Pennsylvania Railroad.

Time Table in effect Nov. 20, '98

Scranton(D & Z) lv | 1 6 45 Pittston 7 08

Wilkesbarre. iv \$7 80 Plym'th Ferr; \$7 780 Nanticoke ... \$746 Mocaraqua ... \$04 Wapwaliopet. \$13 Nescoperk ... ar \$24

Sunbury ...... lv 110 05 1 2 25

Pittsburg.....ar | 6 55 | 11 30 | 2 00

A. M. 1 3 40

A. M.

Weekdays. Daily, f Flag station

Lewistown Jc ar 12 05 Fittsburg ..... . 4 6 55

Harrisburg.... Iv 111 45

Harrisburg .... ar | A. M.

Harrisourg..... lv | 1 3 35 Sunbury....... ar | 1 5 05

Pittsburg... iv 512 45 Clearfield ... 4 09 Phillipsburg ... 4 56 Tyrone ... 7 15 Bellefonte ... 8 31 Lock Haven ... ar 9 30

Williamsport....
Milton.....
Lewisburg.....
Sunbury......ar

Sunbury iv 6 10
S. Danville 6 33
Catawissa 6 54
R. Bloomsburg Via
Espy Ferry Noceasy 6 Glen.
Nescopeck ar 8 07

Plym'th Ferry " f 8 56 Wilkesbarre...." 9 05

Pittston(D & E) ar † 9 39 Scranton ... † 10 08

t Weekdays. I Daily. f Flag station.

A. M.

Lewistown Jc." Sunbury... ar

ROOSEVELT TAKES THE REINS AT ALBANY ..

Thousands Witness the Ceremony, Oath Administered for the Second Time, The Scene in the Legislative Chamber, Gov. Roosevelt's Innogural Address.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 3 .-- Governor Roosevelt was "inaugurated at 11.30 o'clock Monday, taking the oath of office for the second time, having been sworn in on Saturday by John Palmer, formerly secretary of state.

Hundreds of persons saw the new governor sworn in and thousands more witnessed the ceremonies that attended the inauguration.

Ten o'clock was the hour set for the peremony to begin, but long before that time the crowds had begun to climb the hill leading to the Capitol and the steps and approaches to the state building were thronged with on eager

At ten o'clock the staff of the new governor went to the executive mansion, and a few minutes later Major General Roe and his staff made their

At eleven o'clock the guard of honor, which was composed of Squadron A, in charge of Captain Bridgman, and the One Hundred and Tenth Battalion of Albany, under Major Hyatt, marched to the mansion to escort the governor and his staff to the Capitol.

At the western entrance to the Capitol the governor and his aides left their carriages and went at once to the executive chamber, where they were met by ex-Governor Black and

The incoming and outgoing state ofacers had also gathered in the room, and almost immediately after the arrival of Governor Roosevelt the party was formed into line by former Secre tary of State Palmer, and the march to the assembly chamber was begun.

The route of the march, which lay along the southern corridor of the second floor to the grand western staircase, was patrolled by members of the

The assembly chamber resembled anything but a legislative room when the state officials entered it. All the desks and railings had been removed and the entire auditorium had been used for the seating of visitors.

Over the speaker's desk at a height of about ten feet from the floor, a large platform had been built on which the ceremony of administering the oath took place.

The chamber was decorated elaborately in red, white and blue and gold. In the middle of the hall, directly over the platform, a large flag bearing the seal of the United States had been placed. In front and beneath the platform was a similar flag with the seal of the state of New York.

Behind the platform there were tapestry of crimson velvet lined with gold bouillon, on which at intervals were placed groups of flags arranged in the form of shields and fastened to the tapestry with brass eagles.

Each column was festooned with red, white and blue bunting, and the windows were draped with the Stars and Stripes.

A military band had been stationed in one of the balconies, and before and during the ceremonies it enlivened the proceedings with music. On the platform were the wives and friends of the

The two front rows of chairs had been reserved for the inaugural par-

doorway at the back of the platform, and the members took their places.

The secretary of state, Mr. McDonough, opened the proceedings. The Right Rev. William Croswell Doane, bishop of Albany, officiated at prayer, and then the new secretary of state administered the oath which made Theodore Roosevelt governor of the state of New York.

Ex-Governor Black, as he yielded the reins of government to Governor Roosevelt, made a little speech welcoming his successor.

