn and stained flag which floated at the head of the line of the Illinois division and at the right of the George H. Thomas post, No. 5. This flag was used at General Thomas' headquarters. It was carried at the right of line by the Society of the Cumberland in Chicago at the reception of General Grant on his return from a trip around the world.

At no celebration since the centennial has this city seen the crowds which line the streets along which the veterans passed. The Avenue of Fame, with its snow white columns and festoons of bunting and laurel, was the favorite viewpoint.

From the fronts of the buildings to the curb the people were packed in a solid mass, and even breathing was difficult. As a result of the crush about 400 men, women and children were overcome and taken from the crowd to various hospitals.

At the head of each organization marched military bands and drum corps, and as the war scarred veterans moved proudly along the streets tumultuous applause greeted them, and a sea of handkerchiefs and small flags waved in admiration and welcome.

When the Ohio posts appeared, the aged paraders became wild with enthusiasm. One veteran broke ranks and, standing before his comrades, shouted, "Three cheers for the biggest man on earth, Major William McKinley of Ohio!"

This invitation for cheers was followed by a mighty roar, which was echoed and re-echoed among the spectators for blocks.

As the various posts passed in review the president stood smiling and bowing and on numerous occasions waved his hand to the more enthusiastic of the marchers. When the torn battle flags were dipped in salute, he joined in the applause by clapping his hands.

The campaign for commander in chief is waxing warm. It is one of the fiercest contests that the G. A. R. has been engaged in for a long time. There are three candidates in the field—Acting Commander In Chief W. C. Johnson of Cincinnati, Comrade Leo Rassieur of St. Louis and Colonel Albert D. Shaw of Watertown, N. Y. The friends of each of the candidates claim that their favorite is already a winner. A careful canvass among the different departments, however, indicates that Colonel Shaw has a little the better of the contest.

The Dewey Home Fund.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—United States Treasurer Roberts has received a contribution of $1,000 from the New York Journal for the Dewey home fund and $1,000 from Marcus Daly & Co. of Anaconda, Mon., making the total to date $23,109.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Briefly and Tersely Told.

The Perth Amboy Savings institution resumed business.

One hundred members of the Dickinson family held a reunion at Vernon Lake, N. J.

Chicago has planned to have a hotel corresponding to the Mills hotels in New York.

Charles Custer, a nephew of General Custer, died at Toledo from a bullet wound.

Chicago has begun efforts to prevent unnecessary noise and din in the city streets.

Ohio coal operators raised the price of their product above that of the Pittsburg district.

The American Bankers' association met in Cleveland, with delegates from all over the country present.

The corn crop of the United States for 1899 has been estimated at 2,500,000,000 bushels, a record harvest.

The Spanish captain Moreu of the Cristobal Colon and General Paredes were acquitted at Madrid of charges arising from the battle of July 3, 1898.

Tuesday, Sept. 5.

Emperor William, at Strasburg, received an ovation.

A Chilean transport foundered in the strait of Magellan, no lives being lost.

More gold than usual was received during August at the Boise (Ida.) assay office.

Governor Roosevelt sent a cordial message to the Canadian foot guards visiting Albany.

Reports from Brisbane, Queensland, told of a majority for the federation referendum bill.

Chief Justice Chambers of Samoa and Dr. Bedloe, United States consul at Canton, reached Washington.

The general strike of British seamen and steamer firemen, which has been threatened for some time, was declared.

Special Policeman Farley of North Bergen, N. J., was knocked down and beaten by two men and shot both of them.

Monday, Sept. 4.

It is estimated that 100,000 Americans have visited Europe this season.

At Enfield, Me., three men were smothered by foul gases in a well.

The month of August just closed was the dryest known in England for 75 years.

Dr. W. H. Grier, president of Erskine college, at Due West, S. C., died suddenly of apoplexy.

Three men were killed and a fourth seriously injured by being run down by a train at Cedar Grove, Wis.

