## HARRISBURG LETTER.

The Bill to Require Personal Registration of Voters.

HOSACK TRACTION MOTOR BILL.

Its Author Declares It Is Not Designed to Empower Electric Rallroads to Furnish Light and Heat-The New Oleo Bill and Other Measures.

(Special Correspondence.) Harrisburg, Feb. 21 .- The Introduction of a measure to require voters to personally register with a board in which the minority party can be represented was an important feature of last week's legislative proceedings. Other business of widespread interest was the recommittal of the Hosack traction motor bill and presentation of bills to legalize the sale of oleomargarine and to improve the state banking

The voters' registration bill was introduced by Mr. Fow, of Philadelphia, who claims that so far as personal registration, uniform throughout the state, is concerned, it is unnecessary to wait for the constitutional amendment designed by the Representative Wood-ruff's joint resolution. Mr. Woodruff's object is to modify for the benefit of cities the constitutional requirement that registration laws shall be uniform in the state. This would settle the contention between town and country over the number of annual registrations of

The Fow bill's special purpose is to enable the minority to check the majority party and thus remedy such abuses as the alleged padded registrations of Philadelphia. The bill requires that every election division shall have a registration board of two members to register voters. In the election of these members by the people a voter shall not vote for more than one of the candidates nominated, and the two getting

the highest votes shall be elected. Voters must present themselves personally before these boards to be registered. The boards shall sit for this purpose from 8 o'clock a. m. to 12 noon, and from 1 to 6 p. m., and from 7 to 9 p. m. on each of the three days beginning with the first Monday in December and also during the two days as now provided by law, for the purpose of hearing and acting upon applications.

The registration boards shall sit with the election boards in the polling places on election days, to register persons claiming the right to vote, who, on account of sickness or other cause, had been unable previously to register.

Certificates of Registration. When the registrars do not know that an applicant is fully entitled to be registered, they shall require sufficient proof upon the oath or affirmation of himself or other persons, qualified electors of the division. The board shall give a certificate of registration to each voter registered. Should the certificate be lost or mislaid, the board shall give

another marked "duplicate" upon ob-

taining proof of the circumstances. The voter shall show his certificate to the election judge, who after reading it to the clerks and finding everything all right shall perforate it with a punch and return it to the citizen, who there-upon is to receive his ballot. The right of appeal on all questions of registration, as already legally provided for, shall not be abrogated. The two registers made by the registrars shall, after the election at which they were used. be kept by the county commissioners

for two years. Vacancies in the board shall be filled by appointment in the manner of filling assessorships, and the members shall be compensated as assessors are paid False vouching for registration is to be punishable by a fine of not more than \$300, or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both. The maximum penalty to registrars for illegal doing shall be \$1,000 fine, five years' imprisonment. or both. An election officer, for failing to do his part under the proposed law. is to be fined not more than \$500, or be imprisoned five years.

Election boards are to consist of a judge, two inspectors, two inspector's clerks, the two members of the registration board and such watchers and overseers as are now allowed by law. Poll tax receipts shall be issued by the proper authorities to those persons only who show their registration certificate, and no person shall present the certificate of another without power of attorney.

The Hosack Traction Motor Bill. It was on Mr. Hosack's motion that his bill to empower traction companies and other corporations to branch into lines of business not aimed at by their charters was recommitted by the house to Chairman Savage's committee on corporations. Mr. Hosack denies that the main object of the bill was to empower electric traction companies to sell light, power and heat to the public.

The bill would have done this, how-ever, and Mr. Hosack feels that it would therefore have met much stronger opposition than he had anticipated. He does not disclose the particular benefits in view for any corporations to which this project relates, but it is be-lieved that he will have the bill amended to satisfy the opponents of the proposed control of public light, power and heat by traction companies,

Governor Stone on Saturday signed the constables' fee bill, the first to become a law in this session. The bill was pushed by its chief backer, Representative Hoy, of Clarion, to have it a law before Tuesday's election, so that benefits could be received by the constables then elected. Philadelphia. Pittsburg and Allegheny City are not affected by the bill, which aims to adjust fees in the other countles. A bill is pending to pay Philadelphia constables a salary, reduced in committee from \$1,200 to \$800, for reporting to the courts the places in which liquor is sold. This bill would require the constables to turn certain fees into the

city treasury.

The house bill regulating the fees of constables in attendance at elections and at court passed the senate finally This is the first bill of the present session that will go to the governor for

his action. Mr. Creasy, of Columbia, put in a bill in the house, similar to the Bullitt

law, providing a new charter for Pittsburg and Allegheny.