After he had been sworn in the new governor advanced to the front of the platform and read his inaugural address. He said: "I appreciate very deeply all you

say, and the spirit that prompts you to say it. We have the same ends view; we are striving to accomplish the same results; each of us, according to the light that is in him, seeking to advance the welfare of the people. "A very heavy responsibility rests

upon the governor of New York state, a state of seven million inhabitants, of great wealth, of widely varied industries, and with a population singularly diversified, not merely in occupation, but in race origin, in habits of life, and in ways of thought. It is not an easy task so to frame our laws that justice may be done to all alike in such a population, so many of whom have interests that seem entirely antugonistic.

But upon the great and fundamental issues of good government there must always be a unity of interest among all persons who wish well to the commonwealth.

"There is much less need of genius or of any special brilliancy in the administration of our government than there is need of such homely virtues and qualities as common sense, honesty and courage.

There are very many difficult problems to face, some of which are as old as government itself, while others \$11,770,359.75. have sprung into being in consequence of the growing complexity and steadily increasing tension of our social life for the last two generations. It is not given to any man or to any set of men, to see with absolutely clear vision into the future. All that can be done is to face the facts as we find them, to meet each difficulty in practical fashion and to strive steadily for the betterment both of our civic and

our social conditions. "We must realize on the one hand that we can do little if we do not set ourselves a high ideal, and, on the other, that we will fail in accomplishing even this little if we do not work through practical methods and with a readiness to face life as it is, and not

as we think it ought to be. "Under no form of government is it so necessary thus to combine efficienand morality, high principle and rough common sense, justice and the

sturdiest physical and moral courage. possible for a republic long to endura if it becomes either corrupt or cowardly; if its public men, no less than its private men, lose the indispensable virtue of honesty; if its leaders of thought become visionary doctrinaires. or if it shows a fack of courage in dealing with the many grave problems which it must surely face both home and abroad, as it strives to work out the deatiny meet for a migh-

ty nation. "It is only through the party system that free governments are now suc cessfully carried on, and yet we must keep ever vividly before us that the usefulness of a party is strictly lim-Ited by its usefulness to the state, and that in the long run he serves his party best who most helps to make instantly responsive to every need of the people and to the highest de-mands of that spirit which tends to drive us onward and upward.

'It shall be my purpose, so far as I am given strength, to administer my with an eye single to the wel fa ; of all the people of this great commonwealth."

The ceremony was closed with the benediction pronounced by Bishop As the procession again formed and

started for the executive chamber, the band played "America. In the executive chamber Governor Roosevelt presented the members of

his staff with their commissions. GOV. HASTINGS SPEAKS PLAINLY.

The State Treasury Scandals. Hetter Bals lot Law Wanted.

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 4.-Governor Daniel H. Hastings, who will retire on January 17, sent his annual message to the legislature yesterday.

The message shows the state reve-... Jes for the year ended November 30, 1893, to have been \$13,325,120, and the expenditures \$13,973,808. The public debt is \$6,815,229, to the credit of which there is a sinking fund of \$5,789,317. The net debt of the state is, therefore, only \$1,025,282, no part of which can

Concerning the state treasury the governor says:

The management of the state treasury has for many years been the sub-ject of public criticism. While it may be true the state has lost no mone, deposited in the various banks throughout the commonwealth, it cannot be questioned that in the past the public funds have been used for politi-cal purposes by depositing them in favorite banks, where such deposits were expected to yield returns in the shape of political influence. This system cannot be defended. It should not be in the power of any man to say that banks shall handle the millions of dollars that are annually paid into state treasury. It would be far better for the state to receive no interest upon deposits rather than to suffer a system to continue which can be used for political purposes, and it is submitted that the evil will never be corrected until the state keeps its own money in its own vaults, as do many of the states and as is done by the United States.

The governor criticises the new state capitol. The new building, he says, in its present condition "is hardly fit for human habitation, much less the official abode of the representatives of the

great commonwealth. "There are scores of farmers' house: in Pennsylvania more attractive in appearance than this building. It is made of common brick embedded cheap mortar, looks like a hastily erected factory building and is repulsive to the eye. Although the act of the assembly requires that the building shall be 'made as nearly fireproof as possible,' the roof and most of the interior fittings are as combustible as

#### EX-GOV. BLACK TURNS TO LAW. He Comes Here Prepared for Practice of His Profession.

New York, Jan. 4 .- Ex-Gov. Frank S. Black started in yesterday on his career as a New York lawyer. Immediately after Governor Roosevelt had been installed in office Mr. Black began preparations for his momentous departure in professional life. He talegraphed his partners, ex-Judge W. M. K. Olcott and Abraham Gruber, that he would be on hand yesterday ready for work.