Two men were drowned while bathing in Jamaica bay, N. Y., by being entangled in the long grass which covers the bottom of the bay.

In Chicago Henry Emde while mentally unbalanced shot and killed his wife, fatally wounded his daughter and committed suicide by hanging.

In Loraine, O., Philip Myers, proprietor of the Franklin hotel, was shot and killed by Franklin E. Wheeler. The men had quarreled over a bar bill which Myers claimed Wheeler owed.

Saturday, Sept. 2.

Yellow fever has appeared at Key West.

Many of the volunteers at Manila whose regiments are starting home have re-enlisted.

Rear Admiral Sampson, at his own request, will be transferred to shore duty after the Dewey celebration.

Commander Peck has arranged for an exhibit of $1,000,000 in American gold bullion at the Paris exposition.

Five men were killed and seven wounded by the explosion of a boiler at the Republic Iron Works, Pittsburg.

Germans killed six Chinese soldiers in the Kiao-Chou hinterland and then presented an ultimatum to China, protesting against violence.

General Funston, at Manila, said he thought the insurgents would not surrender, but must be soundly whipped by the American forces.

Friday, Sept. 1.

Bering sea fishermen report unusual salmon catches.

The life of the president of Chile was unsuccessfully attempted at Santiago de Chile.

John Kuckle shot his wife in Plainfield, N. J., and fired two bullets into his own mouth.

John B. Leoni, the Italian sculptor, has been sent to an insane asylum at Jacksonville, Ill.

Comptroller Coler of New York declared in favor of the city building a tunnel for rapid transit.

The Holland submarine boat was hauled on the ways at Greenport, N. Y., to prepare for a final government test.

Spokane (Wash.) employers have combined to resist what they regard unjust demands on the part of organized labor.

It was reported at Arlington, N. J., that all the persons injured in the wreck on the Erie road at that place would recover. Only one man was killed.

It was reported in London that Emperor William had given his consent to Captain "Ben" Parker, skipper of the Meteor, to help sail the Shamrock.

Dr. Bedloe, consul at Canton, China, stopped at Chicago on his way to Washington. He denied that he was under suspension from the state department.

Thursday, Aug. 31.

The president and Mrs. McKinley were warmly received at Alliance, O.

J. B. Ransdell (Dem.) was elected to congress from the Fifth district of Louisiana.

John Smith, accused of sending infernal machines to two Salt Lake City men, was caught.

Mrs. Rich, the American accused of murder, was reported to be kept incommunicado at Juarez, Mexico.

A big clean up was reported at Bonanza creek, in the Klondike, over $50,000 being the result of one week's work.

A United States geological survey official started for Arizona to inspect the district proposed for a new national park.

Comptroller of the Currency Dawes said in Chicago that banks all over the country were more prosperous than ever before.

The railway mail service has sent an officer to investigate an all American railway route from Valdez, Alaska, to Circle City.

Six Hundred Drowned In Japan.

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 2.—Six hundred lives have been lost by the flooding of a copper mine at Besshi, island of Shikoku.

BOSS M'KANE DEAD.

Career of Once Noted Political Chief Closed.

HELD MANY IMPORTANT OFFICES.

Accused of Illegal Instructions to Registry Boards, He Was Tried, Convicted and Sentenced to Six Years' Imprisonment.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—John Y. McKane died at his home in Gravesend at 6:15 o'clock last night.

Mr. McKane had been ill for several weeks. For several years there had been indications of heart disease and kidney disease, but it was not until Aug. 10 last that any serious symptoms appeared. He was overcome by vertigo on that day and remained confined to his home for a week or more. He then undertook to attend to his business, but was not equal to much exertion. On Sunday night Mr. McKane retired early, and when his wife called him early Monday morning he failed to respond, and it was found that he was unconscious. Since then until the time of his death he remained in a semicomatose and delirious condition. His wife and mother and his daughter Fannie and his blind son George were present when the end came.

