WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21th, 1898.

The democrats in the House be lieve that Cuba deserves recognition at the hands of this government; the at the hands of this government; the republicans, whatever they believe, voted this week to a man to help Spain, by a continuation of the donothing policy. And in addition, Mr. Dingley, the republican floor leader, admitted that the Cuban question was a partisan question. Surely the demoadmitted that the Cuban question was a partisan question. Surely the democratic party could not ask for more good campaign material to be given them in a single week by their opponents. If the democrats get the parts of all who believe that it is the right and duty of this cave it is the right and duty of this country to end the war in Cuba by aiding the Cubans to gain their independence, at the Congressional elections, they will get about three-fourths of the entire vote dare to make opposition to doing any thing to help Guba the platform upon which he will appeal for votes in his own district, to be returned to Congress, but there are few republicans in the House who will dare to do the same. But no nexter whet the same. But no matter what these men may do or say at home they cannot escape the record they bave this week made by voting down the democratic amendments to the Consular and Diplomatic bill, declaring for recognition of Cuba by this govern-ment. Let that record be kept before the voters.

The administration in its anxiety to keep down the appropriations in or-der to wipe out the Treasury deficit has made one mistake that may give has made one mistake that may give it considerable trouble. That is, in reducing the number of letter-carriers in cities. There was some plain talk on this subject in the Senate from republican Senators. Senator Hoar said: "It is absolutely intolerable that this great branch of the public service should stop or be crippled. Many of the smaller cities of the country are to be deprived practically of mail delivery facilities, and it is time that something be done to avoid serious business embarrassment." Apd serious business embarrassment." And Senator Allison said: "The point is, that the Postmaster General has presented estimates to Congress too low to cover the expenses of his depart ment." The cut in the appropriation for the District of Columbia, which has no representatives in Congress to make a fuss about it, is the deepest of all, the amount being nearly two million and a half dollars less than the estimate of the Commissioners, and more than half a million less than the more than hall a million less than the appropriation for the current fiscal year. All of this cutting is done for the purpose of enabling the republicans to make a good showing in the Congressional campaign of this year, regardless of the inconvenience it may

The slowness of the debate in the Senate on the treaty for the annexa-tion of Hawaii has not prevented its reaching an acute stage, and there may be some sensational developements before it is ended. The bringing of the President of Hawaii to Washington by the administration, for there is little doubt that Mr. Dole came to the II. Set the received came to the U. S. at the request, direct or implied, of Mr. McKinley direct or implied, of Mr. McKinley, is being somewhat harshly criticised and many believe that his presence in Washington will be much more likely to make votes against annexation than for it. It is committed by Senators who favor annexation that they have not yet secured a sufficient number of votes to ratify the 'reaty Senators who oppose it say they neve

The republicans did not succeed in The republicans did not succeed in their efforts to have the old Stanley Matthews resolution, declaring all U. S. bonds payable in silver dollars, at the option of the government, which was introduced by Senator Teller, pigeon-holed. The Finance committee has favorably reported the resolution to the Senate and there isn't the slightest doubt that it will be adopted with a number of votes to spare when with a number of votes to spare when it is voted upon, nor is there any doubt of its being pushed to a vote. It is in charge of Senator Vest.

The quarterly meeting of the executive Committee of the American admit more. Under present condi-Bimetallic Union was held in Washington, this week, for the purpose of taking the preliminary steps for participation in the Congressional cam-paign of this year. Gen. A. J. War-ner, of Ohio, tendered his resignation as President of the Union, on account of his bad health, but was persuade to withdraw it on the promises of members of the committee that they would take up his work while he took a long rest and tried to regain his health. The committee will prepare and issue literature opposing the arguments put forward in support of the Gage currency bill. It will also issue Gage currency bill. It will also issue a full and exhaustive reply to the report of the Indianapolis Monetary Commission. The committee was also enlarged and now consists of one member from each State and Terri-

tory and the District of Columbia. The election of a silver chairman and a silver secretary was the convin-cing answers of the Democratic Con-them. See samples.

gressional Campaign committee to the thousand and one tomicol stories that have been told about the possibility of its doing otherwise.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props.,

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their ferm. tions made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Whole

sale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken inter nally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Only one Way.

An exchange says that a miserable impostor is working his game on some of the neighboring cities, selling from nouse to house a salve which he guarantees to remove warts. All sensi-ble people know that the only way to remove a wart is to rub it with a raw potato, which is afterwards to be potato, which is afterwards to be buried by a cross eyed negro in the northwest corner of a graveyard at midnight in the datk of the moon. As the potatoes decays the wart will disappear. This wart salve put up in tin boxes, is a delusion and a snare.

