

WINTERSTEEN TRIAL. CONCLUDED FROM PAGE 2.

in the sum of \$5000 with good security, to pay them anything over and above the \$1000, if at any time the stock would sell for more than that. I thought perhaps by buying all the stock I would then be able to stop the litigation. No sir, I never intimated that I would like to hit Mrs. Knorr in the head with an ax, no I never wrote Knorr a letter in Oct. '95, asking him to meet me at Espy, there is nothing in it, I was never with him in Espy, I never had a talk with him in regard to killing his mother, I did not meet him in Oct. '95, at 716 Cherry Street, Reading, I never called Waller a son-of-a-b— in his presence, or said Waller was harming him as much as he was me, I never knew that he was stopping at Rupert, I did not pay his hotel bill at that place; from Feb'y, '95 up to the explosion, I may have given him \$40 or \$50, no sir he never came up from Rupert to meet me, I never gave him \$10 with which to buy a revolver, he never spoke about a revolver to me, I certainly could not have told him to leave Rupert because I never knew he was stopping there, I never knew that he had given his mother anything like powder or poison. No I never told him that the equity suit would have to be stopped. Yes sir, I did say that to Mr. Wingert at his office in Reading, that I would buy the property which he had bought at Sheriff's sale, that I would do this as a favor to Cliff. As to offering Cliff \$10,000 to blow Waller up, it is an absolute falsehood I never told him where Armstrong's quarry was, never met him on the Light Street road; no sir, I never slept with a woman by the name of Belle Brubaker at Reading. I never told him that I would like to see Waller and his family blown to hell. I never showed him a paper while in Reading containing an account of the explosion, no, I never told him that I was suspected for the blowing up of the Waller house; the first I knew of the explosion was when I met W. B. Jury on the corner of Third and Market streets in Bloomsburg the morning of the explosion, yes sir, that was the first I knew of it. Yes sir, when in Reading some time after the explosion I think I did tell Knorr that Waller had hired a watchman to guard his house, this was a well known fact, everybody in Bloomsburg knew that he had hired a watchman. Now as to the letters which were addressed to Miss Mame Wilson, they were in answer to letters from Knorr requesting me to send him money. (These letters were published in last week's report.) He told me to address them to Miss Mame Wilson, that is why I did so. I did not stay at 716 Cherry St. every time I went to Reading, the only night I slept at 716 Cherry St. Reading was on the 18th of July, 1895.

In answer to all the other allegations made by Knorr and Sallie Gast, witness denies them all and solemnly swears that they are all absolutely false.

Court adjourned until Tuesday morning at 9:00 o'clock.

TUESDAY MORNING.

Court opened at 9:30. Examination of Wintersteen resumed. On June 15, 1895, the receiver of the Bloomsburg Iron Co., sold a lot of railroad cars previously used for hauling lime. I became the purchaser of them, and hired two men to break them up so that I could sell the iron in them; to break up the cars it was necessary to use dynamite, so I went to C. P. Armstrong and purchased the dynamite, have a receipted bill showing when I paid C. P. Armstrong for the explosive. August 27, 1895, four of us left Reading for a trip over the Never Sink Railroad. I never told Cliff Knorr that I would like to put a barrel of gun powder against Waller's house.

Cross-examine. I slept at 716 Cherry Street, Reading, July 18, 1895; I met Jennie Hutchins on August 27, 1895; that is when we took the trip over the gravity road; in July 28, '96, I took another trip over the gravity road, on this trip there were also four of us; after coming back from the trip we went to a restaurant in Reading; it was probably 10:30 o'clock when we got back; the two women who were with us I think were sober; they had been drinking some but not enough to make them intoxicated. After leaving the restaurant I went to the station, they went home; the next time I was at 716 Cherry St. after this trip I think was on July 27, 1896. The receivers' sale took place the 16th of June, 1895; bought the dynamite three or four days before the sale; only bought dynamite once. The boy witness is mistaken once. He says I bought dynamite more than once. Have no knowledge of Mr. Waller's being out of town just before the explosion; have not been on his porch more than once in the last three years, and on that occasion I went to his house to serve a protest notice; when I went to the house I inquired where Mr.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