John Y. McKane, formerly the political boss of Gravesend and Coney Island, was born in County Antrim, Ireland, on Aug. 10, 1841. His parents came to this country when he was a lad, and he learned the carpenter trade at Gravesend. About all the large hotels of Coney Island and two-thirds of the smaller buildings were built under McKane's supervision.

McKane first became village constable. Later he was appointed commissioner of common lands, then was made supervisor and president of the county boards of the town of Gravesend. He had been a Democrat in politics, but in 1887 he quarreled with the party and the general committee expelled him from the organization. He was then president of the police, health and water boards, chief of police and president of the board of supervisors of Kings county and president of the town of Gravesend.

He was reputed to be worth $1,000,000. He was a prominent member of the Sheepshead Bay Methodist church and superintendent of its Sunday school.

He made his peace with the Democratic party in 1891, and was then at the zenith of his power. But he became too bold, and when William J. Gaynor was a candidate for supreme court judge and declared that he intended to devote particular attention to the vote at Coney Island controlled by McKane, Gaynor sounded the death knell to the power of the boss of Coney Island. Judge Gaynor determined to have the registry lists at Gravesend, Sheepshead Bay and Coney Island inspected and copied for his inspection. This led to a conflict of authority, which resulted in the indictment of McKane for willfully instructing the inspectors to violate the law in refusing to expose publicly their registry lists for inspection. He was tried, convicted and sentenced to six years in Sing Sing prison and entered the jail to serve his time on March 30, 1894. Influence of all kinds was brought to bear on the governor to obtain the pardon of McKane, but it failed, and he served his time, less the commutation he had earned as a model prisoner.

McKane was liberated on April 30, 1898, and returned to Coney Island, but he never reassumed the reins of power, owing principally to the fact that he was unable to obtain a restoration of his citizenship.

The Alaska Boundary Question.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—The negotiations that are now in progress looking to a modus vivendi for the definition temporarily of a boundary line between Alaska and the British Northwestern Territories are proceeding upon the same lines practically as those which figured in the negotiations in which Mr. Choate took part. That is, the United States holds firmly to the contention that the village of Kluckwan shall be regarded as on the American side of the line. No effort is being made to reach a permanent arrangement at present.

Silk Ribbon Combine.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—A special to The Tribune from Paterson, N. J., says: "The silk ribbon trust has perfected its organization and will be ready to begin business on or before Oct. 1. The leading manufacturers here acknowledge that their signatures have been attached to the consolidated agreement. The capital stock of the new company will be $30,000,000, $15,000,000 in preferred stock and $15,000,000 in common stock. The stock will be placed on the market at once."

A Tablet to Champlain.

HONFLEUR, France, Sept. 4.—M. Fabre, the Canadian commissioner, yesterday attended the ceremony of placing a tablet in honor of Samuel de Champlain, the navigator, who was governor of the first French settlers in lower Canada and who left Honfleur to found Quebec. The tablet was placed on the north side of the ruins of the castle and fort called La Lieutenance.

Spain Reorganizes Her Army.

MADRID, Sept. 2.—The queen regent has signed a decree calling out 60,000 men of the 1899 class for military service. Thirty-five Spanish soldiers, survivors of the garrison that long held Baler, on the east coast of Luzon, against the Filipinos, have arrived at Barcelona and were enthusiastically received by the populace.

Will Astor Sell?

LONDON, Sept. 2.—An agent here of Mr. William Waldorf Astor, Adams by name, confirmed the report from New York saying that the real estate of Mr. Astor is to be sold. He adds that the sale will take place at an early date, by private treaty. Adams declined to say whether the sale would be to a syndicate, nor would he give any details.

Secretary Gage Going Home.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—The secretary of the treasury and Mrs. Gage will leave Washington about Sept. 10 for a visit to Chicago and other western cities. The secretary will remain until after the October festivities in the Lake City, while Mrs. Gage is planning to prolong her sojourn until the late autumn.

Woman Postmaster In Alaska.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—Mrs. Roberta M. Smith has been appointed postmaster at Circle City, Alaska.