INSTANT RELIEF AND SURE CURE. —No matter in what form or how long standing, Catarrh readily succumbs to standing, Catarri readily succumbs to the influence of that magical Catarrh cure—Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. Volumes could be registered and written of true and honest testimony. in cases where it has cured when all other treatments have failed. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder acts quickly, is easily applied, is harmless and

Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Mistaking the Bottle.

Every day or so, says an exchange, we pick up a paper with an account of some one being fatally poisoned by mistaking the bottle. Two bottles alike, one containing some innocent remedy and the other poison, does the business. Commenting on this state of affairs, a contemporary says: "Can't of affairs, a contemporary says: "Can't some law be passed prescribing the kind of bottles poison shall be placed in, under a heavy penalty for its violation?" Of course, such a law could be passed, but what in the world is the use trying to protect all the foolish people in the world? This will be funny world when we have some policemen guarding the family medicine chest, or going around warning people not to point unloaded revolvers, the most dangerous of all kinds or not to blow out the gas.

Elizabeth, N. J., Oct. 19, 1896.

ELV BROS., Dear Sirs:—Please accept my thanks for your favor in the gift of a bottle of Cream Balm. Let me say I have used it for years and can thoroughly recommend it for what it claims, if directions are followed.

Yours truly.

Yours truly, (Rev.) H. W. HATHAWAY.

No clergyman should be without it.
Cream Balm is kept by all druggists.
Full size 50c. Trial size 10 cents.
We mail it. ELY BROS.

56 Warren St., N. Y. City.

More Asylums Needed.

The Board of Trustees of the Dan ville Hospital for the Insane will continue the inhibition of any more cases, until the legislatute provides means to increase the capacity of the institu-tion. This was decided at a meeting held at the institution on last Friday

evening.

There are at present in the asylum ,030, while the normal condition provides room for 750, and not over 800 patients. It has been proven impossible to do justice to the inmates and the trustees believe it mere folly to admit more. Under present condiexpect of the asylum to perform its proper function of removing or ameliorating the more distressing

eatures. Day after day friends of candidates Day after day friends of candidates for treatment are knocking for admission and distressing incidents are constantly recalled. Friday evening a lady from Elysburg was refused admission, but there was no room and it was pitiful to witness the despairing look of friends as they turned. look of friends as they turned home ward at an utter loss what to do. This is only one case of many similar So it is with every like institution in the state. "How shall we help the insane?" is the question of the hour and it demands an answer.

If you want lithographed bonds, certificates of stock, checks, drafts, diplomas, or any thing in that line, the COLUMBIAN office can furnish

EVERY DAY SOIENCE.

With Edison working on his several systems of electric lighting, and en-deavoring to discover methods and processes whereby the loss and leakprocesses whereby the loss and leak-age of the current will be reduced, and Tesla studiously wording on his ex-hausted tube for producing a more ac-tinic light, and a host of other inventors, proclaiming the advantages of acetylene gas, it is fair to presume that before the end of the century the science of illumination will be greatly advanced. Those working in the elec-trical field maintain that the light obtained by the electric current will, in time, supersede all other systems of lighting, by reason of the fact that no pollution of the atmosphere is caused thereby, while others contend that by reason of the great cost thereof, the cheaper and safer gases will always re-main popular. A weak point concerning the use of the electric light is the loss that occurs in the production of the current from the coal, and in the distribution thereof; as compared with gas distribution, it is stated, on good authority, that the loss in the latter is from 4 to 10 per cent. while the leak-age of electricity amounts to about 40 per cent. Many inventors, there-fore, have turned their attention to the production of acetylene gas, which has been proved beyond doubt, to be the safest, cheapest and brightest and most actinic of any of the illumina-ting gases yet discovered. In France ting gases yet discovered. In France alone, since the Bullier patent was issued, January 23, 1895, 300 or more inventors have devised and patented apparatus for the manufacture of the carbide from which the gas is produced, and apparatus for the handling and burning of the gas. Several cities, parks and large public buildings are now illuminated with the gas, and with entire satisfaction. entire satisfaction.

The first step in the production of this gas, is the manufacture of the carbide, a dry, white powder, consisting of fresh burned lime and carbon, which are subjected to great heat in an electric furnace. In this form the carbide is supplied to the user or consumer, and at the present time is sold This dry material is then placed in the fount of the lamp, or if used for illuminating buildings or dwellings, is placed in what is termed the generator, wherein material the generator, wherein materials are included. tor, wherein water is placed or led, and which on coming in contact with the powder immediately sets free the gas, the quantity of the latter depending entirely upon the amount of water fed into the generator. This feature has proved a very productive field for the inventor, as many patents have been secured for various devices for regulating the supply of water, closing the same off when no gas is required tor shutting off the supply of water when the gas arrives at a certain pressure, and for bringing the water n contact with every particle of the carbide.