Yesterday morning he left his old nome on Ida Hill, in the city of Troy, and boarded the 10.30 train for New York. After a lunch at the Holland House, where he will make his home for the present, he came down town and at 3 o'clock was ready for business.

It is the ex-governor's intention to return to Troy every Friday evening during the winter and spring. days of the week he will be at the Holland House. Mr. and Mrs. Black live during the summer in the Berkshire

The new firm, the title of which is Black Olcott, Gruber and Bonynge, have a handsome suite of offices the fifth floor of the Singer building, No. 149 Broadway. The ex-governor's room faces Broadway.

### The Year at the Mint.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 4.-More money has been coined during the year at the Philadelphia mint than any time since 1890. The total coinage during 1898 was 100,258,433 pieces, val-ued at \$27,654,452.39. Of this there was coined a subsidiary coinage valued at

Besides this, the mint coined for the government of San Domingo during 1898 511,873 pesos, a coin about the size of an American dollar.

Orders have been received to turn out two hundred thousand more of these coins. Superintendent Boyer started yesterday to coin \$40,000,000 of the gold bullion which lies in the vaults of the mint.

Of this three million dollars will be coined into double eagles and the remainder into such denominations as the treasury department may order.

### Anti-Tax Blots in Sicily.

London, Jan. 3 .- A special dispatch from Rome says that a mob of four thousand people has destroyed the internal revenue sentry boxes and stoned the gendarmes around Niscemi, Sicily, as a protest against excessive tax-A number of persons were

TO PAY CUBAN SOLDIERS.

The United States Will Assume the Obligation and Charge it Against Cuba's Revenues.

Negotiations are progressing in the matter of the payment of Cuban troops so that on laying down their arms they may be enabled to enter upon civil pursuits and earn their living. Probably no further appropriation by Congress will be neccessary to enable the President to carry out the plan if it should be decided, as it probably will be, to advance money, charging it against the revenues of Cuba, to pay the Cubans part of the money due them for their service in the Cuban

The debt is not an obligation resting upon the United Statesf but is one for which the Cuban Government will be obligated on its establishment on an independent basis. Pending the establishment of a permanent government, there is no authority responsible for the payment of these soldiers, and unless this government advances the money as a loan they will have to go for an indefinite period without pay for their services already rendered in the war of independence.

#### OddIties in Print-

Some butterflies have as many as 20,000 distinct eyes.

Many insects hear and breathe with the same apparatus.

There are three newsy little Ameri can papers in Manila. In South America there is a race of

cats which does not know how to Nearly all skin diseases are supposed to be caused by microscopic in-

The American Bible Society has sent 3,500 Spanish New Testaments

to Santiago, Cuba. If a man were to leap as far in proportion to his size as a flee, he could jump seventy six miles.

Over one hundred persons disappear in London every year without leaving the slightest trace behind them. The Salvation Army was thirty-three

years old the other day. The pantries at Windsor Castle contain gold and silver plate valued at \$7,500,000.

Judge Mayer, of the Clinton district, has filed an opinion in a Lycoming county case which must have interest for County Commissioners, politicians and taxpavers alike. The County Commissioners were sued to recoven certain moneys allowed them by the County Auditor, which moneys, it was alleged by some taxpayers, were illegally given them. The opinion of Judge Mayer decides that money paid for ice for Court House offices must be refunded by the Commissioners, and that these further sums must also be refunded: "\$90 for clerk hire for Jury Commissioners, \$50 for attorney for Auditors, and \$40 for individual expenses of Commissioners in attending State convention. As like expenses are allowed by nearly all County Auditors, Judge Mayer's opinion may be taken advantage of by other counties to reduce the expenses of maintaining some of their officials.