American women are notably patriotic, and the societies of women organized with the object of fostering the vital fact that Americans have a heritage of liberty, won by the blood of the founders of our country, which should be held sacred, are doing noble work that cannot be over-estimated. The account of the organization and present status of the "National Society of the Colonial Dames of America," published in Demorest's Magazine for June, is a specially interesting paper, embellished with numerous portraits of the "Dames," which well repays reading. In the same number is a very handsomely illustrated article on "Greece and the Cretans," which is of timely interest. Margaret Sutton Briscoe contributes one of her characteristic stories; several noted New York clergymen give their views regarding "The Responsibilities of Wealth and Power;" and there are charming poems by Mary Ainge de Vere and Ella Higginson. In "Society Fads" are chronicled some notable novelties; there is an illustrated paper on "Athletic Games for Women and Girls," and excellent suggestions are furnished in "Seasonable Ideas for Fairs and Sales;" while all the departments are brimming over with good things, the paper on "Toilet Hygiene," in Sanitarian, giving timely advice about the care of the complexion.

The fashions are, as usual, practical as well as modish, and twice the usual number of designs are furnished. The reliability of the Demorest patterns is a long established fact. Everyone who will cut out this notice and forward it with ten cents to the address below, will receive a sample copy of Demorest's Magazine containing a Pattern Order which entitles the holder to any patterns illustrated in any number of the Magazine published during the last twelve months, at the uniform price of four cents each. Between thirty and forty patterns are usually illustrated in one number, thus affording an almost unlimited variety to select from. Demorest's is published for \$2 a year, by the Demorest Publishing Company, 110 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portions of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Greater Need.

The New York Herald, which ably defended the gold standard during the last national campaign, editorially discusses the "need of institutions for furnishing mortgage credits for long terms." The Herald would better discuss the needs of giving this country a financial policy that would reduce the need of mortgages to a minimum.

"I have never had a day's sickness in my life," said a middle-aged man the other day.

"What a comfort it would be," sighs some poor invalid, "to be in his place for a year or two." Yet half of the invalids we see might be just as healthy as he, if they would only take proper care of themselves, eat proper food—and digest it.

It's so strange that such simple things are overlooked by those who want health. Food makes health. It makes strength—and strength wards off sickness. The man who had never been sick was strong because he always digested his food, and you could be ome the same by helping your stomach to work as well as his. Shaker Digestive Cordial will help your stomach and will make you strong and healthy by making the food you eat make you fat.

Druggists sell it. Trial bottle 10 cents.

First bath—"What makes the water so full of weeds?" Second bath—"I counted eight widows in bathing this morning."

Neglect of the hair often destroys its vitality and natural hue, and causes it to fall out. Before it is too late, apply Hall's Hair Renewer, a sure remedy.

HE HAILED PRINCE GEORGE.

An American in a Predicament in Greek Waters Got Royal Help.

When Prince George of Greece was in the United States to attend the World's Fair his presence was hardly noticed, and he was not compelled to run the gauntlet of Chicago interviewers. So it came that perhaps the Prince's first experience with the American method of acquiring knowledge for dissemination was afforded by an American artist who attended the Olympic games to illustrate an article for a New York magazine.

On the day of the swimming contests the artist was unable to find the boat which he, together with a party of friends, had chartered for the occasion. The races took place on the harbor, about three miles from the city, and the artist, armed with camera and sketching tools, wandered about on the crowded shores until he bargained successfully with two men for a boat. After paddling about for a time without seeing much chance of viewing the races, he made up his mind to board one of the larger vessels with which the water was crowded. He chose for his piratical designs one of the largest and best appearing of all the gaily decked craft and made his wishes known to the boatmen. Although he did not understand one word of Greek, there was no misunderstanding the fact that they forcibly remonstrated, and the more he commanded the more emphatic became their expostulations. He finally overruled their objections and induced them to row within calling distance of the big vessel. The artist hailed a man on deck in French, telling him who he was and what he wanted. The stranger answered in very good English, and after inviting the artist aboard, he brought a chair and arranged a place from which a good view of the start and finish could be had. Then he excused himself.

The American was very busy for a while, but it gradually occurred to him that the boat he was on was receiving a great deal of attention. After it began to move every vessel saluted. When the races were finished and his host returned to the deck the artist learned that he had been received by Prince George of Greece. He suffered a little consternation at the beginning, but the Prince did not appear to notice it and chatted cordially, while he showed his guest about the vessel, finally posing before the camera. The artist was set ashore at his own request after a little trip about the bay, in the course of which the missing boat was encountered, and he had the pleasure of nodding to his friends from the deck of the royal yacht.

At one of the fetes following the games, at which there were many Americans—and, one of the young Americans regarded the Prince with boyish awe, and gravely saluted as he saw the Greeks salute. The Prince told him, tactfully, that he need not salute thus, "because you are an American." New York Sun.