FILIPINOS IN WANT.

Insurgents Are Short of Rations and Powder.

MANILA, Sept. 4.—Many Spanish prisoners are escaping from the Filipinos and bringing into the American lines stories of hard treatment. They agree that the Filipinos are exceedingly short of rations and that a large section of their troops is reduced to the use of homemade black powder.

The natives are trying every scheme to get food and munitions from Manila. Daily arrests are made for attempts to smuggle contraband of war through the American lines. In one case a cascoe with a cargo of banboo poles was overhauled, and the poles were found full of rice.

General Bates, it is expected, will establish posts at Zamboanga and in the islands of Tamtani, Jolo and Bongao.

Late yesterday afternoon the Kansas regiment embarked on big barges in the river and was towed to the United States transport Tartar, the regimental flag flying and the men cheering and singing. The Tartar sailed for home last evening.

Another Clay County Killing.

LONDON, Ky., Sept. 4.—A report is current that Deputy Sheriff Lewis of Manchester was killed Saturday in Clay county. Several weeks ago in Manchester Deputy Stubblefield was shot by Mart Smith, who, escaping capture, went to his home and sent word to the county officials that he would never attend court alive, therefore it would be fatal for anybody to attempt to take him. Lewis went to serve papers on him, and he was shot dead as he approached Smith's house. If this report is true, this makes the third killing in Clay county last week.

Fort Scammel to Be Abandoned.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 4.—Fort Scammel, the granite fortress situated at the mouth of Portland harbor and which has been used as a government storehouse during and since the Spanish war, is to be abandoned altogether. The material which has been stored there will be taken to Garris island, and Sergeant Desmond, who has constituted the solitary garrison of the old stronghold for a year or more, will also be transferred to that island. Fort Scammel was built in the forties and is practically useless as a defense.

Coalition Cabinet In Peru.

VALPARAISO, Sept. 4.—The Peruvian cabinet crisis has been solved by the formation of a coalition cabinet as the result of the conferences between Senor Eduardo Romana, president elect, and the leaders of the ministerialist factions. The following is the personnel of the new ministry so far as decided upon: President of the council, Senor Rafael Sotomayor; minister of foreign affairs, Senor Urmeneta; minister of finance, Senor Salinas; minister of war, Senor Concha.

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Put some of your urine in a glass tumbler; if in 24 hours it has a sediment, or a milky, cloudy condition; if it is pale or discolored, ropy or stringy, you need a good medicine, and Favorite Remedy is the best one you can take. It speedily cures such dangerous symptoms as pain in the back, frequent desire to urinate, especially at night, scalding, burning pain in passing water, staining of your linen by the urine and inability to hold it. Also the unpleasant and dangerous effects produced on the system by the use of whiskey or beer.

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THE MARKETS.

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Butter per lb	$ .24
Eggs per dozen	.16
Lard per lb	.10
Ham per pound	14
Pork, whole, per pound	.06
Beef, quarter, per pound	.07
Wheat per bushel	90
Oats " "	40
Rye " "	50
Wheat flour per bbl	4.00
Hay per ton	9 to $10
Potatoes per bushel	.50
Turnips " "	.25
Onions " "	80
Sweet potatoes per peck	30
Tallow per lb	.05
Shoulder " "	.09
Side meat " "	.09
Vinegar, per qt	.05
Dried apples per lb	.05
Dried cherries, pitted	.12
Raspberries	.12
Cow Hides per lb	.3½
Steer " " "	.05
Calf Skin	.8c
Sheep pelts	.75
Shelled corn per bus	.60
Corn meal, cwt	1.25
Bran, "	1.00
Chop "	1.00
Middlings "	1.00
Chickens per lb new	.12
" " " old	.10
Turkeys " "	.12½
Geese " "	.14
Ducks " "	.08
COAL	
No. 6, delivered	2.60
" 4 and 5 "	3.85
" 6 at yard	2.35
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