To Reform the Banking Business. In the senate Mr. Magee, at the reintroduced several bills looking to reforms in banking business. They include measures amending the act cre-ating a banking department, so that the banking commissioner, in case of absence or inability, shall have power to appoint a deputy to perform the duties of the office; also limiting the amount of loans to officers and directors of banks, trust companies and saving institutions to 10 per cent, of the capital stock actually paid in and surplus, and in making loans to firms or houses in which they may be interested, directly or indirectly, to 25 per cent. of the capital stock paid in and sur-

The batch contained other bills providing that directors of banks, trust companies and other financial institutions, in declaring a quarterly or semiannual dividend, shall pay the dividend not later than 15 days after it is declared, and if the directors or trustees shall make dividends imparing their capital they shall be jointly and severally liable to action of debt on bill in equity in their individual capacity, to such corporations for the amount of the dividends so paid, and each director present when such dividend is made shall be adjudged consenting thereto unless he shall forthwith enter his protest in the minutes of the board and give public notice to the stockholders thereof; also providing for the submission to the commissioner of banking for his approval the charters of financial institutions and requiring building and loan associations chartered by the state to register in the banking department when such associations close their business.

A New Oleo Bill.

Restaurants and boarding houses confessing in placards that they do not serve out real butter would be the spectacle under an enactment of a bill presented in the house by Mr. Millikin. of Huntingdon. The bill is prompted mainly by the claim that legalization of the restricted sale of butter imitations is preferable to experiences under the present law, which permits deception of the public.

For manufacturing oleo \$1,000 a year shall be paid for license, \$500 for wholesaling and \$100 for retailing. Each package offered for sale shall be labeled in large letters. Restaurants using eleomargarine or butterine shall pay \$50 a year and boarding houses With the license the dairy and food commissioners shall distribute signs to give notice that the article is sold in the store or used in the restaurant or boarding house. The signs must be conspicuously placed. The penalty for violation of the act shall be a fine of from \$100 to \$5,000, or imprisonment, or both.

Newly discovered provisions in the bill introduced by Senator Scott, of Luzerne, and on third reading in the senate, for the reorganization of the National Guard, are found to be widely criticized, and not solely on account of the greatly increased cost of swelling the number of infantry companies from 150 to 180, the artillery batteries from three to five and the cavalry troops from three to five. A soldier who has compared the details of the bill with

the present law says: "The Scott bill emanated from the adjutant general's office. To a large extent it aims to establish our national war department system in the state. Under its provisions our National Guard commanders would have their hands tied, as were those of General Miles when he wanted to deal with matters controlled by the quartermaster and ommissary departments. The Scott bill would give the governor 126 appointments more than he has had heretofore, and would enable political influences to permeate the entire National Guard system.

"The governor's principal appointments have been the major general, brigadier generals and members of his staff. This bill would let him fill all the important positions in the departments of the quartermaster general. commissary general, surgeon general, judge advocate general and inspector general.

The Fancy "Bird Book" Unauthorized Ex-State Printer Clarence M. Busch will have to bear the expense of getting up the fancy bird book, entitled Enemies and Diseases of Poultry. for which he put in a bill to the state of \$55,662.85. Judge McPherson on Saturday handed down an opinion sustaining Thomas M. Jones, ex-superintendent of public printing, in his re-fusal to approve the payment.

The "Enemies and Diseases of Poultry" was originally a pamphlet, containing 128 pages, and cost \$488.24, but, as reprinted by Mr. Busch from copy furnished by subordinates in the agricultural department, it contained 866 printed pages and 131 costly illustrations, of which 95 are full page colored lithographs.

When Mr. Busch presented his bill to Mr. Jones he promptly refused to pay it, for the reason that the copy had not gone through his hands, no had the work been ordered by the head of that department. Mr. Jones also refused to approve the bill because there were a number of things in the book that were irrelevant, and to his mind were only placed there to fill it out and add to the cost. The most potent reason for refusal, however, was that this was not a reproduction of the original pamphlet as ordered to be reprinted by

Conspicuous among the offices which Governor Stone has yet to dispose of is that of Major John C. Delaney, superintendent of public buildings and grounds, whose four year tenure will xpire next month. Senator James G. Mitchell is bowled out as a candidate to succeed the major by the legal prohibition of his filling such a place during the term for which he was elected senator. Lewis E. Beitler, who was Governor Hastings' private secretary, denies the report that he aspires to fill

Major Delaney's place. More than a month of fruitless balloting for senator, with the result as doubtful as ever, has wearled the legislators. Intimations from the Quay side that the situation may change materially next week are but repetitions of similar hints given a week ago that a break in the line before this was not improbable. The prevalent impression is that the monotony will continue until after some step in connection with the pending Quay trial.

WILKINS.

# CONGRESS' LAST DAYS

quest of the state banking department. The President Will Insist Upon An Adequate Army Bill.

#### OTHER IMPORTANT WORK.

Less Than a Fortnight Left to the Fiftyfifth Congress-Army Bill. Nicaragua Canal Bill and Anti-Scalping Birl Among the Important Measures Now Pending.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 21.-Yesterday began the last full week of the Fifty-fifth Congress. One week from rext Saturday, on March 4, the present Congress will expire by limitation of law, and unless an extra session of the new Congress is called, Washington will not see the legislators again until the first Monday in December.