THE FLOOR OF A CHURCH.

The Source from Which the Design of the Stars and Stripes Came.

The origin of national flags would be a deep, unfathomably deep subject in most cases, but our flag, the stars and stripes, is so young in this old world that it is possible to find out a good deal about its origin; still, even as to ours, we can only guess how in its first form it came to be just as it was, but the guess is so well founded that it ought to satisfy Yankee seekers of the source of the Yankee flag. The first flag of the United States of America was raised by Washington at Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 2, 1776. It consisted of thirteen stripes, alternate red and white, with a blue field emblazoned with the crosses of St. George and St. Andrew. The next year Congress substituted thirteen white stars for the crosses. Now in Northamptonshire, in England, in a village called Great Brington, is an old church containing the tomb of one of George Washington's ancestors. It is inscribed to the memory of Lawrence Washington, who died in 1616, leaving behind him (this is on the tomb, mind you) eight sons and nine daughters. Two of these sons emigrated to America, and from one of them descended our great man. Several of the Washington family of the same generation are buried here, and the Washington coat of arms is engraved on one, bearing an inscription to "Eliz. Washington," who died in 1622. Now, on this coat of arms appear three stars, with the stripes or bars beneath them. No one could see it without being reminded of the "star spangled banner." Undoubtedly when Washington was arranging to raise that flag at Cambridge, and arranging the flag, too, he took the idea of the stripes from his own old coat of arms. Not wanting to make the new banner too personal, so to speak, he kept in the blue field and the crosses, used in the British flag, but Congress, when it took up the subject, was pleased to follow the old coat of arms that belonged to the great general, who was fighting for them, and substituted the beautiful stars for the crosses that the redcoats carried. Charles Sumner took a deep interest in all these traces of the Washington family in England, and he once said, "The source of the design of the American flag lies on the old floor of Brington Church." He had a copy of the coat of arms, made by a local mason, in native stone.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

A Fight Held.

Miss Kittish—What do you mean by saying that Miss Fosdick holds her age well? Miss Fosdick—She never gives it away.—New York Journal.

Much in Little

Is especially true of Hood's Pills, no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine

Hood's Pills

chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. 25c. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The Grain-O Law Suit.

Rochester, N. Y., May 24, 1897.—The great \$50,000 damage suit instituted by a Michigan Cereal Company against the Genesee Pure Food Company is at an end. They settled it and took it out of court for the ridiculously small sum of \$500, and, as a practical result, Grain-O is in greater demand than ever. The new plant, only just completed, is to be duplicated, so that not only the old friends of the delicious food drink, which completely takes the place of coffee, but the new friends it is making every day, can be supplied. The beverage which the children, as well as the adult may drink with benefit, will be furnished in unlimited quantities. Suits may come and suits may go, but Grain-O goes on forever.—N. Y. Mail and Express.

PILE TERRORS SWEEP AWAY.—Dr. Agnew's Ointment stands at the head as a reliever, healer, and sure cure for Piles in all forms. One application will give comfort in a few minutes, and three to six days application according to directions will cure chronic cases. It relieves all itching and burning skin diseases in a day. 35 cents.

Sold by C. A. Klein.

Mayonnaise Dressing.

Sometimes when a mayonnaise dressing begins to curdle its evil course may be arrested by the slow addition of vinegar. If this does not correct the tendency to separate, there is nothing to be done but to begin all over again, with the egg yolk, the salt, white pepper and mustard, and add oil and vinegar or lemon juice in alternate drops until this new emulsion has thickened properly. Then the curdled mayonnaise may be slowly combined with it and need not be wasted. If one is an adept in making this salad dressing (an amateur can never take liberties with so delicate an operation), a rotary egg beater may be employed in the place of the usual silver fork for mixing the ingredients. This will be found equally useful, and much more speedy in result.—N. Y. Post.

With the blood full of humors, the heated term is all the more oppressive. Give the system a thorough cleansing with Ayer's Sarsaparilla and a dose or two of Ayer's Pills, and you will enjoy summer as never before in your life. Just try this for once, and you'll not repent it.

Epicurean Elephants.

An elephant's digestive functions are very rapid, and the animal, therefore, requires daily a large amount of fodder—six hundred pounds at least. In its wild state, the elephant feeds heartily, but wastefully. It is careful in selecting the few forest trees which it likes for their bark or foliage. But it will tear down branches and leave half of them untouched. It will strip off the bark from other trees and throw away a large portion.