### State Certificates for Teachers.

To secure uniformity and attain a higher efficiency among school teachers throughout the State, Representative W. W. Nesbit, of Pittsburg, will introduce a bill at the coming session of the Legislature to change the present system of granting permanent certificates. It is proposed by this bill to create a Teachers Certificate Committee. To secure a certificate, teachers must undergo an examination on questions submitted through a local board of five, by the state superintendent. The latter will pass on the answers and award the state certificate to those entitled to them. These certificates will not invalidate the present permanent certificates, and will be recognized all over the state.

### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J.CHENNY & Co. PROPS.,

TOLEDO, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Chenny for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made

by their firm. WEST & TRAUX. Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Whole-

sale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internaly, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system.

Price 75c. per. bottle Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best. rm

There are some persons who apparently consider the words authority and disagreeableness as synonymous.

Try the COLUMBIAN a year.

The Philadelphia Press, in refering to the extraordinary steps being taken by several Pennsylvania newspapers to collect the subscription money due them, says; The surface of this would indicate a scarcity of money, but those who are acquainted with the true situation in the interior districts of Pennsylvania know that it is not a dearth of funds that impels the people to be careless about paying the local publishers; but it is habit-habit only-that has made it a common thing for county subscribers to give no thought to all that is fair and just toward their home editor, who, beyond question, does more gratuitious service for the upholding of the respective community than any other ordinary citizen, or even a board of trade, if such a body should exist in that place.

George Washington seems to have been perfectly willing to pay handsomely for a "shine." Marcus Taylor, a negro of Magnolio, Ark., claims to be 115 years old. He is remarkably well preserved, and his hearing is good. He says he remembers Washington well, and at one time blackened his boots, for which he received 35 cents.

### THEY WANT TO TELL

These Grateful Women Who Have Been Helped by Mrs. Pinkham.

Women who have suffered severely and been relieved of their ills by Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine are constantly urging publication of their statements for the benefit of other women. Here are two such letters:

Mrs. Lizzie Bevenly, 258 Merrimae St., Lowell, Mass., writes:

"It affords me great pleasure to tell all suffering women of the benefit I have received from taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I can hardly find words to express my gratitude for what she has done for me. My trouble was ulceration of the womb. I was under the doctor's care. Upon examination he found fifteen very large ulcers, but he failed to do me good. I took several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, also used the Sanative Wash, and am cured. Mrs. Pinkham's medicine saved my life, and I would recommend it to all suffering women."

Mrs. Amos Trombleav, Ellenburgh Ctr., N. Y., writes: "I took cold at the time my baby was born, causing me to have milk legs, and was sick in bed for eight weeks. Doctors did me no good, I surely thought I would die. I was also troubled with falling of the womb. I could not eat, had faint spells as often as ten times a day. One day a lady came to see me and told me of the benefit she had derived from taking Lydia E. Pinkham's medicine, and advised me to try it. I did so, and had taken only half a bottle before I was

# three bottles I could do my own work. I am now in perfect health." HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

able to sit in a chair. After taking

A. A. FEVERS, Lung Fever, Milk Fever B. B. SPRAINS, Lameness, Rheumatism,

C. C. EPIZOOTIC, Distemper. D. D. WORMS, Bots, Grubs, E. E. COUGHS, Colds, influenza.

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### NERVOUS DEBILITY, VITAL WEAKNESS

and Prostration from Over-Work or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific
No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only
successful remedy. SI per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for \$5 Rold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHHEYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sta., New York

### Constipation, Headache, Biliousness, Heartburn,

Indigestion, Dizziness,

Indicate that your liver Is out of order. The best medicine to rouse the liver and cure all these ills, is found in

## Hood's Pills

25 cents. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Ask your Druggist IO CENT TRIAL SIZE. Ely's Cream Balm contains no cocaine,

d. Gives Relief at once. It opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Innammation. COLD IN HEAD

Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell Full Size 50c.; Trtal Size 10c. at Drugglists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 36 Warren Street, New York

## RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD BLOOMSBURG DIVISION. Effect August 1st, 1898. STATIONS.

Taylor ..... Bellevue .....

WEST. STATIONS. SCRANTON. ...... aylor...... Lackawanna
Duryea
Pittston
Susquehanna Ave.
West Pittston
Wyoming.
Forty Fort.
Bennett.
Kingston.
Plymouth Junction
Plymouth Junction
Plymouth.
Avondale.
Nanticoke
Hublock's
Shickshinny.
Hick's Ferry

me Ridge ..... spy..... Bloomsburg..... 