Whether or not an extra session will be necessary depends altogether, perhaps, upon the developments of the next few days. It is the general opin-ion of public men here that if the legislation now asked for by the majority in Congress and by the administration is enacted, nothing will occur during the coming eight months to make the convening of the new Congress necessary. But the uncertainty of the present ses sion is unprecedented. All of the most important work of this Congress has been so delayed that it now comes forward in apparently inextricable confusion, struggling for precedence in the closing twelve and a half days of the session. The list of important measures to which the Republican Congress and Republican administration committed is most imposing, and fine parliamentary and political strategy. aided by all day and practically allnight sessions, must be put into practice from this day forward if the programme is to succeed.

The House of Representatives, with its habit of doing business in a business like way, assisted by Speaker Reed's code of rul-s that permit a vote to be taken when legitimate debate has been closed, has done its business well. and nearly, if not quite all, of the important measures struggling for passage in the lying hours of the session have already passed the House. The river and harbor bill, to which the Senate has added the Nicaragua canal bill as a rider, and the anti-scalping bill to secure the passage of which measure the railroads have again sent an important delegation to Washington for a hat stand, have both passed the House, as well as the several big appropriation bills that are now pending in the Senate committee or on the Senate ca'endar.

The Senate is, of course, favorable to the Nicaragua canal bill, having pasned it this session and previously, its confrerees will make such a stub-born fight for it that the river and harber bill itself will be endangered.

The anti-scalping bill was some time ago made the unfinished business of the Senate, but its friends have judiciously allowed it to give way from time to time for other and more popular meas-

They have no idea of abandoning it, however, and it may go through in the log rolling rush of the closing hours, when all things are possible, but is likely to be killed.

Bills That Should Pass. The bill appropriating \$20,000,000 for the payment of the indemnity to Spain having been ruled off the sundry civil appropriation bill as not "germans," will be passed as a separate measure, although Wheeler of Kentucky and on or two other short-sighted statesmen are at present standing in its way. They will be bowled over at the proper time, as there is no doubt of the bill's passage.

The important measures in addition to the army reorganization bill, the canal bill, the anti-scalping bill and the river and harbor bill, are the bill giving a form of government to Hawaii, the additional measure regulating contract labor in the islands, the Alaskan Code bill and the administration measure known as the Hanna-Payne shipping A "subsidy measure," the Demo crats call it. A "bill to aid the American merchant marine" is the Republican title. But under whatever name, it ems to be destined to defeat.

The Democrats, as a party, are arrayed against it, and neither Mr. Hanna in the Senate nor Leader Payne in the House is conducting a very energetic canvass in its behalf.

Friends of the army bill won a great victory yesterday when the Senate, by of 44 to 26, took up that meas ure, and it was made the unfinished business.

The postoffice bill was before the Senate and threatened to consume all the day. About two o'clock Secretary Alger came to the Capitol and a conference was called by the Republican leaders in the Vice president's room. It was then determined to make a test. General Hawley at once began to

gather his forces. While the roll was being called there was intense excite-The Democrats attempted to make objections, but they were not heeded, and the vote was taken. There were some surprises, among them be ing Senator Hear's vote to take up the bill, and Senator Quay's vote against it. This latter is explained by saying that Quay is not against the army measure, but being in charge of the postoffice appropriation he did not want

The silver Republicans voted against the bill, led by Teller and Pettigrew, but the Southern Democrats came out strongly for it, including Morgan, Lindsay, Pasco, Kenney, as well as Murphy of New York. These, besides Bacon and Clay of Georgia, will all vote for the bill, so there are really

it put aside.

over fifty votes for it.

It is possible that while the reorganization bill will pass, some of the appropriation bills will fail, and thus be the cause of an extra session. The Denocrats have concluded that the Hull bill practically, as now reported, will e passed. They have given up hope of adopting the Cockrell substitute, but will talk against the bill for some days

hoping to force a compromise. The president, however, is still firm against this, and General Hawley repeated yesterday before the vote that unless the reorganization bill passed an extra session would be called.

Senator Allison said: "As it now stands, no one can predict whether there will be an extra session or not. It remains with the Democrats to de-

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The Orange (N. J.) Board of Education has promulgated a rule which says: "The female teachers must remove their bicycle skirts while teaching their classes. Whereupon the Orange Observer naively observes that "this ought to increase the school attendance at once."

A REMEDY FOR THE GRIPPE.-A remedy recommended for patients afflicted with the grippe is Kemp's Balsam, which is especially adapted to diseases of the throat and lungs. Do oot wait for the first symptoms of the disease, but get a bottle to-day and keep it on hand for use the moment it is needed. It neglected the grippe has a tendency to bring on pneumonia. The Balsam prevents this by keeping the cough loose. All druggists sell the Balsam. 2-2d4t

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