The enthusiasm of those who have been working in this field for the last few years, seems to be perfectly jus-tified, as undoubtedly it is the nearest approach in quality to the electric light, of any yet produced, and with the great advantage of cheapness. Many companies are now in existence for the manufacture of the carbide and also for the manufacture of appa ratus for illuminating dwelling houses and recently several companies have put upon the market small table and bicycle lamps. As there is a great field for this light in small villages, wherein it is too expensive to lay mains tor the distribution of coal gas, and in suburban homes, the owners which are prejudiced against domestic gas plants on account of their danger ous character, the development of this system will be watched with interest

From time to time mention is made of some of the curious devices for which inventors seek and sometimes obtain patents, but it is believed that no mention has yet been made of the following:

"Tape Worm Trap." The patent describes, and the model filed in the Patent Office shows, a small gold trap secured to one end of a silk thread or string. The trap which is made in the form of a box, has one side open, and fitted with a knife, held in its raised position by means of a string, when the trap is set. Suitable bait is contained within the trap. The afflicted person is induced or probably forced to swallow this delightful mor sel, one end of the string being re tained by the patient. The worm, like all other foolish animals extends its head into the trap to obtain the bait, whereupon the spring releases the knife; result, the patient removes the trap with its contained head, perhaps.

Another patent has been issued for a pair of stilts adapted to be secured to the legs on one side of a horse, in order that the horse might, with ease and celerity, plough along the side of a steep hill.

Still another learned inventor secur ed a patent for springs to be secured to the four feet of a horse or mule, the to the four feet of a horse or mule, the springs being coiled and otherwise so arranged that a cannon or heavy artil-lery piece might be mounted on the back of a horse and fired, without endangering the life or limb of the ani-

Constipation

Hood's gestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constituation and all its

mal by the recoil.

In Washington, there lived one of those characters met with in every large city occasionally, who though not violently insane, yet is mentally unbalanced and generally termed a crank.
What the individual's name was it is impossible to find out, but around the halls of the Patent Office he was known as Colonel Pinchover. One hallucina-tion which the colonel carefully nursed was that his extreme poverty was directly due to the fact that the Government had confiscated \$300,000,000 worth of mules during the war and for which he had never been paid, and tor which he was constantly making a claim. On account of his antequated appearance, he was always a source of great amusement for the attorneys frequenting the Patent Office, and also of many of the officials, who delighted in inviting the colonel to partake of liquid refreshments with them in a much frequented saloon directly opposite the Patent Office. On such occasion the colonel usually emerged from the place as completely wet on the outside as the in. In order that some justification might be found for the colonel's regular visits to the Patent Office, an application for patent was formally drawn up and executed by some unknown person, and regularly filed, for "an improved dog's tail." The description forming a part of the application set out that the object of the invention was to provide a device whereby a dog could, at full speed, turn sharp corners without falling, the invention consisting in provid-ing an auxiliary tail made of sheet metal and in such a way that the several parts thereof could telescope, and so secured to the dog's appendage so secured to the dogs appendage that it might be lengthened or short-ened at will. From the description it appears that no prior training of the dog is necessary, but that from natural instinct in turning the corner at a rapid gait, he would lengthen the tail and so dispose it on one side that no and so dispose it on one side that no mishap would occur. It is needless to say that although the colonel has de-parted this life, his application still resides in the Patent Office, and that the patent therefore is still forth-

HAIL DEATH WITH JOY.—"I was a great sufferer from Heart Disease. The disease was so great I was con-fined to bed for days. I often thought Innea to bed for days. I often thought I could hail death with joy. No physician could give me relief. I procured a bottle of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, the first dose gave me almost instant relief. I have taken four bottles. I never felt better in my life."

—Mrs. Margaret Smith, Brussels, Ont.—7.2.

Ont.—73. Sold by C. A. Kleim.

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RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

	BLOOMSBURG	DIVISION.				
S	STATIONS.					
e		A. M.	P. M.	A.M.	P. M	
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-	Евру	7 23	2 42	10 46	6 4	
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3	Briarcreek	7 38			7 0	
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rie. W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa

2.10 Hidomsburg. 2.10 "P. & R. 2.98 "Main st.. 1 50 Paper Mill. 1.45.. Light St.. 1.30 Orangevil'e.

HUMPHREYS

CURES

Fever, Congestion.

2 Worms. No.

3 Infants' Diseas No. 4 Diarrhea.

7 Coughs & Colds. No.

9 Headache.

No. 10 Dyspepsia, Indigestion No. 11 Delayed Periods.

No. 12 Leuchorrea. No. 13 Croup.

No. 14 Skin Dis

No. 15 Rheumatism.

No. 19 Catarrh.

No. 27 Kidney Dises

No. 34 Sore Throat.

No. 77 Grip & Hay Fever.







Pennsylvania Railroad.

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Time Table	in e	ffect I	Vov. 2	8, '97			
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