Nescopeck...... lv † 8 07 111 10 Wapwallopen.ar 8 18 11 22 Mocanaqua...... 8 28 11 32 Nanticoke ...... 8 48 11 54 Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. & R. for Harrisburg, Lock Eaven, Emporium Warret. North under Lock Eaven, Emp.

Harrisburg, Lock Eaven, Emp.

Corry and Eric.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man.,

Scranton, Pa.

SOUTH.— B. & S. R. R. —NORTH

ARRIVE.

am a. m. p m p.m. stations. am pm pm am

7.10 11.45 6.30 2.15 Bloomsburg. 8.34 2.40 6.45 6.10

7.08 11.40 6.26 2.10 "P. & K. 8.36 2.42 6.47

7.53 11.37 6.24 2.32 "Main st. 8.39 2.45 6.50

6.53 11.27 6.12 1 50 Paper Mill. 8 48 2.54 7.11 6.37

6.59 11.30 6.99 1.45 Light St. 8.52 2.89 7.05 6.50

6.40 11.13 5.59 1.30 Orangevire. 9.02 3.10 7.14 7.10

6.29 11.01 5.48 1.00 Forks. 9.10 3.20 7.24 7.35

6.25 11.00 5.44 12.35 Zaner's. 9.14 3.24 7.287, 45

6.18 10.55 5.37 12.45 Stillwater 9.20 3.30 7.33 8.00

6.08 10.45 5.27 12.31 Benton. 9.30 3.04 7.48 8.30

6.04 10.40 5 22 12.10 Edson's. 9.34 3.44 7.47 8.40

6.02 10.38 5.20 12.05 Cole's Cr'k. 9.37 3.47 7.51 8.46

6.83 10.32 5.13 11.53 Laubach. 9.47 3.57 8.01 9.00

5.44 10.40 5.00 11.30 Jan. City. 10.00 4.10 8.15 9.35

a m a m p m p m am B. & S R. R. -NORTH

HISTORY OF THE

SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR

By .
HENRY CABOT LODGE, U. S. SENATOR

who is eminently fitted for the task, not alone because of his ability as a writer of American history, but for the position he has held in our government.

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By Brander Matthews
THE RENTED HOUSE

THE LOVE OF PARSON LORD

By Poctorry Biggiow

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## Philadelphia & Reading Railway Engines Burn Hard Coal-No Smoke In effect July 1, 1898,

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Fotts tile, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.30 a. m. For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.30 a. m., 3.40 p For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.80 a. m.

3.40, For Catawissa weekdays 7.30, 8.38, 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 3.40, 5.00 6.30, p. m. For Rupert weekdays 7.30, 8.38 11.30 a. m., 12.20, 5.40, 5.00, 6.30, p. m. For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia 5.20, 7.55, 11.26 a. m., 3.46 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41 8.33 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.33 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a n., and via Easton 9.10 a. m. Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m. Leave Reading 12.15 p. m. Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.39 p. m., Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a m. 4.30 p Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 9.10 a. m. .30 3.40, 6.08 Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.28, 9.18 11.40 h. m., 1.88, 8.20, 6.29.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.
In effect Oct. 4, 1898.
Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street whar and South Street wharf for Atlantic City.
Werk-DAYS—Express, 9,0 2, 20, 4,0, 5,00
p.m. Accom., 8,00 a. m., 6,30 p. m. Sundays—Express, 9,00, 10,00 a. m. Accom., 8,00 a. m., 4,45
p. m.

Express, 9.00, 10.00 a. m. Account, Secretary.

D. m.

Leave Atlantic City, depot.; Week-Days—Rxpress, 7.35, 900 a. m., 8 30, 5.30 p. m. Accom., 8.15 a. m., 4.05 p. m. Sunnavs—Express, 4.00, 7.30 p. m. Accom., 7 15 a.m., 4 15 p. m.

For Cape May, Sea Isle City and Ocean City.

Weekdays—9.00 a. m., additional for Cape May, 4.15 p. m., for Sea Isle City, 5.00 p. m., for Ocean City, 4.15, 8.00 p. m. Sundays—Chestnut street, 9.15 a. m., South street, 9.00 a. m.

Parlor cars on all express trains.

L. A. SWEIGAED. EDSON J. WEEKS,

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