As it is a nocturnal animal, it selects its trees by the sense of touch and smell. Its sense of smell is so delicate that a wild elephant can wind an enemy, at a distance of one thousand yards, and the nerves of its trunk are so sensitive the smallest substance can be discovered and picked up by its proboscis.

An elephant's palate is very delicate, and the animal is whimsical in selecting or rejecting morsels of food. Sir Samuel Baker, in his "Wild Beasts and Thier Ways," tells an anecdote illustrative of the whims of a tame elephant belonging to the police of Dhauri:

"This elephant was fed with rice and plantains. The stems of the plantains were split and cut into transverse sections two feet in length. Three-quarters of a pound of rice was placed within each tube of plantain stem.

"One day, while the elephant was being fed, a lady offered the animal a small, sweet biscuit. It was taken in the trunk and almost immediately thrown on the ground.

"The mahout, or driver, thinking that the elephant had behaved rudely, picked up the biscuit and inserted it in a parcel of rice within a plantain stem. "This was placed in the elephant's mouth, and at the very first crunch it showed its dislike by spitting out the whole mess. The small biscuit had disgusted the animal, and for several minutes it tried by its inserted trunk to rake out every atom from its tongue and throat."

Powerful saline and other drastic purgatives should be strictly avoided, except in extreme cases. When an aperient is called for, take Ayer's Pills. They restore natural action by imparting strength and tone to the bowels, and their use is always attended with good results.

Get your job work done at the COLUMBIAN office.

E. A. RAWLINGS.

DEALER IN— All Kinds of Meat. Beef, Veal, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Tongues, Bologna, &c. Free Delivery to all parts of the town.

CENTRE STREET, BLOOMSBURG, PA. Telephone connection.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

Table with columns for STATIONS, A.M., P.M., and P.M. listing routes to Northumberland, Catonsville, and other stations.

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Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tammany, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

SOUTH. D. & S. R. R. NORTH.

Table with columns for ARRIVE, DEPART, STATIONS, and LEAVE, listing routes to Harrisburg, Pottsville, and other stations.

HUMPHREYS' Witch Hazel Oil

Nothing has ever been produced to equal or compare with Humphreys' Witch Hazel Oil as a curative and healing application. It has been used 40 years and always affords relief and always gives satisfaction.

It Cures PILES or HEMORRHOIDS, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding—Itching and Burning; Cracks or Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate—cure certain.

It Cures BURNS, Scalds and Ulceration and Contraction from Burns. Relief instant.

It Cures TORN, Cut and Lacerated Wounds and Bruises.

It Cures BOILS, Hot Tumors, Ulcers, Old Sores, Itching Eruptions, Scurfy or Scald Head. It is infallible.

It Cures INFLAMED or CAKED BREASTS and Sore Nipples. It is invaluable.

It Cures SALT RHEUM, Tetters, Scurfy Eruptions, Chapped Hands, Fever Blisters, Sore Lips or Nostrils, Corns and Bunions, Sore and Chafed Feet, Stings of Insects.

Three Sizes, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00. Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price.

WITCH HAZEL OIL

ALOCAL Disease CATARRH

A Climatic Atectional

Nothing but a local remedy or cure of climate will cure it. Get the well-known pharmaceutical remedy.

Ely's Cream Balm

It is quickly Absorbent. Gives Relief at once. Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages.

COLD IN HEAD

Head and Promotes the Membrane. Rub on the Inside of the Nose and Throat. No Cocaine. No Mercury. No Injurious Drugs. Full Size 50c; Trial Size 10c. at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 36 Warren Street, New York.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

It is a Tonic, Purifier, Disinfectant and Stimulant. It is a Tonic, Purifier, Disinfectant and Stimulant. It is a Tonic, Purifier, Disinfectant and Stimulant.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

It is a Tonic, Purifier, Disinfectant and Stimulant. It is a Tonic, Purifier, Disinfectant and Stimulant. It is a Tonic, Purifier, Disinfectant and Stimulant.

HINDERCORNS

The only safe Drug for Corns. Keeps all pain. Keeps washing easy. 10c. 6-10-t-d.

Pennsylvania Railroad

Time Table in effect May 16, '97.

Table with columns for STATIONS, A.M., P.M., and P.M. listing routes to Scranton, Pottsville, and other stations.

Table with columns for STATIONS, A.M., P.M., and P.M. listing routes to Pottsville, Harrisburg, and other stations.

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Who can think of some thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO. Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C. for their \$1.00 price one and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

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